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AN

ELEMENTARY

GERMAN READER

IN PROSE AND VERSE:

WITH

COPIOUS EXPLANATORY NOTES AND REFERENCES TO THE EDITORS GERMAN GRAMMARS

AND A COMPLETE VOCABULARY.

BY

JAMES H. WORMAN, A.M.,

Non-Resident Professor of Modern History and Languages at Lawrence University.

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PREFACE.

THIS Elementary Reader is intended as a companion to my Grammars of the German language. It should be used with the *Elementary* as soon as the first twenty lessons have been thoroughly mastered; in connection with the *Complete*, it may be read after the student has acquired Lesson I. The References and Explanatory Notes are very full and minute, having been prepared with this special end in view. Frequent repetitions, both in statement and reference, will be noticed; this is intentional on my part, the object being to secure thoroughness in the drill of the elementary principles of the German language.

Years of experience in the class-room enables me to confirm the theory that diligent and attentive reading of good authors not only supplies the learner with a rich store of words, phrases, and idioms, and expressions of every kind, but makes him familiar with the various inflections and mutations of which the words are susceptible in a much briefer time than even the most devoted study of the grammar.

Great care has been taken to make this work truly progressive. The readings, which are selected to afford variety, both in prose and verse, have been arranged with a view to the progress to be expected of an elementary student. Eigensinn, by Benedix, an easy play, was inserted in this book because, like the French plays of Scribe, it gives the learner the conversational language of the day. This play affords also an excellent opportunity for a review of the auxiliary verbs of mode.

The selections, in their orthography, are always an exact

iv preface.

copy of the best editions of the authors from whom the extracts are taken. This will make the learner familiar with the peculiarities of the different German writers.

It may not be out of place here to state that it has been my endeavor to present in this book only such selections as can be placed in the hands of youth of both sexes without reserve.

The Notes and References are placed immediately at the end of the text, before the Vocabulary, instead of at the foot of the page, to which they refer, in order to insure a thorough study of the lesson. The Vocabulary contains not only the words, but also the idiomatic phrases occurring in the text and requiring especial mention.

In the preparation of the Notes, I have been largely aided by Prof. Karl Witte, of New York, formerly of Göttingen University, Germany, and in the compilation of the Vocabulary, I was ably assisted by Mrs. J. W. Caldwell, of Brooklyn, N. Y.

JAMES H. WORMAN.

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⁺ Place of present residence.

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Deutsches Lesebuch

für

Anfänger.

Grinnerung.

Willft du immer weiter schweisen? Sieh, das Gute liegt so nah. Lerne nur das Glüd ergreisen, Denn das Glüd ist immer da.

Goethe.

Der Geizhals.

Ein Geizhals fiel in einen Fluß, ber tief Und reißend war. Ein Fischer, ber das Leben Ihm retten wollte, sprang hinein, und rief, Er möchte nur die Hand ihm geben; Allein der Geizhals sprach, indem er untersank: Ich kann nichts geben! und — ertrank.

Blumauer.

Die Blumen auf dem Grabe der Jungfrau.

Streuet nur Blumen auf sie, ihr blühenden Freundinnen! Ihr brachtet ja sonst ihr Blumen bei den Wiegenfesten. Jeho feiert sie ihr größtes; denn die Bahre ist die Wiege des himmels.

Jean Daul (Richter).

√ Die Ruh, das Pferd, das Schaf und der Hund.

Eine Ruh, ein Pferd und ein Schaf ftanden auf einer Beide gujummen und ftritten unter einander, welches bem Menschen nüplicher sei. Die Ruh fprach: "Bon mir hat er Die fuge Milch, ben wohlschmedenben Raje und Die ölersetende Butter." - Das Pferd: "Ich bin ber Bagen Segel und Des Reiters Fittich." — Das Schaf: "Ich gehe nacht und bloß, damit er bekleibet fet." Da fam ber hund ju ihnen. Den blidten fie verachtlich von ber Seite an, ale ein, gegen ihre Bich= tigfeit gehalten, unnübes Thier. Aber ber Berr folgte alebald hinten nach, rief tem hunde im freundlichsten Tone, ftreichelte und liebkofte ibn. Da bies bie Ruh und ihre Gefahrten faben, murrten fie, und bas Pferd nahm fich ein Berg zur Frage: "Warum thuft bu alfo, Gebieter? Ber= Dienen wir nicht mehr beine Aufmerksamkeit, wie Dieses unnute Thier?" - Aber ber Berr ftreichelte seinen Sund noch gartlicher und sprach: "Nicht also: Dieser hat mein einziges geliebtes Sohnlein fühn und treu aus rauschenden Bafferflutben gerettet, wie sollte ich nun seiner vergeffen fönnen ?"

S. Bollitofer.

Die Thränen.

Wir haben alle schon geweint, jeder Glüdliche einmal vor Weh, jeder Unglüdliche einmal vor Luft.

Bean Paul (Richter).

Der Affe und ber Fuchs.

"Nenne mir ein so geschicktes Thier, dem ich nicht nachahmen könnte!" so prahlte der Affe gegen den Fuchs. Der Fuchs. aber erwiederte: "Und du, nenne mir ein so geringschätiges Thier, dem es einsallen könnte, dir nachzuahmen.

Leffing.

Der Lowe und der Fuchs.

Bum Löwen sprach ber Fuchs: ich muß Dir's endlich nur gestehen, mein Berbruß bat sonft kein Ente. —

Der Esel spricht von dir nicht gut; Er sagt, was ich an dir zu loben fände, Das wiss er nicht; dein Helrenmuth Sei zweiselhaft; du gäbst ihm keine Proben Bon Großmuth und Gerechtigkeit; Du würgtest die Unschuld, suchtest Streit; Er könnte dich nicht lieben und nicht loben. — Ein Beilchen schwieg der Löwe still; Dann sprach er: Huchs! er spreche was er will: Denn was von mir ein Esel spricht,

Gleim.

Die Maus und ber Löwe.

Der Löwe schlief in seiner Höhle, um ihn her spielte eine lustige Mäuseschaar. Eine derselben war eben auf einen hervorstehenden Fels gekrochen, siel herab, und erweckte den Löwen, der sie mit seiner gewaltisgen Tape sesthielt. "Ach," bat sie, "sei doch großmüthig gegen mich armes, unbedeutendes Geschöpf! Ich habe dich nicht beleidigen wollen; ich habe nur einen Fehltritt gethan, und bin von dem Felsen herabgesalsen. Was kann dir mein Tod nützen? Schenke mir das Leben, und ich will dir zeitlebens dankbar sein."

"Geh hin," sagte der Löwe großmüthig, und ließ das Mäuschen springen. Bei sich aber lachte er und sprach: "Dankbar sein! Run das möchte ich doch sehen, wie ein Mäuschen sich einem Löwen dankbar bezeugen könnte!"

Kurze Zeit darauf lief das nämliche Mäuschen durch den Wald und suchte sich Russe; da hörte es das klägliche Gebrülle eines Löwen. "Der ist in Gefahr!" sprach es bei sich, und ging der Stelle zu, wo das Gesbrülle berübertönte.

Es fand den großmüthigen Löwen von einem starken Nehe umschlungen, das der Jäger künstlich ausgespannt hatte, um damit große Waldsthiere zu fangen. Die Stricke hatten sich so künstlich zusammengezogen, daß der Löwe weder seine Zähne noch die Stärke seiner Tahe brauchen konnte, um sie zu zerreißen.

"Barte nur, mein Freund," fagte bas Mäuschen, "ba fann ich bir wohl am beften helfen!" Es lief hinzu, zernagte die Stricke, welche feine

Bordertagen gesesselt hatten, und als diese frei waren, zerriß er das übrige Net, und ward so durch die Hülse des kleinen Mäuschens wieder frei. Nach A e so v.

Winterlied.

Wie ruhest du so stille In deiner weißen Hülle, Du mütterliches Land! Wo sind des Frühlings Lieder? Des Sommers dunt Gesteder, Und dein beblümtes Festgewand?

Du schlummerst nun entkleidet; Kein Lamm, kein Schäflein weidet Auf veinen Au'n und höh'n. Der Böglein Lied verstummet, Und keine Biene summet, Doch bist du auch im Winter schön.

Die Zweig' und Aestlein schimmern, Und tausend Lichter flimmern, Wohin das Auge blickt. Wer hat dein Bett bereitet, Die Decke dir gespreitet, Und dich so schön mit Reis geschmückt?

Der gute Bater droben Hat dir dein Kleid gewoben, Er schläft und schlummert nicht. So schlumm're denn in Frieden, Der Bater weckt die Müden Zu neuer Kraft, zu neuem Licht.

Balb in des Lenzes Wehen Wirst du verjüngt erstehen Zum Leben wunderbar. Sein Odem schwebt hernieder, Dann, Erde, stehst du wieder Mit einem Blumenkranz im Haar.

Krummacher.

Der Löwe und der Bafe.

Ein Löwe würdigte einen drolligen hasen seiner näheren Bekanntsichaft. "Aber ist es denn wahr," fragte ihn einst der hase, "daß euch Löswen ein elender frähender hahn so leicht verjagen kann ?"

"Allerdings ist es wahr," antwortete der Löwe; "und es ist eine alls gemeine Anmerkung, daß wir großen Thiere durchgängig eine gewisse kleine Schwachheit an uns haben. So wirst du, zum Exempel, von dem Elephanten gehört haben, daß ihm das Grunzen eines Schweines Schaus der und Entsehen erwecket." —

"Bahrhaftig?" unterbrach ihn der Hase. "Ja nun begreif ich auch,

warum wir hasen und so entsehlich vor den hunden fürchten."

Leffing.

Gottes Batertrene.

Es ist kein Mäuschen so jung und klein, Es hat sein liebes Mütterlein, Das bringt ihm manches Krümchen Brot, Damit es nicht leidet hunger und Noth.

Es ist kein liebes Bögelein Im Garten draußen so arm und klein, Es hat sein warmes Federkleid; Da thut ihm Regen und Schnee kein Leid.

Es ist kein bunter Schmetterling, Kein Würmchen im Sommer so gering, Es sindet ein Blümchen, es sindet ein Blatt, Davon es ist, wird froh und satt.

Es ist kein Geschöpf in der weiten Welt, Dem nicht sein eignes Theil ist bestellt, Sein Futter, sein Bett, sein kleines haus, Darinnen es fröhlich geht ein und aus.

Und wer hat das Alles so bedacht? Der liebe Gott, der Alles macht, Und sieht auf Alles väterlich, Der sorgt auch Tag und Nacht für mich.

Gulenfpiegel und ein Juhrmann.

Eulenspiegel ging eines Tages über Felo. Unterwege begegnete ihm ein Fuhrmann, der auf einer steinigen Strafe feine Pferde über die Gesbühr antrieb.

"Kann ich," fragte er im Borbeijagen, "wohl noch vor Abend gur Stadt kommen."

Eulenspiegel antwortete : "Wenn ihr langsam fahret."

"Der Kerl ist wohl nicht klug," dachte der Fuhrmann, und trieb seine Pferde nur noch mehr an.

Gegen Abend kam Eulenspiegel auf demselben Wege zurud, und traf benselben Fuhrmann wieder auf der Straße an, und zwar in großer Berlegenheit.

Bon bem Jagen anf fteinigem Boben war ihm ein Rad gebrochen.

Er mußte sich also bequemen, hier zu bleiben, und die nacht unter freiem himmel augubringen.

"Sagte ich's euch nicht," fprach Eulenspiegel, "daß ihr langsam fahren mußtet, wenn ihr noch zur Stadt wolltet ?"

Friedrich Wilhelm I. und ber Candidat.

Als einst ein Candidat den König Friedrich Wilhelm I. von Preußen um eine Bedienung bat, fragte ihn dieser Fürst, was für ein Landsmann er wäre. "Ich bin ein Berliner," antwortete er. "Geht," erwiederte ihm der Monarch, "die Berliner taugen nichts." "Ew. Majestät werden mir verzeihen," versetzte der Candidat, "es gibt doch gute darunter, und ich selbst kenne zwei." "Und wer sind denn diese zwei?" fragte der König. "Der erste ist Ew. Majestät," entgegnete der Candidat, "und der zweite bin ich." Der König lachte über diese Antwort, und bewilligte ihm seine Bitte.

Der getreue Unterthan.

In der berühmten Schlacht bei Fehrbellin ritt der große Kurfürst Friedrich Wilhelm ein weißes Pferd. Froben, sein Stallmeister, besmerkte, daß die Schweden auf dieses Pferd, welches sich durch seine Farbe unterschied, mehr als auf die übrigen, schossen. Er bat demnach seinen

Herrn, es gegen das seinige zu vertauschen, unter tem Vorwande, daß das Pserd des Kurfürsten scheu wäre, und kaum hatte es dieser getreue Diener einige Augenblicke bestiegen, so wurde er getödtet, und rettete also durch seinen Tod dem Kurfürsten das Leben.

Soliman's Gerechtigkeit.

Soliman, jener stolze Beberrscher ber Türken, der sehr große Gaben und einen grenzenlosen Ehrgeiz besaß, griff Ungarn an, und nahm Belsgrad ein, welches man damals als die Bormauer der Christenheit bestrachtete. Er hatte eben diese Eroberung vollendet, als eine Frau sich ihm nahte, und bitterlich klagte, daß ihr die Soldaten ihr Bieh wegges nommen hätten, welches ihren ganzen Reichthum ausmachte. "Ihr müsset in einem sehr tiesen Schlaf gelegen haben," antwortete ihr der Sultan, "weil ihr die Räuber nicht habt hören können." "Ja, ich schlief, gnädiger Herr," antwortete sie, "allein es geschah im Bertrauen, daß Eure Hoheit für die gemeine Sicherheit wachte." Der Fürst, der eine erhabene Seele hatte, billigte diese Rede, so dreist sie auch war, und ersiebte auf eine angemessene Weise einen Schaden, den er hätte verhüten sollen.

Die Bombe.

Karl XII., ber in Stralsund belagert war, diktirte einem Sekretär Briese nach Schweden. Eine Bombe siel auf das haus, schlug durch das Dach, und zersprang sogar neben dem Zimmer des Königs. Die hälfte des Hußbodens zerslog in Stücke. Das Kabinett darin der Kösnig diktirte, war zum Theil in einer dicken Mauer angebracht, welche nichts von der Erschütterung litt, und durch ein erstaunenswürdiges Glück slog keines von den Stücken in das Kabinett, dessen Thür offen stand. Bei dem Knall der Bombe und dem Geprassel des hauses, welches einzustürzen schien, siel die Feder dem Sekretär aus der Hand. "Was gibt es denn?" sagte der König mit ruhiger Miene zu ihm, "warum schreibt ihr nicht?" Dieser konnte nichts als die Worte erwiedern: "Ach, Sire, die Bombe!" "Nun," erwiederte der König, "was hat die Sombe mit dem Briese zu schaffen, den ich euch diktire? Fahret sort."

Lodmann.

Ein Gelehrter im Morgenlande—Lodmann war sein Name—ersählt von sich selbst: Ich habe mich in keiner Widerwärtigkeit sehr gesgrämt, es mochte mir auch so schlimm gehen, als es wollte, außer ein einziges Mal, als ich barfuß gehen mußte, weil ich nicht so viel Geld hatte, mir Schuhe zu kausen. Ich ging ganz traurig in einen Tempel, und tras hier einen Menschen, der keine Füße hatte. Als ich ihn sah, war ich mit meinen bloßen Füßen gern zufrieden, und dankte meinem Gott herzlich, daß ich, wenn schon ohne Schuhe, doch gehen konnte. Der ungläckliche Mensch wäre ja gerne barfuß gegangen, wenn er nur Füße gehabt hätte.

Gehet dir's übel, so kehre beine Augen zum Guten, und gebenke, wie gottesfürchtige herzen thun, daß bu die Augen abkehrest vom Unglud und wendelt sie über fich zu einem aröffern Glud.

Luther.

Serbft.

Der Sommer flieht, und mit ihm zieht die Fülle sanster Freuden, Wie blumenleer ist's um mich her, wie schmucklos Thal und Weiden! Der süße Schall der Nachtigall ist längst im Hain erstorben; Und Baum und Strauch scheint durch den Hauch des kalten Nord's versborben.

Durchschlumm're nur, beraubte Flur, des Winters bange Länge; Wenn Frühlingspracht auf dir erwacht, dann preisen dich Gesänge, Und loben den, der wieder schön mit neuem Reiz dich schmücket, Den Herrn der Flur und der Natur, der Menschen gern beglücket.

Böltn.

Aus der Jugend Friedrich Wilhelms III.

Als der König ein Knabe von 10 Jahren war, (so erzählt fein Kammerdiener und Geheimer Kämmerer Wolter), und ich die Auswartung bei ihm hatte, brachte eines Tages im Monat Januar bei strenger Kälte ein Gärtnerbursche ein Körbchen mit schönen reisen, im Treibhause gesogenen Kirschen. Beim Anblide derselben freute sich der junge Prinz, und wünschte die in dieser Jahreszeit seltene Frucht zu genießen. Als ihm aber bemerklich gemacht wurde, daß sie 5 Thaler kosten sollten, fragte

er verwundert: "Wie, für eine Hand voll Kirschen 5 Thaler?" und drehte sich dann sest um mit den entschiedenen Worten: "Ich mag und will sie nicht." — Bald darauf ließ sich ein Bürger und Schuhmacher= meister aus Potsdam melden, und ich berichtete dem Kronprinzen: der arme Mann sei lange am Nervensieber elend und krank gewesen und das durch sehr herabgekommen in seinem Gewerbe, und so bedürse er, um es wieder beginnen zu können, zum Lederankauf 20 Thaler, die er nicht hätte, und um welche er in seiner großen Noth den Kronprinzen als um ein gnästiges Geschenk bate. "Wieviel habe ich noch in Kasse?" fragte mit dem sichtharen Ausbrucke des Mitleids der Kronprinze. Als ich ihm antworstete: "50 Thaler," befahl er, ich solle dem armen Manne die gewünschsten 20 Thaler in seinem Namen geben und damit Glück wünschen.

Erfreut und tief gerührt empfing der beglückte handwerker diese Gabe, und äußerte den Bunsch, der Königl. hoheit seinen Dank selbst aus= sprechen zu dursen. Diese Bitte schlug ber Prinz ab mit den Worten: "It gar nicht nöthig; wurde den armen Mann nur beschämen."

Philip. 2, 4. Ein Jeglicher sehe nicht auf das Seine, sondern auf das, was des Andern ift.

Enlert.

Meiters Morgengefang.

Morgenroth! Leuchtest mir zum frühen Tod? Bald wird die Trompete blasen, Dann muß ich mein Leben lassen, Ich und mancher Kamerad.

Kaum gedacht, Wird der Lust ein End³ gemacht! Gestern noch auf stolzen Rossen, Heute durch die Brust geschossen, Morgen in das fühle Grab.

Ach, wie bald Schwindet Schönheit und Gestalt! Prahlst du gleich mit deinen Wangen, Die wie Milch und Purpur prangen, Ach, die Kosen welken all! Darum still, Füg' ich mich wie Gott es will! Nun, so will ich wader streiten, Und sollt' ich den Tod erleiten, Stirbt ein braver Reitersmann.

Sauff.

König Friedrich und fein Nachbar.

Der Ronig Friedrich der Zweite von Preugen hatte acht Stunden von Berlin ein ichones Luftschloß und war gern barin, wenn nur nicht gang nabe babei die unruhige Muble gewesen mare. Denn erftlich stehen ein königliches Schloß und eine Mühle nicht gut neben einander, obgleich das Weißbrot auch in dem Schlosse nicht übel schmeckt, wenn die Mühle fein gemahlen und der Dien wohl gebaden hat. Außerdem aber, wenn ber Ronig in seinen besten Gedanken war, und nicht an ben Nachbar bachte, auf einmal ließ ber Müller seine Mühle klappern und bachte auch nicht an den herrn Nachbar; und die Gedanken bes Rönigs ftörten zwar das Räderwert der Mühle nicht, aber manchmal das Klab= permerk der Räder die Gedanken des Rönigs. Der geneigte Leser sagt: Ein König bat Geld wie Laub, warum fauft er bem Nachbar die Mühle nicht ab und läßt fie niederreißen ?- Der König wußte, warum: benn eines Tages ließ er ben Müller zu fich rufen. "Ihr begreift," fagte er gu ihm, "daß wir Zwei nicht neben einander bestehen konnen. Giner muß Bas gebt ihr mir fur mein Schlöflein ?"-Der Müller jagte: Wie hoch haltet ihr es, koniglicher herr Nachbar?-Der Konig erwiederte ihm: Bunderlicher Mensch, so viel Geld habt ihr nicht, bag ihr mir mein Schloß abkaufen konnt. Wie hoch haltet ihr eure Mühle?-Der Müller erwiederte: Gnädigster herr, so habt auch ihr nicht fo viel Geld, daß ihr mir meine Mühle abkaufen konnt; fie ift mir nicht feil .- Der König that zwar ein Gebot, auch bas zweite und britte, aber der Nachbar blieb bei seiner Rede: Sie ift mir nicht feil. darin geboren bin, fagte er, fo will ich darin fterben, und wie fie mir von meinem Bater erhalten worden ift, follen fie meine Nachkommen von mir erhalten und auf ihr ben Segen ihrer Borfahren ererben .- Da nahm der König eine ernsthaftere Sprache an. Wift ihr auch, guter Mann, daß ich gar nicht nöthig habe, viele Worte zu machen? 3ch laffe eure Muble taxiren und breche fie ab. Rehmt alsbann bas Geld ober nehmt es nicht! Da lächelte der unerschrockene Mann, der Müller, und erwiederte dem König: Gut gesagt, allergnädigster Herr, wenn nur das Rammergericht in Berlin nicht wäre! nämlich, daß er es wolle auf einen richterlichen Ausspruch ankommen lassen. Der König war ein gesrechter herr und konnte überaus gnädig sein, also daß ihm die Herzhastigkeit und Freimüthigkeit seiner Rede nicht mißfällig war, sondern wohlsgesiel. Denn er ließ von dieser Zeit an den Müller unangesochten und unterhielt fortwährend mit ihm eine friedliche Nachbarschaft. Der gesneigte Leser darf schon ein wenig Respekt haben vor einem solchen Nachbar und noch mehr vor einem solchen herrn Nachbar.

Sebel.

Bächterruf.

Höret, was ich euch will sagen!
Die Glode die hat zehn geschlagen.
Jeht betet und jeht geht in's Bett,
Und wer ein gut Gewissen hat,
Schlaf sanst und wohl! Im himmel wacht
Ein heiter Aug' die ganze Nacht.

Höret, was ich euch will sagen!
Die Glocke die hat eilf geschlagen.
Und wer noch bei der Arbeit schwist,
Und wer noch bei der Tasel sist,
Dem sei's zum letten Mal gesagt:
's ist hohe Zeit!—nun gute Nacht!

Höret, was ich euch will sagen!
Die Glode die hat zwölf geschlagen.
Und wo noch in der Mitternacht
Ein Herz in Schmerz und Kummer wacht,
Gott geb' dir eine stille Stund',
Mach' froh dich wieder und gesund!

Heret, was ich euch will fagen! Die Glocke die hat eins geschlagen. Und wo mit Satans Will' und Rath Ein Dieb auf dunkeln Pfaden naht, -3ch will's nicht hoffen, boch geschieht's-Weh' heim, ber em'ge Richter fieht's!

Höret, was ich euch will sagen!
Die Glocke die hat zwei geschlagen.
Und wem schon wieder, eh's noch tagt,
Die schwere Sorg' am Herzen nagt,
Du armer Mensch, dein Schlaf ist hin!
Gott sorgt; was trübst du deinen Sinn?

Horet, was ich euch will sagen
Die Glocke die hat drei geschlagen.
Die Morgenstund' am himmel schwebt,
Und wer in Ruh' den Tag erlebt,
Dank' Gott und sasse frohen Muth,
Und geh' an's Werk und halt' sich gut!—

Rad Debel.

Das gute Beilmittel.

Raifer Joseph in Wien war ein weiser und wohlthätiger Monard. wie Jedermann weiß; aber nicht alle Leute wiffen, wie er einmal ber Doktor gewesen ift und eine arme Frau geheilt hat. Gine arme, franke Frau fagte ju ihrem Bublein: "Rind, hol' mir einen Dottor, fonst fann ich's nimmer aushalten vor Schmerzen." Das Bublein lief zum erften Dofter und jum zweiten; aber feiner wollte tommen, benn in Wien fostet ein Gang ju einem Rranten einen Gulben, und ber arme Rnabe batte nichts als Thranen, die wohl im himmel fur gute Munge gelten, aber nicht bei allen Leuten auf der Erde. Als er aber zum britten Dot= tor auf bem Bege mar, fuhr langfam ber Raifer in einer offenen Rutiche an ihm porbei. Der Knabe bielt ihn wohl fur einen reichen herrn, ob er gleich nicht wußte, daß es der Raiser sei, und bachte: Ich will's verfuchen. " Onadiger herr," fagte er, "wollet ihr mir nicht einen Gul= Den schenken? Seid so barmherzig!" Der Raiser bachte: Der fagt's furz und benft, wenn ich einen Gulben auf einmal befomme, so brauch' ich nicht sechzigmal um ben Kreuger zu betteln. "Thut's ein Zwanziger nicht auch ?" fragt' ihn ber Raifer. Das Bublein fagte: "Nein," und offenbarte ihm, wozu er bes Geldes benöthigt ware. Also gab ihm ber Raifer ben Gulben, und ließ fich genau von ihm beschreiben, wie seine

Mutter beißt, und wo fie wohnt, und mahrend bas Bublein gum britten Dottor fpringt, und Die franke Frau Dabeim betet, Der liebe Gott wolle fie doch nicht verlaffen, fahrt der Raifer zu ihrer Wohnung und verhüllt fich ein wenig in seinen Mantel, also daß man ihn nicht recht erkennen konnte, wer ihn nicht darum ansah. Als er aber zu der kranken Frau in ihr Stublein kam, meint fie, es fei ber Dottor und ergahlt ihm ihren Umstand, und wie fie noch so arm dabei sei und sich nicht pflegen konne. Der Raifer fagte: "Ich will euch denn jest ein Rezept verschreiben." und fie fagte ihm, mo bes Bubleins Schreibzeug mare. Also fchrieb er bas Rezept und belehrte Die Frau, in welche Apothete fie es ichiden muffe. wenn das Rind heim tomme, und legte es auf den Tifc. Als er aber faum eine Minute fort war, fam Der rechte Doftor auch. Die Frau verwunderte fich nicht wenig, als sie borte, er sei auch der Doktor, und entschuldigte sich, es sei schon einer bagemesen, und habe ihr Etwas verordnet, und fie habe nur auf ihr Bublein gewartet. Als aber der Doktor bas Rezept in die Sand nahm und sehen wollte, wer bei ihr ge= wesen, und was für einen Trank oder was für Pillen er ihr verordnet habe, erstaunte er nicht wenig und sagte zu ihr: "Frau, ihr seid einem guten Arzte in die Sande gefallen; benn er hat euch fünfund= zwanzig Golostude verordnet, beim Zahlamte zu erheben, und unten an steht Joseph, wenn ihr ihn kennt. Eine folche Arznei hatt' ich euch nicht verschreiben können." Da that die Krau einen Blid gegen ben himmel und konnte Richts fagen vor Dankbarkeit und Rührung, und bas Geld wurde hernach richtig und ohne Anstand von dem Zahlamte ausgezahlt. Der Doktor aber verordnete ihr einen Trank, und durch Die aute Arznei und aute Pflege, Die fie sich jest verschaffen konnte. stand fie in wenigen Tagen wieder auf gesunden Beinen. Also bat ber Doktor die franke Krau geheilt, und ber Raiser die arme.

Sebel.

Die feltfamen Menschen.

Ein Mann, der in der Welt sich trefslich umgeseh'n, Kam endlich heim von seiner Reise. Die Freunde liesen schaarenweise, Und grüßten ihren Freund. So pslegt es zu gescheh'n. Da hieß es allemal: Uns freut von ganzer Seele, Dich hier zu sehn, und nun erzähle.—

Was ward da nicht erzählt !— Bort! wrach er einst, ihr wist, Wie weit es bis zum Lande der huronen ift. Elibundert Meilen binter ihnen Sind Menschen, die mir feltsam ichienen. Sie siten oft am Tijd bis in Die spate Nacht: Der Tijd wird nicht gededt, der Mund nicht naß gemacht. Es konnten um fie her die Donnerfeile bligen; Zwei Beer' im Rampfe stehn; follt' auch ber himmel schon Mit Krachen seinen Ginfall brobn: Sie blieben ungeftoret figen. Denn sie sind taub und ftumm. Doch läßt fich bann und wann Ein halbgebrochner Laut aus ihrem Munde hören, Der nicht zusammenhangt, und wenig fagen fann, Db sie die Augen schon barüber arg verkehren. Man fah' mich oft erstaunt an ihrer Seite fteben. Denn, wenn bergleichen Ding geschieht, So pflegt man häufig hinzugeben, Dag man die Leute figen fieht. Glaubt, Bruder! bag mir nie die gräflichen Geberben Aus bem Gemuthe fommen werben. Die ich an ihnen fah. Bergweiflung, Raferei, Boshafte Freud' und Angst babei. Die wechselten in ben Gesichtern. Sie schienen mir, bas schwör' ich euch! An Buth ben Furien, an Ernst ben bollenrichtern, Un Angit ben Miffethatern gleich .-Allein mas ift ihr 3med? Go fragten bier bie Freunde. Bielleicht besorgen sie die Wohlfahrt ber Gemeinde ?-Ach nein!- So suchen sie ber Weisen Stein?-Ihr irrt!-So wollen sie vielleicht bes Birkels Biered finden ? Rein !- So bereu'n fie alte Gunden ?-Das ist es alles nicht!—So find sie gar verwirrt? Wenn fie nicht hören, reben, fühlen,

Noch febn; was thun fie benn ?- Sie fpielen!

Ligtmer.

Er ift da!

Der Frühling hat sich eingestellt, Bohlan, wer will ihn seh'n? Der muß mit mir in's freie Feld, In's grüne Feld nun geh'n.

Er hielt im Walve sich verstedt, Daß Riemand mehr ihn sah; Ein Böglein hat ihn ausgeweckt, Jest ist er wieder da.

Jest ist der Frühling wieder da; Ihm folgt, wohin er zieht Nur lauter Freude fern und nah, Nur lauter Spiel und Lied.

Und Allen hat er, Groß und Klein, Bas Schönes mitgebracht; Und sollt's auch nur ein Sträußlein sein, Er hat an uns gedacht.

Drum frisch hinaus in's freie Felb, In's grüne Felb hinaus! Der Frühling hat sich eingestellt, Wer bliebe da zu Haus!

hoffmann v. Fallereleben.

Der kleine Börsenhändler.

Es traf einmal ein kleiner Knabe einen statklichen herrn in Ofsiziers kleidung an, der mit einer jungen Dame an einem schönen Morgen im Thiergarten bei Berlin lustwandelte. Der Thiergarten ist ein schöner, schattiger Wald mit lieblichen Gängen dicht bei Berlin, der großen Stadt, in welcher der König wohnt. Der Kleine bat, ihm eine von den kleinen Börsen (oder Geldbeuteln) abzukausen, wovon er einen ganzen Borrath aus einem Kästchen vorzeigte. Der herr entgegnete: "Ich besdarf der Waare nicht," und ging weiter. "Lieber herr Lieutenant," besgann der Kleine, neben dem herrn fortlausend, "so kaufen Sie doch Etwas

für die Mamiell ba; meine arme Mutter ftrickt biefe Borfen, und wenn ich kein Geld mitbringe, fo haben wir diefen Abend Nichts zu effen." Er erzählte hierauf, ber Bater sei Solvat gewesen, bei Leipzig geblieben, und er habe noch zwei kleinere Geschwister. Der herr fah dem Rinde in das offene, ehrliche Gesicht, fragte nach dem Preise, nahm, da der Knabe zwei Silbergroichen für bas Stud forderte, ein Dukend, und gab ihm ein großes Goldstud, gebn Thaler an Werth. "Ja, lieber Berr Lieutenant." sagte ber Junge, und bejah bas große blanke Goldstüd. "darauf kann ich nicht herausgeben." Der herr meinte barauf, er follte es nur behalten und seiner Mutter bringen, erfundigte sich nach deren Ramen und Bob= nung, fette feinen Spaziergang fort, und überließ ben Rleinen feinem Staunen und Entzücken. Nach Berlauf einer guten Stunde trat ein Adjutant bes Ronigs in die armliche butte ber Mutter und erkundigte sich nach ber Wahrheit ber Aussage bes Anaben. Der edle König und beffen liebenswürdige Tochter, damalige Prinzessin Alexandrine, maren es gewesen, benen Gott, ber Bater ber Armen, bas Rind gefandt hatte, um der Mutter Noth zu lindern und ihr die Thranen über den Berluft des gefallenen Gatten und Baters zu trodnen. Die eingeholten Zeug= niffe über das Betragen und die Aufführung der Frau lauteten zu ihrem Lobe; und die Ertheilung eines lebenslänglichen Jahrgeldes von hundert Thalern und die Unterbringung bes fleinen Borfenhandlers in eine Er= giebungsanstalt waren die Folgen jenes Gott moblgefälligen Morgen= ganges.

Junfer.

Hoffnung.

Und dräut der Winter noch so sehr Mit tropigen Geberden, Und streut er Eis und Schnee umher, Es muß doch Frühling werden.

Und brängen die Nebel noch so bicht Sich vor den Blick der Sonne, Sie wecket doch mit ihrem Licht Einmal die Welt zur Wonne.

Blast nur, ihr Stürme, blast mit Macht! Mir soll barob nicht bangen; Auf leisen Sohlen über Racht Rommt boch der Lenz gegangen.

Da wacht die Erde grünend auf, Weiß nicht, wie ihr geschehen, Und lacht in den sonnigen himmel hinauf, Und möchte vor Lust vergehen.

Sie flicht sich blühende Kränze in's Haar, Und schmückt sich mit Rosen und Aehren, Und läßt die Brünnlein rieseln klar, Als wären es Freudenzähren.

Und wenn dir oft auch bangt und graut, Ms sei die Höll' auf Erden, Nur unverzagt auf Gott vertraut! Es muß doch Krühling werden!

Geibel.

Ich ging im Walde so für mich hin, Und nichts zu suchen, das war mein Sinn.

Im Schatten sah ich ein Blumchen stehn, Wie Sterne leuchtend, wie Aeuglein fcon.

Ich wollt' es brechen; da fagt es fein: Soll ich zum Welken gebrochen sein?

Ich grub's mit allen ben Bürzlein aus, Bum Garten trug ich's am hübschen haus,

Und pflangt' es wieder am ftillen Ort; Run zweigt es immer und blubt fo fort.

Bötbe.

Memento mori!

(Gebente zu fterben.)

Sala-hebbin, Sultan von Aegypten und Syrien, ber Wiedereroberer bes von den Kreuzfahrern genommenen Jerusalems, war der größte Fürst des Orients im zwölften Jahrhundert, und ist noch jest der Gegensstand unserer Bewunderung. Tapfer, glücklich, unwiderstehlich an der

Spite seiner heere, bennoch bescheiden, mäßig, gerecht, human. hundert schöne Züge sind von dem Edelmuth seines herzens ausbewahrt. Und bis zum letten Athemzuge blieb sich der große Mann gleich; keiner, wie dieser philosophische Fürst, hat von der menschlichen Größe und dem Werthe der Dinge so gesunde Begriffe gehabt unter allen Beherrschern der Mosleminen.

Als er, des Todes gewärtig auf seinem Sterbebette lag, befahl er, von den Psorten seines Palastes die Fahnen hinwegzunehmen. Statt dessen gebot er, ein Mann solle dahin treten mit dem einsachen Leichentuche, in welches er bald gewickelt werden würde, und es dem Bolf zeigen, und von Zeit zu Zeit rusen: "Seht! seht! mehr nimmt Salasheddin, der Ueberswinder des Orients von allen Eroberungen nicht mit!"

Bidode.

Alexanders Bermächtniß.

Als Alerander starb verordnet' er, Daß man die hand ihm aus dem Sarg ließ hangen; Damit die Menschen alle, die vorher In seines Reichthums Küll' ihn sahen prangen, Nun sehen möchten, daß mit händen leer Er sei des allgemeinen Wegs gegangen, Und daß er von den Schäßen allen habe Nichts als die leere hand gebracht zum Grabe.

Rüdert.

Das Bachlein.

Du Bächlein, filberhell und flar, Du eilst vorüber immerdar. Am User steh ich, sinn' und sinn': Wo kommst du her? Wo gehst du hin?

"Ich komm aus dunkler Felsen Schoos; Mein Lauf geht über Blum' und Moos; Auf meinem Spiegel schweht so mild Des blauen himmels freundlich Bild. "D'rum hab' ich frohen Kindersinn; Es treibt mich fort, weiß nicht wohln, Der mich gerusen aus dem Stein, Der, denk ich, wird mein Führer sein."

Goethe.

Erzählung aus dem Morgenlande.

In ber Turfei trieb ein febr reicher und vornehmer Mann einen Armen, ber ihn um eine Wohlthat anflehte, mit Scheltworten und Schlägen pon fich ab: und als er ihn nicht mehr erreichen konnte, warf er ibn noch mit einem Steine. Alle, Die es faben, verdroß es. aber Niemand fonnte errathen, warum der arme Mann ben Stein aufhob und, ohne ein Wort zu fagen, in die Tasche stedte, und Niemand bachte baran, daß er ihn von nun an so bei sich tragen wurde. Aber bas that er wirklich. Rach Jahr und Tag verübte der reiche Mann einen ichlech= ten Streich und murde beswegen nicht nur feines Bermogens verluftig. fondern mußte auch, nach dortiger Sitte, jur Schau und Schande, rudmarts auf einen Giel gesett, burch bie Stadt reiten. Schimpf fehlte es nicht. Der Mann mit bem rathselhaften Steine in der Taide fand unter ben Zuschauern eben auch ba und erkannte feinen Beleidiger. Jest fuhr er ichnell mit der Sand in die Taiche: iest griff er nach bem Steine; jest hob er ihn schon in die Bobe, um ihn wieder nach feinem Beleibiger zu werfen. Aber wie von einem auten Beifte gewarnt, ließ er ihn wieder fallen und ging mit bewegtem Gefichte davon.

Daraus kann man lernen erstens: Man soll im Glücke nicht übermüthig, nicht unfreundlich und beleidigend gegen geringe und arme Menschen sein. Denn es kann vor Nacht leicht anders werden, als es am frühen Morgen war, und: Wer dir als Freund nichts nügen kann, der kann vielleicht als Feind dir schaden. Zweitens: Man soll seinem Feinde keinen Stein in der Tasche und keine Rache im Herzen nachtragen. Denn als der arme Mann den seinen auf die Erde fallen ließ und davon ging, sprach er zu sich selbst so: Rache an deinem Feinde auszuüben, so lange er reich und glücklich war, das war thöricht und gefährlich; jeht, wo er unglücklich ist, wäre es unmenschlich und schändlich.

Gieb bich gufrieden.

Gieb bich zufrieden und sei stille In dem Gotte deines Lebens, In ihm nur ruht der Freuden Fülle, Ohn' ihn mühst du dich vergebens. Er ist dein Quell und beine Sonne, Scheint täglich hell zu beiner Wonne, Gieb dich zufrieden.

Er ift voll Lichtes, Trost und Gnaden, Ungefärbten treuen herzen, Und wo er steht, thut dir kein Schaden Auch die Pein der größten Schmerzen; Kreuz, Angst und Noth kann er bald wenden, Ja auch den Tod hat er in händen; Gieb dich zusrieden.

Wie dir's und Andern oft ergehe, Ist ihm wahrlich nicht verborgen. Er sieht und kennet aus der Höhe Der betrübten Herzen Sorgen; Er zählt den Lauf der heißen Thränen, Und saßt zu Haus' all' unser Sehnen; Gieb dich zufrieden.

Wenn gar kein Einz'ger mehr auf Erden, Deffen Treue du darift trauen, Alsbann will er tein Tröfter werden, Und zu beinem Beften schauen; Er weiß bein Leid und heimlich Grämen, Weiß auch tie Zeit, dir's zu benehmen; Gieb dich zufrieden.

Er hört die Seufzer beiner Seelen Und des herzens stilles Klagen, Und was du keinem darfft erzählen, Magst du Gott gar kühnlich sagen; Er ift nicht fern, steht in ber Mitten, Sort bald und gern ber Armen Bitten; Gieb bich gufrieden.

Laß dich dein Elend nicht bezwingen, halt an Gott, so wirst du siegen, Db alle Fluthen schäumend gingen, Dennoch wirst du nicht erliegen; Denn wenn du wirst zu hoch beschweret, hat Gott, dein Fürst, dich schon erhöret; Gieb dich zufrieden!

Gerbarb.

Gottesbienft.

Willft du in ber Stille singen Und bein Lied bem Höchsten bringen, Lerne, wie du kannst allein Sänger, Buch und Tempel sein.

Ist der Geist in dir beisammen, Boller Eiser, voller Flammen: Dieser Sänger ohne Mund Thut Gott dein Begehren kund.

Ist dein Herz, wie sich's gebühret, Recht mit Andacht ausgezieret: Dieses Buch dann bringet dir Wort' und Weisen g'nug herfür.

Wo dein Leib vom Wust der Sünden Rein und sauber ist zu finden: Diesen Wohnplat, dieses Haus Sucht sich Gott zum Tempel aus.

Kannst du so in Stille singen, Kannst du dies dem Höchsten bringen: Dann, o, wirst du dir allein Sänger, Buch und Tempel sein.

Beinrich Albert.

Der gerettete Jüngling.

Eine schöne Menschenseele sinden, Ist Gewinn; ein schönerer Gewinn ist, Sie erhalten; und der schönst' und schwerste, Sie, die schon verloren war, zu retten!

Sankt Johannes, aus tem öden Pathmos Wiederkehrend, war, was er gewesen, Seiner Heerden hirt. Er ordnet ihnen Wächter, daß ihr Inn'res sie bewahren.

In der Menge sah er einen schönen Jüngling; fröhliche Gesundheit glänzte Bom Gesicht ihm, und aus seinen Augen Sprach die liebevollste Feuerseele.

"Diesen Jüngling," sprach er zu bem Bischof, "Nimm in deine hut. Mit deiner Treue Stehst du mir für ihn! — hierüber zeuge Mir und dir vor Christo die Gemeine."

Und der Bischof nahm den Jüngling zu sich, Unterwies ihn, sah die schönsten Früchte In ihm blühn; und weil er ihm vertraute, Ließ er nach von seiner strengen Aussicht. Und die Freiheit war ein Net dem Jüngling. Angeleckt von süßen Schmeicheleien, Ward er müßig, kostete die Wollust, Dann den Reiz des fröhlichen Betruges, Dann ter herrschaft Reiz; er sammelt' um sich Seine Spielgesellen, und mit ihnen Zog er in den Wald, ein haupt der Räuber.

Als Johannes in die Gegend wieder Kam, die erste Frag' an ihren Bischof Bar: "Wo ist mein Sohn?" — "Er ist gestorben!" Sprach der Greis, und schlug die Augen nieder. "Wann und wie?" — "Er ist Gott abgestorben, If (mit Ihränen sag' ich es) ein Räuber."
"Dieses Jünglings Seele," sprach Johannes,
"Fodr' ich einst von dir. Jedoch wo ist er?"
"Auf dem Berge dort!" — "Ich muß ihn sehen!"
Und Johannes, kaum dem Walde nahend,
Ward ergriffen (eben dieses wollt' er).
"Führet, sprach er, mich zu eurem Führer."

Bor ihn trat er. Und ber schöne Jüngling Wandte sich; er konnte diesen Anblick Nicht ertragen. "Fliehe nicht, o Jüngling, Nicht, o Sohn, den waffenlosen Bater, Einen Greis! Ich habe rich gelobet Meinem Herrn, und muß für dich antworten. Gern geb' ich, willst du es, mein Leben Hür dich hin; nur dich sortan verlassen Kann ich nicht! Ich habe dir vertrauet, Dich mit meiner Seele Gott verpfändet."

Beinend schlang ber Jüngling seine Arme Um den Greis, bedeckete sein Antlig Stumm und starr; dann flürzte statt ber Antwort Aus den Augen ihm ein Strom von Thränen.

Auf die Kniee fant Johannes nieder. Rüfte seine hand und feine Bange, Nahm ihn neu geschenket vom Gebirge, Läuterte sein berz mit süßer Flamme.

Jahre lebten sie jest unzertrennet Mit einander; in den schonen Jüngling Goß sich ganz Johannes schone Seele. Sagt was war es, was das Herz des Jünglings Also tief erkannt' und innig festhielt, Und es wiedersand und unbezwingbar Rettete? Ein Sankt-Johannes Glaube, Zutrau'n, Festigkeit und Lieb' und Wahrheit.

Das Amen ber Steine.

Bon Alter blind, suhr Beda bennoch fort Ju predigen die neue, frohe Botschaft. Bon Stadt zu Stadt, von Dorf zu Dorse wallte An seines Führers hand der fromme Greis, Und predigte das Wort mit Jünglingsseuer.

Einst leitet' ihn sein Anabe in ein Thal, Das übersä't war mit gewalt'gen Steinen. Leichtstunig mehr als boshaft sprach ber Anabe: "Chrwurd'ger Bater, viele Menschen sind Bersammelt hier und warten auf die Predigt."

Der blinde Greis erhob sich alsobald, Wählt' einen Tert, erklärt' ihn, wandt' ihn an, Ermahnte, warnte, strafte, tröstete, So herzlich, daß die Thränen mildiglich Ihm niederslossen in den grauen Bart. Als er beschließend d'rauf das Baterunser, Wie sich's geziemt, gebetet und gesprochen: "Dein ist das Reich, und dein die Krast, und dein Die Herrlichseit die in die Ewigseiten,"—Da riesen rings im Thal viel tausend Stimmen: "Amen, ehrwürd'ger Bater, Amen, Amen!"

Der Knab' erschraf, reumüthig kniet' er nieber, Und beichtete dem Heiligen die Sünde. "Sohn," sprach ter Greis, "hast du tenn nicht gelesen, Benn Menschen schweigen, werden Steine schrein? Nicht spotte künstig, Sohn, mit Gottes Bort! Lebendig ist es, kräftig, schneidet scharf, Bie kein zweischneidig Schwert. Und sollte gleich Das Menschenz sich ihm zum Trop versteinen, So wird im Stein ein Menschenherz sich regen!"

Der Ruhetag.

Wozu, sprach Samma der Jüngling zu seinem Lehrer, bedurfte der Ewige des Dienstes der Menschen? Wozu die Feier des Sabbathtages? Nur dem roben Menschen ward sie zur Zucht geboten. Ist nicht der eine Tag dem andern gleich! Jeden erleuchtet das Licht der Sonne.

Der Rabbi aber antwortete und sprach: Als die Söhne Jsraels zurückgekehrt waren aus der Berbannung in das Land der Berheißung, da lebte an den Grenzen des Landes Mesopotamia ein Jsraelit, Namens Boni, ein Levit und weiser Mann, sammt Weib und Kindern.

Und der Engel des herrn trat zu ihm, in Gestalt eines Boten bes Königs Arthasafta, und sprach: Mache dich auf, du und dein Weib und beine Kinder und deine Knechte und deine Mägde, und ziehet hin in das Land eurer Bäter, auf das du teinem Bolke rathest und helfest die Stadt und das Land weislich einrichten.

Da antwortete Boni und sprach: Der König, mein herr, wolle meinen Dank gnädiglich ansehen; aber wie soll ich mit Weib und Kind die Bufte durchwandern und bin des Weges nicht kundig! Der Bote aber sprach: Mache dich aus, und lerne dem König vertrauen.

Darauf zog Boni aus, wie ihm der Engel des herrn geboten hatte, mit Weib und Kindern in der Frühe des Morgens. Aber Boni zweisselte und sprach: Was wird das werden? Und sie zogen durch die Wüste gegen Abend. Als sie nun sechs Parasangen gewandelt und sehr müde waren, siehe da stand an dem Wege ein Gezelt, und ein Mann trat hersaus und sprach zu Boni und seinem Bolk: hier rastet! da ruheten sie und erquickten ihre Seelen. Und Boni sprach: Das ist des herrn Güte, daß wir und hier erquicken. Aber wer wird und nun serner unseres Weges geleiten?

Da trat der Mann herzu, und zeigte Boni beides, den Weg und die Abwege, und zeichnete sie ihm sechs Parasangen weit auf ein Blatt, dars auf sprach er: Nun ziehet in Frieden!

Da zog Boni weiter mit seinem Gesinde auf dem Pfade, so ihm bezeichnet war, und sie ertrugen mit Geduld das Ungemach des Weges; denn sie gedachten des Trostes, so sie empfangen hatten. Und als sie sechs Parasangen zurückzelegt, erhob sich von Neuem ein Gezelt. Hieselbst fanden sie wieder einen Diener des Königs, der tröstete sie und zeigte ihnen von Neuem den Weg und die Abwege, so sie meiden sollten.

Also geschah es immer fort achtzig Tagereisen, und als sie solche voll=

endet hatten, gelangte Boni und sein Gesinde in das Land der Berheis sung. Und Boni erkannte, daß der Engel des Herrn ihn gesührt hatte, und er sorgte mit Eira und Nehemia, daß der Sabbath geheiligt würde, tenn das Bolf war wüste geworden.

Siehest du, Samma, sagte darauf der Lehrer, des Menschen Leben ist eine Pilgrimschaft, sechs Parasangen sind sechs Tage, aber der siebente ist ein Ruhetag, da stehet des herrn Gezelt ihm offen, daß er seines Wansbelns gedenke und dem herrn vertraue. Der Ruchlose achtet des Gezeltes nicht, und sein Weg verliert sich in der Büste, aber der Weise sindet Ersquidung und gelangt in das Land der Berheißung.

Rrummacher.

Die vier Wege.

Der Sultan läßt den Mewlana Zum Thronsaal führen, ihn zu fragen: Du rühmst dich sondrer Weisheit ja, So sollst du mir nun Antwort sagen.

Bu vier verschiedenen Sekten theilt Sich alles Bolk der Muselmanen; So sage nun mir unverweilt, Wer geht davon auf rechten Bahnen?

Auf welchen der vier Pfade mag Der Staub zum Thron des herrn gelangen? Ich zweiselte bis diesen Tag, Nun laß Gewißheit mich empfangen.

Der Sultan sprach's und harrte stumm; Der Mewlana, erst sah er schweigend Im Thronsaal sich des Sultans um, Dann sprach er, sich vor ihm verneigend:

Du, bessen Thron das Ebenbild Bom Thron des Himmels ist auf Erden, Mich schirme deiner Gnade Schild, So soll dir meine Antwort werden:

Du thronest hier in einem Saal, Bu bem geöffnet sind vier Thuren;

Und beinen Thron fieht allzumal, Wen bu durch eine läffest führen.

Daß ich bes Beges nicht geirrt, Deß mußte mir bein Bote frommen; Und nun weiß ich, vom Glanz verwirrt, Nicht, welches Begs ich bin gekommen.

Rüdert.

Die Grenadiere.

Nach Frankreich zogen zwei Grenabier', Die waren in Rupland gefangen, Und als sie kamen in's deutsche Quartier, Sie ließen die Köpfe hangen.

Da horten sie Beide die traurige Mähr: Daß Frankreich verloren gegangen, Besiegt und erschlagen das tapfere heer — Und der Kaiser, der Kaiser gefangen.

Da weinten zusammen die Grenadier's Wohl ob der fläglichen Kunde. Der Eine sprach: Wie weh wird mir, Wie brenut meine alte Wunde.

Der Andre sprach: Das Lieb ist aus, Auch ich möcht' mit dir sterben. Doch hab ich Weib und Kind zu haus, Die ohne mich verderben.

Bas scheert mich Weib, was scheert mich Kind, Ich trage weit bess'res Berlangen; Laß sie betteln gehn, wenn sie hungrig sind, Mein Kaiser, mein Kaiser gesangen!

Gewähr' mir, Bruder, eine Bitt': Benn ich jett sterben werde, So nimm meine Leiche nach Frankreich mit, Begrab' mich in Frankreichs Erbe. Das Chrenkrenz am rothen Band Sollst du auf's herz mir legen; Die Flinte gieb mir in die hand, ' Und gürt' mir um ten Degen.

So will ich liegen und horchen still, Wie eine Schildwach', im Grabe, Bis einst ich höre Kanonengebrüll, Und wiehernder Rosse Getrabe.

Dann reitet mein Raiser wohl über mein Grab, Biel Schwerter klirren und bligen; Dann steig' ich gewaffnet hervor aus tem Grab',— Den Raiser, den Kaiser zu schügen.

Seine.

Die Neujahrsnacht eines Unglücklichen.

Ein alter Mensch stand in der Neujahrsnacht am Fenster, und schaute mit dem Blide einer bangen Berzweislung auf zum unbeweglichen, ewig blühenden himmel, und herab auf die stille, reine, weiße Erde, worauf jest Niemand so freuden- und schlaslos war, als er. Denn sein Grabstand nahe bei ihm; es war bloß vom Schnee des Alters, nicht vom Grün der Jugend verdeckt, und er brachte aus dem ganzen reichen Leben nichts mit, als Irrthümer, Sünden und Krankheiten, einen verheerten Körper, eine verödete Seele, die Brust voll Gift und ein Alter voll Reue. Seine schönen Jugendtage wandten sich heute als Gespenster um, und zogen ihn wieder vor den holden Morgen hin, wo ihn sein Later zuerst auf den Scheideweg des Lebens gestellt hatte, der rechts auf der Sonnen-bahn der Tugend in ein weites, rubiges Land voll Licht und Ernten bringt, und links in die Maulwursgänge des Lasters hinabzieht, in eine schwarze höhle voll heruntertropsenden Gistes, voll zischender Schlangen, und sinstere, schwüler Dämpse.

Ach! die Schlangen hingen um seine Bruft und bie Gifttropfen auf seiner Zunge, und er wußte nun, wo er war.

Sinnlos und mit unaussprechlichem Gram rief er zum himmel hin= auf: Gieb mir die Jugend wieder, v Bater! stelle mich auf den Scheide= weg wieder, damit ich anders mable! Aber sein Bater und seine Jugend waren längst bahin. Er sah Irrlichter auf Sümpsen tanzen, und auf bem Gottesacker auslöschen, und er
sagte: Es sind meine thörichten Tage!—Er sah einen Stern vom himmel fliehen, und im Fall schimmern, und auf der Erde zerrinnen: Das
bin ich, sagte sein blutendes herz, und die Schlangenzähne der Reue gruben darin in den Bunden weiter.

Die lodernde Phantasie zeigte ihm sliehende Nachtwandler auf den Dächern, und die Windmühle hob drohend ihre Arme zum Zerschlagen auf, und eine, im Tottenhause zurückgebliebene Larve nahm allmählig seine Züge an.—Mitten in dem Kampf floß plöglich die Musik für das Neujahr vom Thurme hernieder, wie ferner Kirchengesang. Er wurde sanster bewegt. Er schaute um den Horizont herum und über die weite Erde, und er dachte an seine Jugendsreunde, die nun, glücklicher und besser denn er, Lehrer der Erde, Väter glücklicher Kinder und gesegnete Menschen waren, und er sagte: D, ich könnte auch, wie ihr, die erste Nacht mit trockenen Augen verschlummern, wenn ich gewollt hätte!—Ach, ich könnte glücklich sein, ihr theuren Eltern, wenn ich eure Lehren erfüllte hätte!

Im sieberhaften Erinnern an seine Jünglingszeit kam es ihm vor, als richte sich die Larve mit seinen Bügen im Todtenhause auf; endlich wurde sie durch den Aberglauben, welcher in der Neujahrsnacht Geister der Zustunft erblickt, zu einem lebendigen Jünglinge.

Er konnte es nicht mehr sehen;—er verhüllte das Auge;—tausend heiße Thranen strömten versiegent in den Schnee;—er seufzte nur noch leise, trostlos und finnlos: Romme wieder, Jugend, komme wieder.

— Und sie kam wieder; denn er hatte nur so fürchterlich geträumt. Er war noch ein Jüngling; nur seine Berirrungen waren kein Traum gewesen. Aber er dankte Gott, daß er, noch jung, in den schmutigen Gängen des Lasters umkehren, und sich auf die Sonnenbahn zurückbeges ben konnte, die in das Land der Ernten leitet.

Kehre mit ihm um, Jüngling, wenn du auf seinem Irrwege stehest! Dieser schreckende Traum wird fünstig bein Richter werden; aber wenn du einst jammervoll rusen würdest: Komme wieder, schöne Jugend! so würde sie nicht wieder kommen!

Jean Paul (Richter).

Morgenlied.

Früh lass mich teine Gnade hören, Der du gewacht, eh' ich gewacht!
Daß Nichts den Anfang möge stören,
Den du mir heute zugedacht.
Wem du das beste Theil beschieden
Für seines Tages kurzen Lauf,
Den weckest du in sanstem Frieden
Mit beines Geistes Doem auf.

Süß ist's, o Gott, mit dir erwachen, Und früh von dir umfangen sein; Das gieht die rechte Krast dem Schwachen, Klößt Freudigkeit zum Leben ein: Da geht die Stunde nicht verloren, Da rennt die Seele nicht nach Tand, Wie bei dem Blinden, bei dem Thoren, Der düster ohne dich erstand.

Ach, wer sich früh mit voller Liebe hingabe beinem Gnadenzug, Der hatt' an Licht und heil'gem Triebe Auf seinen ganzen Tag genug. Kein Segen sehlte dem Gemüthe, Kein Ziel verschwände, das er sucht, Und nach des Morgens goldner Blüthe Käm' auch des Abends goldne Frucht.

D Leben, dessen Morgenstunden Die Liebe Tag für Tag erhellt! Du Garbe für ben herrn gebunden, In seinem Tempel aufgestellt!— Früh' lass mich deine Gnade hören, O Gott, verkläre meinen Tag, Daß ich in solchem Glanz ber Ehren Am Tag' der Garben stehen mag!

Das preußische Bolf im Jahre 1813.

Bon Memel bis Demmin, von Colberg bis Glat war in bem unvergeflichen Frühlinge und Sommer Des Jahres 1813 unter den Preufen nur Gine Stimme, Gin Gefühl, Gin Born, und Gine Liebe: Das Bater= land au retten, und Deutschland au befreien. Krieg wollten die Preufien. Gefahr und Tod wollten fie. den Frieden fürchteten fie, weil fie von Na= poleon feinen ehrenvollen und Preußischen Frieden boffen konnten. Rrieg, Rrieg! ichallte es von den Karpathen bis zur Ditiee, von bem Niemen bis jur Elbe, Rrieg! rief ber Ebelmann und Landbefiger, ber verarmt mar. Krieg! ber Bauer, ber sein lettes Pferd unter Borfpann und Auhren todt trieb, Rrieg! ber Burger, ben bie Ginquartierungen und Abgaben erschöpften, Krieg! ber Tagelöhner, ber keine Arbeit finden konnte, Krieg! die Wittwe, die ihren einzigen Sohn in das Keld schiakte. Rrieg! Die Braut, Die ben Brautigam qualeich mit Thranen Des Stolges und bes Schmerzes entließ. Junglinge, Die kaum wehrhaft maren, Manner mit grauen haaren und wankenden Anien, Offiziere, die wegen Wunden und Berftummelungen lange ehrenvoll entlaffen waren, reiche Gutebefiger und Beamte, Bater gablreicher Familien und Bermalter weitlaufiger Beichafte, in hinficht jedes Kriegedienstes entschuldigt, wollten fich selbst nicht entschuldigen, ja sogar Jungfrauen unter mancherlei Ber= stellungen und Berlarvungen brangten sich zu ben Waffen, Alle wollten fich üben, ruften und fur bas Baterland ftreiten und fterben.

Preußen war wieder das Sparta geworden, als welches seine Dichter es einst besangen; jede Stadt, jeder Fleden, jedes Dorf schallte von Kriegslust und Kriegsmusst, und war in einen Uebungs- und Wassen-plat verwandelt; jede Feueresse ward eine Wassenschmiede. Das war das Schönste bei diesem heiligen Eiser und fröhlichem Gewimmel, daß alle Unterschiede von Ständen und Klassen, von Altern und Stusen verzgessen und ausgehoben waren, daß Jeder sich demüthigte und hingab zu dem Geschäfte und Dienst, wo er der Brauchbarste war, daß das eine große Gesühl des Vaterlandes und seiner Freiheit und Ehre alle andere Gesühle verschlang, alle andere sonst erlaubte Kücksichten und löbliche Verhältnisse aushob. Die Menschen fühlten es, sie waren gleich geworzten durch das lange Unglück, sie wollten auch gleich sein im Dienst und im Gehorsam.

Und jo fehr erhob bie beilige Pflicht und bas gemeinsame Streben,

wovon fie befeelt waren, alle Bergen, bag bas Niedrige, Gemeine und Wilde, Dem in getummelvollen Zeiten Der Bewaffnungen und Rriege eine jo weite Babn geoffnet ift, nicht auftommen tonnte. Die keilige Begeisterung Diefer unvergestlichen Tage ift burch feine Ausschweifung und Wildheit entweiht worden. Bas die Manner fo unmittelbar unter ben Waffen thaten, bas that bas gartere Geschlecht ber Frauen burch ftille Bebete, brunftige Ermahnungen, fromme Arbeiten, menichliche Sorgen und Mühen für die Ausziehenden, Kranten und Bermundeten. fann die ungähligen Opfer und Gaben jener Zeit gablen, Die gum Theil unter ben rührenosten Umftanden bargebracht worden sind? Wer kann Die dem Baterlande ewig theuern Namen ber Frauen und Jungfrauen aufrechnen, welche in einzelnen Wohnungen ober in Rrankenhäusern Die Nackenden gekleidet, die hungernden gespeift, Die Kranken gepflegt, und Die Bermundeten verbunden haben? Go geschah es von einem Ende bes Reichs bis jum andern, boch gebührte Berlin ber Borrang; es hat bewiesen, daß es verdient, ber Sit feiner herrscher ju fein. Freue bich teiner Ehren, madere Statt! Die alten Gunden find versöhnt, Die alten Unbille vergeffen, Ruhm und Glud werden wieder ihren Wohnsit bei bir aufichlagen. Ich fage nur bas Gine: Es war ploplich wie burch ein Bunder Gottes ein großes und würdiges Bolf entstanden. -

So hat das preußische Bolk sich offenbart; so ist Gott und Gottes Kraft, und eine Begeisterung, die wir nicht begreisen konnen, auch unter uns erschienen. Die Preußen hatten Fehrbellin und Hochstärt, Turin und Malplaquet, sie hatten die Tage von Roßbach und Leuthen, die Schlachten von Torgau und Jorndorf — sie haben nie Tage gehabt wie die von Groß-Görschen und von der Kahbach, von Dennewiß und von Leipzig; denn sie haben nie vorher weder mit einem so großen Geiste, noch für eine so große Sache, das Schwert gezogen. Daß wir jest frei athmen, daß wir fröhlich zu den Sternen bliden und Gott anbeten, daß wir unsere Kinder wieder mit Freuden ansehen können, als die da fünstig freie Männer sein werden — das danken wir nachst Gott diesen Beginnern der deutschen Herrlichkeit, sie sind uns übrigen Deutschen, wie verschiedenn Namen wir auch sühren mögen, die glorreichen Vertreter und das erste Beispiel der Freiheit und Ehre geworden.

Der Erlfönig.

Wer reitet so spät durch Nacht und Wind? Es ist der Bater mit seinem Kind; Er hat den Anaben wohl in dem Arm, Er faßt ihn sicher, er halt ihn warm.

"Mein Sohn, was birgst du so bang dein Gesicht?" "Siehst, Bater, du den Erlkönig nicht? Den Erlenkönig mit Kron' und Schweif?" "Mein Sohn, es ist ein Nebelstreis."

"Du liebes Kind, komm, geh mit mir! Gar schöne Spiele spiel' ich mit dir; Manch' bunte Blumen sind an dem Strand; Meine Mutter hat manch gülden Gewand."

"Mein Bater, mein Bater, und hörest du nicht, Was Erlenkönig mir leise verspricht?" "Sei ruhig, bleibe ruhig, mein Kind; In dürren Blättern säuselt der Wind."

"Billit, feiner Knabe, bu mit mir gehn? Meine Töchter follen dich warten schön; Meine Töchter jühren ben nächtlichen Reihn, Und wiegen und tanzen, und fingen dich ein."

"Mein Bater, mein Bater, und siehst du nicht dort Erkönigs Töchter am düstern Ort?" "Sei ruhig, mein Sohn, ich seh' es genau: Es scheinen die alten Weiden so grau."

"Ich liebe dich, mich reizt deine schöne Gestalt, Und folgst du nicht willig, so brauch' ich Gewalt." "Mein Bater, mein Bater, jest faßt er mich an! Erlfönig hat mir ein Leides gethan!"

Dem Bater grauset's, er reitet geschwind, In den Armen hält er das ächzende Kind, Erreicht den Hof mit Müh' und Noth; In seinen Armen das Kind war todt.

Die nächtliche Seerschau.

Nachts um die zwölste Stunde Berläßt der Tambour sein Grab, Macht mit der Trommel die Runde, Geht wirbelnd auf und ab.

Mit seinen entsleischten Armen Rührt er die Schlägel so gleich, Schlägt manchen guten Wirbel, Reveil und Zapsenstreich.

Die Trommel klinget gar seltsam, hat einen gar hohlen Ton: Es erwachen in ihren Gräbern Die totten Soldaten davon.

Und die im fernen Norden Erstarrt zu Schnee und Eis, Und die in Welschland liegen, Wo ihnen die Erde zu heiß.

Und die der Risschlamm deckt, Und der arabische Sand: Sie steigen aus ihren Gräbern, Und nehmen's Gewehr zur Hand.

Nachts um die zwölfte Stunde Berläßt der Trompeter sein Grab, Und schmettert in die Trompete, Und reitet auf und ab.

Da kommen aus ihren Gräbern Die todten Reiter herbei, Die blutigen alten Schwadronen, In Waffen mancherlei.

Es grinfen die Anochenschädel Sohl unter bem helme hervor, Es halten die Anochenhande Die langen Schwerter empor. Nachts um die zwölfte Stunde Berläßt auch der Feldherr sein Grab, Kommt langsam hergeritten, Umgeben von seinem Stab.

Er trägt ein kleines Hütchen, Er trägt ein einfach Kleid, Und einen kleinen Degen Trägt er an seiner Seit'.

Der Mond mit falbem Lichte Erhellt den tüftern Plan; Der Mann im Ileinen hütchen Sieht sich rie Truppen an.

Die Rethen prasentiren Und schultern bas Gewehr; Daraus zieht mit Klingendem Spiele Borüber bas ganze heer.

Die Marschäll' und Generäle Schließen um ihn einen Kreis; Der Feldherr sagt dem nächsten Ins Ohr ein Wörtchen lets.

Das Wort geht in die Runde, Klingt wieder fern und nah: "Frankreich" ist die Parole, Die Losung "St. Helena." Das ist die große Runde

Das ist die große Runde Im elhjäischen Feld, Die um die zwölste Stunde Der todte Cäsar hält.

v. Reblis.

Der Gieg.

Die Laster stritten, wer von ihnen Am eifrigsten gewesen sei, Dem Bösen in der Welt zu dienen: Den Sieg erhielt—rie Heuchelei.

Gleim.

Eigensinn.

Luftfpiel von R. Benebir.

Personen: Ausborf. Ratharina, seine Frau. Alfred. Emma, feine Gattin. Beinrich. Lisbeth, in Alfred's Diensten.

Erfter Auftritt.

Beinrich. Liebeth.

Lisbeth (hinter ber Scene) .- Seinrich, Beinrich, mach' auf!

Seinrich (tritt ein; er füßt fie) .- Romm, ich will bir helfen!

Lish.—Aber heinrich-wenn bas Jemand fieht!-

beinr .- Ber foll es benn feben ?

Lish.-Der herr fann ja jeden Augenblid tommen!

Beinr .- Ach, Lisbeth, fo einen Rug im Borbeigehen, fo auf ber Flucht zu erwischen, bas ichmedt am Besten.

Lisb .- Aber wenn ber herr-

Seinr .- Run wenn er es auch gesehen hatte, was mare babei?

Lisb .- 3ch ichamte mich todt .

heinr .- Warum tenn? Er wird seine Frau auch fuffen-feit drei Monaten erft verheirathet-

Lisb .- Ja, feine Frau! Wenn bu mein Mann mareft-

heinr .- Wie lange wird benn bas noch dauern?

Lisb .- Ber weiß- -

heinr .- Jedenfalls länger, als bir lieb ift ?--

Lisb .- Bas bas für Reden find! Dent' an bas Tijchbeden!

3weiter Auftritt.

Borige, Alfred (bleibt unbemerft an ber Thure fteben).

Lisb .- Der herr Schwiegervater und die Frau Schwiegermutter kommen jum Frühstud.

Heinr.—Und freuen sich, wie glüdlich die jungen Cheleute find !— Hm, einen Schwiegervater kann ich dir freilich nicht ausweisen—

Lisb.—Das thut Nichts, ich auch nicht!

heinr .- Ich bente, wir Beibe find uns felbst genug! Gut so, ber Tisch ift gevedt.

Lisb .- Ja.

Beinr .- Bas?

Lisb.—Nichts—ich sagte ja.

heinr .- Das ist Nichts, du mußt bas auch sagen.

Lisb .-- Was?

Seinr .- "Gut fo, ber Tifch ift gebedt!"

Lish .- Warum?

Seinr .- Das schidt fich fo.

Lisb .- Dummes Beug.

He inr .- Benn man etwas fertig hat, so fagt man: "Gut so" ober "Gott Lob" ober "Gott sei Dant", Die Sache ist fertig.

Lisb .- Marretbei !

He in r.—Das ist keine Narrethei, kein dummes Zeug. Als der liebe Gott die Welt geschaffen hatte und sah, daß Alles gut war, sagte er auch: Gott sei-Dank, die Welt ist fertig. Und darum ist es ein fromsmer Brauch, daß man das immer sagt, wenn man—

Lisb .- Ad, geh mit beinen Albernheiten !

He in r.—Lisbeth, es find keine Albernheiten, du mußt nicht so freis geisterisch thun! Komm her und sage wie ich: Gott sei Dank, der Tisch ift gedeckt!

Lisb .- Rein!

Seinr .- Mir gu Liebe.

Lisb.—Ich will nicht!

heinr .- Du willst nicht?

Lisb .- Rein!

Heinr.—Wenn ich bich um etwas bitte, so sagst du: ich will nicht!? Lisb.—Ja, ja, ja! Wenn ich nicht will, bann will ich nicht, und

wenn bu mich gehn Mal bitteft!

h e i n r .- Wie ware mir das? Ich konnte gehn Mal bitten, und du sagtest immer nein?

Lisb.—Ja, wenn du solch dummes Zeug vorbringst—

heinr .- Es ist fein dummes Zeug; aber davon ift gar nicht die Rede, bu follst es blos sagen, weil ich es wünsche.

Lisb.—Ich thue es nicht.

heinr .- Lisbeth.

Lisb .- Beinrich.

Beinr .- Jest mußt bu es fagen.

Lisb .- Ich muß?

beinr .- Ja, ich verlange es!

Lisb .- Du traumft wohl? Ober bift bu heute Morgen mit bem linken Tuffe zuerft aus bem Bette gestiegen?

He in r.—Mach' keine Possen! Es ift mein Ernft! Du sollst sagen: Gott sei Dank, ber Tijch ist gebeckt!

Lish.—Das foll ich fagen?

Beinr .- Ja!

Lisb .- Ich foll? Ich muß?

heinr .- Du follft und mußt.

Lisb .- Nun thue ich es gar nicht!

Beinr .- Lisbeth, ich bitte bich!

Lisb .- 3ch thu's nicht.

heinr .- Bum letten Mal bitte ich bich

Lisb.—Ich thu's nicht, ich thu's nicht, und wenn du bich auf den Kopf stellft!

heinr .- Das wollen wir boch feben!

Lisb .- Das wollen wir sehen!

Heinr .--- Alfo du gibst meinen Bitten nicht nach, du weigerst bich hartnäckig?

Lisb.—Ja!

heinr .- Du willft beinen Eigenfinn nicht brechen ?

Li & b .- Rein !

heinr .- Co follft bu! (padt fie am Arm.)

Lisb.—Au!

Beinr .- Sag' es!

Lisb .- Mein, au, au!

Seinr .- Gott fei Dant, ber Tijd ift gebedt'.

Lisb.—Rein, nein! Du häßlicher Mensch, mich so zu drücken—und ich sage es doch nicht!

Seinr .- But, mit und ift es aus! (lägt fie loe.)

Lish .- So geh'!

heinr .- Go leicht gibst bu mich auf?

Lisb .- Wenn bu ein Rarr fein willft.

heinr .- Aber du kannst doch die paar Worte sagen?

Lisb .-- Aber ich will nicht, ich will nicht, ich will nicht!

Seinr .- Nun, jo geh gum-

Lisb .- Wir fprechen uns weiter!

heinr .- Lisbeth! Gott sei Dank, ber Tisch ift gebeckt!

Lisb .- Mein!

Seinr.—Eigensinn, dein Name ist Weib. Bitten, Drohungen, Gewalt, Alles vergebens! Ich glaube, ich könnte sie todt schlagen, sie sagte es toch nicht!

Alfred .- Lag fie vor der hand noch leben, heinrich, fie mag es sagen ober nicht!

he in r .- Ach herr, Sie haben gehört -- ?

A I f.—Einen Theil eures Zankes—ja, ja. Das Mädchen ift ftarr= töpfig.

Heinr .— Ach, sie ist sonst gut—ich weiß nicht, was ihr heute im Kopfe ftedt!

A I f.—Ja, ja, wer kann immer wissen, was ben Weibern im Kopfe stedt. Doch geh jest, besorge noch eine Flasche Madeira, mein Schwies gervater trinkt gern ein Gläschen zum Frühstück!

heinr .- Sie muß es boch noch fagen! (Beinr. und Lisb. geben ab.)

Alf.—Ob sie mit ihrem Anzuge noch nicht fertig ist? Sie hat boch schon geklingelt! Ah, da ist sie.

Dritter Auftritt.

Alfred, Emma.

Emma .- Guten Morgen, Mannchen!

Alf .- Meine gute Emma!

Em .- Wie bait du geschlafen.

Alf.- Berrlich, Die Glüdlichen schlafen immer gut!

Em.—Und bist bu glüdlich?

Alf.—Du kannst noch fragen? Bist bu nicht mein Weib?

Em.—Schmeichler! Das muß nun aushören! Wir sind jest schon drei Monate verheirathet, du mußt ansangen, ein Chemann zu werden; mußt aushören, den Liebhaber zu spielen!

Alf.-Und mare bir benn bas lieb?

Em.—Je nun, alle Welt sagt mir, daß die Männer in der Ehe sich ändern, ich muß mich auch darauf gefaßt machen. Je länger du aber mit dieser Aenderung zögerst, desto mehr verwöhnst du mich, desto schweser werde ich mich nachher hineinsinden.

Alf.—Rie werde ich mich andern, liebes Weib, nie sollst du einen Unterschied finden zwischen dem, wie es ist und wie es war.

Em.—Und ich werde bir auch niemals Gelegenheit geben!

Alf.—Ich weiß, bu bist bas beste Weib auf Erben, du erfüllst meine Bunfche, noch ehe ich sie ausgesprochen!

Em .- Und thuft du nicht daffelbe?

Alf.—Wie könnte ich auch beinem Auge widerstehen, wenn es fo freundlich auf mich gerichtet-ift und-einen Auß begehrt.

Em .- Sachte, mein herr, meine Augen begehren niemals Ruffe, fie

gewähren höchstens!

Alf .- Mun, fo gewähre!

Em .- Lieber Alfred!

MIf .- Mein füßes Weibchen!

Em .- Meine Aeltern bleiben lange, ich bachte, sie murben früher kommen.

MIf .- Bermiffest du fie ?

Em .- Die Frage war bir nicht bedacht !-

Alf .- Nein, nein, sie fuhr mir fo heraus-Da habe ich fo eben-

Em .- Was haft bu foeben ? Es muß fehr luftig fein.

Alf.—Einen höchst komischen Auftritt belauscht!

Em .- Belauscht? Ei, ei, herr Gemahl!

Alf.—Ganz zufällig. Wie ich aus meinem Zimmer trete, vernehme ich ein lebhaftes Gespräch; ich bleibe stehen: heinrich und Lisbeth
haben so eben den Tisch geordnet, heinrich sagt darauf ganz selbstzufrieben: Gott sei Dank, der Tisch ist gedeckt, und verlangt von Lisbeth, sie
solle das auch sagen; denn das musse man nach vollendeter Arbeit thun.

Em .- Wie einfältig!

Alf.—Lisbeth weigerte sich, heinrich bestand darauf, sie geriethen in einen formlichen Streit, er wollte sie zwingen, aber sie blieb eigenfin= nig und sagte es nicht.

Em.—Je nun, man konnte immer noch fragen, wer hier am eigen=

sinnigsten war, heinrich oder Lisbeth!

Alf .- Allein er bat fie barum!

Em .- Es war ein albernes Berlangen.

Alf.—Aber so unbedeutend, daß sich die hartnädige Beigerung gar nicht rechtfertigen läßt.

Em.—Eben so wenig bas hartnädige Berlangen! Ich finde nicht,

daß Lisbeth Unrecht hat.

Alf.—Streiten wir nicht barüber. Bei uns könnte bas freilich nicht vorkommen !

Em. (fieht ihn zweifelhaft an).

Alf.-Wenn ich bich um fo etwas bate, bu murbeft es thun.

Em. - Hm, Hm!

Alf .- Ich bin überzeugt, du murbest es thun.

Em.—Und wenn ich es nicht thate?

Alf. - Wenn du es nicht thatest ? Der Fall ift nicht benkbar, bar= auf wollte ich wetten!

Em .- Wette nicht!

Alf.-Berfuchen wir es gleich.

Em .- Nein, versuchen wir es nicht!

Alf.—Ich bitte Dich, liebe Emma, fage ein Mal: Gott fei Dank, ber Tisch ift gedeckt.

Em .- Geh, bu bift finbisch!

Alf .- Bitte, bitte, fage es!

Em .- Was das für ein Berlangen ift!

Alf.—Bitte, sußes Beibchen, sage ein Mal: Gott sei Dank, der Tisch ist gebeckt.

Em .- Nein, das sage ich nicht!

Alf .- Bitte, bitte!

Em .- Rein, nein !

Alf.-Du fagft es nicht?

Em .- Rein !

Alf.-Du tonntest mir eine Bitte verweigern ?

Em .- Aber es mare ja findisch, das zu fagen!

Alf.—Rindijch ober nicht, darauf tommt es nicht an! Es handelt fich nur barum, daß bu meine Bitte erfüllft.

Em .- Du thuft Unrecht mit einer folchen Bitte!

Alf.—Das mag fein, allein bu thust Unrecht, sie mir abzuschlagen.

Em. Ich thue Unrecht ? Das ift das erfte Mal, daß du mir fo Etwas fagit!

Alf .- Es ist auch bas erste Mal, bag bu mir eine Bitte verweigerst!

Em.—Und bas erft Mal, daß du so kindisch, so unüberlegt bitteft!

Alf.—Kindijch? Unüberlegt? Welche Worte muß ich von dir hören? Ift das die Sprache der Liebe?

Em .- Rann die Liebe von der Geliebten eine Thorheit verlangen ?

Alf.—D, ich habe noch nicht verlangt, ich habe nur gebeten!

Em .- So-und wenn du verlangen murdeft ?

Alf .- Dann-

Em .- Und wenn bu verlangen murbeft ?

Alf .- Dann murbest du dich bestimmt nicht weigern!

Em .- Juft bann wurde ich mich weigern!

Alf.-Bie?

Em.—So Etwas willst du von mir verlangen? So willst du mich erniedrigen? Der Bitte hatte ich vielleicht nachgegeben, dem Berlangen weiche ich nicht.

Alf.—Mein Gott, wie heftig, wie entschieben trittst du gegen mich auf! Ift bas ber Ton, in bem eine Gattin mit ihrem Manne spricht?

Em.—Sind solche Thorheiten Berlangen, die ein Mann an seine Gattin stellt?

Bierter Anftritt.

Borige.

Em .— Ich habe mein Taschentuch liegen laffen!

Alf.—Emma, treibe eine Sache, die ansangs Scherz war, nicht bis auf die Spite.

Em.—Thue ich benn bas? Du bist es, ber einen Scherz in Ernst verwandelt.

Alf.—haft du überlegt? Willft du beinen Eigensinn aufgeben?

Em.—Wie? Eigensinn? Du weißt, ich kann bas Wort nicht leiben; ich bin nicht eigensinnig, in diesem Falle bin ich es gar nicht, sondern bu bift es, indem du so hartnädig auf einer Thorheit bestehst!

Alf.—Aber Emma, begreise boch, um diese Thorheit ift es mir ja gar nicht zu thun, ich will bloß, daß du mir keine Bitte abschlägst!

Em .- Und ich bitte bich, von ter Sache aufzuhören !

Alf.—Aber ich habe bich zuerst gebeten, meine Bitte geht vor. 3ch hatte es nicht für möglich gehalten, daß du jemals Rein sagen konntest! 3ch kann den Gedanken nicht ertragen!

Em.—So? Ich soll niemals Nein sagen? Immer nur: Ja, Ja, Ja! Sieh, du bist wie die Männer alle. Ihr wollt keine liebende Gatstin, keine gleichberechtigte Freundin haben? ihr verlangt, daß eine Frau eure Sclavin sei.

Alf.- Welche Uebertreibung!

Em.—Rein, nein, so fängt die Unterjochung an, mit der Forderung bes blinden Gehorsams. Aber ich lasse mich nicht zur Sclavin machen, nie, niemass. Ich werde meine Rechte vertheidigen bis auf den letten Athemzug, nie werde ich mich Drohungen, nie roher Gewalt unterswersen.

Alf.-"Und er foll bein herr fein," fagt bie Schrift.

Em.—Siehst du, daß ich Recht hatte? Du willst der herr, ich soll die Sclavin sein, du willst befehlen, ich soll gehorchen. D, ich erkenne beine herrschaft an, wie es sich ziemt, ich werde dir gehorchen in allen vernünftigen Dingen, nie aber, wenn deine Befehle unvernünftig sind!

Alf.—Das sind keine Ausdrude, die man gegen Jemand braucht,

ben man achtet!

Em.—Solche Dinge muthet man auch einer Frau nicht zu, die man achtet.

Alf.-Aber ein Scherz-

Em.—D, du hast bittern Ernst baraus gemacht. Roch vor einer Biertelstunde sagtest du mir: nie werde ich mich ändern, und schon jest stehst du mir als der kalte, gesühllose Shemann gegenüber, der in seiner Frau nur seine Untergebene steht!

Alf .- Weine nicht, du weißt, daß Thränen mich reizen!

Em .- 3ch fann nicht bafür, wenn bu fie mir gewaltsam auspresseft!

Alf.—Mein Gott, welch ein Ungeheuer bin ich schon geworden! Ich presse dir Thränen aus! Armes, bedauernswerthes Weib, das ihr Unglud an jolch einen Unmenschen kettete!

Em.—So recht, süge noch Spott zu beiner Grausamkeit. Wer mir das vor einer Stunde gesagt hätte! Ich stand so fröhlich auf, ich sühlte mich so glüdlich, und jett—

Alf.—Gibt es kein ungludlicheres Weib, als du bist; sprich es nur

aus.

Em. (weint und antwortet nicht.)

Alf.—Das verd—— Weinen! Wenn jest die Aeltern kommen, was sollen sie benken! Emma— Emma—Frau—liebes Kind—komm, laß und Frieden machen.

Em .- Frieden ?

Alf.—Es ist thöricht, daß wir uns den schönen Morgen selbst ver= bittern.

Em .- Siehst du bas ein?

Alf.—Niemand hat wohl weniger Grund, sich zu veruneinigen, als wir!

Em.—Und boch warst bu so hart gegen mich!

Alf.—Run fieh, ich komme bir entgegen, ich biete bir bie hand; machen wir Frieben.

Em .- Du Unart, mich fo zu qualen.

PIf.—Und nun fagst du mir zu Liebe die paar Worte?

Em .- Die? Immer noch?

Alf .- Du willft nicht?

Em .- Aber Alfred- -

Alf.—Ich bin dir entgegengekommen, habe dir die hand gereicht, jest ist es an dir, auch beinerseits nachzugeben.

Em .— Also du bestehst darauf? Du willst den Streit von vorn ans fangen?

Alf.—Ende den Streit—sage die paar Worte, und ich bin be= friediat.

Em .- Nein! und abermals nein!

Alf.-Nein?

Em .- Rein !

Alf.—Gut, schön, sehr schön. Du siehst, daß mir ein Gesallen mit dieser Rleinigkeit geschieht, allein du thust es nicht. Mein Wunsch mag eine Thorheit sein, aber es ist doch mein Wunsch—du erfüllst ihn nicht. Es mag Eigensinn von mir sein, das von dir zu verlangen, allein die Liebe sollte sich dem Eigensinne fügen, sollte nachgeben,—du thust es nicht. An den dummen Worten kann mir Nichts liegen, aber es wäre mir ein Beweis deiner Liebe, daß du sie sagst, und an diesem Beweise liegt mir Viel,—allein du gibst mir diesen Beweis nicht. Ich habe dich gebeten, ich habe verlangt, ich habe Vernunstgründe aller Art erschöpst—allein du bleibst hartnäckig! Und du willst mich lieben? Du, die nicht einmal ihren Eigensinn bekämpsen kann, um ihrem Mann eine Gefälligkeit zu erweisen? Geh, geh, sage mir nie wieder, daß du mich liebst.

Em.—Du wirst mir Eigensinn vor? Und mit welchem Rechte? Du gibst selbst zu, daß es eine Thorbeit ist, von mir sene einfältigen Worte zu verlangen, und doch bestehst du auf dieser Thorbeit? Es würde mich entwürdigen, wollte ich wissentlich eine Thorbeit begehen, und doch verlangst du entschieden diese Entwürdigung? Ist das Liebe? Du siehst, daß mich dein Berlangen schwerzt, daß mir deine Zumuthungen wehsthun—aber das rührt dich nicht, du bestehst auf beinem Kopse. Deine Hart prest mir Thränen aus,——sie lassen dich kalt—mein ganzes Wesen straubt sich gegen dein Berlangen, aber hartnäckig bestehst du auf beinem Willen. Wo, auf welcher Seite ist nun der Eigensinn? Wo ist der Mangel an Liebe?

Fünfter Auftritt.

Borige, Beinrich.

Seinr .- Die Berrichaften tommem!

Alf.—Berbirg beine Thranen! Bas follen fie von bir benten?

Em.—Meinetwegen mögen sie wissen, was vorgegangen ift, ich fühle mich unschuldig.

Al f.— Nimm beine Pflichten als Hausfrau in Acht; man muß seinen Gaften ein freundliches Gesicht zeigen.

Sechfter Auftritt.

Borige, Ausborf, Ratharina, Liebeth.

Ausborf.-Guten Morgen Kinder, guten Morgen! Be, wie geht's?

Alf.-Sein Sie herzlich willkommen!

Em .- Willfommen, liebe Mutter, bester Bater.

Katharina.—Ei, mein Kind, ich habe dich lange nicht gesehen, bu machst dich selten.

Em .- Liebe Mutter-

Kath.—Weiß schon, Kind! weiß schon, eine junge Frau hat mehr zu thun, als an ihre alte Mutter zu benken.

Ausd.—Das ist der Welt Lauf, Frau, sie muß Bater und Mutter verlassen, wie es in der Schrift steht—aber Emma denkt doch noch zusweilen an uns; Nicht so. Kind?

Em .- Immer, Bater, immer !

Alf.-Bollen wir und nicht feben! (Beinr. und Lieb. geben ab.)

Ausd.—Ich bin's zusrieden, herr Sohn; es ist ein weiter Weg zu euch her, ich bringe müde Beine und tüchtige Eglust mit. hähä, Frau, du hast dich zwischen die jungen Leute gesetzt, das ist ein gescheidter Einsfall von dir; denn wenn die bei einander sitzen, sind sie für ihre Gäste ganz ungenießbar. Na, stoßt an, ihr junges Bolk, noch viele Tage wie heute! Was ist das? Ihr stoßt nicht an? He—Herr Sohn, Sie maschen ein verlegenes Gesicht und die junge Frau hat eine Thräne im Auge? Hat es einen Chestandsaustritt gegeben?

Rath .- Wie kannst bu so ungart fragen ? Lag bas bie Kinder felbst ausmachen !

Alf.—Eine Kleinigkeit, ein Scherz—nicht ber Rebe werth! Meine aute Emma ift etwas zu empfindlich!

Em. Auch bas noch ? Auch Empfindlichkeit wird mir noch vorge= worfen !

Alf.-Du follteft wenigstens in Gegenwart unferer Meltern-

Rath.—Beruhige dich, Emma, fo etwas kommt wohl vor!

Em.—Ich fühle, es ist Unrecht, daß ich mich nicht beherrschen kann,
—ich habe es versucht, habe mit mir gekampft, allein ich bin zu tief ge=
frankt.

Rath .- Ei, ei, herr Schwiegersohn-

Ausd. — Pft, Frau, mische bich nicht in biese Sache, bas geht nur bie Kinder an.

Alf.—Nach Emmas Aeußerung scheint es wirklich, als hätte ich ihr eine unerhörte Kränkung zugefügt. Sie mögen selbst entscheiden, ich will Ihnen die Sache mittheilen.

Aus d.—Lassen Sie bas, herr Sohn, wir mischen uns nicht in Ihre ehelichen Streitigkeiten!

21 f .- Rein, nein, gerade Ihnen gegenüber muß ich mich rechtfertigen.

Ausb .- Ift nicht nöthig!

Alf.-Sie fonnten glauben-

Ausd .- Wir glauben Richts!

Rath.—Laß doch, vielleicht führt das zu einer Berständigung. Resten Sie, herr Sohn!

Alf.—Ich belauschte heute Morgen unsern heinrich, der von der Lissbeth verlangte, sie solle sagen: "Gott sei Dank, der Tisch ist gedeckt," und mit ihr in hestigen Streit gerieth, als sie das nicht wollte. Lachend erzählte ich das meiner Frau: schmeichelnd sagte ich ihr, sie würde nicht so eigensunig sein, und bat sie im Scherze, sie möchte jene Worte spreschen. Sie weigerte sich aber mit so entschiedenem Eigensun, mit so aussallender hartnäckigkeit, daß wir einen ernstlichen Wortwechsel hatten.

Em.—Da hören Sie es selbst: Hartnädigkeit, Eigensinn, Empfindlichkeit, Alles wirft er mir vor. Sie können mir bezeugen, daß ich nies mals eigensinnig war.

Ausd.—Na, na, Kind—

Kath.—Rein, Mann, da thust du Emma Unrecht, sie ist niemals eigensinnig gewesen. Beruhige dich, Kind, wir wollen uns nicht zwisschen euch brängen, ihr werdet euch schon wieder versöhnen.

Em .- Ad, er besteht noch immer barauf, ich foll jene Borte fagen.

Rath.—Wie, herr Sohn, Sie bestehen noch immer darauf?

Alf .- Bitte, laffen wir die Sache unerbrtert!

Aust.—Ja, darum bitte ich auch, verderbt mir das Frühstück nicht. Du bist ein Närrchen, Emma, und Sie, herr Sohn, Sie müssen einer Frau schon etwas Eigenwillen nachsehen, sie wird sich schon gewöhnen, wie meine Alte da. Sehen Sie, die kennt keinen Widerspruch, sie erfüllt alle meine Wünsche, und wenn ich von ihr verlangte, sie solle sagen: "Gott sei Dank, der Tisch ist gedeckt," sie würde es gleich thun!

Rath.—Das würde sie aber nicht thun!

Aust .- Die ?

Rath .- Du würdest es nicht begehren.

Ausb .- Wenn ich es aber begehrte!

Rath .- So wurde ich es nicht thun!

Ausb .- Ah, Frau, bu fprichft nicht im Ernfte!

Rath .- Im vollen Ernfte!

Aus b .- Du würdest bich weigern, mein Berlangen zu erfüllen ?

Rath.—Ja!

Alf .- Bitte, sprechen wir von etwas Anderem.

Aus d.— Nein, das ist mir noch nicht vorgekommen, das muß in's Klare gebracht werden. Liebe Katharine, sage einmal: "Gott sei Dank, der Tisch ist gedeckt."

Rath .- Lag mich zufrieden!

Musb .- Bitte, fage es !

Ratb .- Rein!

Aus d.—Ich sage es täglich laut und leise für mich aus vollem hers zen, wenn ich den Tisch fertig sehe: "Gott sei Dank, der Tisch ist gedeck," sage du es auch einmal

Rath .- Nein!

Em .- Liebe Mutter !

Ausd.—Ratharina!

Rath .- Mein!

Ausb .-- Räthchen!

Rath .- Nein, nein!

Ausb .- Retty ?

Rath.-Ich thue es nicht!

Ausd.—Nein, das ist mir außer dem Spaße! Willst du beiner Tochter ein schlechtes Beispiel durch beinen Eigensinn geben?

Alf.-Aber ich bitte-

Rath .- Da haben wir die alte Erfahrung: die Männer halten ju=

sammen, wenn es die Unterbrüdung der Frauen gilt. Der Bater nimmt Partei gegen seine eigene Tochter!

Ausd.—Ich nehme gar keine Partei, als meine eigene. Was meine Tochter mit ihrem Manne vorhat, geht mich Nichts an. Mit dir habe ich es zu thun, von dir verlange ich, du sollst jene Worte sprechen!

Kath.—Wie kannst du von beiner Frau eine Thorheit verlangen? Ausd.—Thorheit oder nicht, davon ist keine Rede. Dies Verlangen ist der Prüsstein des Gehorsams, sonst Nichts. Eben so hing Gester den berühmten hut auf, den die Schweizer grüßen sollten, blos zum Prüsstein des Gehorsams.

Kath.—Richtig, und weil bas mit bem hute ebenfalls eine lächer= liche, thörichte, entwürdigende Forderung war, so empörten sich die Schwei= zer gegen ihre Zwingherrn.

Em .- Und wir fügen uns ebensowenig, wie die Schweizer fich fügten.

Rath. - Wir können uns auch in Aufstand gegen unsere Manner feten.

Em .- Wir find Frauen, aber feine Untergebenen.

Rath .- Bei ben Türken mag bie Frau eine Untergebene sein, allein wir leben in einem christlichen Staate!

Em .-- Die herren icheinen die turfifchen Sitten bier einführen gu wollen; benn ihr Berfahren ift gang turfifch.

Rath .-- Aber Gott fei Dank, wir find keine Sclavinnen und werden unfere Rechte zu mahren wissen.

Em .—Blinder Gehorsam ist eine Sclaventugend .

Kath.—Wir untersuchen erft, ob die Befehle gut sind, ehe wir ge= horchen.

Em.—Und folde thörichte Forderungen erfüllen wir nie, nie, nie!

Rath.- Nie, nie, nie!

Ausd.—Da haben wir die Bescheerung, das ganze weibliche Gesschlecht haben wir und auf den hals gehett.

Alf.-Bas sollen wir thun?

A u s d.—Thun Sie, was Sie wollen; mir verdirbt die Geschichte das Frühstud, und wenn ich nicht mit gehöriger Seelenruhe gefrühstudt habe, schmeckt mir das Mittagessen nicht.

Alf.-Allein wir können boch nicht nachgeben?

Aus d.—Schap, das ist ein Streit, bei dem kein Mensch Etwas gewinnt; ich habe mich hinreißen lassen, bin etwas ärgerlich geworden, aber jetzt kehrt meine Ruhe zurück. Die Weiber haben so Unrecht nicht, am Ende ist es eben so eigensinnig, Etwas hartnädig zu verlangen, als es bartnädig zu verweigern.

Em.—hätte ich geahnt, daß die Sache so weit führen würde, ich hätte es gleich Anfangs als Scherz genommen und seinen Willen gethan,— jest kann ich es nicht mehr.

Rath .- Auf teinen Fall, du wärst für ewige Zeiten seiner Zwing= herrschaft verfallen.

Em .- Er foll feben, daß ich einen festen Billen habe.

Rath.—Recht so, keinen Schritt weichen wir! Mein Alter soll sich wundern; er kann lange bitten, ehe ich wieder gut werde!

Em .- Sie fteben mir bei, befte Mutter ?

Rath.—Berlaß dich barauf.

Aust.- Der Klügste gibt nach-

Al f.-Ich wollte gern, aber die Ehre-

Ausd.—Bah, das sagt man so. Das Nachgeben thut weh, und bas nennt man gern Ehrgefühl—machen Sie die Sache mit einem Scherze wieder aut!

Alf.-Ja, ein Scherz-ich werbe bem Dinge ein Ende machen.

Ausd.—hört, Kinder, ihr seid mir zu mächtig in eurem Bunde! Ich will mich durch bas Frühstüd erst stärken zur Fortsetzung des Kampfes. Gott sei Dank, der Tisch ift gedeckt, man darf nur zugreisen.

Em.—Liebe Mutter, wollen wir nicht auch—?

Kath.—Ja, ja, lassen wir uns durch die Thorheiten nicht um unser Frühstüd bringen!

Alf.—Liebes Weibchen, wir wollen dem Kriege ein Ende machen, ich biete dir die hand zum Frieden. Ich bekenne, daß ich die hauptver= anlassung zu unserem Streite war. Zur Sühne meiner Schuld schenke ich bir einen dieser beiden Shawls.

Em .- Alfred, ich weiß nicht-

Alf .- Bable!

Em .- In Diefem Augenblicke-

Alf.—Wähle, mahle, Kind! Ger rechts? So, er kleibet bich gut. Ich bin dir nun drei Biertel des Weges entgegengekommen——?

Em .- Gott fei Dank, der Tijch ift gebect!

A u & b .- Brav, Kinter, bas habt ihr gut gemacht !

Alf.-Der Friede ift geschloffen!

Em .- Auf immer !

Alf.-Rie kommt jo etwas wieder vor!

Em .-- Niemals !

Ausd.-Recht fo, ftoft an darauf!

Rath .-- Alter!

Ausd.—Hm?

Rath.—Sieh einmal.

Ausd.—Was?

Rath.—Da ist noch ein Shawl.

Ausd.—So?

Rath .- Willst du mich nicht auch versöhnen?

Mus D .- Mit bem Shawl? Das ift mir zu theuer!

Rath.—Aber bedenke—

Ausd.—Ich hoffe, du thust es billiger, Alte. So ein junger Chemann kann die Unzusriedenheit seiner Frau nicht ertrager, und bringt ein Opfer, um sie zu versöhnen—ist er erst so alt wie ich, thut er es auch nicht mehr.

Rath.—Pfui, wie abscheulich!

Em .- Alfred, ich will nicht hoffen-(Seinr. und Lieb. treten ein.)

Alf .- Run, Beinrich, bift bu mit Liebeth in Dronung?

Seinr .- Ach, fie will immer noch nicht.

Alf.-Ei, Lisbeth, wie eigensinnig!

Lisb .-- Aber herr-

Em .- Du mußt nachgeben, Lisbeth, Du mußt die Worte fagen.

Lisb .- Sie wissen-

Em .- Wir wiffen Alles.

Aus b .- Ja, Liebeth, du haft bie gange Berwirrung angefangen.

Kath.—Ja, ja, du hast uns dadurch den ganzen Morgen gestört. Zur Strase muß sie es jetzt öffentlich sagen. Also heraus damit. Gott sei Dank, der Tisch ist gedeckt.

Alle (lachen.)

Rath .-- Nun?

Aus b .- Jest haft du es boch gefagt, Alte!

Rath.—So ift es am Enbe.

Alf.—Run, Liebeth, bift du allein noch übrig.

Lisb .- Ich fann nicht.

Em .- Ich forge bafür, daß in brei Wochen eure hochzeit ift.

Lisb .- Sochzeit? Ach, Gott fei Dank!

Alle (laden.)-Run?

Lisb .-- Nun?

Alle .- Beiter, weiter!

Lisb .- Wie?

Seinr .- Sage ben Reft noch!

Lisb .-- Ach fo!

Alle.—Bormarts, vormarts!

Lisb .- Der Tifch ift gebedt!

Alle .- Bravo, bravo

Peculiar Phrases and Proverbs.

Aller Anfang ift schwer. Alles zu seiner Zeit. Allzuviel ift ungesund.

Armuth ift feine Schanbe. Aufgeschoben ift nicht aufgehoben. . Aus dem Regen in die Trause kommen. Besser etwas, als nichts. Das Glück ist ihm abholb. Das hasenhanier ergreisen.

Das läßt nichts zu wünschen übrig. Das Werf lobt ben Meister. Das übertrifft Alles.
Das versteht sich von selbst.
Das Bort lag mir auf ber Junge.
Dem Gelehrten ist gut predigen.
Der Dunger ist ber beste Roch.
Der Mensch benkt, Gott lenkt.
Durch Schaben wird man klug.
Die Zeit bringt Rosen.

Dieses Papier schlägt nicht burch. Ehrlich währt am längsten. Eile mit Weile. Ein gebranntes Kind scheut das Feuer. Ein Unglück sommt nie allein. Eine Schwalbe macht keinen Sommer. Er hat Grillen und macht Kalender.

Er hat mir Etwas weiß gemacht. Er hat mir ben Brobforb höher gehängt. Er hat mir eine Nafe gebreht. Er hat ihm ben Pelz gewaschen.

Er hat sich ums Leben gebracht. Er ist ber Welt gram. Er ist in sie vernarrt.

Er bestand mit Schande. Er griff es am unrechten Ende (or Flecken) an.

Everything in its season. Too much of one thing is good for nothing. Poverty is no disgrace. Delaying is not giving up. From the frying-pan into the fire. Better aught, than nought. He is no favorite of fortune. To betake one's self to one's heels. or. To take to one's beels. This leaves us nothing to desire. The work recommends the master. That beats all. That is a matter of course. I had the word at my tongue's end. A word to the wise. A good stomach is the best sauce. Man proposes, and God disposes. Experience makes a man wise. Time and straw make medlers ripe. This paper does not blot. Honesty is the best policy.

All beginnings are difficult.

Slow but sure.

A burnt child dreads the fire.

Misfortunes never come singly.

One swallow brings no summer.

He is full of whims, and idle projects.

He has told me a fib.

He has put me on short allowance. He has duped me.

He has given him a sound rating (or drubbing).

He has made away with himself. He is out of humor with the world. He is fairly in love with her, or

He dotes on her.

He came off with disgrace.

He commenced it at the wrong end.

Er icheert Alles über einen Ramm.

Er idneibet auf.

Er fdlug mir's runb ab.

Er falug und bie Thure vor ber Rafe gu.

Er fieht ihm auf bie Finger.

Er ftedt in Schulben bis über bie Dhren.

Er wird es ohne Zweifel thun.

Er ift gar nicht nach meinem Sinn.

Es ift mir übel.

Es ift nicht ber Dube werth.

Es ift etwas in bie Quere gefommen.

Es ift beffer haben als hatten, or

Ein Sperling in ber Sand ift beffer als amei auf bem Dache.

Es ift nicht Alles Golb, mas glangt.

Es macht mir bie Bahne ftumpf.

Es ftad etwas bahinter.

Eig'ner Berb ift Golbes werth.

Ende gut, Alles gut.
Er zieht den Kürzern.
Versengelb geben.
Frisch gewagt, ist halb gethan.
Frisch begonnen, halb gewonnen.
Gleich und gleich gefellt sich gern.
Ich bin dahinter gesommen.
Ich bin noch ummündig.
Ich habe ihn in seiner Münze bezahlt, or Wurst wieder Wurst.

Ich rieche ben Braten.

Ich habe ihm auf ben Bahn gefühlt.

Ich will bir Beine machen.

3d weiß, mas bie Glode gefchlagen bat.

Im Durchschnitt. In's Gras beißen. Ieber ist sich selbst ber Nächste. Ieber weiß am besten, wo der Schuh ihn brückt. Kleine Töpse lausen balb über.

Landlich, sittlich.

Man muß bas Gifen schmieben, weil es warm ift.

He treats every thing alike.
He draws a long bow.
He gave me a round denial.
He slapped the door in our face.
He watches his motions.
He is over head and ears in debt.
No question, but he will do it.
It is not at all to my mind.
I am sick at the stomach.
It is not worth while.
Something has crossed his path.
A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush

All is not gold that glitters.
It sets my teeth on edge.
There was a snake in the grass.
Home is home, be it ever so homely.
All's well that ends well.
He has the worst of it.
To take to one's heels.
Resolution is half the battle.
Well begun, is half done.
Birds of a feather flock together.
I got into the secret.
I am still under age.
I have paid him in his own coin.

I smell a rat.
I have pumped him.
I'll mend your speed.
I am completely up to the business,

On an average.
To bite the dust.
Charity begins at home.
None know so well, where the shoe pinches, as they who wear it.
A little pot is soon hot.

If you are at Rome, you must do as the Romans do.

Strike the iron whilst it is hot.

To stand gaping.

Maulaffen fangen. Meine Ehre steht auf bem Spiel. Mir stanben die Haare zu Berge. Morgenstund hat Golb im Mund.

Müßiggang ist aller Laster Anfang.
Nach Regen folgt Sonnenschein.
Neue Besen kehren gut.
Noth kennt kein Gebot.
Vackt euch fort.
Rom ward nicht in einem Tage gebaut.
Sich in Einem verlieben.
Sie ist im Whisthiel schlecht beschlagen.
Sie ist im wollen Staat.
Sie sann es nicht über's herz bringen.

Sie schmeichelt.
Sie steden die Köpfe zusammen.
Schlagen Sie sich's aus dem Sinn.
Uebung macht den Meister.
Und er auch nicht.
Untreat Gut gedeiht nicht.
Unfraut verdirdt nicht.
Und gingen die Lebensmittel aus.
Unter vier Augen.
Unschuld und ein gut Gewissen sind ein fanstes Ruhefissen.
Biel Lärmen um nichts.
Biele Härmen um nichts.
Biele Hände machen bald ein End.

Wer zuerst fommt, mahlt zuerst. Wer Richts wagt, gewinnt Richts. Wie gewonnen, so gerronnen.

Wie man's treibt, so geht's. Wie die Arbeit, so der Lohn. Wie der Herr, so der Diener. Wovon das Herz voll ist geht der Mund über.

My honor is at stake. My hair stood on end. Early to bed, and early to rise, makes a man healthy, wealthy and wise. Idleness is the root of all evil. After the storm comes a calm. New brooms sweep clean. Necessity has no law. Get you gone. Rome was not built in a day. To catch cold. To fall in love with some one. She is a poor hand at whist. She is in full dress. She can't find it in her heart to She deals in fair words.

She deals in fair words.
They lay their heads together.
Don't think of such a thing.
Practice makes perfect.
Nor he either.
Ill gotten wealth never prospers.
Ill weeds grow apace.
We fell short of provisions.
Face to face.
A good conscience is a soft pillow.

Much ado about nothing.

Many hands make quick work.

Show me a liar and I'll show thee a thief.

First come, first served.

Nothing venture, nothing win.

What is easily gotten is quickly gone, or, Lightly come, lightly

Do well and have well.

As the labor, so the reward.

Like master, like man.

What the heart thinks, the mouth speaks.

gone.

NOTES AND REFERENCES.

Note.—The References to the *Complete Grammar* are to the *page*; in referring to the *Elementary Grammar*, the "Synopsis of German Grammar," constituting Part III, has been generally preferred. In exceptional cases, when direct reference to the page is made, p. stands before the figure.

Erinnerung.

PAGE 9.-- 7. Erinnerung, f. s., because ending in ung, Gr. 79; El. 189 (2)..... 2. Willst, pres. ind., 2d pers. sing. of wollen, Gr. 112: El. p. 224.... 3. bu. Gr. 91 (†) & 180 (*); El. 53.....4. Weiter, adv. compar. of weit, Gr. 321, 141; El. 164; 26.... 5. Sieh, imperat. 2d pers. sing. of feben, Gr. 238, 34; El. p. 119.... 6. das Gute, adj. used as noun, Gr. 126, IV & 135; El. 22..... 7. liegt, pres. ind. 3d pers. sing. of liegen, Gr. 272; El. p. 130....8. Rerne, imperat. 2d. pers. sing. of Iernen, Gr. 161, II (2); El. 121....9. Glüd: Germans generally use the def. art. before abstract nouns, Gr. 360, §. 3 (b); the acc. is used for the direct object, and corresponds as a case to the English objective after an active verb or after other prepositions than of or to; Gr. 383, §. 19; El. p. 165..... 10. ergreifen, insep. v. comp. of greifen, Gr. 249, 75; El. p. 129; and the prefix er, Gr. 285; El. 144 et seq. The verb lernen requires the infinitive following without au, Gr. 426, §. 80 (b); El. 119 (2)..... 17. iff, pres. ind. 3d pers. sing. of fein, Gr. 97; El. p. 200; ha, render here present or within reach.

Der Geizhals.

12. fiel, imperf. ind. 3d pers. sing. of fallen, Gr. 230, 15; El. p. 117./3. in, prep. gov. dat. & acc.; here governs the noun following in acc., because the verb in the clause indicates motion from one place (land) to another (river). Gr. 349, IV; El. p. 139..../4. einen, indef. art. m. acc. sing. to Fluß, Gr. 37; El. p. 17..../5. Fluß, m. s. acc. sing. Gr. 49; El. 9 (the acc. gov. by in, see 13)..../6. der, rel. pron. m. nom. sing., Gr. 200, II; El. 80 (2)..../7. reißend, part of reißen used as adj., Gr. 161 (N. 3), & 126, I; El. 120; 21; translate here swift..../8. war, imperf. ind. 3d pers. sing. of fein (see 11), Gr. 98, gov. at the end of the

PAGE 9. NOTES 19-48.

clause by rel. ber, Gr. 200, II; El. 82.... 19. Wifter, m. s. formed from root of fifthen, which is probably derived from Fifth, m. s. The suffix er forming numerous masc, verb nouns, denoting an actor, is also used in English. e. g., to read-reader; to ride-rider, &c....20. Der, see 16.27. Repen, an inf. noun, Gr. 163 *; El. p. 95, I, N. Notice that the def. art, is here used instead of the English poss. pron. Gr. 393, §. 36; El. 68.....22. ihm, pers. pron. 3d pers. m. dat. sing., Gr. 179; El. 52.23. wallte, imperf. ind. pers. sing. of wallen (see 2), here gov. at the end of the clause by the relat. her (see 16)....24. for and hincin imperf. ind. 3d pers. sing, of sep. comp. v. ir. bincinfpringen, Gr. 278; 269, 174; El. p. 138; p. 129.....25. rief, 3d pers. sing. imperf. ind. of rufen, Gr. 231, 25; El. p. 117.....26. Cr. pers. pron. 3d pers. m. nom. sing. (see 22).....27. möchte, 3d pers. sing. imperf. subj. of mögen, Gr. 121: 423; El. p. 221. Open this clause by that, and render modite by should; see Gr. 404.....28. die Sand instead of seine Sand, see 21.....29. ihm, see 22.....30. (prach, 3d pers. sing. imperf. ind. of sprechen, Gr. 240 (49): El. p. 120.....37. indem, subord. conj. Gr. 332; El. p. 150.....32. er. see 26.....33. unterlant. 3d pers. sing, imperf. ind. of sep. comp. v. ir. unterfinfen, Gr. 269 (173); 291; El. p. 129; p. 137. Although this is a sep. verb, indem (see 31) forbids the prefix to go last; Gr. 278, IV; El. 141.34, id., pers. pron. 1st pers. nom. sing., Gr. 178; El. p. 107..... 35. fann, 1st pers. sing. pres. ind. of fönnen, Gr. 109; El. p. 220.... 36. ertrant, 3d pers. sing. imperf. ind. of insep. comp. v. n. ir. ertrinten, Gr. 269 (176); 285; El. p. 129; p. 144.

Die Blumen auf dem Grabe ber Jungfrau.

37. Blumen, f. s. nom. pl. of Blume, Gr, 58, 79, VI; El. 12....38. auf, prep. gov. both dat. and acc.; here the noun following stands in the dative, because rest is indicated, Gr. 349, IV; El. p. 139.39. dem, m. def. art. agreeing with Grabe in gender, number and case, Gr. 35; El. p. 165.....40. Grabe, n, s. dat. sing. Gr. 49; El. 9.47. Der. f. def. art. gen. sing., Gr. 35; El. 165; agreeing with Jungfrau, Gr. 368, §. 10; El. p. 165.....42. Streuet, imperat. 2d pers. plur. of freuen, Gr. 163; El. p. 206; notice that the subject of the imperative is not expressed; in English the pronoun ye must be supplied here (Gr. 423).....43. nur; render the words streuet nur: you may continue to scatter, etc 44. Biumen, acc. plur. obj. of freuet, see 9 and 37.... 45. auf, prep. (see 38), here governs the acc., because motion is indicated; see 13.....46. fir, pers. pron. 3d pers. f. acc. sing. Gr. 179; El. 52; gov. by auf, see 45.....47. ihr, pers. pron. 2d pers. nom. plur.; Gr. 179; El. 52; agreeing with Freundinnen..... 48. blühenden, part. of blühen, used here as adj. (see 17), attributive to

Page 9. Notes 49-62. Page 10. Notes 1-13.

Freundinnen, Gr. 129; 431; El. 23.....49. Freundinnen, f. s. nom. plur. of Freundin (see 37; Gr. 58; El. 12); is formed from Freund, Gr. 84, XIV; El. 197.....50. ihr. see 47.....51. bracket. 2d pers. plur. imperf. ind. of bringen, Gr. 243, 67; El. p. 120....52. ig. adv. intensifying and generalizing the speaker's or writer's opinion (that what he says or writes is undoubted and generally known); may here be rendered by since, viz: "since you formerly (foult, adv.) brought," etc....53. ihr. pers. pron. 3d pers. f. dat. sing. gov. by bracket. Gr. 179; 381 (2); El. 52....54, bei, prep. gov. dat., Gr. 347; El. p. 63....55, Mic. genfesten (dat. plur. due to bei); n. s. (comp. of Wiege, f. s. and Fest, n. s.); Gr. 49. 2; 82; El. p. 169.....56. feiert, 3d pers. sing. pres. ind. of feiern (from Feier, Lat. feriæ), Gr. 163; El. p. 206 57. fie, pers. pron. 3d pers. fem. nom, sing. (see 46), stands after instead of before the verb, because jets (adv.) opens the clause. Gr. 323; El. 170....58. ifir, conjunctive possess. pron. 3d pers. f. acc. sing. n., agreeing with größtes, viz: Wiegenfest. Gr. 187, II; 188. El. 60 (1); p. 186....59. arößtes, adj. superl. (of groß) acc. sing. n. (used attrib. to Wiegenfest understood), Gr. 142, X; 140, VI; El. 28; 23.....60, iff, see 11..... 67. Des. m. def. art. (agreeing with Simmels) gen. sing. (see 39); Gr. 35; El. p. 165.....62. Simmels, m. s. gen. sing. of Simmel, Gr. 40. II; 77 (2); El. 5.

Die Ruh, bas Pferb, bas Schaf und ber Sund.

PAGE 10.—1. flanden, 3d pers. plur. imperf. ind. of stehen, Gr. 230, 249, (90); El. p. 123..... 5. unter, prep. gov. both dat, and acc., see p. 9. 13 and 38..... 6. cinander, adv. used here in place of the refl. pron. fich; see Gr. 182; * El. p. 185. *.... 7. welches, interrog. pron. nom. sing. n. (agreeing with Thier understood), Gr. 208; El. p. 103..... Dem. see pp. 9, 39..... 9. Meniden, m. s. dat. sing. of Menid, Gr. 46, III: El. p. 168, gov. here by nüţliá (see 10), an adjective requiring its object to be in the dative (Gr. 382, 7)..... 10. nüblider, compar. of nüblid, Gr. 139; El. 26; see also p. 9, 4.....//. fci, 3d pers. sing. pres. subj. of fcin, Gr. 97; El. p. 200. The verb is in the subjunctive. because uncertainty lies in the statement of the speaker. of the subjunctive is very general in the German, but in the English almost antiquated. "In indirect statements (expressing a thought indirectly, as reported, recognized or contemplated by some one) there is in English," says Prof. Whitney, "hardly anything analogous, though the classical tongues present similar constructions in abundance.".....12. ibrada, see pp. 9, 30.....13. Non, prep. gov. dat., see

PAGE 10. NOTES 14-39.

p. 9, 54.....14. mir, pers. pron. dat. sing. of id, see p. 9, 34, gov. by von (see 13).....15. hat, 3d pers. sing. pres. ind. of haben, Gr. 91 : El. p. 198..../6. er, see p. 9, 26...../7. jüğe, adj. attrib. to Mild, Gr. 127; El. 22.....18. ben, def. art. m. acc. sing., see p. 9. 41.....19. mobile immedenden, part, adj. attrib, to Rafe, see 17; the word is comp. of adv. mobil and the part, of someden: see also p. 9. 48.....20. Raje, m. s., as the object of the verb (like Mild) in the acc. case; see p. 9.9. Although ending in e (see Gr. 45; El. 8), this word adds s in the genitive. In all other cases, however, it remains unchanged.....21. öleriegende, part. adj. attrib. to Butter (see 17 and 19). The word is comp. of Del, n. s. and the verb seten, which by its prefix er becomes an insep. comp. v. ; see p. 9, 10. Translate the word: taking the place of oil....22. ith, see p. 9, 34.....23. hin. 1st pers. sing. pres. ind. of sein, see p. 9, 11.24. Bagen, m. s. gen, plur, (Gr. 42, IV; El. p. 7), gov. by Segel (see 25), Gr. 368, §. 10; El. p. 165.....25. Seael, n. s. nom. sing. supply def. art. (bas); this (the wagon's sail) construction is also known in English, but as it was received from the Anglo-Saxon, it is usually called the Anglo-Saxon possessive. The general tendency of English writers towards the rejection of formal distinctions of case and the introduction of prepositions instead, is, however, gradually doing away with the Anglo-Saxon possessive. (See Marsh, Lect's Eng. Lang. p. 393; Fowler, Engl. Lung. in its elements and forms, p. 197 et seq.) Notice, that the genitive precedes the noun, which it limits. Such a construction belongs rather to a higher or poetic style and is to be avoided in plain colloquial prose.....26. Des, see p. 9, 61.....27. Reiters, m. s. gen. sing. of Reiter, from reiten, see p. 9, 19. This word belongs to the first declension because masc. and ending in er. Gr. 40, II; El. 5.....28. Fittid, m. s. nom. sing., supply def. art. (ber), see 25.29. gehe, 1st pers, sing, pres, ind. of gehen, Gr. 231, 26; El. p. 117.30. nadt and blok, adj. to id.....31. Damit, subord, conj. gov. the verb here at the end of the clause. Gr. 332, VI; El. p. 150. Notice also, that the verb fet is in the subjunctive. See Gr. 419, 69. N.... 32. befleibet, past part. of befleiben, insep. comp., Gr. 285, II (1); El. 145. Notice, that the particle ge used for the formation of the past part. is omitted here; see Gr. 285, III; El. 146.....33. fei, see 11..... 34. Da. In Goethe's Erinnerung (page 9) this word is best rendered by near; but in this instance it should be rendered "just then." Being an adverb. conj. it requires the verb (fgnn) to precede the subject (Sunb). Gr. 329, IV; 330, V; El. 173.....35. fam, 3d pers. sing. imperf. ind. of fommen, Gr. 240, 59; El. p. 120..... 36. au, prep. gov. dat., see p. 9, 54....37. ihnen, pers. pron. 3d pers. dat. pl., Gr. 179; El. p. 183..... 38. Den, demonstr. pron. acc. sing. m., Gr. 195; El. p. 189.....39. blidten-an, 3d pers. pl. imperf. ind. of sep. v. a. anbliden (see p. 9, 24).

PAGE 10. NOTES 40-64.

Notice, that the prefix an stands last in the clause. Gr. 278, III : El. 140....40. non, see 13....47. Seite, f. s. dat, sing, see p. 9, 37, Translate von ber Seite anbliden, to sneer at 42. gegen, prep. gov. acc., Gr. 349; El. p. 112.....43. ihre, possess. pron. 3d pers. pl. acc. sing, fem, agreeing with the noun following, Gr. 187, II; 188; El. p. 60.... 44. aehalten, past part. of balten, irr. v.; Gr. 230, 17; El. p. 117. Notice, that in irreg, verbs the ending of past part, is en instead of t. Translate als gegen ihre Bichtigfeit gehalten, as compared with their importance.....45. unnuges, adj. attrib. to Thier, n. s. acc. sing. Its inflection is gov. by the indef. article preceding; see Gr. 129, VI; El. p. 23....46. folate, 3d pers. sing. imperf. ind. of folgen, Gr. 164: El. p. 206....47. alabaid hinten nach render here "close behind.".... 48. rief. see p. 9, 25.....49. dem. see p. 9, 39.....50. Sunde, m. s. dat. sing., Gr. 50; El. p. 169. In German the noun representing an object, towards which an action is directed or done, is put in the dative (Gr. 379, 18, 1); the noun would have been in the dative here notwithstanding, because the verb is intended to be supplemented by an (at the end of the clause); aurujen, to call to (Gr. 381). Without "au," however, the word rufen is generally considered active (transitive) and then properly governs the acc....51. im, contraction of in. prep. gov. dat. and acc. (see p. 9, 38), and hem. def. art. m. dat. sing. (see p. 9. 39); Gr. 88; El. p. 140.....52. freundlichsten, adj. attrib. superl. deg., agreeing with the noun following, Gr. 139, III; 140, V and VI; El. p. 54.....53. Lone, m. s. dat. sing., see 51.....54. fireichelte, see 46.55. liebfol'te, see 46....56. ihn, pers. pron. 3d pers. acc. sing. m. (of er), Gr. 179; 383, S. 19; El. 183; 165; see p. 9, 34....57. hies. contraction of biefes, dem. pron. n. acc. sing.; Gr. 194; * El. p. 188.*58. ihre. see p. 9, 58....59. Gefährten, m. s. nom. pl., Gr. 45; El. 8.... 60. fahen, 3d pers. pl. imperf. ind. of feben, Gr. 238, 34; El. p. 119. Notice, that ba, in this instance synonymous with ale (Gr. 336). as a subord, conj. governs the verb at the end of the clause, and in the following makes the verb precede the subject; Gr. 332, VII; El. 174.61. murrten, 3d pers. pl. imperf. ind., see 46.....62. nahm. 3d pers. sing. imperf. ind. of irr. v. a. nehmen, Gr. 240, 47; El. p. 119-120.63. sich, refl. pers. pron., Gr. 182; El. 59. Sich nehmen, is not to be considered a refl. verb, as the word fix is not in the acc. and not the direct object of the action; sid, standing in the dative and conveying the idea of "for himself, to himself," simply serves to indicate the direction and purpose of the action as expressed by nehmen. There are, in German, many such phrases, which exactly resemble refl. verbs (the acc, and the dative of the refl. pronoun (fid) being alike), but must not be confounded with them. E. g. sich gutrauen, sich bemahren, etc 64. aur. contraction of au, prep. gov. dat. (see p. 9, 54) and ber, def.

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art. f. dat. sing. agreeing with Frage, see 51.....65. Frage, f. s. dat. sing. (see p. 9, 37). Render fich ein Berg jur Frage nehmen, to take the liberty to question, or to muster up courage to ask.... 66, thuit, 2d pers. sing, pres. ind. of thun, Gr. 238, 37; El. p. 119.....67. Du. see p. 9. 3.68. Gebieter, m. s. formed from gebieten, see p. 9, 19.....69. perdienen wir, render do we deserve, or are we deserving of. Notice, that in the German the verb is put in interrogative form by interchanging the verb and pron. (Gr. 88, V; El. p. 57); and that the position of the negation is not as in English. Gr. 446, 97; El. p. 254, 3.... 70. mehr, adv. compar. of viel, Gr. 322; El. 166.... 71. being, pers. pron. 2d pers. sing. fem. agreeing with the noun following; see 43.... 72. Muimerfiamfeit. From merfen, v. a. to notice (probably derived from Mark, f. s. the mark), is obtained the comp. v. aufmerfen. to notice; hence the adj. aufmerffam, i. e. one who takes notice; hence the noun Aufmerffumfeit, attention. There are, in German, many such nouns with distinct adi, and noun terminations combined, e. c. Solosamseit, Unermeglichkeit, Freudigkeit, etc 73. wie is here used as synonym of all and must be rendered than, because preceded by an adverb in the compar. (mehr); see Gr. 333, II (2); El. 177 (2)....74. Dicies. dem. pron. nom. sing. n., Gr. 193; El. p. 69.... 75. unnüse, adi. attrib., see 17; the word is comp. of neg. prefix un (see Gr. 322, XI; El. 169) and nut, which from the verb nuten (allied to genießen. from Gothic niwtan [nehmen]. i. e. to take.)....76. fireichelte, see 46.77. feinen, possess pron. 3d pers. acc. sing. m. agreeing with noun following. Gr. 186; El. p. 185, sq. ... 78. jartliger, compar, of zärtlich, here adv. to streichelte; see 10. ... 79. sprach, see 12....80. dirfer, dem. pron. nom. sing. m., see 74; to be rendered here by the latter (the last speaker); Gr. 196, IX.....87. hat, see 15; it is here used as auxiliary to gerettet to form the perf. tense. Gr. 162, IV: 165: El. 97.....82. cingiges, adj. attrib. acc. sing. n., see p. 17.....83. aeliebtes. see 82 and p. 9, 48.....84. Söhnlein, n. s. dim. of Sohn, see Gr. 40, II; 77, †; 80, VIII; El. p. 112....85. aus, prep. gov. dat., see p. 9, 54.....86. raufdenden, part. adj. of raufden, see p. 9, 17, and 9, 48. 87. Wasserstuthen, f. s. dat. pl. comp. of Wasser, n. s. and Fluth, f. s., see p. 9. 55. Gr. 59, III; El. 13 (I).....88. gerettet, past part, of retten, Gr. 161, II; 165, V; El. 120; 96. Notice the position of the past part. in the sentence, Gr. 94, IV; El. 252 (3)....89. iolite, 1st pers. sing. imp. subj. of follen, Gr. 114; El. p. 225. ... 90. feiner, pers. pron. 3d pers. m. gen. sing., Gr. 179; El. 52.... The genitive is required by (vergeffen) one of the verbs governing the genitive, see Gr. 374, §. 13....91. fonnen. Notice that two infinitives are used here and that the auxiliary of mode goes last in German, while in English it precedes the leading verb. (Gr. 474, 3, note.)

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Die Thränen.

Der Affe und ber Buds.

101. Menne, 2d pers, sing, imperat, of nemen, Gr. 242, 63; El. p. 120.102. mir, see 14.....103. acidiates, see 45 (the word was obtained from the past part of schiffen, v. a. to send, which originally meant to regulate, arrange, dispose: in Swedish SKICKA, whence the noun skick [Low German [d)id], i. e. to order). Notice the construction of this clause and compare Gr. 389, §. 29..... 104. Dem, rel. pron. dat. sing. m., see p. 9, 16; the dative is required by the verb following nady = ahmen, see 50..... 105. fannte, 1st pers. sing. imperf. subj. of fannen, see p. 9, 25. For reason, why the subj. is used in this sentence, see Gr. 403, S. 53; stands at the end because a relat. opens the clause, see p. 9, 18.... 106. in, adverb. conj., Gr. 330; 334; El. p. 149; 180 (2).....107. problete, see 46.....108. acaen, see 42.....109. aber, conj. In English this conj. would open the clause; in German, however, its position is variable; it is sometimes placed after the subject (as here) or even pers. pron. 3d pers. nom. sing. n., Gr. 179; El. 183.....///. bir, pers. pron. 2d pers. dat. sing. (of Du), Gr. 178; El. 183. ... 112. nadauahmen, inf. comp. sep. v. nad-ahmen. Notice the position of the particle zu in a comp. sep. v. (Gr. 278, V; El. 142), required because namamen is here a dependent verb., Gr. 427, 81; El. p. 95, I, N

Der Löme und ber Fuchs.

113. jum, contract. of zu (prep. gov. dat., see 36) and bem (def. art. dat. sing. m.), see 49; Gr. 88; El. p. 140.....114. Lömen, m. s. dat. sing., see 59.....115. (pran, see p. 9, 30.....116. mun, 1st pers. sing. pres. ind. of müßen, Gr. 119; El. p. 222.....117. dir's, contract. of bir (pers. pron. 2d pers. dat. sing., see 111) and c3 (pers. pron. 3d pers. n

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Page 11.—7. furifit, 3d pers. sing. pres. ind. of furifier, see p. 9. 30.2. pon, see p. 10, 13....3. cr, see p. 9, 26....4. jaat, see p. 9, 56.5. an, prep. gov. both dat. and acc.; see p. 9, 38.....6. Au, prep. gov. dat. (see p. 10, 36), here used because loben is a dependent verb : see p. 10, 112.... 7. fande, 1st pers. sing. imperf. subj. of finden; Gr. 269. 165: El. p. 129. The subjunctive is used in German in oblique narration after fagen, either with or without the conj. bag; see Gr. 421, 72 El. 122, N..... S. Das, dem. pron. acc. sing. n., see Gr. 195; El. 76.... 9. mill for will (the use of an apostrophe for elided e is very frequent in German, especially in verse), 3d pers. sing, pres. subj. of millen, Gr. 243 (68); El. p. 120. For use of subj. compare 7.... 10. ici, see p. 10, 11: also Gr. 419, S. 70; El. 123, N..... 77. Du, see p. 9, 3..... 72. nähft, 2d pers. sing. imperf. subj. of geben, Gr. 237, 29; El. 119 (for use of subj. com. pare 10).....73. ihm, see p. 9, 22. Why dat is used, see p. 10, 117..... 14. feine, indef. num. acc. pl. f., Gr. 155; El. 46..... 15. Broben, f. s. acc. pl., see p. 9, 37. Being the direct object, it stands in the acc., see p. 10, 117..... 16. mürgteff, 2d pers. sing. imperf. subj., see 10..... 17. Unidule, f. s. because ending in ulb, Gr. 79, VI, 2: El. 189 (2): why the art. precedes, see p. 9, 9; why in the acc., see 15.... 18. junteff, see 16. 19. founte, 3d pers. sing. imperf. subj. of fonnen, see 10, 105.....20. Did, pers. pron. 2d pers. acc. sing., Gr. 178; El. 52, 21. Weilden, n. s. dim. of Beile; all diminutives are neuter in German, see p. 10, 84,22. idmica—fill, 3d pers. sing. imperf. ind. of comp. sep. irr. v. ftillschweigen (see p. 9, 24), Gr. 252 (102); El. p. 123.....23. dann, adverb. conj., causes the transposition of verb and pronoun practice; see p. 10. 106.....24. inred; 3d pers. sing. pres. subj. of fpreden, see p. 9, 30, best rendered here in English by the present potential.....25. mill, 3d pers. sing. pres. ind. of wollen, see p. 9, 2.....26. mir, see p. 10, 13 and 14....27. ibricht, see 1....28. Das, see 8....29. acht' (see 9), poetical form for acte, 1st pers. sing. pres. ind. of acten, see p. 9, 56. Render bas acht' ich nicht, I pay no attention to, or I don't care about that.

Die Maus und ber Löme.

30. Der Löme, substitute the indef. article for the German definite. ...31. ichlief, imp. ind. of ichlasen, Gr. 231, (21); El. p. 117; render here was sleeping....32. in, prep. gov. dat. and acc., here dative because rest is implied, see p. 9, 38; comp. p. 9, 13....33. seiner,

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coni. possess. pron. dat. sing. fem., see p. 10, 77; agrees with the noun following. Gr. 38. IV: El. 60, N.... 34. um, prep. gov. acc., see p. 10, 42....35. ihn, see p. 10, 56....36. her; translate um ihn her, about him; Gr. 281, VIII; El. 237.....37, injette, see p. 10, 46. The verb here precedes the subject because an adverbial expression (um ibn ber) opens the clause; Gr. 323, XII; El. 170.....38. luftige, adj. attrib. preceded by indef. art., see p. 10, 45....39. Mäuicidaar, f. s. nom. sing. comp. of Maus, f. s. (Gr. 58, I, a; El. 12), and Smar, f. s. (see Gr. 59. III; El. 13....40. Gine, indef. pron., Gr. 219, VII; El. 32....41. berselben, dem. pron. gen. pl., refers to Mäuse. Gr. 194, VI : El. 74. For the use of gen. see p. 9, 41.....42. mar, see p. 9, 18; translate here had, because used as auxiliary to gefromen, to form the pluperfect of frieden, v. n. irr. See 45; compare also p. 10, 93.....43. quf, prep. gov. dat. and acc., see p. 9, 38. Why the acc. is required here, see p. 9. 13.....44. herhorstehenden (part. adj. comp. of prefixes her and vor, and pres. part. of stepen), see p. 9, 48; translate here projecting....45. gefroden, past part. of frieden, see 42. Gr. 260, 131; El. 126. A neuter verb expressing motion from one place to another requires in German the auxiliary fein, when the place or the manner of the motion is expressed. Gr. 295; El. 151.....46. fiel herab, 3d pers. sing. imperf. ind. of comp. sep. irr. v. n. herabfallen; see 23. Gr. 230, (15); El. p. 117.47. ermedic, imperf. ind. of comp. insep. v. a. er-meden, see p. 9. 10.48. Somen, see p. 10, 59. In the acc. because the direct object in the clause; see 15....49. Der, see p. 9, 16....50. fie, see p. 9, 46.51. mit, prep. gov. dat., see p. 9. 54....52. acmaltigen, adi. attrib. preceded by possess. pron., see p. 9, 48....53. fefthielt, imp. ind. of comp. sep. v. irr. a. fest-halten, (see p. 10, 44). The prefix (fest) is not detached here from the verb, because a relat, pron. opens the clause; see p. 9.33.54. Md, interj. alas! In imploring phrases like this translate: please....55. bat, imperf. ind. of bitten, Gr. 272; El. p. 129....56. jei, 2d pers. sing. imperat. of fcin, see p. 10, 11.....57. both, adv.; here used elliptically to indicate entreaty and best rendered by pray!.... 58. gegen, see p. 10, 42.....59. mid, pers. pron. 1st pers. acc. sing. see p. 9, 34.....60. armes (unbedeutendes), adj. attrib. used without an article. Gr. 132; El. 24....67. habe, 1st pers. sing. pres. ind. here used as an auxiliary to wellen, to form the perfect tense of the latter verb; see p. 10,93....62. Did, see 20....63. mollen, auxil. of mode, see p. 9, 2. Notice, that the infin, is used here instead of the past part. usually required; see Gr. 110, IV; El. 135. Notice also the construction of the entire clause: ich habe Dich nicht beleibigen wollen, I did not mean to offend you. The infin. always stands at the end in German (Gr. 474, 3; El. p. 252 (3). But when, as in this instance, two infin. occur in one clause, one of which is an auxil. of mode (wellen), the latter closes the

PAGE 11. NOTES 64-95.

clause. (Gr. 478, 110, N.; El. 200, N.) Notice also, that the negative (nicht) follows the direct object (Dich); see p. 10. 69..... 64. acthan, past part, of thun, see p. 10, 66; here in the perfect because used with habe.65, hin (see p. 10, 23), here used as auxil to form the perfect of berab-fallen, comp. sep., see 45 and 46.....66. bon, see p. 10, 13....67. Selien, m. s. dat. sing. differently inflected here than above (2d line of this piece: auf einen hervorstehenden Rels. The more usual form is Felsen). See Gr. 42, V; El. 7, (II)....68. herabgefallen, past part. of perabfallen (see 46). Notice, that the prefix ge is placed between the prep. and the simple verb; see p. 10, 112. On the peculiar meaning of her, see 36.....69. fann, see p. 9, 35.....70. bir, aside from being a personal or indirect object, the dat. is here required by the verb nutten, one of a class governing the obj. in the dative; compare Gr. 380; see also p. 10, 111. Translate was fann bir mein Tob nüben, of what advantage can my death be to you?.... 71. Schenfe, 2d pers. sing. imperat. of schenfen, see p. 9. 8. . . . 72. mir, see p. 10. 14. . . . 73. das Leben, see p. 9. 21.74. mill, 1st pers. sing. pres. ind. of wollen, see 63.....75. bir: the dat, is required here by bantbar, one of a class of adject, gov. the dat., see p. 10, 9.... 76. geitlebens, adv. contract. from (Die) Beit meines Rebens, render: for life.... 77. ach', abbrev. form for gehe, see p. 10. 29, and p. 11, 9..... 78. hin, adv. denoting motion away from the speaker (opposite fer) and best rendered by hence; see Gr. 281, VIII; 319, V; El. 168; Geh' hin, translate be gone or go your way.... 79. fante, see p. 10, 46. ... 80. arokmuthic, adv. Notice, that in German there is no equivalent for the ending by generally added in English to adjectives when used as adverbs. Gr. 317; El. 163. Compare the use of this word in line 4 (sei bod) großmüthig gegen mich)....87. ließ, 3d pers. sing. imperf. ind. of lagen, Gr. 123; El. p. 226....82. Mäns: then, dim. of Maus, see 22....83. inringen, v. n. irr. is here used for its comp. entspringen, to escape. . . . 84. Bei (prep. see p. 9, 54) sid (refl. pron.), translate by himself, inwardly.....85. latte (see p. 10, 46). Precedes the subject (er) on account of adverb. phrase (bei fich) opening the clause; see 24 and p. 10, 106.....86. cr, see p. 9, 26.....87. iprach, see p. 9, 30....88. Dankbar fein! render: grateful! It is an interjection repeating the main idea of the preceding sentence....89. bas, see 8....90. möchte, see p. 9, 27; for its peculiar use here, see Gr. 122, X; El. 132. The pron. follows the verb (auxil.) because a wish is implied in the sentence. Gr. 476, S. 109 (b); El. 199....97. body is here elliptically used to indicate desire and is best rendered by surely, or indeed (compare 57).....92. sin-bezeugen, v. refl. to prove itself. Gr. 302; El. 154. ... 93. founte, see 19. Why the subjunctive is used here, see p. 10, 105.....94. furge, adj. attrib. acc. sing. fem., see 60. Translate Rurge Beit barauf, a short time after 95. lief,

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imperf. ind. of laufen, Gr. 231, 23; El. 117.....96. nämliche, indef. num. adi., Gr. 220; El. 111.....97. durá, prep. gov. acc., see 34..... 98. judite, see 37..... 99. fid, dat. sing., see p. 10, 63..... 100. Müße, acc. pl. of Muß, f. s., see 39. Translate suchte fich Rüße, [was] gathering nuts.....101. hortz precedes the noun, because an adverb expression of time opens the clause. Gr. 177, 4; El. p. 255 (4).... 102. es, see p. 10, 110.....103. Der, demonst. pron., see p. 10, 38: render here he.....104. iff, see p. 9, 11.....105. ging, imperf. ind. of athen, see p. 10, 29. The prep. at standing at the end of the clause is here part of the verb, hence the verb is the comp, sep, irr, v. n. au-gehen, to go towards, see p. 9, 24. Notice also, that the noun standing between the simple verb and the particle is governed in the dative by the particle (su): see p. 10, 36.....106. mn here stands for non mn. whence..... 107. Gebrulle, usually Gebrull 108. herübertonte. Notice, that the prefix (itself a compound: her and über) is not separated here from the simple verb, although in the imperf., see 53.109. fand, imperf. ind. of finben, see 7.....110. Reke, n. s. dat. sing. (gov. by prep. non) of Res. Gr. 49, 1; El. 9.....///. umidiungen. past part, of um-folingen, v. a. irr. sep. and insep., see Gr. 291: El. 150.112. das, relat. pron., see p. 9, 16. ... 113. ausacipanni, past part, of aud-frangen, compare 68.....114, hatte, imperf. ind. of auxil. v. haben (see 61), here used to form the pluperfect of ausspannen. Gr. 92: 162, IV; El. p. 198; 123; 151. The auxiliary is in this clause gov. at the end by the relat bas. Gr. 200, II; El. 82..../15. um before an infinitive is rendered in order to (Gr. 471, §. 107). The prep. ju is used here before the infin. because the verb expresses a design or purpose (Gr. 428, note 1).....//6. Maldthiere, n. s. acc. pl. (comp. of Walb, m. s., Gr. 51, V; El. 10 [III]; and Thier, n. s., see 110), see p. 9, 55.....117. Stride, m. s. nom. pl., Gr. 49, 1; El. 9.... 1/8. aufammengezogen, past part, of sufammen siehen, v. a. and refl. irr, sep. comp., Gr. 261, (144): 278; El. p. 126; p. 132. Notice, that the auxiliary is employed, and that the verb is therefore in one of the compound tenses.....179. weder-noch, adverb. conj., neither-nor.... 120. Zähne, m. s. acc. pl. of 3ahn, Gr. 49, 1; El. 9..... 121. fannte, see 19, gov. here to the end of the clause by bag. Gr. 332 (VII); El. 174. 122. marte, see p. 9, 8; translate warte nur. pray, be patient.... 123. bg, adverb. conj. render in this instance here. See 24, why the pron. follows the verb in this clause.....124, mohl. adv. very frequently used in German (like foon, see p. 10, 95) strictly idiomatically and therefore often to be omitted in translation. It generally conveys the idea that the speaker, after more or less meditation, has no doubt left about a certain matter and expects no more doubt in others either: it may, consequently, often be rendered by undoubtedly, indeed, probably, rarely, or similar words.

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PAGE 12.—1. als, subord. conj., see p. 10, 31.....2. biefe, dem. pron. referring to Borbertahen (comp. of verber, adj. and Tahe, f. s.), with which it therefore agrees in gender and number; see p. 10, 74.... 3. waren, 3d pers. pl. imperf. ind. of sein; see p. 9. 18.... 4. zerriß, imperf. ind. of zerreißen, comp. insep., Gr. 249, 80; El. 123. See also p. 9, 10; p. 11, 128. Notice the transposition of the auxil. verb, caused by ald (see 1).... 5. Das übrige Ret, the remaining (part of the) net; the adj. übrig in the sing. can be properly placed only before nouns denoting a substance (as such the word Ret has evidently been considered here); better: ben Reft bed Reted.... 6. ward, less usual imperf. ind. of werben; Gr. 104; El. 202. This form is used only in the singular: ich ward, Du wardst, er (see, ed) ward.... 7. burd, see 11, 97. 8. des fleinen Mäuschens; the use of flein before the dim. of Maus is to indicate the extremely small size of the little animal, as compared with the size of the lion.

Winterlieb.

9. ruheft. 2d pers. sing. pres. ind. of ruhen; Gr. 163; El. p. 206. Notice the transposition of pronoun and verb, caused by adv. conj. wie, see p. 10, 34.....70. in, prep., see p. 11, 32.....77. deiner weißen. Notice the inflection of the adject. (meigen) when preceded by bein; Gr. 129; El. 23.....12. find, 3d pers. pl. pres. ind. of fein; see p. 9, 11.... 13. Trublings, m. s. gen. sing., Gr. 49, 3; El. 9. Masculine because ending in ling; Gr. 78, IV, 1; El. 187 (1)..... 14. Lieder, n. s. nom. pl, Gr. 54, VI; El. 11; bes Frühlinge Lieber for bie Lieber bee Frühlinge, see p. 10, 25..... 15. Des Sommers, gen, sing, m.; see p. 10, 27. In German the art is used before the names of the seasons (Gr. 361, i). Notice also the gender of the word. Gr. 78, 3; El. p. 244 (3)..... 16. bunt (poetically abbreviated from bunted), adj. attrib. to Gefieber, n. s. without article; see p. 11, 60. Gr. 133; * El. p. 176..... 17. Gricher (comp. of prefix at and Feber, f. s.), neuter because collective; Gr. 80, (4); El. 190 (4): i. e. plumage, poetically used for birds.... 18. behlumtes, part. used as adj. attrib. to Festgemant (see p. 10, 45; p. 9, 17), n. s. comp. of

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Reft, n. s. and Gemand, n. s., see 14.... 19. idilummerit, 2d pers. sing. pres ind. of folummern, see 9. Notice, that this infinitive ends in n only. Gr. 161, N. 2; El. 119, Exc..... 20. entfleidet, past part. of entfleiben, insep, comp. Gr. 285 (3); El. 145. The prefix ent generally conveys the idea of "away from, out of, rid of," e. g. entfernen, to remove, entehren, to disgrace, enteilen, to escape, etc 21. meinet, see 42.... 22. Mu'n und Söh'n, poetically for Auen und Söhen. For use of dat., see p. 9, 38. The sing, of Auen, is both Au and Aue; the last-named form is now the most common. In its inflection this word is generally treated as dissyllabic, and not like one of those monosyllables formerly dissyllabic (e. g. Graf) and still retaining their old inflection. Gr. 59, III; El. 13 (1).23. Der Boglein Lied (see p. 10, 25), construct bas Lieb ber Böglein.24. perstummet, Gr. 285 (9); El. 145. Notice the use of e before the ending. Gr. 165, V; El. 124.....25. jummet, see 24.....26. Dom, adverb. conj. (see p. 10, 106) used here differently than on p. 11. 57, and to be translated yet or still.....27. bift, 2d pers. sing. pres. ind. of fein, see p. 9, 11.....28, taniend, poetically used here to express an infinitely great number.....29. Lighter, n. s. nom. pl. of Light. noun is regularly inflected in the sing. (see p. 11, 110), but in the plural it has two endings, both e and er. Gr. 84; El, 194....30. hat-bereitet. see p. 10, 81 and 32.....37. Die Deffe, etc. In this and the following line supply the words wer hat of the preceding line. Notice, that hat is here serving to form three perf. tenses. See p. 10, 15.....32. Der aute, adj. attrib., see p. 10, 17.....33. droben, contract. of ba (r), (Gr. 319; 202, IX, note), and oben, adv. At present the simple adv. oben is generally used.....34. dir dein Rleid, see p. 10, 117; p. 9, 9..... 35. gewoben (forms perf. with auxil. hat), past part. of meben, v. irr. Gr. 257, (109); El. p. 125.....36. ichläft from schlafen. Gr. 231, (21); El. p. 117.....37. So ichlumm're denn in Frieden, therefore let thy slumbers be undisturbed. The word benn is used here as conj. of cause. See Gr. 335, note 1.....38. Frieden, see Gr. 42, V; El. 7 (II).....39. Müden, adj. used as noun, see p. 9, 6.... 40. neuer Kraft,-neuem Right, adj. attrib. without article (see p. 11, 60), gov. in dat. by prep. au. Compare p. 9, 54. . . . 41. in des Lenges Wehen, in the breezes of Spring ; Lenges, gen. sing. of Leng, m. s. used poetically for Frühling, see 13; compare p. 10, 25; Behen, inf. noun, see p. 9, 21.... 42. Wirft, 2d pers. sing. pres. ind. of werben, Gr. 104; El. 202; here used as auxil. to form Gr. 92, II; El. p. 96, VII, 2.....43. Rum Leben (p. 10, 113); substantive, infinitives require in German the def. art. (Gr. 361, e); required here also by the prep. (Gr. 362, j)....44. munderbar, here used as adv. to erstehen, see p. 11, 80..... 45. immebt hernieder, 3d pers. sing. pres. ind. of herniederschweben, sep. v. comp. of hernieder (itself comp. of her, see p. 11, 36 and 78, and nieber) and shweben v. n. see p. 9, 24....

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46. Dann, adv. of time; it is frequently though incorrectly used as conj., see Gr. 335, note 1, and compare 37.....47. Blumenfranz, comp. of Blume (see p. 9, 37 and 55), and Aranz, m. s. Notice, that many nouns, connected in English by the prep. of, are rendered in German by compound nouns, omitting the prep. altogether.....48. im, contr. from in (prep. gov. dat. and acc., see p. 9, 13) and bem. Compare also p. 9, 21.

Der Lowe und ber Safe.

PAGE 13.—/. würdigte, imp. ind. of würdigen, v. a. which (like the adj. mürbia [Gr. 373, §. 12, 1]) governs the indirect object in the gen... i. e., seiner näheren (adj. comparative of nahe, attrib. to, and consequently agreeing with, Betanntichaft). Befanntichaft; translate favored-with a familiar acquaintance..... 2. aber-denn, translate pray ! 3. euch, pers. pron. 2d pers. pl. acc. (Gr. 179; El. 52), because direct object of perjagen; see p. 11, 15..... 2. Somen stands here in apposition to the preceding word.... 5. elender, frahender Sahn, see p. 10, 45.... 6. periagen, insep. comp. (of prefix per [meaning away, off, etc.] and jagen), see p. 12, 24..... 7. fann, 3d pers. sing. pres. indic. of fonnen (see p. 9, 35), gov. at the end of the clause by conj. bak. Gr. 332, VI and VII: El. 174....8. Allerdings, adv. opening the clause, causes the transposition of verb and pronoun. Gr. 477, 4; El. p. 255 (4).... 9. großen Thiere, apposition to wir; see 4.... 10. uns, pers. pron. 1st pers. pl. dat. (see p. 9, 34), gov. by an, see p. 11, 5. An fid haben (literally to have upon one's self), i. e., to have, possess (used principally of qualities, of hören. Gr. 162, IV; 165; El. 123. In German a supposition, which the speaker takes to be a fact, may be expressed either by the pres. or perf. accompanied by an adverb. phrase bearing an assumption or supposition, or by either of the future tenses simply. E. g., Sie werben wiffen, you undoubtedly know; er wird gefernt haben, he has surely learned. etc....12. Elephanten, foreign s. (derived from the root of Greek ελεφας (gen. ελέφαντ-ος) is declined like masc, nouns ending in e. Gr. 45. II; El. 8.... 13. ermedet, of ermeden (see p. 11, 47), is analogous here to geben, or verschaffen, and therefore governs two objects both direct and indirect, the former in the acc., the latter in the dative. (Gr. 381, 2.)14. Wahrhaftig, here elliptically used as an interjection; translate indeed! or is that so? or you don't say so! 15. unterbrach, from unterbrechen (comp. of unter, prep. gov. dat. and acc.), see p. 9, 33, and brechen, v. a. and n. irr. Gr. 239, (38); El. p. 119. . . . 16. beareif for beareite.....17. fürchten, here used as reflex. v. wir fürchten une, Gr. 303; El. 154 sq. Notice, that in English the reflex, sense of figh further is not specially conveyed; compare Gr. 305, I; El. p. 262,

PAGE 13. NOTES 18-38.

Gottes Batertreue.

78. Gottes, gen. sing. of Gott, Gr. 68, IV; El. 15 (IV)..... 19. Raters treue (comp. of Bater, m. s. and Treue, f. s.), i. e., paternal faithfulness, or better rendered here paternal care, since Treut stands here instead of Sorge or Fürsorge..... 20. Es iff, there is. Gr. 100, II; El. 159. Es ift fein Mäuschen fo jung und flein, Es hat-. A peculiarly idiomatic phrase. which, though being perfectly correct, is not frequently used. Translate: "there is no mouse so young and small, BUT IT HAS (or THAT HAS NOT) its dear little mother." The same idiom is found in a well-known German proverb, viz.: "Es ist Nichts so fein gesponnen (spun means here planned), Es fommt enblid an bie Sonnen " (obsolete acc. sing. of Sonne).21. Das, demonst, pron. referring to Mütterlein, see p. 11, 8.... 22. mandes, indef. num. Gr. 155; El. 46....23. Rrumden. Notice. that nouns ending in e. drop this letter before the dim. suffix. Gr. 77, †; El. 112.....24. Brot. Notice the expression Krummen Brot. In German a noun denoting a whole (if not accompanied by an adjective or some other qualifying word) is put in the same case as the noun denoting a part. (Gr. 369, 2).....25. Es ift fein—Es hat, see 20..... 26. Dg, adverb. conj., see p. 10, 34.....27. Es iff fein-Es findet, see 20..... 28. Danon, poetically for wohan, i. e., von welchem, viz. Blümden and Blatt. The use of an apparently demonst. form instead of the relative proper is a characteristic feature of the German language. Compare p. 9, 16, etc.....29. ifit, 3d pers. sing. pres. ind. of effett, v. irr. Gr. 237, (27); El. p. 119. Effen-pon, to eat of, to feed on or upon. The conj. und which should follow is poetically omitted.....30. eigenes from eigen, Gr. 183, VIII; El. 175 * 31. Theil, both m. and n. s. without change of signification; Gr. 84, XII; El. 195.....32. iff bestellt for bestellt worben ist, 3d pers. sing. perf. ind. passive of bestellen. The past part, morben is often omitted in the perf, and plup, tenses of the passive voice in German, and the sentence then simply alludes to the state (bestellt) in which the subject (Theil) happens to be, without reference to any agent. Compare Gr. 173; III; El. p. 208, *. The inversion ift bestellt for bestellt ift (auxil, gov. at the end by relat, pron. bem) is a poetical license not admissible in prose.....33. Darinnen, somewhat antiquated form (now only used in poetry) for barin, i. e. worin, i. e. in welches, viz. Saus. Darinnen is best rendered here by where.....34. acht ein und aus, poetical for eingeht und ausgeht. This line contains a zeugma, since the word barinnen, though properly belonging to geht ein only, extends also to (geht) and. ... 35. bas, demonst. pron., see 11, 8.... 36. Miles, indef. pron. see p. 10. 94, used here as a noun. Gr. 156, II; El. 47.37. bedacht, past part of comp. v. irr. and refl. bebenten, Gr. 242, (61); El. p. 120. Compare p. 10, 32..... 38. Der liebe Gott. Children use

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the adj. lieb when mentioning the name of God. Compare the French "Le bon Dieu."....39. fight from steen, see p. 10, 60....40. ber Alles mant—ver jougt, correlat. pronouns, the relative preceding the demonstrative. Gr. 203: El. 93.

Gulenspiegel und ein Fuhrmann.

PAGE 14 .-- /. Eulenspiegel (literally Owls' Mirror), a name of fiction denoting a comical person and the hero of many practical jokes in popular legends, like Punch in England, Harlequin and Policinello in France and Italy..... 2. ging from gehen, p. 11, 105..... 3. eines Tages, adverb. expression. In German, when the time is indefinite, the gen. of nouns is frequently used instead of adverbs of time. Gr. 318, III; compare the fields. Notice the absence of the article after the prep. über. Compare Gr. 362, j. with 363, §. 4.... 5. ihm. dat., see p. 9, 22, gov. by beacanen, which verb belongs to a class requiring the direct object in the dat. (Gr. 380).... 6. über die Gehühr, abverb, phrase, beyond propriety of prefix an (Gr. 279, 2; El. 139), and treiben; Gr. 252, (105); El. p. 123. Translate here to run.... 8 Rann, see p. 9, 35.... 9. im Borbeijagen, (while) hurrying past; about the contraction see p. 12, 47; about the infin. noun, p. 9, 21..... 10. wohl (see p. 11, 124) noch, translate probably.....11. por Abend, compare 4.....12. gur, see p. 10, 64....13. ihr, antiquated form of address instead of Sie or Du. Gr. 180 *; El. 53.14. ift wohl (see p. 11, 124) nicht flug. The popular phrase , nicht flug (or gescheit) sein," means to be crazy, to be out of one's wits. German as in other languages an idea is often more forcibly expressed by the negation of its opposite instead of a simple positive assertion, e. g. nicht schlecht, nicht übel, i. e., sehr aut. 15. hachte from benten, see p. 13, 37..... 16. trich—an, see 7..... 17. nur noch mehr, translate only the more (faster)..... 18. Gegen Abend, see 11..... 19. fam-jurud, Gr. 240, (59); El. p. 120.....20. demfelben, demonst. pron. see p. 11, 41.... 21. Wege, m. s. Gr. 49; El. 9.... 22. traf-an, Gr. 240, (54); El. p. 120. Compare p. 10, 39.....23. gebrochen, past part of brechen. 239, (38); El. p. 119. The verb being used as a neuter here, is conjugated with fein; (war serves to form the pluperf, tense); compare p. 11, 45. Translate war ihm gebrochen, he had broken (See Gr. 382, 5)....24. mußte, see p. 10, 116.....25. sich beguemen, refl. v. Gr. 304 : El. p. 262. Notice that this infin. is not preceded by su. Gr. 426, S. 30 a; El. 119, N. (1). The following infinitives (bleiben and subringen), however, depending upon bequemen, demand the prep. Gr. 427, S. 81; El. p. 93, Obs. I. N.

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....26. zuzübringen from zubringen (see p. 9, 51), compare p. 10, 112. The second zu is the particle belonging to the infin., as explained in 25; die Macht is direct object of zubringen; translate to pass the night....
27. euch, antiquated form of address to one person. See p. 13, 3.....
28. sprach, see p. 9, 30.....29. müßtet, of müssen, see p. 10, 116, here gov. at the end of the clause and in the subj. by daß; compare p. 11, 7....30. molitet, of wollen, see p. 9, 2, here gov. at the end of the clause, and in the subj. by wem; compare 29. It is an idiomatic peculiarity of the German language, that after the auxil. verbs the infin. or past part. governed by them is either altogether omitted or, if the verb be a comp., is represented only by the preposition detached from the verb omitted, e. g., ich muß fort (gehen), I must go; er will nach Sause (gehen), he will go home; er barf mit (summen), he may come along, etc. So also here: , wenn ihr noch zur Stat (sahren or summen) wolltet," "if you wished to reach the city." Such omissions are, however, inelegant.

Friedrich Wilhelm I. und ber Candidat.

31. Friedrich Wilhelm I., read ber Erste, nom. sing. Gr. 150. II: El. 40....32. Wilhelm I. (acc. because direct object of bat) read Wilhelm den Ersten; see 31.....33. bon Preußen. Notice the use of bon before nouns denoting rank or title (Gr. 369. 4 a)....34. um, prep. gov. acc., see p. 10, 42, translate for..... 35. bat. See p. 11, 55..... 36. was für ein, interrog. pron. Gr. 208; 209, (4); El. 94; 98, IV..... 37. ware, imperf. subj. of stin, see p. 9, 11. In oblique narration after the verb fragen (see p. 11, 7 and p. 14, 30) the imperf. subj. is used in German, in English the imperf. ind. is used instead. Gr. 421, §. 72..... 38. Berliner; appellations derived from the names of places are formed like national appellations. Gr. 73, VI; El. 19....39. Geh(e)t (ihr), 2d pers. plur. imperat. of genen, see p. 10, 29, and p. 11, 77.....40. tau: gen nichts, translate are good for nothing. Nichts, indef. pron. is in German often used for the adv. night. . . . 41. Em. abbreviation of Eure: Gr. 188 *; El. p. 186 *... 42. perzeihen, Gr. 252, (107); El. p. 123; merben mir verzeihen. Titles like Ew. Majestät, etc., used in polite address, analogous to Sit, usually govern the verb in the 3d pers. plur. As to use of future, compare p. 13, 11..... 43. es giebt (compare p. 13, 20); Gr. 312, II; El. 159, 2.... 44. autc, good ones. In German the termination of the adj. is a substitute for the pronoun one or ones. Compare Gr. 220, VI; El. 115.... 45. barunter, adv. comp. of ba and unter, with a euphonic r inserted; see p. 12, 33.... 46. felbfi, refl. pers. pron. Gr. 182, VI; El. 59, 3.....47. tenne, Gr. 242, (62); El. p. 120.....48. benn, see p. 13, 2....49. der zweite bin ich. Notice the construction of this

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clause. In German, if the predicate (here ber smeitt) opens a clause, the copula (here bin) precedes the subject (here id). Compare Gr. 473, Note. El. p. 251, Note.....50. über, prep. gov. dat. and acc. see p. 9, 13.

Der getreue Unterthan.

51. bri. This prep. is used when speaking of battle-fields. (Gr. 454, IV, 8)....52. ritt, imperf. of reiten, Gr. 249, (81); El. p. 123.....53. die Schweden, prop. noun, Gr. 73, VII; El. 20.....54. auf, (render here at), prep. gov. here the acc. (biefes Pferd) because the verb (ifdoffen) expresses motion; see p. 9, 12 and 9, 38.....55. weldte, relat. pron., see p. 11, 130.....56. fid—unterified, imperf. ind. of unterifieden, v. a. and (here) refl. irr. insep. comp. (see p. 13, 15). Gr. 251, (98); El. p. 123.....57. idoffen from idiefen. Gr. 261 (134); El. p. 126.....58. hat, see 35.

PAGE 15 .- 1. Das seinige (viz. Pferd), absol. poss. pron. Notice the use of the def. art. supplied in English by the word own. III; 189; El. 60 (2), 67..... 2. zu vertauschen, infin. with zu, see p. 14, 26....3. Bormande, daß-wäre. Nouns expressing the same ideas as the verbs fagen, behaupten, erzählen, fragen (see p. 14, 37) have in German the same effects as those verbs, and govern the verb, with or without conj. bag, in the imperf. subj. (in English use the imperf. ind.) requiring it at the end of the clause. Here the noun Bormanb is, in meaning, equivalent to behaupten 4. Raum, adv. conj. opening the clause causes the transposition of subject and verb, see p. 10, 34,...5. eining (indef. num. Gr. 155; El. 46); Augenblide, acc. pl. The acc. is often used, in place of an adv. of time, to denote a particular point or duration of time (Gr. 385, §. 24, while the gen. often serves to express indefinite time (Gr. 377, 3). Compare p. 14, 3..... 6. hatte-beftiegen, luperf. ind. of besteigen, irr. insep. comp. Gr. 252, (104); El. p. 123. Notice that the insep. verbs always form their past part. without gc; see p. 10, 32..... 7. in, adverb. conj. very frequently used to open sentences expressing a consequence of the preceding one, and often best omitted in translation. Render here when, Compare p. 10, 106; Gr. 329, IV; 479, 2 (c); El. 173; p. 257, 2 (c)....8. murde (see p. 12, 6) getödtet, imperf. ind. passive. Gr. 171; El. p. 209..... 9. das Leben, notice defin. art. (compare p. 9, 21).

Soliman's Gerechtigfeit.

70. Soliman's Gerechtigkeit, ses p. 10, 25..... 71. Beherricher, m. s. from heberichen (derived in turn from Herr, m. n). About the

PAGE 15. NOTES 12-32.

termination er see p. 9, 19..... 12. der Türken, gen. pl. see p. 14, 53.13. ber, see p. 9, 16 and 18.....14. grenzenlosen, adj. attrib. to Chracia, (comp. of Grenze [Granze], f. s. and suffix Los, which conveys the idea of without, free from, etc., perfectly analogous to the English suffix less, e. g. freundlos, friendless), see p. 9, 48..... 15. Chraeiz, m. s. comp. of Ehre, f. s. and Beig, m. s. see p. 9, 55 16. befaß, imp. ind. of befiben, irr. comp. insep. Gr. 272 (192); El. p. 130; compare p. 10, 32.....77. griff—an, imperf. of anarcifen, irr. sep. comp. see p. 14, 16. Gr. 279, (2); El. 139.... 18. nahm-ein, from einnehmen, see 17; and p. 10, 62.... 19. weldies, neuter because referring to Belgrad, which, like all names of cities in German, is neuter; in the acc. here because direct object of betraditie. See p. 9, 9. For absence of art. see Gr. 72, I; El. 16.....20. man, indef. pron. (subj. of this clause). Notice, that the verb is in the sing. Gr. 216, II; El. 107. Notice also, that man occurs only in the nom. sing. . . . 21. als die Bormauer, appos. to and agreeing with welches, 19.....22. Chriftenheit, fem. because of its termination heit. Gr. 79, VI, 2; El. 189 (2).....23. hatte-pollendet, pluperf. of bollenden, comp. insep. Gr. 285 (10); El. 145....24. sid-nahte, imperf. ind. of sid nahen (nahern), derived from adj. nah(e), governs the dative. Gr. 305; El. p. 262.25. daß-weggenommen hatten, pluperf. subj. of wegnehmen, irr. sep. comp. of prefix meg (away), Gr. 280 (22); El. 139, and nehmen, see p. 10, 62. Notice the position of the particle ge (compare p. 10, 112) and see for reason why the auxil. verb is in the subj. and at the end of the clause, p. 15, 3 (Gr. 419, §. 70, 8).....26. ihr-ihr Bich. The first ihr pers. pron. 3d pers. fem. dat. sing. is used here to express personal harm or damage. The English would use a possess. pron., and it is consequently to be omitted in translation, see p. 14, 23 (Gr. 382, 5). The second if is the conj. possess. pron. agreeing with Birth; see p. 9, 58.27. meldes, gender determined by Bith, which is neuter because a collective noun. Gr. 80, VII, 4; El. 190 (4). Compare 19.....28. ausmatte, imperf. subj. of sep. comp. aus-matten, see 17; in the subj. and at the end of clause because gov. by flagts, bag, see 25; compare also p. 9, 33.....29. müsset, 2d pers. plur. pres. ind. of müssen, see p. 10, 11630. gelegen haben, infin. perf. act. of liegen, (Gr. 272 (190); El. p 130); governed by muffet.....31. Räuber, m. s. derived from rauben see 11.....32. fönnen, 2d pers. plur. perf. ind. of fönnen, see p. 9, 35. Notice, that the auxil, verbs of mode in compound tenses, when connected with the infin. of another verb, are required to be in the infinitive present instead of the usual past part. Compare p. 11, 63. The English verb can, being defective, furnishes no equivalent for the compound tenses of formen, which consequently have to be rendered by such phrases, as to be able to, to succeed in, etc., or may frequently be entirely omitted in translation, as in this instance: habt nicht hören

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fönnen, have not heard....33. shiles, see p. 11, 31....34. gnädiger Herr, gracious lord, an humble address used by servants and low people towards their superiors....35. geisigh, imperf. of geischen. Gr. 237, (31) and Note 1; El. p. 119....36. Eure Hoheit, see p. 14, 41. Contrary to custom, here constructed with the sing. of the verb....37. gemeine for allgemeine....38. Suherheit, see 22....39. mashte, 3d pers. sing. imperf. subj. gov. by daß; see 3....40. so dreift sie (i. e. diese Rede) auch war, render notwithstanding (in spite of) its boldness, or though it (i. e. this speech) was bold. So-auch is here used instead of wie auch, subord. conj. Gr. 332, VI; El. 174. The German idiom has a tendency to use forms of a demonstrative (here so) rather than of a relative character (here wie). Compare p. 13, 28....47. ersette from erset, insep. comp. see p. 9, 10 and 36....42. auf eine—Weise, translate in a-manner or way.....43. den, rel. pron. see p. 9, 16.

Die Bombe.

44. Rarl XII, read Rarl der Amölfte, subject of the clause, and therefore in the nom.....45. der, see 43....46. belagert mar, render was BEING besieged. This is not the imperf. ind. passive (belogert murbe or mard), but the simple imperf. of sein used with belagert as a predicative adjective. A distinct discrimination is to be made in German between frin with a past part., and the simple passive voice formed by the auxil. werben; while the latter denotes the state, in which the subject is placed by an agent, the former simply alludes to the state, in which the subject happens to be, without the least reference to any agent. Gr. 173, III, and N.; El. p. 208.*....47. biffirte, imperf. of biffirm. Verbs terminating in iren (not irren) have been taken from the Latin or French. e. g. abbiren, to add. rasiren, to shave, maridiren, to march. etc 48. nath, prep. gov. dat. denotes motion, tendency or destination toward a place, where the English use for or to (Gr. 464, 1)....49. ficl. see p. 9, 12..... 50. inlug-durch, 3d pers. sing. imperf. ind. of burchichleach, v. a. and n. irr. both sep. and insep., comp. of prep. burd (Gr. 349; El. p. 112) and schlagen (Gr. 229, 6; El. p. 116). Notice, that the verb and the prep. are here used in their natural sense, not metaphorically, and are consequently separable. Gr. 291; El. 150....57. sersprang from serforingen, insep. comp. See p. 9, 24; and for meaning of ser, p. 11, 128.52. neben, prep. gov. dat. and acc. Gr. 349; El. p. 112.....53. zerflog, from zerfliegen, comp. of zer (see 51) and fliegen. Gr. 260 (125); El. p. 126.....54. in Stude, to pieces.....55. Darin, for worin, see p. 13, 33.....56. war—angebracht, see 46. Notice position of prefix as in angebracht (see 25), and compare p. 9, 51..... 57. nichts, see p. 14, 40. 58. litt from leiben, Gr. 249 (78); El. p. 123..... 59. flog, see 53.

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....60. frincs, see p. 11, 14; about the termination compare p. 14.44.61. deffen, gen. sing. n. of welcher (see p. 11, 130).....62. Rei. render here at....63. stand, see p. 10, 1....64. einzustürzen, gov. by the following verb; about position of au compare p. 10, 112.....65. immen. imperf. of icheinen. Gr. 251 (99); El. p. 123.....66. fiel, transposition of noun and verb due to adverb. phrase (Bei bem Rnall, etc.) Gr. 445, §. 96, N. 1; El. 170. Instead of possess. opening the clause. pron. translate : fiel bie Feber bem Sefretar aus ber banb, the pen dropped from the hand of the secretary, or better: the secretary dropped HIS pen.....67. gibt, for giebt.....68. denn, see p. 12, 36; translate here now.....69. fagte, see p. 10, 46.....70. mit. prep. gov. dat., see p. 9. 54.... 71. ruhiger, adj. attrib. to Miene (f. s., see p. 9, 37) without article. See p. 11, 60. In English supply the indef. article: with a quiet demeanor, or with perfect composure.....72, ihr. see p. 14, 13.73. Diefer, see p. 10, 80 74. Die Worte erwiedern, translate utter.....75. ju ichaffen (or ju thun) haben, i. e. to have to do (with).76. cuth, see 72.....77. Rahret fort, 2d pers. pl. (supply subject ibr) imperat. of fortfabren, sep. comp. of adv. fort and fabren. Gr. 229, 2: El. p. 116. Translate continue (writing)!

Lodmann.

fellift, reflex, pers. pron. m. dat. sing. gov. by von. Gr. 182, VI; El. 59. Compare p. 10, 63..... 3. 36 habe mid-acarahmi, pers. sing. perf. ind. of sid gramen, see p. 13, 17..... 2. Widerwartigleit (see p. 10, 72), translate here misfortune, or difficulty.... 5. es modite (see p. 9, 27) mir auch io ichlimm (adv.) gehen, als es wollte, render however badly I fared, or however adverse (my) circumstances (were). Here we have an impersonal phrase (ce geht mir schlimm) analogous to ce ist mir, etc. Gr. 313: El. 160. This is a formation frequently used, e.g. in the salutation: Bie geht es Ihnen? How do you do ?-als, subord. conj. correlative to fo. Gr. 333, II, 2; 335, 2; El. 177 (2); 180 (2)....6. außer, translate except: here used as conj. since as a prep. it would govern the dat. Gr. 347; El. 63.... 7. ein einziges Mal, acc. because denoting a particular occasion: see p. 15, 5....8. ale, translate here when 9. ju (faufen), ju is required before the infin. after nouns, which are in English followed by towith the infin. Gr. 427, §. 81, b.... 10. ging, see p. 11, 105.... 11. traf, see p. 14, 22..... 12. Meniden, acc., see p. 10, 9..... 13. jah, see p. 10, 60.....14. war im, transposition due to all in preceding clause; 15. danfte, governs the dat. (meinem Gott); see p. 14, 5. tice that in German the adv. (herglid) is placed after the verb (Gr. 444, §. 95), and even after the object..... 16. wenn ichon (i. e. wenn

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aud), subord. conj. translate although.....17. ungliidliche, see p. 10, 75. 18. ware-gegangen (past part. of geben, see p. 10, 29), stands for wurde gegangen fein. The subi, of the imperf, and pluperf, in German are usually substituted for the longer forms of the conditionals proper (Gr. 416, Rem.). For use of auxil. sein (mare) see p. 14, 23, and p. 11, 45.19. ja (see p. 9, 52) gerne, obsolete form for gern, irreg. adv. Gr. 321; El. 166.....20. Gehet dir's übel. The conj. wenn may be omitted in conditional and concessive sentences, and the sentence or clause be opened by the verb. Gr. 422, §. 75; 477, c; El. 199, 1. For meaning of the phrase see 5.....21. fehre, imperat. of fehren, see p. 9, 8.22. sum (see p. 10, 113) Guten, see p. 9, 6. ...23. wie, relat. conj., Gr. 339; El. 175.....24. Herzen. Gr. 55, VII, N.; El. p. 171 (II)..... 25. Die Muach, def. art. instead of possess. pron., see p. 9, 21.....26. bom, contract. of von and bem, see p. 10, 113. About use of def. art. before an abstract noun, see p. 9, 9. 27. über sich, for auswärte, obsolete (Luther's) style, like hinter sich, for rudwärts, etc..... 28. größern for größeren.

Berbft.

29. Serbit, here without def. art. (see p. 12, 15) because as a title simply calculated to give the idea of the season disconnectedly.....30. flieht, Gr. 260 (126); El. p. 126.....37. gieht, Gr. 261 (144); El. p. 126.32. iff's, i. e. ift es, impersonal phrase. Gr. 311, I; El. 158; compare also 5.....33. um mid her, see p. 11, 34 and 36.....34. ichmud: los, see p. 15, 14; supply find 35. That und Meiden stand here without article because used collectively to express one idea (viz., the (Gr. 263, 4.)....36. ift langft erftorben, perf. of erftorben, insep. comp. of ersterben, Gr. 240 (53); El. p. 120; längst, superl. of lang (see p. 10, 52) used as an adverb.....37. Baum und Strauch, see 35; it appears from the sing. of the verb (fdeint), that only one idea (viz., all plants) is expressed by both words. ... 38. Nord's for Norbes, gen. sing. of Nord, m. s. poetically used for Nordwind 39. verdorben, past part. (mostly used as adj.) of verborben, see p. 9, 10; Gr. 240 (55); El. p. 120.40. Durdidlumm're (see p. 12, 36), imperat. of sep. and insep. comp. turdsfulummern. Notice, that a comp. verb, used in a figurative or metaphorical sense, is inseparable and has the accent on the radical syllable. Gr. 291; El. 150.....47. beraubte, see p. 12, 18.....42. des Winters bange gange (the last two words acc. because direct obj.), see p. 10, 25.43. Dir and did refers to flur, which the poet apostrophizes..... 44. dann, adv. of time, correlative to menn (used incorrectly instead of mann; Gr. 335, VI, N.; El. 181), causes the inversion.... 45. den, der, correlat. pron., see p. 13, 40. . . . 46. Den Gerrn, etc., speciation to ben.

PAGE 16. NOTES 47-60. PAGE 17. NOTES 1-7.

....47. Menithen, here without art. (ber is a relat. pron.) because used in an indef. sense (Gr. 364, \S . 5).

Aus der Jugend Friedrich Wilhelms III.

48. Friedrich Wilhelms III, read bed Dritten; see p. 14, 32.... 49. non 10 Sahren. Notice, that in German before nouns denoting age the prep. of is rendered by won (Gr. 370, 4, a). Compare p. 14, 33.50. und ich, supply als 51. die Aufwartung bei ihm hatte, render was in attendance upon him....52. brackte, from bringen, see p. 9.51....53. eines Taacs (see p. 14, 3) bei firenger Rälte. Notice, that these words in English must be connected with day (Tag), viz., on a bitter cold day 54. im Monat Sanuar. The name or date of the month (Januar) when connected with their generic name (Monat) stands by apposition in the same case (Gr. 369, 1). Notice also that the word governed by a verbal adjective is placed immediately before it (Gr. 432. note 1), and that a participial clause may, like a simple adj., precede the noun, to which it is attributive, while in English it has to follow the same (Gr. 388, §. 26).....55. cin Körbden mit, a popular elliptical construction; supply affull and translate a little basket (full) of....56. neingenen, past part. of siehen (see p. 11, 118), attrib. to Ririden; translate raised.....57. Beim, contr. of bei and bem, see 26.....58. freute fid, see p. 13, 17.... 59. Die in Diefer Jahreszeit feltene, etc., feltene is adj. to Frucht and governs in turn the phrase in dieser Jahreszeit. Construe: wunschte zugenießen (see p. 14, 25) bie Frucht feltene in biefer Jahredzeit 60. ibm-bemerflid gemant murbe, impersonal phrase, the subject co being omitted; translate when he understood, or when it was hinted.

PAGE 17. NOTES 8-35.

.... 8. am, Gr. 88 (IV); El. p. 140, render with.... 9. herabaetommen, supply set to form perf. subi. as in 7..... 10. hedurfe cr. pres. subi. of bebürfen, insep. irr., Gr. 117; El. p. 223 (see p. 10, 32). The transposition is due to fo, adverb. conj. (see p. 15, 7).....11. um-es-beginnen au fönnen. Bu would not stand before fönnen (see p. 14, 25) were it not antauf (see p. 12, 46), comp. of Leber, n. s. and Antauf, m. s. (from anfausen, comp. v.). Render for the buying of leather..... 13. um melde er-bate, render (for) which he asked. The subj. throughout this sentence is required by oblique narration after berichtete; compare e. g. bie er nicht hätte: see p. 11, 7...../4. als um ein, etc., apposition to welche..... 15. in Raffe. Notice omission of def. art. in idiomatic phrases (see p. 14, 4) and translate: How much (money) have I on hand? 16. befahl, from befehlen, Gr. 240 (39); El. p. 119.... 17. ich folle, pres. subj. of fellen (see p. 10, 89); for use of subj. compare p. 15, 25..... 18. hem-Manne die-20 Thaler. Notice, that, contrary to English rule, the object of the person precedes that of the thing. Gr. 474,5; El. p. 252 (5).... 19. damit (see p. 14, 45) belongs to Glüd; translate bamit Glück munichen, wish him good luck with them (viz., the 20 thalers).....20. empfing [from empfangen, Gr. 230 (16); 285 (2); El. p. 117, 145]. About the inversion see p. 14, 49..... 21. der Königl. Soheit. Notice the use of the def. art. before a title, where the English use the possess, pron. (which would also be correct here), Rönigl., abbreviation of Röniglich(en): dative because personal object..... 22. ight. refl. pers. pron. referring to Sanbwerfer. Notice, that the word in this clause stands alone; translate personally. ... 23. aussprechen (sep. comp. irr., see p. 9, 30) an durfen (see 10) infin. with an because gov. by a noun (Bunsd), see p. 16, 9.....24. Dicse Bitte schlug der Prinz ab. For inversion see Gr. 477, 2; El. p. 255; idlug—ab from abidlagen, sep. comp. irr. [Gr. 279 (1); El. 139], see p. 15, 50. ... 25. mit den Worten, render saying.....26. If aar night nothig, subject bas or es omitted.27. murde—beidamen, first conditional gov. by a condit. clause understood, viz., if he should do so.....28. Philip. 2, 4. Bible quotation, Philipp. II: 4.

Reiters Morgengesang.

29. Reiters Morgangejang, see p. 15, 10. For omission of art. see p. 16, 29....30. Morganoth, n. s. frequently used for Morganoth, f. s. ...31. Lendten; subj. bu (referring to Morganoth) poetically omitted. ...32. mir, dat. because person. obj.; see p. 16, 21....33. jum, see p. 10, 113....34. Lod, more correctly Lode. Why the def. article is used here, see p. 9, 9....35. biajen. Gr. 230, 13; El. p. 116

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The active voice is here poetically used for the passive achlafen merben. i. e. to be blown, to sound.....36. laffen, here used as a principal v. instead of unuflaffen, is to be rendered to yield, give up or part with: see p. 11, 81....37. mander, see p. 13, 22; translate here manu a..... 38. Raum (iff cs) achacht (see p. 13, 37), an elliptical poetical phrase, the simple past part, standing instead of a full compound tense and an imnersonal subject (e8). Render here: quick as thought. Voss. in his celebrated poem "Der fiebrieste Geburtstag," prettily uses a similar phrase. viz. : Raum gesagt, so enteilte Marie, etc., i. e. hardly (were these words) spoken, when Mary hurried off, etc. (Compare Gr. 438, §. 91)....39. Bird (supply conj. fo; see p. 10, 106) gemacht, pres. ind. pass. of machen, comp. p. 15. 8. . . 40. her Puff (for def. art. see p. 9. 9) may be considered either gen, depending upon End' or dat, gov. by gemacht. Ein Ende machen (with object in the dat. compare p. 16, 15) i. e. to put a stop (or an end) to 47. Geftern noch, etc., supply waren wir 42. Beute burch, etc., supply find wir or werden wir. ... 43. geschossen, p. 14, 57. ... 44. Morgen (adv.) in, etc., supply fommen wir. Such ellipses are admissible only in poetry and very elevated style.....45. idimindet, Gr. 269 (170); El. p. 129.....46. prahift du gleich, poetical for obgleich bu prahift, though you glory in (mit). Instead of the conj. obaleich, wennaleich, obicon and wennfoon, entire or divided, opening a clause, Germans frequently place simply gleich or schon after the then inverted subject and predicate. Compare Gr. 334, IV; El. 179....47. die Rosen, see p. 9, 9....48. all for alle, (see p. 10, 94), attrib, to Rosen. The omission of e is a poetical license.

König Friedrich und fein Nachbar.

10. Der König Friedrich, etc. In German the def. art. is used with proper names when designating a person well known, whether preceded

PAGE 18. NOTES 11-53.

p. 15, 5.....12. war gern Darin (see p. 14, 45), render liked to stay there. (Gr. 321, Note 1 : El. p. 237, Note 1.)....73. dahei, see p. 17, 19..... 14. die (Mühle), see p. 11, 30..... 15. gewesen ware, pluperf. subj. (see 6) of sein, see p. 9, 11.... 16. Denn, co-ord. conj. of cause. Gr. 329, II and III: El. 172. The subsequent inversion is due to the adv. erfilid. 17. figher. see p. 10, 1.....18. neben, see p. 15, 52.....19. cinander (here gov. in dat. by neben, see 18), see p. 10, 6. Render steben nicht aut neben einander. don't agree well.....20. abalcide see p. 17. 46.....27. nicht ührl, see p. 14. 14....22. gemahlen from mahlen, Gr. 230 (10); El. p. 216; supply hat.....23. wohl, render here well; (compare p. 11, 124).....24. achaden, Gr. 229; El. p. 116....25, aber, see 16 (need not open a clause: indeed its position varies greatly, without, however, any alteration of sense). Gr. 329, III. Note.....26, menn, here conj. of time, when..... 27. besten, superl. of aut, see 11, 125.....28. Gedanten. Notice the exceptional gender. Gr. 80 (4); El. 190 (4)....29. an (render here of) -backer, see p. 14, 15.....30. Rachbar, m. s. Notice exceptional plural. Gr. 42 (VI); El. 7 (III)....31. ließ-flappern, see p. 17, 5....32. herrn Madihar. The word herr serves to express the king's superiority over the miller. Throughout this piece Nachbar signifies the miller, herr Nachbar the king. The word berr (or Frau or Fraulein) is in polite language used, as in French, before all nouns denoting persons: in all cases and also in the third person, with or without article.....33. mandmal. supply ftorte.....34. Lefer, see p. 9, 19.....35. Geld mie Laub (or Seu) (for absence of art, see p. 14, 4), a popular phrase corresponding to the inelegant English "money like dirt." 36. fauft-ab from abfaufen, sep. comp. gov. dat. see p. 17, 25....37. läßt, see p. 11, 81....38. niederreißen, sep. comp. irr. see p. 12, 4; 17, 23.....39. mußte (see p. 11 9) marum, popular phrase; render knew what he was about.....40. eines Tages, see p. 14, 3.....47. Ihr, see p. 14, 13.....42. begreift, see p. 9, 10....43. bestehen, see p. 10, 1....44. Einer; for termination see p. 14, 44; translate one of us.... 45. gebt, see p. 11, 12.... 46. Wie had haltet (see p. 10, 44) ihr cs? Render How much do you think it is worth?....47. so pict Geld habt the night, the object for emphasis' sake opening the clause, see p. 17, 24.....48. mir mein Schloß, see p. 15, 26....49. Gnädiaster (superl. to Serr, see p. 15, 36. ...50. so (see p. 15, 7) render here then....51. feil, adj. gov. dat. (mir), see p. 10, 9; translate fie ift mir nicht feil, it is not for sale..... 52. that (imperf. of thun, p. 10, 66) ein Gebot (collect. noun derived from bieten, to offer, not to be confounded with the same word derived from gebieten, to command). Gr. 260, 124; El. p. 126. Ein Gebot (or Angebot, from anbieten (thun, i. e. to make an offer 53. Das aweite und britte (supply Gebot) for use of def. art. see p. 11, 30; before britte the art. is omitted because both

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adjectives modify one and the same noun (see Gr. 364, S. 6, Note).... 54. blieb, from bleiben, Gr. 251 (92); El. p. 123; blieb bei feiner Rebe, render reveated what he had said....55. Bie-so, correl. adverb. conj. best rendered by a participial construction, viz. Having been born in it, I will, etc.... 56. geboren (from gebären, Gr. 240 (58); El. p. 119) bin, see p. 15, 46.....57. Sterben, see 9.....58. mic, (in to be supplied before follen, see 55); translate here such as.... 59, erhalten (see p. 10, 44) morden ift, perf. ind. pass 60, fie (obi.) meine Nachtommen (subject), for inversion see Gr. 477 (3); El. p. 255 (3)....61. auf ihr (viz. der Mühle), render in it. With reference to estates, factories and establishments in contradistinction to mere dwelling-houses, the prep. auf is mostly used instead of in, e. g. auf bem Gute, auf ber Fabrif, auf ber Müble, upon the farm, in the factory, in the mill (Gr. p. 453, II, 5).... 62. three refers to Radfommen.....63. Da, see p. 10, 34.....64. nahm -au from annehmen, sep. comp. irr., see 38; p. 10, 62.....65. ernithaftere, see p. 10, 10. Render the clause: eine ernfthaftere Sprace annehmen, to assume a more decided tone.....66. Wift (see p. 11, 9) ihr auch : for inversion see Gr. 476, S. 109, 1. a; El. 199, 1. a). Auch, like would (see p. 11, 124) and four (see p. 10, 95) is often idiomatically used, especially in interrogative sentences for the sake of emphasis, and is then to be omitted in English. Render here: Are you aware?....67. tariren, see p. 15. 47.....68. breme—ab from abbrechen, sep. comp. see p. 14, 23; 17, 25....69. Relimit (imperat. supply subject ihr) from nehmen, see 64..... 70. ader. co ord. conj. see 25 and 16.

PAGE 19 .- /. unerichrodene, comp. of un (see p. 10, 75) and past part, of cridreden, (Gr. 240 (44); El. p. 119) used as adj. Gr. 440..... But gejagt, see p. 17, 38..... 3. allergnädigster (see 18, 49); the word after (gen. pl. of all) is in German often placed before superlatives for the sake of emphasis, e. g. allerbeit, best of all, etc..... The verb sein is here used in its absolute sense; render to exist 5. nämlich, daß er ce wolle auf-antommen laffen, render : meaning, that he would run the risk of. The clause opened by bag, because explaining the miller's words, must be considered as governed by ermieberte, which grammatically it is not; hence bas with the subj. Why the auxil. (molls) precedes, see Gr. 478, II, Exception; El. 200, Exception.....6. faunte (see p. 9, 35)-fein. In this and similar phrases the verb formen has a peculiar idiomatic signification, referring rather to mental qualities occasionally shown than to the ability of persons. It is best rendered by expressions like to know how to, or by adverb. phrases like at times, occasionally, etc. E. g. sie fann unwiderstehlich fein, she knows how to make herself irresistible; er fonnte überaus gnäbig sein, he was at times extremely condescending, etc.... 7. also daß, translate so that.

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..... S. Berghaftiakeit and Preimuthiakeit, see p. 10, 72..... 9. feiner refers to Müller previously mentioned..... 10. mikfällig, adj. contr. from prefix mis (corresponding to the Engl. mis and dis) and gefüllig (derived from acfallen, see p. 9, 12); gov. the dat., analogous to anfiblia or läflig: see 10. 9..... 17. mahlaefiel, imperf. of mohlaefallen, sep. comp. (of render left..... 13. von dieser Reit an, henceforth. The prep. an is often, in an adverbial capacity, connected with other prepositions, especially won, to which it then imparts a more direct and distinct bearing to a certain place or time, e. g. vorn an, at the head; hinten an, in the rear; von hier an, from this spot hence; von jest an, henceforth, etc., etc. The adv. porn is nothing but a contract, of the prep, por and an; but this does not, however, impede its being once more employed with an. 14. unangefochten, see 1.... 15. unterhielt from unter-halten, insep. comp. irr. see p. 10, 44.....16. aber. see p. 18, 25.....17. barf from bürfen, see p. 17, 10...../8. idon, (see p. 10, 95) render here indeed..... 19. Reinert haben har ... translate to have respect FOR or to respect.20. einem jolden; about the declension see Gr. 194, IV; El. 72.21. Herrn Nachbar, see p. 18, 32.

Bächterruf.

22. will jagen, poetical inversion, not allowed in prose. Gr. 478. S. 110: El. 200....23. Die Glade Die. A popular idiom, to take up and repeat. within the same clause, a preceding noun by the corresponding def. art. Goethe, in his Tobtentanz, uses a similar phrase, viz. Der Mond der hat Alles ins helle gebracht.... 24. hat-geschlagen, perf. of schlagen, see p. 15, 50.....25. geht, see p. 10, 29.....26. in's (contr. of in bas) Bett; for use of def. art. see p. 12, 42..... 27. mer, rel. pron. preceding the demonst, (ber) to be supplied before Schlaf. Gr. 201, IV; El. 84.....28. aut Gewiffen, see p. 12, 16..... 29. Schlaf for schlafe; in German the subj. is sometimes used instead of the imperative to express a wish. (Gr. 422, §. 77).... 30. heiter Aug', see 28..... 37. Die gange Racht, acc. see p. 15, 5..... 32. fift, from fiften, see p. 15, 16..... 33. fei'saelaat, instead of werbe es gesagt. Gr. 171 *; El. p. 109 *.... 34. jum lesten Mal, FOR the last time (Compare Gr. 463, 15.)... 35. 's ift hohe Reit, render literally 't is high time..... 36. geb', see 29..... 37. dir refers to ber; apostrophized.... 38. Mach' (see 29) froh dich mieder, poetical inversion for Mache bich wieber frob 39. Satans, prop. noun without art. gen. sing. Gr. 67, 2 and *; El. 14 (1). Notice its position....40. Will', poetical abbrev. of Willen.

PAGE 20. NOTES 1-36.

Page 20.—1. In will's nicht hoffen, render I (will) hope not..... 2. geschieht's, conj. wenn omitted, see p. 16, 20. About the verb see p. 15, 35...... 3. Gest, imperat.; supply bu, referring to Dieb apostrophized..... 4. sieht's, see p. 9, 5..... 5. eh's (contr. of ehe and es) noch tagt, (Gr. 311, I; El. 158), render even before it dawns..... 6. hin (see p. 11, 78) is often used in popular language to express the idea of lost or gone.... 7. Was (for warum) trübst du deinen Sinn? Render Why (do you) trouble yourself?

Das Gute Beilmittel.

8. alle Leute. (Gr. 64 *; El. p. 241 †.)...9. nimmer, popular for night or night mehr, from old niomer, mod. nic-mehr. Render this clause: or else I cannot endure my pains.... 10. lief, see p. 11. 95..... 17. feiner, adj., see p. 14, 44..... 12. Gang, m. s., derived from achen (see p. 10, 29); render here visit.....13. Aranten, see p. 9, 6.....14. einen Gulben, acc. gov. by fostet, one of a class of words with which the acc. is used to mark definitely the measure, amount, or distance indicated by them. (Gr. 385, §. 23.)..../5. we'll (see p. 11, 124), render here by auxil. may.....16. gelten-für, translate to be considered, or valued (as).....17, bei (compare p. 14, 51), render here with.....18. der Erde: for use of def. art. see p. 12, 42..... 19. auf dem Weac, see p. 9, 21. The inversion of auf bem Wege zum britten Dofter is not usual.20. fuhr-porbei, imperf. of porbeifahren, sep. comp., see p. 15, 77.21. an, render by, or omit altogether.....22. hielt, (from halten, see p. 10, 44)-für, render took-for....23. mohl (see p. 11, 124). translate here probably.....24. ob-alcid, see p. 17, 46.....25. mußte, from wiffen, see p. 11, 9.....26. jei, compare Gr. 421, §. 72, 2, and §. 73 with Gr. 421, §. 71.....27. dadite, from benten, see p. 13, 37.....28. Seib, imperat, subject ihr understood, but never expressed in prose..... 29. Der faßt's furz (literally he grasps it short), a popular phrase taken from the handling of tools. Render: he makes short work, or he is to the point....30. befommen, see p. 14, 19....31. um (translate for) ben Arguaer, taken as an abstract noun, see p. 9, 9.....32. That's, see p. 10, 66; es thun is a common phrase meaning to be enough, or sufficient. 33. Amangiaer, m. s., derived from amangia (Gr. 152, Rem.; El. p. 181, N.), i. e. a piece of 20 kreuzers, or one third of an Austrian guilder.... 34. aud, see p. 18, 66. Translate the whole clause: Wouldn't 20 kreuzers do?... 35. des Geldes, gen. gov. by benöthigt, see p. 13, 1.36. ihm der Raiser, etc. see p. 18, 60. ... 37. ließ (see p. 17, 5) sich, dat. sing, referring to Raifer, gov. by heschreiben (see p. 14, 5); Gr. 251, 100: El. p. 123, see p. 10, 32. Translate made him describe.

Page 21. Notes 1-43.

PAGE 21.-/. heißt (from heißen, here neuter v.: Gr. 252 (108): El. p. 123); and mount; about the indicative see Gr. 421, §. 71, 1; El. 122. N.... 2. inringt (see p. 9, 24); fpringen is a popular South German expression for to hurry, or to run. In lively narration the present is in German as in English often substituted for the usual imperf..... 3. her lighe Gatt, see p. 13, 38.... 4. malle (used here analogous to more): the subj. is required by the verb beten (here analogous to bitten); see Gr. 420. b. Compare also p. 14, 37.....5. dod, see p. 11, 57. Render the whole: was praying to God, not to forsake her..... 6. fährt, see p. 20. 20..... 7. verhüllt, here used as a refl. v. (sid)..... 8. also daß, see p. 19, 7....9. man (see p. 15, 20), render here one, because the relative clause (war, etc.) depends upon it.... 10. refit, adv., translate here well. ... 11. criennen, see p. 14, 47.....12. darum, render here for the purpose.....13. aniah, from ansehen, see p. 10, 60.....14, 211 Der franken Frau in ihr Stublein (see p. 10, 84 ; 13, 23), into the sick17. cs ici, see p. 20, 26.....18. Ilmstand, render here condition. or difficulty; in this sense the word is mostly used in the plural; in the sing. it generally means fact 19. wie (for daß) fie-fei, gov. by ersählt; compare p. 14, 37....20. noch-dabei, render moreover.....21. bilegen, here used as a refl. v. (sid).....22. fonne, see 19.....23. here idreiben, see p. 20, 37.....24. fort (gegangen) war, see p. 14, 30..... 25. nicht wenig, see p. 14, 14.....26. der Doktor, see p. 20, 31..... 27. es jei, etc., gov. by entschulbigte sich, which is taken analogous to fagte.....28. einer (viz., Doctor), see p. 14, 44.....29. dagemeien, past part. of dasein, sep. (see p. 9, 11) forms perf. subj. with sei.....30, habe -berordnet, see 23.....31. auf, render for.....32. der Hand, see p. 9, 28.....33. nahm, see p. 10, 62.....34. gewesen, supply sei. auxil. of comp. tenses may be omitted in subordinate sentences. . . . 35. nas für einen, see p. 14, 36 36. mas für Willen, for absence of art. see Gr. 210, IV; El. 99 37. ihr feib-in die Sande gefallen, render literally you have fallen into the hands of. For use of auxil. fein instead of haben see p. 14, 23..... 38. zu erheben may be considered either the fut, part. pass. (with termination h omitted; Gr. 442, S. 94; El. 209); attrib. to Golbstude, or the infin. with zu, gov. by perordnet; the latter construction is the simpler.....39. unten an (compare p. 19.13). render simply underneath.... 40. cine foliate, see p. 19, 20....41. hatt' id-beridreiben fonnen. Notice the infin. of the auxil. of mode is used instead of the past part. (Gr 111, VI; 429, §. 85; El. 135.)... 42. that einen Blid. In popular language the verb thun is often inelegantly used to denote bodily motion or utterance, e. g. einen Educi thun, to cry out ; einen Blid thun, to cast a glance ; einen Sprung thun, to jump, bound.....43. wurde-ausgezahlt, imperf. ind. pass of auszahlen,

Page 21. Notes 44-55. Page 22. Notes 1-17.

sep. comp....44. verschaffen requires the reflex. pron. sich in the dat. Gr. 305, II; El. 157; see p. 10, 63. ...45. in wenigen Zagen; about the inflection see Gr. 156, V, 2; El. 50 (2)....46. der Kaiser die arme, supply hat—Frau geheilt from preceding clause.

Die feltfamen Menichen.

47. trefflich, here adv., translate considerably.....48. umacici i (supply hatte), pluperf. ind. of figh umsehen (see p. 9, 5; p. 11, 111). Gr. 305: El. p. 262. Render to travel. The omission of the auxil, frin and haben in comp. tenses of subord, sentences is quite usual with poets..... 49. Die Freunde, see p. 9, 28.... 50. ichaarenweise; for composition of this adv. see Gr. 320, VII.... 57. is bileat es au aciden'n, such is the custom. In German many verbs besides those indicating natural phenomena are used impersonally. Frequently they are best rendered into English by neuter or passive verbs, especially if followed by a pers. pron. Gr. 312. III: El. 160....52. hick es (render it was said, or people suid). imperf. of heißen; see 1 and notice different signification; the word is often used impersonally like the French on disait, imperf. of on dit..... 53. Has frent (supply es), another impers. v. Gr. 313, N.: El. p. 236. N.... 54, han ganger Seele (see p. 14, 4), translate most sincerely. 55. erafile, imperat., the subject (bu) is simply understood, see p. 20, 28.

PAGE 22.—1. mard, see p. 12, 6..... 2. nicht is, as in English, often used merely for the sake of emphasis in interrogative and exclamatory sentences, e. g. ift bas night ichon! isn't that pretty!.... 3. idicura. from scheinen, see p. 15, 65. . . . 4. his in die späte Racht, until late at night 5. der Mund (see p. 9, 9; supply wird) nicht naß gemacht, not a mouth is moistened, i. e. they do not drink, just so the preceding clause refers to eating..... 6. es founten, etc. Gr. 313, IV; El. 161.... 7. um fie her, see p. 11, 36..... 8. die Donnerfeile (subject) bliken, rather poetical; render: thunder and lightning might rage around them....9. auch, etc.; conj. wenn (auch) omitted; see p. 16, 20..... 17. der himmel, see p. 9, 62..... 12. feinen Einfall drohn (for broben), translate threaten to fall.... 13. blieben, imperf. subj. of bleiben, instead of first condit.: see p. 16, 18..... 14. ungefför(e)t, comp. of negat. prefix un and past part. of stören, see p. 19, 1; render undisturbed.... 15. figen (see p. 15, 16); the infin. is used without su after bleiben. Gr. 427, c.... 16. läst figh—hören, render may be heard. The use of a reflex, form instead of the passive is, as in French, quite frequent, e. g. bas persish sid, that is understood 17. aus ihrem Munde, here sing, because used collec-

Page 22. Notes 18-46. Page 23. Notes 1-10.

tively, render from their mouth.... 18. der refers to Laut, not Munbe..... 19. aufammenhängt, of aufammenhangen, v. n. sep. comp. Gr. 231 (18): El. p. 117; see p. 11, 118.....20. of-idon, conj. divided, see p. 17, 46.... 21, are is often inelegantly used in popular language instead of febr.22. man, see p. 15, 20. Render whole phrase: I was often seen standing beside them in astonishment.....23. Ding, render things: the use of Ding in a collective sense, in the sing., is antiquated.....24. neicht, see p. 15, 35..... 25. hinzugehen (see p. 10, 112; p. 11, 78), to go there.....26. fixen, feten prevents the use of au, see p. 9. 10.....27. Brüder, render here brethren 28. Geberden, f. s., though collective. Gr. 80, 4; El. 190, 4.... 29. mir-aus dem Gemuthe tommen (translate here: I'll never be likely to forget), see p. 9, 21....30. Die refers to Geberben 37. an ihnen, best not translated here 32. dahei (see p. 21, 20), render also or too.....33. Die, see p. 10, 38.....34. Gefichtern, about the plural see Gr. 83, XI; El. 194.... 35. Sie imienen-aleich (see 3), translate they seemed to resemble..... 36. das immor' [Gr. 263 (154); El. p. 127] id euch! interjection; render I assure you! or I vow !....37. An Buth—an Ernst, etc., translate in their rage-in their gravity, etc 38. ben Furien-ben Bollenrichtern. dat. gov. by gleich; see p. 10, 9..... 39. Miffethatern of Miffethater, m. s., MIScreant, criminal, derived from Millethat, f. s., MIScheed, crime, comp. of prefix mig (see p. 19, 10; prolonged in this exceptional instance after the Middle High German miffe and That, f. S. derived from thun).... 40. So, render here or else 41. Der Beifen Stein (see p. 10, 25). the stone of wisdom.... 42. des Rirfels Biered (see p. 10, 25), the quadrature of the circle (a problem of great celebrity in the history of mathematical science).....43. finden, see p. 11, 7.....44. aar, render even 45. permirrt for verrudt, crazy 46. nicht-noch for meder -nodi.

Er ift ba.

Page 23. Notes 11-26. Page 24. Notes 1-10.

77. frish hinaus, an exhortative interjection; translate hurry out into, etc......12. blicke for wirks (or miche) bleiben; see p. 22, 13......13. ba, here used as an adv. of time; render then or now.

Der fleine Borfenhandler.

14. C.s. see p. 22, 6..... 15. traf—an, see p. 14, 22..... 16. aher is in German often idiomatically used for the simple purpose of connecting sentences, and is then without any meaning..... 17. ber-Stadt, apposition to Berlin gov. in the dat. by bei; see 6.....18. bat, see p. 11, 55. ... 19. ihm—abaufaufen, see p. 18, 36.....20. monon (see p. 13, 28) gangen Borrath; render a considerable stock of which, etc. The adj. gang is often idiomatically used to express the idea of considerable quanity.21 bedarf from bebürfen, see p. 17, 10; governs here the gen. (ber Waare), in common conversation frequently the acc.; see p. 10, 90..... 22. ning (see p. 10. 29) meiter, render went on. Although a great many adverbs serve to form sep. compound verbs, it is not always necessary to call a verb compound when, in the course of a sentence, an adv. is found connected with it, since verbs are often connected with various adverbs at a time, every one of which retains its own distinct power....23. begann from beginnen, Gr. 271 (181); El. p. 129. Supply zu sagen, like in English to say.....24. fortsaufend, pres. part. of fort-Lufen, see p. 11, 95. Notice, that the prefix fort has not here its usual meaning of away or off, but denotes along....25, in is frequently used to open phrases of entreaty: translate pray or please.....26. had, see p. 11, 57.

PAGE 24.—/. Die Mamiell (contr. of the French "mademoiselle ;" vulgarly for Fraulein), stands for biefe Mamfell; ba, an adv. of place may in German be immediately connected with a noun; in English it forms a vulgarism, e. g. that 'ere miss....2. her Bater; the substitution of the def. art. for the possess, pron. before nouns denoting near relatives (analogous perhaps to proper or to abstract nouns) is usual among children in Germany..... 3. bei, see p. 14, 51.... 4. geblieben (supply fei to form perf.) from bleiben, here used euphemistically like fallen for to die or fall....5. Geichwifter, only used in plural, has no reference to sex. Translate er have noch, etc., there were still two smaller children (in the family)..... 6. nam, after fragen and similar verbs render for or simply by the acc..... 7. für das Stüd, render a-piece (Gr. 359, §. 1, 1). In German the def. art. is used before nouns denoting measure, weight, etc., when the price is spoken of.... 8. 3chn Thaler, here in the acc compare Gr. 384, 5.... 9 an Werth, render in value.... 10. Sa has a different meaning here than in 9, 52; it implies an objection or hesitation

PAGE 24. NOTES 11-40.

on the part of the speaker; translate but..... 11. beigh from beieben, see p. 9, 5.....12. herausgeben—auf (of money), to change, make change for. 13. meinte, from meinen, frequently used in German for fagen..... 14. nur is often used idiomatically in exhortative and imperative phrases without any distinct meaning; render here: er follte es nur bebalten, he had better keep it..... 15. nam, see 6..... 16. deren, gen, fem. sing, of demonst. pron. ber, Gr. 195; El. 76.... 77. iste-fort, from fortfeben, to continue..... 18. überließ from über-laffen, insep. comp..... 19. Staunen and Entruden, both infin. nouns : see p. 9, 21 20. auten Stunde. The adj. gut in connection with nouns denoting time, measure. weight, etc., means full or a little over: translate here after an hour or 80.....27. trat from treten, Gr. 238, 35 : El. p. 119.....22. ärmlidie for arme or armseliae. The suffix lid (like by in English) joined to adjectives, often serves to modify or weaken, to a certain extent, the original meaning, e. g. gut, good; gütlich, kind; arm, poor; armlich, humble.... 23. deffen (gen. of relat. pron. ber, see p. 9, 16)-damalige. adj. derived from an adv. Gr. 322, X; El. 167....24, maren es qewesen, 3d pers. pl. plupers. ind. of the impers. phrase co iff; construe as follows : es waren gemefen ber-Ronig und-Tochter,-benen (rel. pron.). . . . 25. aefandt hatte, pluperf. of fenden, Gr. 242, 65; El. p. 120.....26. um-au lindern, see p. 17, 11.....27. ihr die Thranen, see p. 9, 28..... 28. nefallenen, see 4 ... 29. lauteten, (from lauten, generally used with reference to testimony, criticism, judgment, etc., and best rendered by to speak (with adv.) or to be (with adj.) an ihrem Lobe, translate were in her favor or to her credit.

Boffnung.

30. Gott, dat. gov. by mohlgefälligen (see p. 19, 11).... 31. bräut, antiquated (poetical) for broht; the conjunction mean aud is omitted; see p. 16, 20.....32. noch so sehr, render ever so much....33. strent er (see 31) umher, from umherstreuen, sep. comp. to scatter. ...34. cs muß—merden, see p. 21, 51....35. brängen (see 31)—Sich, here used as a rest. v., to crowd (v. n.); see p. 13, 17....36. Sonne, Gr. 77, Exc.; El. p. 243, Exc...37. medict (einmal), the pres. is employed instead of fut. near at hand, and when the time is especially indicated by an adverbial expression, or when the certainty of a future event is expressed with emphasis. (Gr. 412, §. 62, Note 4)....38. Blas for blaset, imperat. of blasen; Gr. 230, 13; El. p. 116....39. nur, see 14....40. mir solf (cs) nicht bangen. The verb neuter bangen, to be afraid, admits of different uses. Here it is employed as an impers. v. gov. the dat. (mir); but it is also construed, in the same capacity, with the acc. (mich bangt's); it is

Page 24. Note 41. Page 25. Notes 1-35.

furthermore poetically used as a refl. verb (sid) bangen).....41. Darob, obsolete form for basüber.

PAGE 25 .- 1. über Racht, soo p. 14, 4.... 2. Rommt-gegangen. verbs of motion employed with the verb formmen stand in the past in-the pron, sie poetically omitted....4. wie ihr neichehen; supply subject to and auxil. ift to form perf. The verb (see p. 15, 35) is here used imper. sonally and gov. the dat.; compare p. 24, 40...5. mödite, see p. 11, 90. 6. flicht from flechten. Gr. 258, 113; El. p. 125.... 7. fich in's Sagr. used reflexively..... 9. Brunnlein, dim. of Brunnen, m. s. Nouns ending in en do not often form diminutives; but if they do, they drop that syllable, e. g. Raften, box, dim. Raftden, etc 10. ale maren, conj. wenn omitted..... 11. es, Gr. 181, IV (1); El. 56... 12. Freudenzähren, nom. pl. of Freudengabre, (comp. of Freude, f. s. and Babre, same root as tear). f. s. poetical for Thrane.... 13. menn-aud, conj. usually divided.14. dir bangt und graut, (supply subject e8), see p. 24, 40.....15. MIS jei, see 10..... 16. Rur, see p. 24, 14..... 17. unheragat, here adv.18. auf. render here in.....19. pertraut, the past part. accompanied by a negation is, in German, frequently used instead of the imperat. (Gr. 438, §. 92).

Gefunden.

20. so für mich hin, literally so for myself along; the word so is strikingly expressive of perfect unconcern; translate the whole "I sauntered through the forest alone by myself."...21. zu suchen, gov. by Sinn which means here aim, object, purpose....22. sal suchen, see p. 22, 26....23. Menglein, dim. of Auge, n. s....24. brechen, see p. 14, 23, translate to pluck....25. sein, here adv., means in a thin, whispering voice....26. zum Bellen for um zu welfen, see p. 11, 115....27. gebrochen (see 24) sein (instead of werden), see p. 15, 46....28. grub—nuß, imperf. of außgraben, see p. 15, 50....29. allen den. Notice def. art. Gr. 155, II; El. 47....30. Würzlein, dim. of Wurzel, rarely used; frequently chen is used....31. trug, conjugated like graden, see 28...32. am hübschen Haus, render NEAR the pretty house....35. so, see 20.

Memento Mori.

34. MEMENTO MORI (lat.) Remember Death 1.... 35. hcs. The def. art. usually omitted before names of places (see p. 15, 19) is here

PAGE 25. NOTES 36, 37. PAGE 26. NOTES 1-28.

demanded by the principal clause attrib. to Frusalems. Regarding the construction of the sentence see p. 16, 59.....36. genommen, past part. (see 35) of nehmen, see p. 10, 62.....37. Tapfer, etc.; supply &r war; ellipses like this are only excusable in animated and poetical style.

Alexander's Bermächtniß.

14. starb from sterben, see p. 16, 36...../5. die Gand ihm, see p. 9, 21 and 28...../6. ließ (for ließe, imperf. subj.) hangen, (see p. 22, 19); notice poetical inversion...../7. prangen, infin. for pres. part. see p. 22, 26...../8. möchten, for subj. see p. 10, 31; for peculiar signification of the verb here see Gr. 404, §. 55, 1, 2; El. 182...../9. Gänden leer, the latter is adj. attrib. to the former; both the transposition and the omission of declension are poetical licenses; compare p. 23, 6..... 20. sei auxil. to gegangen, from gehen, to form perfect.....2/. see allegemeinen Begg. a peculiar form of gen. absolute idiomatically used after certain verbs, where in English we employ the nom. or objective with or without prep. (Gr. 376, §. 17).....22. habe (subj. pres.) auxil. to gebracht to form perf. The inversion here and in 20 is only admissible in poetry.

Das Bachlein.

23. finn' from finnen (comp. p. 25, 21). Gr. 271 (187); El. p. 129....

24. Bo—her? Bo—him? Here is a striking illustration of the original meaning and power of these peculiar particles; compare p. 11. 78 and 36 and translate Whence—Whither.....25. Felicus School (for School); see p. 10, 25.....26. über Blum' und Mool, see p. 14, 4.....

27. Spiegel, m. s., when speaking of water, means the smooth, mirror-like surface,28, freundlich, see p. 12. 16.

PAGE 27. NOTES 1-39.

Erzählung aus bem Morgenlande.

6. Der Türfei; about the art, see Gr. 72, IX, II; El. 17 (II).... 7. trieh -ah from abtreiben, sep. comp. irr., see p. 14, 7, pan fich need not be translated, being expressed by ab..... 8. marf (from werfen, Gr. 240, 57; El. p. 120) ihn mit einem Steine, render threw a stone at him.... 9. perdroß es, imperf. indic. of verbriegen, Gr. 261 (141); El. p. 126, here used impersonally; gov. the acc. (Alle).... 10. errathen. Gr. 231, 20; El. p. 117..... 17. aufhob from aufheben, Gr. 258, 114; El. p. 125..... 12. ohne—in fagen, in is used before the infin. after the prepositions ohne, fatt and anfatt. (Gr. 427, §. 81, c.).... 13. die Taiche, see p. 9. 28.....74. Daran, rendered of it, but best omitted here altogether..... 15. ihn, viz. ben Stein.... 16. bon nun an, see p. 19, 13. ... 17. fo means here in his pocket: translate the clause: that he would constantly carry it about.....18. Rain Jahr und Zag (see p. 14, 4) render many years after this..... 19. ichlechten Streich, literally a bad trick, here used euphuistically for crime 20. perluftig, gov. gen. (Vermögene); see p. 13, 1.....27. nach dortiger Sitte, render according to the customs of that country....22. sur Shan und Shande, a proverbial alliteration. translate as an ignominious example.....23. reiten (see p. 14. 52), gov. by muste.....24. fehite es nidit, here used impersonally with the prep. an. Translate there was no lack of 25. Ruffiguern, derived from auschauen (see p. 9, 19), comp. of au (on or at) and schouen. Render spectators or lookers-on.....26. fant-eben-da, translated happened to stand near.....27. erfannte, see Gr. 242 (62); El. p. 120....28. fuhr, see p. 20, 20. The verb fahren in German has a very wide use, being employed to denote all kinds of quick and sudden movements, even metaphorically.....29. griff from greifen, see p. 9, 10.....30. hab from beben, see 11.....31. inan (see p. 10, 95) here best rendered by actually..... 32. um - ju werfen, see p. 11, 115.....33. wie-gewarnt, translate warned, as it were.....34. es fann-anders werden, render things may change.....35. Mer-ber, see p. 13, 40.....36. dir, dat. gov. by nühen, see p. 11, 70..... 37. nichts for nicht, see p. 14, 40. ... 38. dir ihaden, see p. 11, 70.....39. nachtragen (with the object of the pers. in the dat. and the obj. of the thing in the acc.), literally to carry something after somebody; metaphorically to foster a grudge against....

P. 27. Not. 40-44. P. 28. Not. 1-24. P. 29. Not. 1-10.

40. den seinen (viz. Stein) absol. possess. pron.; see p. 15, 1....41. auszuüben, infin. with zu, required by the thöricht and gesährlich. Gr. 427, §. 81, b....42. so lange, conj., render while or as long as....43. was
translate here when or that....44. märe es, imperf. subj. instead on
first condit. (mürde es sein); see p. 16, 18.

Gieb bich zufrieden.

PAGE 28 .- 1. Gieb bich zufrieden. Render: Be contented or Yield contentedly. The verb geben when used as a reflex, means to deport or behave one's self, etc 2. incint, has a different meaning here than in 15. 65; an deiner Wonne, render for thy pleasure.... 3. boll Lichtes, see p. 17, 1.... 4. Troft, poetical for Trofted 5. fein, poetical for icinen 6. Much, render here even 7. Arrug, n. s. (literally cross). used metaphorically for affliction 8. menden, Gr. 243, 66; El. p. 120.9. in Sanden, see p. 14, 4.... 10. ernehn, pres. subj. of ersachen, see p. 10, 29; the impers. phrase es eracht (with the dat.) has the same meaning as ed geht; see p. 16, 5; render wie, etc., whatever may be thy lot.17. nicht verborgen (past part. of ver-bergen, p. 19, 1), compare p. 14. 14.....12. aus der Sohe, render from above; probably metaphorically used here and best rendered "In his majesty." 13. jählt den Lauf der-Thränen, a rather poetical expression for jählt bie laufenden Thränen. 14. faßt zu Sauf' (for Saufen), literally takes in a heap or together, i. e. easily comprehends; the phrase is obsolete..... 15. all unjer, see p. 13, 36..... 16. Wenn gar, etc., supply ift 17. auf Erden (antiquated dat. sing. of Erbe), upon earth; see p. 14, 4; Gr. 58*; El. p. 171 13).....18. dariff (from burfen, see p. 17, 10) trauen (gov. dat. Treue), poetical inversion; compare p. 9, 18.... 19. ichauen (or seben) zu-, i. e. to attend to, care for, look after.....20. dir's (es refers to Leid and Gramen) ju (gov. by Beit, see p. 16, 9) benehmen (less usual form for abnchmen); translate to rid thee of it or to free thee from it 21. Seelen, antiquated gen. sing. of Seele; compare a similar dat. in 17....22. darfft crauflen, see 9, 27.....23. maaft, see p. 26, 18.....24. fühnlich, biblical form of the adv. for fubn.

Page 29. Notes 11-26. Page 30. Notes 1-12.

Gottesbienft.

77. Willst, conj. wenn omitted; see p. 16, 20.... 12. dem Söchsten. superl. of hom, see p. 9, 59; usual appellation of God.... 13. gerne (coni. in omitted), see p. 9, 8..... 14. Sit ber, etc., see 11. Render the phrase. if thou art in the spirit 15. Voller Gifer, voller Alammen. The word poller, as used here, presents one of the most peculiar German idioms, hardly excusable even in older poetry, and is only to be tolerated in careless conversation. It is simply a corruption of well (with the gen. or non following), introduced, no doubt, by a certain euphonistic tendency in rapid speaking. In many instances (when a fem. gen. sing. or a gen, plur, follows) it may be mistaken for a genitive absolute (see p. 26, 21), e. g. er fam poller Freude, he came in full glee, but has really nothing to do with it. It has simply to be taken for what it is, viz., an inelegant idiom, which it is best not to use. The case of the nouns following poller depends entirely on the interpretation given to poller: if the latter stands simply instead of voll, it is, of course, the gen.; if for well wen, the dat. The word is here adj. attrib. to Geist: translate full of zeal, full of ardor (or flames).....16. that-fund from fundthun, sep. comp. irr..... 17. 3ff dein, etc., see 11..... 18. wie fich's gebühret. Es achührt sich is an impers. reflex. phrase synonymous to es schict sich; see p. 27, 9, ... 19. ausaezieret, past part. of auszieren, to decorate, to fit out....20. bringt-herfür (obsolete form for hervor), of Ber-vor-bringen, to bring forth, produce.....21. We used here for wofern or wenn; render if.....22. nom (von bem); prep. gov. by rein und sauber; render from.23. iff in finden, is to be found: notice the German use of the infin. active, where in English the passive is used. (Gr. 428, §. 84.....24. Sucht (fich [dat.])-aus, from aussuchen, sep. comp.; see p. 10, 63..... 25. Rannst du, etc., see 11.....26. dir allein, render by thyself alone.

Der gerettete Jüngling.

Page 30.—1. finden, supply zu; see p. 14, 25....2. Sie, i. e. Menschensele....3. erhalten, see 1....4. ichwerste, supply Gewinn ist...5. verloren (of verlieren, Gr. 261, 142; El. p. 126) war, see p. 15, 46. Render Sie, die schon verloren war, etc., one that had been lost, etc....6. Sanst (from Lat. sanctus), abbrev. St., i. e. saint....7. dem öden Pathmos, the des. art. is used before the names of a country or a person, when connected with an attributive adjective, see Gr. 361 (f)....8. gewesen, supply war; see p. 21, 48....9. bewahren, pres. subj. gov. by des.....10. von Gesicht ihm (see p. 9, 28), render in his face.....11. Stehst Du, the ind is sometimes employed instead of the imperat. to express a decided command. Gr. 423, §. 78, 2.....12. hierüber (see p.

PAGE 30. NOTES 13-31. PAGE 31. NOTES 1-24.

14, 45) scuge, render witness of this be..... 13. nor Christo, see Gr. 68. V. Exc.; El. 15, N.... 14. Gemeine, for Gemeinbe 15. untermich, of unterweisen, insep. comp. conjug. like unterscheiben, p. 14, 56.... 16. jah-hlühn, see p. 9. 5. The expression blühn after Früchte is rather nath, from nadlaffen, sep. comp. irr. pon, to relax in, to abstain from, to discontinue.....19. mar ein Net dem Aungling (about the dat, see p. 10, 50), translate was (or became) the youth's ruin....20. Unacledt. from anleden (less usual form for beleden), attrib, to er 21, non, when with the pass, voice, always render by. Gr. 352, II (1).....22. Mark. see p 12, 6, here used as an independ, verb (Gr. 104 *).....23, foffetc. here v. a. gov. the acc. (den Reiz, -Reiz).....24. and, from gieben, see p. 16, 31.....25, cin Saunt, etc., apposition to er.....26. Die erfte Frag', etc. The usual inversion (see p. 10, 60) is here poetically omitted for the sake of emphasis laid on the above words.....27. an. render to.....28. ihren, refers to Gegenb 29. geftorben, from sterben, see p. 16, 36.....30. folug-nieder, imperf. of niederschlagen, sep. comp. irr.; see p. 15, 50.....37. (Batt (dat. instead of für Gott) abae: ftorben, from absterben, sep. comp. irr. (see 29).

PAGE 31 .- 1. 3ft, supply Er 2. mit Thranen fag' ich es; for inversion see p. 13, 8..... Diefer Aunglings Seele, etc., for inversion see p. 17, 24.... 4 Foor' (of fobern), antiquated for forbern; for use of pres. tense see p. 24, 37.....5. nahend: this verb, analogous to fid nübern, gov. the dat. (bem Balbe); see p. 14, 5..... 6. crariffen, past part. of ergreifen (forms imperf. pass, with word), see p. 9, 10..... 7. molit' er: for inversion see 3; wellen is here an independ. verb....8. führet, imperat.; subject the omitted.....9. For the trat (see p. 24, 21) er: for inversion see 2.... 10. mandte (see p. 28, 8) fig, here used as a reflex. verb. Render turned away..... 11. nicht; about its position see p. 10, 69..../2. ertragen, see p. 9, 36; p. 25, 31..../3. Sliebe, imperat... see p. 16, 30; here used as an active verb (ben-Bater).....14. master-Injen (defenceless), see p. 15, 14.... 15. Ginen Greis, apposition to Bater. 16. gelobet (past part. of acloben, not of loben, which would take the same form). Meinen herrn, poetical inversion 17. animorten für is used in the same sense as siehen für (p. 30, 11); translate literally.18. Gern ach' ich-hin (for inversion see p. 13, 8), from hingchen, to sacrifice; about hin, see p. 11, 78.... 19. Willst bu cf. see p. 29, 11. 20. nur dich fortan verlaffen fann ich nicht, poetical inversion, used to lay stress on verlaffen, which nur also serves to strengthen. Render I can do for you all but leave you.....21. pertrauct, see p. 28 18.....22. Did, supply ich habe 23. Gott, dat. gov. by verpfändet.24. verpfändet, past part. (forms perf. with habe omitted) of her:

PAGE 31. NOTES 25-41. PAGE 32. NOTES 1-22.

pfänden, insep. comp. derived of Pfand, n. s., pledge, security. Render I have pledged God my soul for thee 25. inlang, from Mingen, Gr. 269 (169): El. p. 129 26. bededete, antiquated for bebedte 27. Auf die (see p. 9, 21) Pnice fant Johannes nieder (from niederfinten, sep. comp. irr., see p. 9, 33); for inversion see p. 18, 47....28. nahm, see p. 10, 62.... 29. neu (for auf's neue) neichenl(e)t, attrib. to ihn; render took the reclaimed one from, etc....30. Sahre (render FOR years), poetical for jahrelang.... 37. unzertrenn(e)t, see p. 19, 1.... 32. mit einander (see p. 10, 6), translate together 33. Gok fich, from gießen (usually ergießen). Gr. 260 (122); El. p. 126; for use of the reflex, form see p. 22, 16.... 34. Johannes, gen. gov. by Secle; the omission of the def. art. is a poetical license. Gr. 68, V; El. 15 (IV).....35. Saat. 2d pers. pl. imperat.....36. mas-mas: the first is interrog. pron. the second relat. pron....37. erfannt', see p. 14, 47.....38. festhielt, from festhalten, render literally.....39. cf (acc.) refers to berg. Compare p. 19. 23....40. wiederfand, from wieder-finden, see p. 11, 7....41. Santt= Rohannes Glaube has to be taken for one compound noun, although standing as if disconnected; render faith like St. John's.

Das Amen ber Steine.

PAGE 32.-/. Das Amen. Amen: for gender see Gr. 80. VII. 1 and 3; El. 190, 1 and 3 (for use of the art. see Gr. 5, p. 360, sq.).....2. blind, attrib. to Beba; conj. obgleich, although, omitted 3. fuhrfort, from fortfahren, see p. 15, 77..... 2. Bu predigen, etc.; the inversion is a poetical license.... 5. Die Botichaft, taken in an abstract sense, means here the Gospel.... 6. das Wort (compare 5), i. e. God's word. 7. Jünglingsfeuer, render youthful enthusiasm 8. ihn fein Anabe, for inversion see p. 18, 60....9. überjä't, of überjäen, Gr. 291; El. 150; render strewn (with).... 10. viele Meniden, render many people, see p. 20, 8.....11. find perfammelt hier: compare p. 15, 46; the adv. is poetically placed after the verb.... 12. auf, render for; see p. 21, 31......13. erhob sid, from sid er-heben, see p. 27, 11.....14. alsobald for alsobald, immediately..... 15. wandt'-an, from answenden, see p. 10, 101..../6. milbiglide, a rather poetical form for milb, very rarely used, stands here adverbially..... 17. niederflossen, of niederfliegen, sep. comp. irr., like schiegen, p. 14, 57.... 18. bejaliegend, see 17; pres. part. attrib. to er 19. das Vaterunfer (so called from its first words), the Lord's Prayer.... 20. wie sidi's aeziemt, see p. 29, 18. 21. gebetet und gesprochen (see p. 9, 30), supply auxil. hatte, to form pluperf 22. Dein, absol. possess. pron. abbrev. from bas Deine or Deinige; the repetition of Dein and the expression "bis in die Ewigkeiten" instead of in Emigleit are poetical deviations from the usual wording of

PAGE 32. NOTES 23-40. PAGE 33. NOTES 1-27.

the Lord's Prayer.....23. Da (correlat. to Als, when, four lines above). render then....24, riefen, see p. 9, 25.....25. with for vice, compare p. 23, 10 (Gr. 156, †) 26. cristrad, from er-schreden (v. n.), see p. 19, 1.27. fniet'-nieder, from niederfnieen 28. dem Seiligen, render to the holy man or saint.....29. denn. comp. p. 18.66....30. neleier. of Icien, Gr. 238 (32); El. p. 119. ... 31. Meniden, render here men; compare 10....32. jourcinen, see p. 11, 22....33. merden-jourcin (for foreien), 3d pers. pl. fut. ind. act. of foreien, conjugated like foreigen, see 32.34. Night for emphasis' sake precedes the verb to which it belongs: compare p. 10, 69 ... 35. mit, omit in translation, this prep. required by spotten..... 36. Lebendia iff es, emphatical inversion.... 37. schneidet, like leiben, p. 18, 7....38. icharf mie fein-, sharp as no-, i. e. sharper than any-...39. smeischneidig(e8), see p. 12, 16, double-edged....40. und follte gleich (see p. 17, 46) fich ibm gum Erot verfteinen (poetical for persteiners, here used as a reflex, v. About the peculiar signification of folien see Gr. 407, N. 1). Render the whole: And though man's heart should petrify in spite of it (viz., God's word ; ihm refers to Gottes Bott, third line above; the dat. is gov. by the adverb. phrase jum Trop), compare Gr. 383, 8.

Der Ruhetag.

PAGE 33 .- 1. bedurfte, from bebürfen (see p. 23, 21)..... 2. der Emige, the eternal one, an appellation of God 3. Want die Feier. ctc.; supply ift.... 4. sur Rudit, render as a discipline.... 5. achoten. past part. of achieten, see p. 18, 52, forms imperf. ind. pass. with mark, see p. 12, 6..... 6. der eine Zag. Notice def. art. Gr. 147, HI; El. 32. 7. Jeden, supply Lag.... 8. gurudgefehrt maren, etc., inversion due to elevated style....9. Namene, an idiomatic gen. with def. art. omitted; render named, or by the name of 10. Repit, Levite, descendant of Levi, Jacob's son..... 11. weijer Mann. supply cin..... 12. fammi (prep. gov. dat.; Gr. 347, II; El. p. 263) Beib und Rindern. see p. 16, 35 and 37...../3. des herry, usual appellation of God; render literally of the Lord.....14. trat, from treten, see p. 24, 21; render trat an ibm, approached him...... 15. in Geffalt (see p. 14, 4), render disguised as.....16. ziehet (see p. 23, 4) hin, render migrate......17. auf das for auf das, conj. synonym of damit..... 18. rathest (subj. gov. by auf bag, see p. 10, 31), see p. 27, 10; governs dat.; see p. 9, 53.....19. heliest (see 18), see p. 9, 30; governs infin. (cinridten) without au; see p. 9, 10.....20. einrichten, render to set right, organize.....21. wolle, polite form of request, see p. 9, 2.....22. gnaniglia, see p. 32, 16.23. und bin, supply id..... 24. fundig, see p. 27, 20..... 25. lerne (see p. 9, 8) -bertrauen, see p. 28, 18..... 26. 10g-aus, from audieben (here v. n.), see p. 16, 31; render started, or set out.....27.

Page 33. Notes 28-50. Page 34. Notes 1-18.

in der Krühe (f. s.) des Morgens, translate early in the morning..... 28. Was wird das werden, render How will this end?....29. gegen Whenh (poetical for West), translate Westward....30. acmandelt, supply maren, to form pluperf., and notice, that maren serves as an auxil. (here) and as an independ, verb (with febr mube) at the same time..... 27. fight, here simply interject, to enlive narration; translate lo / or behold ! 32. hier raftet! comp. p. 32, 11 33. unferes Weaes. see p. 26, 21....34, trat-herry, render approached....35, beides, num. adi, used as a noun (ought to have capital initial) and neuter because collectively referring to both nouns following....36. sees Barasanacu (acc., see p. 24, 8) writ, render as far as, or for (the distance of) six parasangs....37. in Frieden, see p. 14, 4....38. io, for welche, obsolete form of relat. pron. (biblical style; Gr. 347, §. 44, N.)....39. ertrugen, from er-tragen, see p. 25, 31.....40. aedachten, see p. 14. 15; one of the verbs gov. gen., see p. 23, 21.....41. io, see 38.....42. embfangen, see p. 17, 20....43. surudgelegt, supply hatten....44. erhob sid, see p. 32, 13..... 45. fanden, see p. 11, 7..... 46. der, demonstr. pron....47. jo, see 38....48. gridah es, see p. 15, 35.49. immer fort, for immerfort.... 50. foldic, antiquated for the demonstr. pron. biefe or biefelben.

PAGE 34.—1. gelangte, etc. Notice, that, in spite of two subjects, the verb stands in the sing., indicating that Boni is considered the exclusive subject, and his servants and household only part of himself.... 2. refaunte, see p. 27, 27..... 3. jorgi:, render saw to it..... 4. geheiligh, translate simply kept or observed.... 5. wifte means here demoralized or wicked; the application of this adj. to persons is unusual in prose. Arummader, in imitation of Luther's style (Bible translation), has used many words in his "Parabelu," which in every-day prose would be inelegant.... 6. Pilgrimiffaft, render pilgrimage.... 7. stehet—ihm offen, render verbally opens to him.... 8. des Gezeltes, gen. gov. by acht; see p. 33, 40.... 9. verliert fith, reslex. for passive, translate is lost.

Die vier Wege.

10. Täßt-führen, see p. 17, 5..../1. Mewland, proper name; hence the def. art..../2. ihn ju fragen, supply um before ihn; see p. 11, 115..../3. rühmst dich, is an intrans. rest. v. governing the gen. following (Gr. 376).../4. sandrer, poetical for besonderer; render singular or particular..../5. ja, see p. 9, 52..../6. So sollst du. etc. The construction of this clause implies, that the one preceding ought to have been introduced by the conj. ba, since; on so compare p. 15, 7...../7. Untwort sagen, poetical for animorten..../8. Zu stands here for in

Page 34. Notes 19-35. Page 35. Notes 1-8.

with the acc.: render into.... 19. theilt Side, see 9..... 20. Mujelmanen, poetical for Muselmanner 21. fage nun mir, poetical for fage mir nun 22. Mer-danan for Wer von benfelben or von ihnen; translate Which of them (i. e. these four sects)....23. geht—auf rechten Bahnen, liter, walks in right paths, i. e. simply is right 24. Auf welchen (interrog. pron.), render By which.....25. mag here indicates chance or possibility; see p. 26, 18.....26. Der Staub, taken in its biblical sense here, denotes mortals or mankind 27. Nun lak Gewikheit mich (poetical for mich Gemigheit) empfangen, render Now let me know the truth.....28. Der Memlana, erft, etc. This isolated position of the subject and its consequent repetition by the pers. pron. er imparts to the diction a certain poetical pathos (hardly admissible in prose; this idiom, however, is quite different from that on p. 19, 23.....29. jakiid-um, from sich umsehen, sep. comp. irr. refl. see p. 10, 60; 11, 92; 11, 111: to look around. In prose fix ought to follow cr....30. fix-ber= nciaend, v. refl.; the participle is attrib. to er 37. Bom Thron, instead of the simple gen., which use in English; this form is chosen because another gen. follows.....32. Mich ichirme, etc., object preceding for emphasis' sake: about the meaning of the subi. see p. 19, 29.33. So here points to the following verse; render thus. It may, however, also be explained as corresponding to an imaginary menn in the preceding clause 34. foll dir meine Antwort merden, render simply shall be (or is) my answer. The verb merben (indep. gov. dat.) is sometimes elliptically used instead of the complete phrase au Theil werben, and may then be translated by to receive, the object in the dat becoming the subject in the nom.; e. g. ibm wurde die Antwort, he received the answer; mir ward die Runde, I received the news, etc. This idiom, however, is becoming obsolete.....35. Ru dem geöffnet find vier Thuren, render into which lead four doors.

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132, †; El. p. 90....9. ich bin gefommen, poetically inverted from ich gefommen bin (auxil. gov. at the end by relat. pron.)

Die Grenabiere.

10. Mach, see p. 15, 48..... 11. apaen, see p. 33, 16.... 12. Die maren -acianaen, see p. 15, 46 and translate who had been captives: the imperf. (waren) is here poetically used for the pluperf. proper (gemesen ma-contr. from in das: about def. art. see p. 9, 9.....14. Sie ließen (poet. for liegen sie) hangen, see p. 26, 16..... 15. sie Beide, the second word being used here as a noun must be considered as in apposition to the former..... 16. verloren gegangen (supply sei or ware) perf. (or pluperf.) subj. of verforen genen, an idiomatic phrase closely corresponding to the tabiere Geer: supply bag before the clause and the same auxil as in 16 at its end; the inversion is poetical..... 18. Wohl (see p. 11, 124) can hardly be rendered here.... 19. ab, obsolete instead of wegen, prep. gov. gen.; render on account of or because of 20. Wie weh wird mir, impers. reflex. phrase; Gr. 311, N. 2; El. 158, N..... 21. Der Andre for Der Zweite. G. 151, XI; El. 42.... 22. Das Lied ift aus, the song is finished; a somewhat cynical expression, cutting through the deep melancholy of the subject, and peculiarly characteristic of Heine. About the adv. aus in its signification of finished or over, compare p. 14, 30.....23. midt' here expresses a wish : see p. 11, 90.....24. Mrife und Rind, see p. 33, 12.....25. 14 Saus render at home (Gr. 464, 17).26. verderben, here v. n., render perish.....27. Was icheert mich, what do I care for; a vulgar phrase (see 22), which has no connection with the verb ideeren, to shear, but is probably distantly related to the English to scare.... 28. trage: this verb is frequently used for haben, to denote feeling.....29. mrit, adv., is often substituted for high, especially before comparatives of adj. and adv.....30. betteln gehn, render go begging; see p. 14, 25....31. So, render here then....32. nimmmit, from mit-nehmen....33. nach, see 10....34. Bearah', see p. 25, 28,

PAGE 36.—1. Das Chrentreus, etc.; object preceding for sake of emphasis....2. auf's Gers mir, see p. 9, 21....3. Die Flinte, see 1....4. gieß, see p. 11, 12....5. mir in die Gand, see 2.....6. gürt'—um, from umgürten....7. So, see p. 34, 33....8. ih höre, render 1 shall hear; see p. 24, 37....9. Kanonengebrüll, roaring of cannon,.... 10. reitet, see p. 14, 52....11. wohl (see p. 11, 124), render here per

PAGE 36. NOTES 12-48. PAGE 37. NOTES 1-8.

haps.....12. Birl, see p. 32, 25.....13. bligen, translate here sparkle.14. strig'—herbor, from herborsteigen, sep. comp. irr., see p. 15, 6; p. 11, 46....15. aus render here from or out of (Gr. 468, 3).....16. zu schüßen, supply um before Den Kaiser.

Die Reujahrsnacht eines Unglüdlichen.

17. in der Neujahrsnacht am Fenster; for position of adverbs see Gr. 445, 1 and 2.... 18. imaute—auf from auffchauen, compare, however, p. 23, 22.... 19. mit dem Blide einer- render with A glance of 20. emia blühenden himmel, see p. 9, 48, herab (instead of hinab) conveys the idea that he imagines himself to be on the earth, over which his thoughts are hovering, and thus looks down upon himself, as it were.21. morauf, see p. 12, 33.....22. freuden: und ichlasios for freubenied und fallafles, see p. 15, 14.....23. als (stands for mic) correl. to so; render so—as.....24. stand, it can hardly be said of a grave that it stands, render therefore mas or better still he stood, etc.....25, nahe bei, translate near by 26. blog, inelegant for nur..... 27. hom Somet, render by the snow. The prep. von is gov. by war-verbedt; see p. 15, 46....28. bradite—mit, render here had gained....29. aus, translate from or in....30. die Bruft, see p. 9, 21....31. hall Gift, see p. 17, 1 and p. 29, 15.... 32. Seine-Jugendtage, render the-days of his youth....33. mandten fich-um from sich umwenden, refl. sep. comp. irr., see p. 31, 10; render returned.....34. als render here as.35. jogen ihn-hin, from hinziehen (see p. 33, 16); render dragged him back....36. por, render here before the face of37. mo, render when; adverbs of time and of place are sometimes indiscriminately used in German....38. ihn fein Bater, see p. 18, 60....39. der-bringt, render that-leads....40, holl Light und Ernten, see 31.... 41, hinghsight, here v. a., though without object; render loses itself or leads away (into)....42. boll heruntertropfenden Giftes (gen.; see 31), render dripping with poison.... 43. hingen, see p. 22, 19.... 44. auf, render on.45. rief—hinauf from hinaufrusen (see p. 23, 22), see p. 9, 25 ...46. Gieb mir die Jugend wieder, render Restore me to youth ... 47. fielle mid, etc.; the position of the adv. wither in this clause is unusual..... 48. anders, render a different course.

PAGE 37.—1. längst, see p. 16, 36....2. dahin, see p. 20, 6; compare also p. 14, 30....3. auf, render over....4. tanzen, gov. by sah, see p. 22, 26....5. auf, render here in....6. aussöschen (see 4), less usual form for erlöschen, v. n. to die, disappear....7. Es sind (see p. 16, 32), render they are or those are.....8 Er sah einen Stern vom Himmerstillsschen und—schimmern, render He saw a shooting-star, glittering,

PAGE 37. NOTES 9-46. PAGE 38. NOTES 1, 2.

etc....9. aerrinnen, see Gr. 271 (185); El. p. 129....10. Das hin im. render That is I, or myself. Gr. 181, IV; El. 56.... 17. gruben-meiter (see p. 23, 22), see p. 25, 28; render dug deeper..... 12. Darin in hen Munden, a pleonasm; render into the wounds,.... 13. hab-aut, see p. 27, 11....14. sum Reridlagen, render ready to crush....15. surifgehliebene from gurudbleiben, render left behind. ... 16. Barne, translate mask; for construction of this clause, see p. 16, 56..... 17. nahm-an from annehmen, to assume..... 18. Mitten in, render in the midst of..... 19. fink-hernieder from berniederfließen, see p. 32, 17, and compare p. 23, 22.....20. die Mufif für das Neujahr, translate the strains of a New Year's chorus. It is customary in Germany to celebrate the arrival of Festival Days with music from the church spires.....21. Er murbe fanfter (adv. comparat.) hemcat, render his emotions softened. ... 22. Er imaute um den Horizont herum, translate he glanced all along the horizon 23. an feine Jugendfreunde, render of the companions of his youth.....24. gludlicher und beffer, attrib. to bie; the absence of declension is to be explained by the omission of the pres. part. of fein (seiend, being).....25. Denn (for all after comparatives) than.....26. Lehrer der Erde, render instructors of the people 27. die erste Nacht. the first night, viz. of the new year..... 28. mit tradenca Augen. i. o. without tears.....29. wenn ich gewollt (independ. v.) hätte, render if 1 had been willing....30. fam es ihm bor, an impersonal phrase; Gr. 313 : El. 160 37. als richte fich-auf for als wenn-fich aufrichte, as if. etc 32. endlich murde fie (i. e. the mummy)-zu einem-Rünglinge, render finally changed into a-youth.....33. durch den Aberglauben. treffier-erhlight, render ruled by a superstition that looks for visions of the Future, etc....34. nicht mehr, no longer.....35. ichen, render here endure the sight.....36. taniend, see p. 12, 28.....37. cr seuiste (from feufien, to sigh) nur not, render he could only sigh. . . . 38. Ramme mieder, imperat. of wiederfommen to return 39. fic, viz. seine Jugend.40. waren fein Traum acweien, render had not been a dream.... 41. noch inna (see 24), render still but a youth.....42. in-umfehren render turn away FROM. .. 43. fit auf die Sonnenbahn gurudbegeben render re-enter the sunny path. ... 44. wenn du auf feinem Brrmege flehft, translate if thou hast followed his evil ways. . . . 45. wird-werden. fut, of werben, here v. independ.; render will be 46. rufen murbeft -mürde-miederfommen, see p. 17, 27.

Morgenlied.

PAGE 38.—1. Inf' here in its original meaning, Let....2. Der bu gewacht, supply Du before ber and hast at the end. In German when a personal pronoun of the 1st or 3d person is followed by the relat, pron.

Page 38. Notes 3-35.

ber, bic, bad, the personal pronoun is repeated (Gr. 392, §. 31); hence the presence of bu after ber; render Thou who 3. ch' id gemant, supply habe 4. moge (subj. gov. by bag) ftoren, poetical for ftoren moge, ben Anfana and heute belong together, and form one idea, viz. the beginning of this day....5. quaedacht (supply hast to form perf.) from qubensen; render the whole which thou hast destined for me to-day 6. Wemden, see p. 13, 40..... 7. das beste Theil: notice the neuter gender and consequent peculiar meaning of the noun.... 8. beidieden (supply haft) from bescheiben, synonymous with zubenten, see 5 9. meden auf from aufweden..... 10. Odem, poetical for Athem 11. Guß ift's, see p. 16. 32.... 12. ermachen, gov. by Süß; the omission of zu is a poetical license. mit dir render within thee.....13. umjangen (past part. of umfangen, insep. comp. irr.; for absence of particle as sec p. 10, 32) jein (see 12), see p. 15, 46.....74. Die rechte Rraft (for def. art. see p. 9, 9) Dem Schwachen: notice the poetical inversion of the two objects; see p. 17, 18..... 15. flogt-zin (supply bas) from einflößen, to impart, inspire with 16. Freudigfeit jum Leben, render vital energy or spirits 17. Da, for bann, render then; see p. 36, 37..... 18. acht-perioren, see p. 35, 16.... 19. rannt (conj. like rennen, p. 14, 47)—nach, render is bent upon, inclines to....20. Wie bei dem, etc., render As in a or as that (viz. soul) of 21. Dem Thoren, mark the gender, Gr. 83; El. p. 249.22. critand, from critchen, to arise, generally used only in connection with death (to resurrect) and the sick-bed; here poetically for suffichen.23. Wer-ber, see 6.....24. mit voller Liebe, mark difference between weller here (dat. sing. fem. gov. by mit) and p. 29, 15.....25. hinaüler from hingeben, here used reflex. (fich); for meaning of subj. see p. 16. 18. Render the whole He who would only devotedly and early yield to the influence of thy grace.....26. hatt' (for wurde haben, see 25) an-aenug, render would have enough 27. Auf feinen gangen Tag, render For the whole day (Gr. 453, II, 7) ... 28. fehlte for murbe fehlen (see 25), gov. dat.; compare p. 16, 15.... 29. veriditande (see 25) from verschwinden, see p. 17, 45.....30. des Morgens—des Abends must not be mistaken for absol. gen. here, being simply gov. by the nouns Blittle and Frucht respectively 37. Ram' (see 25), subj. imperf. of fommen, see p. 10, 35.....32. Tag für Tag, render day After day. Gr. 455, VI, 3.... 33. gebunden (of binden, like schwinden, see 29), attrib. to Garbe: for absence of declension see p. 37, 24.... 34. guige Triff from aufftellen, to place, arrange, see 33. The first four lines of this verse are an elliptical apostrophe of human life, which is compared to a sacrificial sheaf, the ears representing days. ... 35. in joichem Glanz her Ehren, render shining with honors. Here is a pretty bon mot (most probably intentional) since there is another word nearly homonym with Ehren, which, if substituted, would prettily amplify the illustration;

PAGE 38. NOTES 36, 37. PAGE 39. NOTES 1-29.

this word is Athren (ears), the poet identifying himself with his life; see 34....36. Eng' der Garben, day of sheafs, i. e. here the Day of Judgment....37. mag, see p. 26, 18. The use of ind. mode after dag (standing here for damit, in order that) is rare; it may have been called forth by the fact that the clause which terminates with may, expressing a natural consequence rather than an uncertain purpose or aim, has a decidedly positive coloring.

Das Preußische Bolf im Jahre 1813.

PAGE 39 .- 1. Memel, Demmin, Colberg, Glas, cities of Prussia, mentioned to give her (then) dimensions, analogous to the American: "From Maine to California," etc..... bis (render to), refers to space as well as to time..... 3. mar (here strongly indep. v.), render there existed....4. unter, translate among. Gr. 460, XII (5)....5. Gine-Gin. etc., here not indef. art. but def. cardinal numeral with a strong emphasis indicated by the unusual capital initials..... 6. Au retten-au Lefreien, gov. by the preceding nouns Stimme, Gefühl, etc 7. Rrien. etc.; for inversion see p. 18, 47..... 8. wollten (see 3), render wanted.9. Prenkischen Frieden, i. v. a peace satisfactory to Prussian feelings and interests..... 10. hoffen, render hope for, expect..... 11. imalite es. here used impers. Render was the outcry.... 12. Die Rarbathen. mountains in the south-east of Prussia.... 13. Die Office. the Baltic.14. Der Riemen [for exceptional gender see Gr. 79, 3; El. p. 245 (3)], a river forming the north-eastern boundary of Prussia..... 15. Die Elbe, a river forming (then) part of the western boundary of the kingdom..... 16. der berarmt mar, translate poverty-stricken..... 17 ber Bauer, notice gender; see p. 38, 7.... 18. unter Boribann und Ruhren (f. s. derived from fahren; compare 27, 28, may be rendered by transportation), translate by compulsory war service.... 19. tobt trich. from tobt (i. e. zu Tobe) treiben, render strained to death 20. die Ginquartierungen refers to the burden of quartering soldiers.....27. Abashen refers to the burden of contributing for the support of the war.....22. jugleich, referring to Stolzes and Schmerzes at the same time, would better be placed after the latter.... 23. cutlief, from entlassen, render parted with.....24. Sagren, render hair; in German both sing, and plur, may be properly used in this sense.... 25. wears, prep. gov. gen., see p. 35, 19.....26. lang; translate long ago.....27. catlaffen (compare 23; render here dismissed) waren, see p. 15, 46; with the aid, however, of the adv. lange, this form may be also properly defined as the pluperf, pass, with auxil, worken omitted 28. in Sinficit (with gen.) means with regard to, as to.....29. jedes (for its signification see Gr. 155 *; El. p. 181 +) Pricasbienfies for jeben Kriegebienftes,

Page 39. Notes 30-58. Page 40. Notes 1-14.

see p. 35, 8. Render the clause exempt from all military duties....30. moliten sich selbst nicht entschuldigen, render refused to be exempt..... 37. in (compare p. 9. 52; serves here only to emphasize) inque: render nay even 32. unter manderlei, etc., translate in various disguises and masks.....33. drängten fich zu (here used reflex.), eagerly rushed to. This verb is predicate to all nouns enumerated from Sunglinge to Sunafragen....34. maliten (see 3 and 8), render were anxious to....35. fi h üben, rüffen, both reflex : translate drill and equip themselves.... 36. war-geworden (indep. v.), had-become....37. das (demonstr. pron.) Sparta, als welchet-es-befangen (from befingen, insep.), render Sparta, as-called her.....38. Fleden, m. s. town.....39. ichallte (compare 11) pon, resounded with ...: 40. Pricasluff und Pricasmufit, render warlike din and enthusiasm.....47. in einen Hebungs- und (see p. 36, 22) Baffenplat, to or into a drilling-place and arsenal....42. marn, see p. 12, 6.....43. Waffenich niede, f. s. armory.....44. Das mar das imonste bei-, das-, render The noblest feature of-was, that-.... 45. Untericiede-Altern and Stufen (condition), better rendered in the singular.... 46. pergeffen (past part. of vergeffen, Gr. 238, 36; El. p. 119) und aufgehoben (of aufbeben, to abolish, see p. 27, 11) waren, see p. 15, 46.....47. Jeder, every onc.....48. fich demuthigte, from bemuthiaen (derived from Demuth), v. u. here refl., to humilate one's self.49. hingab (supply fid) from last verb), from hingeben, here refl. to devote one's self 50. mg for in welchen, in which 51. grafe Gicfühl, render here grand idea 52. alle anderen Gefühle berichlang (from versalingen, see p. 31, 25), render absorbed all other feelings....53. alle andere fonft erlaubte Rudfidten, unusual inflection instead of alle anderen sonft erlaubten (Gr. 128) 54. aufhab, see 46.... 55. es (serving here instead of conj. bag) points to the following clause; this construction, as in English, gives a certain pathos to the diction.....56. alcid, render equal....57, mallten, see 8....58, crhah, from er-beben, to elevate.

PAGE 40. NOTES 15-43.

tions..... 15. die zum Theil, translate many of which..... 16. ruhrend: brackt worden find, perf. pass. of barbringen, sep. comp. irr., see p. 15, 56.18. Die dem Baterlande emig theuren Ramen (see p. 16, 59), render those names of wives and virgins forever dear to the country.... 19. aufrechnen, enumerate..... 20. in einzelnen Bohnungen, in private dwellings.....21. die Sungernden (see 13), from hungern, v. n. to be hungry.....22. verbunden (from verbinden, see p. 38, 33) haben; this auxil. serves to form perfect of gesteibet, etc....23. acidah es. see p. 21, 51 24. gebührte Berlin der Borrang. Construe: subject ber Borrang (the first place) gebührte (was due) Berlin, dat. gov. by the verb (to Berlin).....25. es. viz., Berlin: see p. 15, 19.....26. bewiesen, from heweisen, insep. comp. irr., see p. 30, 15..... 27. seiner refers to Berlin 28. ju fein, gov. by verbient 29. Freue Dich, imperat., compare p. 13, 17. The city of Berlin apostrophized....30. Deiner Chren. gen. gov. by the verb; see p. 34, 13. Render: Rejoice in thy honors, brave city ! 31. veriount: this verb is now-a-days only used with reference to persons offended, while to expiate trespasses (undoubtedly meant here) is expressed by fühnen, v. a.....32. Unbille, plur. of Unbill, comp. of negat. prefix un and Bill, f. s., antiquated for Recht or Gefet. Neither gender nor formation of plur, are fixed by use, as the word is rarely employed; most writers give it as fem. and form the plur. Unbilben. Translate wrongs 33. werden wieder ihren Wohnfik hei dir aufichlagen, render will again dwell within thy walls 34. Ach iage nur das Eine, render To be brief, I may say 35. Es war, etc., see p. 22, 6.... 36. wie durch ein Wunder Gottes, render by a divine miracle, as it were.....37. entfianden, see p. 10, 1. Render war entstanden, had arisen..... 38. hat-sich offenbart, render has gloriously manifested itself 39. ift-ericienen, perf. of ericeinen, see p. 15, 65.40. hatten (v. indep.) translate here had gained brilliant victories at, or had the laurels of-to glory in ... 41. Rehrbellin [where the Great Elector, Frederic William of Brandenburg (whose successor became first king of Prussia in 1701), defeated the Swedes, June 18. 16751: Souffaut (the English call this the battle of Blenheim, August 13, 1704); Turin (May 23, 1706); Malplaquet (Sept. 12, 1709); in these three battles the united German and English defeated the French. Rosbach (Nov. 5, 1757, French and Austrians defeated); Scuthen (Dec. 5, 1757; Austrians defeated); Zorgau (Nov. 3, 1760; Austrians defeated); 30rnborf (Aug. 25 and 26, 1758; Russians defeated); these four victories were won by Frederic the Great in the Seven Years' War.42. fie haben nie, etc.; this clause stands in emphatic contradistinction against the preceding, expressed simply by a mark of suspen. sion 43. (Groß): Görigen (the united Germans, English and

PAGE 40. NOTES 44-59. PAGE 41. NOTES 1-7.

Russians defeated the French. May 2, 1813); her Rathadi (bie Rathadi is a river in Silesia, where the united Prussians and Russians under Blücher defeated the French under Macdonald, Aug. 26, 1813); Denne: wik (Bernadotte, king of Sweden, defeated the French under Marshal Nev. Sept. 6, 1813): Reinia (great battle of nations, where the Prussians and their allies defeated Napoleon, Oct. 16-19, 1813). The above names of battlefields record the most important and brilliant victories in the history of Prussia.... 44. mit einem jo großen Geiste, with such unanimity and enthusiasm....45. Sadje, translate cause. ...46. das Somert gezogen, render literally drawn the sword....47, frei gimen. to breathe the air of freedom 48. in den Sternen, render up to the stars....49. histen and anheten may be considered either 1st pers. pl. pres. ind. or more properly infinitives gov. by fonnen.... 50. als die da. etc.; supply folde before bie; ale folde is apposition explanatory to Rinber: render the whole: That we can once more look with joy upon our children as future freemen....51. das (demonstr. pron.) recapitulates the preceding clauses initiated with bag, and expressing the object of banien wir.....52. nächft (prep. gov. dat.), render next to.....53. Beginnern (derived from beginnen, see p. 23, 23), render founders: dat. gov. by banken.... 54. Gerrlichkeit, render glory.... 55. fie, i. e. biefe Beginner, i. e. bie Preugen 56. uns übrigen (see p. 12, 5) Deutschen; about the dat., see p. 10, 50. Render to the rest of us Germans....57. wie verschiedene Namen-auch, etc. (see p. 15, 40). Render whatever different names (i. e. as countrymen of the different German kingdoms, etc.), etc....58. führen (of names, titles, etc.), to have....59. ac: marben (with auxil. find preceding), perf. ind. of merben, here indep. v. Render they have become.

Der Erlfönig.

PAGE 41. NOTES 8-37.

from bergen, poetical for verbergen, see p. 28, 11..... &. Rater, apposition to bu, poetically preceding 9. den Criffonia, the object of the preceding clause repeated and amplified 10. Shweif, poetical for Schman; means here a waving train of aërial garments..... 11. gar. adv. render here very or right (adv.)....12. Mand, (see p. 13, 22) translate many....13. mann' quiden [poetical for golben(e)3] (see p. 12. 16) Gemand, render many a golden gown 14, und höreff, etc. : und here simply serves to render the language more pathetic. ... 15. Was, relat. pron, see p. 35, 2..... 16. peripriét from peripreden see p. 9, 30.... 17. Sei, imperat. of sein, see p. 9, 11.... 18. fäuselt, from säuseln, derived from justen. Analogous to diminutive nouns, the German language forms diminutive verbs, as it were, by inserting an I in the infin. termination on and changing the radical vowel of the verb; this has generally the effect of modifying or weakening the signification of the original verbs; often, however, the sense remains unchanged or the diminutive form takes the place of the original one, which is dropped. E. g. lachen, to laugh, lacheln, to smile : troufen, to dron, troufeln, to drin : tangen, to dance, tangeln, to trip on tip-toe; thus also fausen, to whiz or roar, fäuseln, to rustle.... 19. feiner Angle. du. see 8.... 20. dich mar-This verb, when used in the sense of pileaen or buten, governs the acc. (compare p. 10, 90)..... 27. idin. adv. to warten; render the two words: to take good care of.....22. führen, render lead or preside over.23. Reih'n, poetical for Tang. ... 24. Und (supply subject sie, viz. Meine Töchter) wiegen und tangen und singen dich ein: popular phrases (only einwiegen, to rock to sleep, admissible in prose), the word ein referring to the change effected, viz. from a waking into a sleeping condition....25. am, contr. of an bem, render in that, etc....26. Es ideinen. etc., see p. 22, 6.... 27. mich reizt beine, etc.; the verb, and with it the object, preceding for the sake of emphasis.... 28. folgit du, conj. wenn omitted; see p. 16, 20..... 29. braun' in, pres. instead of future, see p. 24, 37; render I shall use force....30. faßt—an, from anfassen, to grasp....31. hat mir ein Leides gethan, an idiom of rare occurrence; better hat mir ein Leib angethan (from anthun); render simply has hurt me.32. Dem Bater graufet's, impers. phrase gov. dat.; see p. 37, 30; about the pres. tense see p. 21, 2.... 33. adjunt (pres. part. used as adj.) from adjen, derived from ad! interj. denoting pain ... 34. Erreidt. supply subject er 35. den hof, render his home 36. mit Müh' und Noth, proverb. phrase; translate after many troubles or through great efforts....37. In seinen Armen das Kind, poetical inversion of Das Kind in, etc.

Page 42. Notes 1-28. Page 43. Notes 1-13.

Die nächtliche Seerschau.

PAGE 42.- 1. Die nächtliche Seerichau, render Midnight Review.2. Machts, see p. 14. 3. ...3. um render here at (Gr. 459. IX. 6.... 4. perläßt from perlassen, insep. see p. 11, 81; inversion due to adverb. phrase preceding.... 5. Macht-die Munde, military phrase; render makes the rounds.... 6. Gift, supply und, since this is the last predicate to the subject ber Tambour 7. Schlägel (dim. of Schlag, derived from ichlagen), drum-sticks..... 8. jo gleich for fvgleich..... 9. ichlägt from Schlagen, see p. 15, 50.... 10. flinget, for flingt; Gr. 269, * (167); El. p. 129.... 11. hat, supply subject sec... 12. Es crinamen, etc., see p. 22. 6..... 13. Danon, i. e. von bemfelben, viz. bem Ton. 14. Und Dic. relat. pron., see p. 35, 2...../5. Erffarrt, supply find to form perf., see p. 11, 45.....16. Und die see 14.....17. Welfchland (better Bälschland, related to Wales and Gaul), a poetical and therefore somewhat indistinct appellation, embracing the countries in which the Romance languages are spoken, France, Italy, Spain, etc. ... 18. au heiß, supply ift.... 19. 11nd hie (see 14), here acc. object to bedt, while in the preceding verse it is subject.....20. Sig recapitulates the three big preceding.... 21. steigen (see p. 36, 14) aus translate rise from.... 22. 11nd nehmen's (peculiarly abbreviated from nehmen bas) Gemehr aur Sand, render And take up the rifle 23. immettert in die Trompete, a poetical hysteron proteron for blaft in die Trompete, daß fie fcmettert; translate gives a flourish on his trumpet.... 24. fommen—herbei from herbeifommen (que) to come (out of) 25. In Baffen manderlei, poetical inversion; compare p. 37, 24; and render in manifold arms.... 26. Es grinien, see 12.....27, unter dem Belme herbor render from under their helmets....28. Es halten (see 12) empor translate here present (arms).

Page 43.—1. Rommt langiam hergeritten, see p. 25, 2; supply subject er....2. umgeben, past part. of umgeben, to surround; attrib. to Felbherr....3. trägt, from tragen (see p. 25, 31); render wears....4. ein kleines Hitchen; the double dim. is used here rather poetically than for emphasis' sake (see p. 12, 8)....6. einfach for einfaches, see p. 12, 16....6. einen kleinen Begen trägt er, merely poetical inversion without any particular emphasis....7. im kleinen render with the little....8. sieht sich (dat.)—an from ansehen, to look at, to review; the verb is not used reflexively; the dat. sich simply conveys the idea of for himself, by himself....9. Die Reihen translate here the lines....10. das Gemehr (see p. 9, 9) render here arms....11. zieht—vorüber from vorüberziehen, to pass....12. mit flingendem Spiele render with full bands playing.....13. schließen (see p. 32, 18) um ihn einen Kreis, render form a circle

PAGE 43. NOTES 14-25. PAGE 44. NOTES 1-16.

around him.....74, dem nüchsten (viz. marshal or general) in's Ohr, see p. 9, 21. Translate the whole: The commander softly whispers a word into the nearest ear.....75. geht in die Runde, render the word passes round....76. Kling wieder (supply subject ed), from wiedertlingen, sep. comp. irr.; see p. 42, 10; p. 32, 9.....77. Die Lojung, supply if......78. Runde, poetical for Rundschau, f. s., review.....79. der todte Cajar, dead Cesar, a poetical appellation of Napoleon I.

Der Sieg.

20. stritten from stretten, Gr. 249 (90); El. p. 120..... 21. wer for welder. The Vices being personissed here, take the masc. gender.....22. am eistigsten, superl. Gr. 141; El. p. 46.....23. gewesen sei; for use of subj. see Gr. 421, §. 71 (2); El. 122, Note.....24. Dem Bösen, euphemism for the devil, the evil one; dat. gov. by bienen, which is accompanied by zu, because design is indicated in what precedes....
25. Den Sieg, etc.; object preceding for sake of emphasis.

Eigensinn.

PAGE 44.-/. Luffpiel non. In German the article is frequently omitted in colloquial language. In English the indef. article should be supplied here. The prepos. won is used in German to indicate authorship. -- Guttin, Notice, that these words, though synonymical (wife or spouse) are very judiciously applied here. The Old Couple (Ausborf and Ratherina) have a sort of old-fashioned homespun atmosphere about them exactly harmonizing with the term Frau (considered the most appropriate word in addressing a lady), while a certain cast of fashionable. stylish high-life, which the reader will notice in the Young Couple (Affred and Emma) is prettily implied by the expression Gattin.... 3. Seinrich, Henry; Lisbeth, popular abbrev. of Elifabeth, Lizzie.... 4. Diensten. This word, when meaning employ, is frequently used in the plural.... 5. mad' auf, imperat. of aufmaden, to open (viz. the door).6. tritt ein, from eintreten, see p. 15, 18; p. 24, 21.....7. helfen, see 32, 40) es benn sehen? render Now who should see it?...9. ja, see p. 9, 52.... 10. jeden Augenblid, see p. 15, 5.... 11. auf der Flucht, render on the wing, as it were..... 12. am Besten, superl. of adv. wohl; Gr. 321. IX; El. 166....13. mas mare dabei, what of it?....14. 3ch ichamte (imperf. subj. for 1st condit.) mid toot (comp. p. 39, 19); render I should die for shame.....15. er wird-füssen, see p. 13, 11.....16. Wie lange wird benn das noch dauern? render Well, how long will that be?....

P. 44. Not. 17-31. P. 45. Not. 1-16. P. 46. Not. 1-13.

77. als dir lieb ift (supply cs), impers. phrase; render than you like....

18. Was das für Reden sund; see p. 14, 36; render What kind of talk is that?.... 19. Dent' an das Tijddeden, render get to setting the table.... 20. Barige, briefly for Dir Borigen.... 21. bleibt—fiehen, see p. 22, 15.... 22. Thüre for Thür.... 23. Der Gerr Schwiegernater, etc., see p. 18, 32.... 24. fommen, see p. 24, 37.... 25. freuen sich, comp. p. 13, 17.... 26. Cheleute, see p. 20, 8... 27. hm, a sound expressing both doubt and suspense.... 28. Das thut Nichts; ich auch nicht, render Never mind; neither can I.... 29. sind und selbs (dat.) genug, render suffice for one another.... 30. Gut so, well then.... 31. der Tijch ist gedest, render the table is set.

PAGE 45.—1. Das schidt sich so, see p. 29, 18....2. Dummes Zeug, nonsense....3. man, see p. 15, 20....4. sertig hat, see p. 14, 30.....
5. Gott (dat. [sei]) Lob, God be praised!...6. Gott sei Dans! (see 5) thank God!...7. der liebe Gott, see p. 13, 38....8. Ach (compare p. 41, 33) here indicates impatience and slight disgust; render pshaw!...9. du must nicht so freigeisterisch thun (the latter verd means here to act or behave); render do not act like a freethinker....10. Mir zu Liebe (probably made from aus Liebe zu mir), render To please me, or Do, for my sake....1. um etwas ditte, omit um in translation....12. und menn du, etc., for selbst wenn du, even if, etc....13. zehn Mal. The iterative affix mal (unlike the English "time") often remains unchanged even when treated as a noun. Gr. 148, VI, 3; El. 37 (3).....14. Bie wär mir das, render What's that?....15. solch dummes Zeug. See p. 19, 20.....16. blos for blos, adv. only.

PAGE 46 .- 1. Du träumft mohl, render I believe you are dreaming. 2. Ober bift bu, etc., etc. Render Or did you get up this (beute) morning wrongside foremost? 3. Et ift mein Ernst, I am in earnest.4. und (for auch, even) wenn bu dich auf ben Ropf fiellft, even if you stand on your head, i. c. whatever you may try.... 5. Das wollen trir doch fehen. That remains to be seen 6. gibft [giebft, Gr. 237, N. (1): El. p. 118 *7 nach, from nachgeben, see p. 10, 112..... 7. Gigenfinn bredien, render to give up. . 8. Mu! an exclamation denoting physical pain (he pinches her)....9. mid, so zu drüden; the infin. may be said to be governed by hafilich (though logically more than grammatically), or by some clause intended to follow but omitted, since, after the dash, she falls back into her old strain of thought.... 10. mit uns iff es aus, we are done (with each other).....11. So geh', go, then 12. aichst du mich auf (see 6), from aufgeben, render literally.....13. Aber du fannft doch die paar Worte fagen, You might surely say those few words. About both, see p. 11, 57; page a few, is an indef, numeral.

PAGE 46. NOTES 14, 15. PAGE 47. NOTES 1-27.

PAGE 47 .- 1. Dein Name refers to Eigensinn, comically apostrophized.... 2. ich fonnte sie todt ichlagen (see p. 39, 19), to kill; sie fagte (imperf. subj. for 1st condit.), etc. Another idiomatic construction like that mentioned on p. 13, 20, where two clauses, which ought to be connected by a subord, conj. (here if), are simply co-ordinated without any conjunction. Render even if I were to kill her, she would not say it. fie mag es fagen oder nicht, whether she says it or not 4. Mr (compare p. 45, 8) here expresses surprise and embarrassment.... 5. mas ihr-im Ropfe ftedt, what is the matter with her.... 6. beforne nach eine, render fetch another 7. trintt gern, likes; see p. 18, 12.8. Ob fie mit ihrem Anzuge noch nicht fertig ift, render I wonder if she (meaning Emma) has finished her toilet 9. dod, render here, I think, or if I am right 10. Guten Morgen, usual elliptical phrase as in English, French, Spanish, etc.; supply Id muniche Dir einen 11. Manuain; the dim. in German is peculiarly expressive of tenderness and affection..... 12. han-acidlafen, perf. of ichlafen, v. n. Notice the use of the auxil, haben with a neuter verb and compare p. 11, 45.... 13. Du fannst noch fragen, How can you ask?....14. Beib (compare p. 44, 2) is the most common, but at the same time the deepest and most tender expression for wife or spouse.... 15. Das muk nun authören, these things must have an end now 16. find verheirathet, see p. 15, 46.... 17. Wäre dir das lieb, see p. 44, 17..... 78. Je nun, render well..... 19. alle Welt (French, tout le monde), everybody..... 20. in der Che, translate when married 21. ich muß mich auch darauf gejaßt (from fich faffen auf-, to prepare one's self for-) maden, I have to prepare for it, too..... 22. Je länger-besto mehr, the longer-the more..... 23. mit dieser Aenderung, render in changing also.... 24. bermohnft, from verwöhnen, to spoil 25. defto ichwerer werde ich mid nachher hinein finden, render the harder it will be afterwards to content myself 26. amifchen dem (neuter) wie es ift und wie es war, render between the Present and the Past.....27. ausgesprocen, from aufsprechen (see p. 9, 30), sep. comp. (see p. 17, 23); supply have to form perfect.

PAGE 48. NOTES 1-34. PAGE 49. NOTES 1-4.

PAGE 48.—1. Wie founte ich auch, etc. (auch is merely expletive here; compare p. 18, 66), render And (or Pray) how could I, etc...... wider= fighen, insep, comp. Gr. 285 (11); El. 145; gov. dat., see p. 14, 5, ... 3. menn es io freundlich-gerichtet ift (see p. 15, 46), when it (i. e. the eye) is raised so friendly ... 4. Sacte (or fact: synonymous with langfam) mein Serr, Easy, Sir / The address, mein Serr, being much less usual in German than Sir in English, bears a certain comical pathos. . . . 5. haddleng. adv. formed from the superl of bod; Gr. 321, IX (2); El. 165 (2). Render at the utmost....6. Run, so gemanre, Well, grant then.... 7. Reihdien, see p. 47, 11..... 8. bleiben lange, supply meg, from megbleiben, sep. comp. irr 9. Die Frage mar dir (for von bir) nicht bedacht, this question you had not well considered 10. fie (i. e. bie Frage) fuhr (p. 27, 28) mir ja heraus (from herausfahren, sep. comp. irr., to rush out. hurry out, etc.), render it inadvertently escaped me..... 11. hour, very. or highly, see 5..... 12. Gi, ci (expresses surprise, slight dissatisfaction and reproach at the same time), Gerr Gemahl, see 4..... 13. Bie (for ald, when) ich aus meinem Zimmer trete (notice pres, tense here and in the following verbs; see p. 21, 2); translate In leaving my room.14. 3d bleibe fiehen (see p. 22, 15), I stop,15, fie folle, about the subi.. see p. 15, 25..... 16. denn das (supply fagte er, to govern this clause) munte man nach bollendeter Arbeit thun, render for that (said he) was proper, after the work was done.....17. weigerte sich, from sich weigern, v. refl., see p. 15, 24 78. beffand barauf, from besteben auf-, to insist upon-....19. geriethen, from gerathen, insep. comp. irr., see p. 27, 10.....20. formlighen; this word (literally formal, or in all form) is often idiomatically used to express the idea of real, or perfect, or quits a; e. g. er ist förmlich unangenehm, he is a perfect bore; render here they quarrelled in all form or they had quite a quarrel 21. er mallie. see p. 39, 8. ... 22. 3e nun, see p. 47, 18. ... 23. man fonnte immer noth fragen, render there is still room for the question. ...24. am eigenfinniaften, adv. superl., render adj. superl. with def. art.; see p. 44. 12.....25. er bat fie darum, he asked her (for it) to do it26. unbedeutend, insignificant, triffing 27. fid-nicht rechtfertigen läft. render is unfounded, or unjustifiable, sec p. 22, 16....28. 34 find: nicht, I do not think 29. Unrecht haben, to BE wrong, Fr. avoir tort.30. Streiten mir (subj. expressing exhortation, see p. 34, 32) nicht. render: Let us not dispute....31. B:i uns. render with us. Gr. 454. IV, 5.....32. fieht-an, from ansehen, sep. comp. irr33. jo etm 38. something like that, compare p. 45, 11.... 34. 5m, hm! see p. 44, 27.

PAGE 49.—1. du würdest, etc., supply conj. bas.....2. daraus wollte (for möcke) ich wetten, render I would bet anything.....3. Mette, imperat. of wetten....4. Bersuchen wir, usually given as imperat. 1st

Page 49. Notes 5-15. Page 50. Notes 1-27.

PAGE 50.—1. Der Bitte (dat.) hätte ich (pluperf. subj. for 2d condit.) nielleicht nachaegeben (from nachgeben, sep. v. gov. dat.), bem Berlangen weiche (gov. dat.) ich nicht. Render: If politely asked, I might have yielded, but if commanded, I shall not 2. trittit du-auf. from auftreten, sep. v. n. comp. irr.; render to behave.... 3. 36 has der Lon, in dem, etc., render Is that the language of a wife toward her husband?....4. Rerlangen (nom. pl.) forms, together with find, the predicate to folde Thorheiten. ... 5. Die ein Mann an feine Gattin ftellt, render of a husband to his wife..... 6. laffen for gelaffen, see p. 21, 41, render here left (or forgotten); the phrase may be interpreted either as announcing a disposition to cry or as a pretext for leaving the room.... 7. treibe (imperat.) -nicht (bis) auf die Spike, translate do not go too far in....8. Du bift es, see p. 37, 10....9. leiden (v. a.), render endure....10. bin in es (refers to eigenfinnig; to be omitted in transla-again omit es 12. indem, conj. render since..... 13. auf einer Thorheit bestehft, see p. 48, 18,.... 14. begreife doch, pray, understand.15. es iff mir au thun (um)— impers, phrase; render I care (for)-.... 16. ahidläaft, from ahidlagen, see p. 85, 17..... 17. aufauhören-bon, to stop talking of 18. geht bor, from porgeben, to have the preference, to come first (in order)..... 19. für möglich halten. to think possible 20. Sieh', look here 21. Die Ranner alle, inversion not usual, slightly pathetic 22. aleichberechtigte Freundin. render a friend who is your equal..., 23. so fangt die Unterjodung an (from anfangen), render thus our slavery commences. ... 24. id laffe mid nicht zur Sflavin machen, render I shall not allow myself to be made a slave.....25. his auf, render to.....26. Drobungen-rober Gewalt. dat. gov. by unterwerfen (here refl. mich).....27. Die Schrift (for bie Beilige Schrift), the Scriptures.

Page 51. Notes 1-30. Page 52. Notes 1-9.

PAGE 51 .- 1. Du willft der Berr, supply fein 2. ich erkenne-an. from aner-fennen, double comp. sep. Gr. 280, VII; El. 144. ... 3. mie es fich ziemt (see p. 32, 20), as it behooves me . . . 4. Das find feine Ausbrude, Die man, etc., render Such language is not used towards those we esteem.... 5. muthet man-nicht zu, from zumuthen, sep. comp. gov. dat., to demand or expect of; this verb always implies the idea of injustice or at least unfairness.....6. daraus, of it..... 7. Noth par, only (a)-ago.....8. ftebff bu mir-gegenüber, from gegen-über-fteben (see 2), gov. dat. Render you stand before me. ... 9. als der (noun used in an abstract sense) render as a.... 10. Ich fann nicht dafür, I cannot help it.... 11. mir render from me or of me.....12. weld ein for was für ein, see p. 21. 36.13. has (relat. pron. to Weib and object in this clause) ihr Ilnaling (subject) an, etc.; whom misfortune chained to such a brute.....14. So (ift ed) recht, That's it 15. füge, add 16. Wer mir das por (Gr. 462. XIV: 2) einer Stunde gesaat hatte (pluperf. subj. for 2d condit); an elliptical phrase; supply I should not have believed him. Render: I did not expect that an hour ago.... 17. in fand—auf. from aufstehen, sep. comp. see 8.... 18. ich fühlte mich in glücklich, omit mich in translation, since the verb is not reflex, but neuter in English.... 19. (c) at cs (see p. 29, 18.). Alf. takes up and finishes Emma's sentence; the inversion consequently, is required by the preceding jest..... 20. inrich es nur aus, why not say so?....21. herb- abbreviated from verbammt.....22. jelbij refers to wir : translate it is foolish in us (felbij) to, etc 23. Sichff-ein, from einsehen, Gr. 279 (9); El. 139, to realize, PERceive.....24. Grund, fich (reflex. pron. refers to Niemand) au peruneinigen, render reason for quarrelling.... 25. 3th fomme dir entgegen, I am making advances, I come to meet you..... 26. machen mir, exhortative subj. let us have (or make) peace....27. Du Unart, you naughty one. Nouns denoting qualities, etc., are, as in English, sometimes used in addressing persons.....28. mid) to zu qualen, see p. 46, 9.....29. mir an Liebe, see p. 45, 10.....30. die paar Worte, see p. 46, 13.

 PAGE 52. NOTES 10-26. PAGE 53. NOTES 1-18.

trifle a favor.... 10. cs mag-hon mir ((IN me) fein, impers. phrase, render may be, it is-in me.... 11. ju verlangen, gov. by Eigensinn.... 12. Un den dummen Worten fann mir nichts liegen. Of course I do not care for those stupid (or empty) words. (Gr. 452, I, 13) The verb fönnen is often used as a mere expletive in German, and may then sometimes be translated by of course or similar phrases; e. g. bas fann mir aleidaültia Fein. that. of course, is immaterial to me; compare also p. 19, 6..... 13. es mare mir (imperf. subj. for 1st condit.), it would be for me.... 14. an hiefem Beweise lient mir Biel (compare 12), I care much for, or I place much value in this proof.....15. -aller Art render all sorts of..... 16. Und du willft mid lieben? And you say, you love me? Wollen is idiomatically used here to express the idea of to assert, pretend, etc.; it mal, not even, not so much as.... 18. um-au erweisen, see p. 11, 115. 19. mirfit—bor from permerfen, sep. v. a. gov. dat. (mir).... 20. mit meldem Redite, by what right, or, better, what is your ground?....21. giebst zu from zugeben, sep. comp. irr., to admit. wollte ich, conj. wenn omitted..... 23. besiehst auf beinem Ropfe, you insist upon your own (way)....24. fir laffen (indep. v.) did falt, literally they leave you cold. i. e. they do not move you. . . . 25. beffehft du auf deinem Willen, see 23.....26. Manael an, render lack of.

PAGE 53.- 1. Die Gerrichaften, usual expression with servants speaking of their masters; render The master and mistress 2. Berbirg. imperat. of parbergen, insep. comp. irr., see p. 28, 11.... 3. Was inlien fie, etc., What will they, etc.... 4. Meinetwegen (Gr. 393, §. 32, Note), render for all I care.... 5. was paraegangen, from paraeben, sep, comp. irr. v. n. ... 6. ich fühle mich, see p. 51, 18. ... 7. Nimm (from nehmen)-in Mat (derived from adten, esteem), see vocab, under adt..... 7. Guten Morgen, see p. 47, 10.... 8. he, mie geht's? Well, how are you? or more familiarly as in the German, how goes it? the phrase is abbrev. from wie geht es euch? (or Ihnen)....9. Sein Sie (for Scien Sie), see p. 41, 17, render literally, omitting subj. Sic.... 10. Gi, see p. 48, 12,.... 11. Du madif did felten, render you are seldom seen, or you're quite a stranger.12. Weiß idon (supply subj. id), render simply I know......13. a: ihre-render of her.....14. Das ift der Welt Lauf, the last word is here used in place of the more usual Brough, custom; translate: such is the way of all the world.... 15. wie es in der Schrift (see p. 50, 27) ficht. as the Scriptures say..... 16. Rint io, Rind? Don't you, child? 17. Wollen wir uns, etc., Shall we not, etc. . . . 18. 36 bin's (bin ce) jufrieden, I have no objections. Notice that sufrieden here idiomatically governs a word (e) in the acc. as a direct object, as it were, while usually it is construed, as in English, with the prep. mit (bamit aufrieben).

Page 53. Notes 19-32. Page 54. Notes 1-35.

PAGE 54 .- 1. Aud-nod? translate: even-also.... 2. in Gegen: wart, see p. 14, 4....3. so etwas fommt wohl por, such things will happen.....4. beherrichen, here used reflex.; govern myself.....5. habe mit mir gefämpft, have struggled AGAINST myself 6. Ei, ci (compare p. 48, 12), herr Schwiegerichn-(compare p. 44, 23), Now, what is this, sir?.... 7. Bit, a sound imposing silence, hush!.... 8. militie (here reflex.) did nicht in, do not interfere WITH..... 9. acht-an, from angehen (v. a.), gov. acc..... 10. als hatte ich, conj. wenn omitted 11. ihr eine unerhörte Rrantung jugefügt, render grieved her most atrociously.....12. mittheilen, render relate.....13. Laffen fie daß, Never mind.....14. chelithen, (derived from Ehr, f. s.), matrimonial.....15. Ihnen gegenüber, before you 16. Ift nicht nothig, supply Das. 17. Bir alauben Richts, we imagine nothing 18. Lag bod, pray, let him tell..... 19. heute Morgen, this morning..... 20. bon ber Lisbeth, see p. 34, 11..... 27. fie folle fagen, see p. 48, 15..... 22. und-acrieth (from gerathen, insep. comp irr., to get into): this clause is still gov. by the relat. pron. ber..... 23. als fie das nicht (supply thun) wollte; see p. 14, 30. ... 24. Lachend, attrib. to ich. ... 25. meiner Krau, dat. gov. by ergählte.....26. schmeichelnd, see 24.....27. im Sherze, for a joke.....28. fie möchte, etc., fprechen (for aussprechen, to pronounce); see p. 9, 27. Render she should, etc.... 29. Da hören fie selbst. Now you hear it yourselves....30. Alles wirft er mir bor, all this I am accused of 31. Sie fonnen mir bezeugen, You can bear me witness.....32. Na, na (appeasing) Well, well.....33. da thuit du Emma (dat. gov. by the verb) Unredit, now you are unjust to Emma. 34. amifden euch brangen (here refl. une), intrude upon your affairs.....35. verjohnen, here used reflow. (eud); render; to get reconP. 54. N. 36. P. 55. N. 1-22. P. 56. N. 1-17.

ciled.....36. Bitte, laffen wir (see p. 48, 30) die Sache unerörtert, Pray, let us drop the subject.

PAGE 55 .- 1. Darum bitte ich auch, I wish the same 2. mir der by all means, or surely..... 4. etmas for ein menia, a little.... 5. nachiehen, to pardon, overlook; gov. object of the person in the dat. (einer Frau), where the English use the prep. in..... 6. fie wird fid (see p. 54, 35) icon gewöhnen (refl.; sich) she will get trained by and by, I am sure.... 7. perlanate, imperf. subj. for 1st condit. (if I should ask her)..... 8. gleich, at once.... 9. im Ernfte, in earnest..... 10. Bitte. inrechen wir, etc., see p. 54, 36.... 77. das ift mir noch nicht porace fommen (compare p. 54, 3); from porfommen, sep. comp. irr. gov. dat. (mir): that is more than I ever experienced.....12. das muß in's Klare nebracht werden, that must be settled at once.....13. einmal, when connected with an imperat. (here fage), simply expresses entreaty (analogous to bod, p. 11, 57) and may either be omitted or rendered by pray.... 14. Lak mich zufrieden, Leave me alone!....15. für mich, by myself. 16. aus bollem Bergen, with deep emotion 17. Rathden, dim. of Ratherina, Kate, dear 18. Rettn. see 17, Kittie 19. das ift mir außer dem Spafe, that is past joking 20. geben (ein Beispiel) render set (an example).....21. Da haben mir die alte Erfahrung, there is the old truth once more 22. halten, here v. n., to keep.

PAGE 56.—1. wenn es-ailt (of getten) if-is the object; an impers. phrase gov. the object usually in the acc, but poetically in the dat. also. 2. gar feine Bartei, als meine eigne, nobody's part but my own.3. porhat, from porhaben, sep. comp. irr. to have to do (with)....4. acht mich nichts an (see p. 54, 9) is not my business..... 5. Mit dir (emphatical inversion) have ich es au thun, I am dealing with you.... Davon ift feine Rebe, that is not the question 8, fonft Richts, nothing else....9. Eben jo, Just so....10. Gekler, the Austrian governor in Schiller's "Wilhelm Tell." According to the poet, Gessler, representing the Crown of Austria, had hung a hat upon a pole at Altorf, Switzerland, and demanded of all passers-by that they should pay homage to it, as a proof of their loyalty..... 17. hing-auf, from aufhängen, sep. comp. irr. v. a.....12. blos for blos, merely.....13. Richtig, Exactly.....14. das mit dem Sute, idiomatic phrase, render the hat affair..... 15. fügen, used reflexively here; render to submit. 16. mir fonnen uns auch in Aufftand-feten, we also can revolt against-; segen is used refl. (und) and means to place one's self (in a

PAGE 56. NOTES 18-31. PAGE 57. NOTES 1-32.

48, 31.....18. Die Herren, used here rather ironically.....19. scheinen einsühren zu wollen, it seems, want (or better intend) to introduce......
20. Gott sei Dant, see p. 45, 6.....21. werden—zu wahren wissen, shall know how to guard—.....22. eine Sclaventugend, virtue in a slave.....23. Da haben wir die Bescherung, There, that's a nice mess,24. Daß ganze, etc., object emphatically preceding.....25. haben wir uns (dat.) auf den Half gehett, an idiomatic phrase, not very elegant (with reference to ladies, at least); render we have incensed against ourselves......26. mir verdirbt die Geschichte daß Frühstüd, as for me, the affair will spoil my breakfast.....27. schmedt mir daß Mittagessen nicht, I do not enjoy my dinner.....28. Schat, my dear......29. bei d.m., in which.....30. ich habe mich hinreißen lassen. I have forgotten myself.....31. haben so (supply großes) Unrecht nicht, are not altogether in the wrong.

PAGE 57 .- 1. am Ende, after all. . . . 2. Sätte ich geahnt, supply conj. wenn J. daß die Sache (affair) fo weit führen wurde, translate literally 4. ich hätte for so håtte ich (imperf. subj. for 1st condit.). 5. gleich Anjangs, at the very beginning 6. als Scherz, for a joke 7. und (supply batte) feinen Billen gethan, and done his bidding 8. Auf feinen Kall, By no means, Upon no condition 9. bu marft-berfallen, you would be subject to 10. für emige Reiten, see p. 24, 37) lange bitten, he will have to wait long, ere I forgive him (wieber gut werde).... 13. ftehen-bei, from beifteben, gov. dat. (mir). Notice, that the clause, though interrogative, is not inverted, this is frequently done in sentences not prominently interrogative.....14. Der Klügste gi(e)bt nach (proverb), Discretion is the better part of valor..... 15. 3d wollte gern, I should like to 16. Bab. das jagt man fo, Pshaw, that's mere talk 17. magen Sie-aut, imperat. of autmachen.... 18. dem Ding ein Ende machen, ta put an end to it.19. mir au mächtig, too powerful for me.... 20. mich-fiarten (derived from adj. ftart), strengthen myself 21. jur Fortiebung, for the continuation.....22. man darf (instead of braud), Gr. 404, 4) nur augreifen, one need only help one's self. ... 23. Laffen mir, see p. 48, 30.....24. bringen-um, to deprive of, cheat out of; gov. acc. (und).... 25. ein Ende machen, see 18 26. jum Frieden, for peace.... 27. ju unferem Streite, of our quarrel 28. Bur Suhne, In expiation (Gr. 462, XIV, 2).....29. Der regits? The right hand one, or The one to the right....30. In diesem Augenblide, at this moment....31. acimioffen, past part. of ichliegen, to conclude. Gr. 261 (135); El. p. 126.32. Auf immer, see p. 38, 27.

PAGE 58. NOTES 1-22.

PAGE 58.—/. flogt an darauf, a toast on that! (compare p. 53, 27).2. 6m? here an interrogative sound: compare p. 44. 27......3 Sieh einmal (see p. 55, 13), Look here 4. noch ein Shaml, another shawl....5. So? Indeed?...6. Du thust es billiger, you will be more reasonable (you will come down), Alte (see Gr. 47, Obs. V.)....7. brinat ein Obfer, sacrifices something 8. ift er erft, supply wenn.9. thut er ce auch nicht mehr, he'll do it no longer 10. Bfui (exclamation of disgust)! for shame!.... 17. bist du mit Lisbeth in Ordnung, did you settle with Lizzie?....12. sic will (v. indep.) immer noch nicht. she is still obstinate..... 13. uns (dat.) - ben gangen Morgen gerfiort, spoiled our morning for us 74. Bur Strafe, As a punishment 15. Mun? What is the matter ? 16. So ift es am Ende may be interpreted either So it is, after all (see p. 57, 1), or Now it's all over.....17. iarac-ift (see p. 57, 12), I'll see to it, that you have your wedding, etc....18. Mun? Well?....19. Mun? What is it?....20. Beiter, weiter! Go on, go on ! 21. Un in, Oh, now I understand. 22. Bormarts, normarts! Quick, quick!

VOCABULARY.

GERMAN AND ENGLISH.

90.

- Mb, adv. & prep. off, of, from; unb 3u, off and on, to and fro; auf unb —, up and down (as prefix separation, corresponding with from, of). [cline.
- abänbern, v. a. to alter, change; de-Abänberung, f. (pl. -en) alteration, variety, declension.
- Mbartung, f. (pl. -en) variety, degeneration, deviation.
- Mubilbung, f. (pl. -εn) likeness, representation, copy, counterfeit.
- abbreden, v. a. ir. to break off, pull down, discontinue.
- abbrennen, v. a. to burn off or down, to set on fire; —, v. n. to be burning down.
- Abrud, m. (-ee; pl. -brüde) impression, copy.
- abbrüden, v. a. to copy; break off, extort, press out; pull the trigger, shoot off, fire.
- Abend, m. (-&; pl. -e) evening, west; am —, in the evening; guten —, good evening; zu effen, to sup; —brod, n. (-e&; pl. -e) supper; —bämmerung, f. (pl. -en) evening twilight; —gebet, n. (-e&; pl. -e) evening prayer;—land, n. (-e&; pl.

- -länber) western country, the west, occident; -länbifth, adj. occidental, belonging to the west; -lith, adj. evening-like, western; all—lith, every evening; -luft, f. (pl. -lüfte) evening air; -roth, n. (-eth) evening-sky, twilight hue; -winh, m. (-eth; pl. -et) evening air or wind. Wenteuer, n. (-eth) adventure.
- aber, conj. but, however. [tion. Aberglaube, m. (-ne; pl. -n) supersti-Abermis, m. (-ce) absurdity, craziness, presumption.
- abfahren, v. a. ir. to carry away upon wheels, to break; —, v. n. to set off, depart, slip off, ride away in a wagon or carriage.
- Abfahrt, f. (pl. -en) departure.
- Abfall, m. (-ce; pl. -falle) falling off, fall, refuse, apostacy, revolt.
- abfallen, v. n. ir. to fall off, desert; revolt; —, v. a. to break off by falling.
- Absassing, f. composing, drawing up, writing. [tribute.
- Mbgabe, f. (pl. -n) delivery, tax, abgeben, v. a. ir. to give, deliver (up), furnish, make; to be fit for; -, v. r. sid mit Semanben —, to have intercourse with a person;

fid mit etwas -, to meddle with ! a thing, to be interested or engaged with something.

abachen, v. n. ir, to go off, depart, sell, find purchasers, quit; mit bem Tobe -, to depart this life.

abgelebt, adj. decrepit, deceased.

Abgelebtheit, f. decrepitude.

abaeidieben, part. & adi. solitary, secluded, departed, deceased, dead. abgestorben, part. & adj. deceased, dead.

abgewinnen, v. a. ir. to win from, gain. from.

abgleiten, v. n. ir. to glide or slip Abgrund, m. (-es; pl. -gründe) abyss, precipice.

abhangen, v. a. to take down, hang from: - von, v. n. to be dependent on somebody or from something. Idependence. Abhängigfeit, f. (pl. -en) declivity. abfausen, v. a. to buy from, purchase, buy off. Isweep off. abfehren, v. a. to turn off, brush off, ablassen, v. a. ir. to let off, let go. abate, absolve; —, v. n. to cease, to desist.

ablaufen, v. n. ir. to run down or off, elapse, decline, end ; -, v. a. to wear off by running, attain. abläugnen, see ableugnen.

ablegen, v. a. to put or bring down, lay aside, cast off; Rechenicaft -, to render account, account for : Rednung -, to give in accounts; einen Gib -, to take an oath.

ablehnen, v. a. to decline, keep off, avert.

ablesen, v. a. ir. to read off, read absiten, v. n. ir. to dismount; -.

aloud, proclaim, pick or pluck off, gather (from). [disclaim. ableugnen, v. a. to deny, disown, ablisten, v. a. to obtain by cunning. abnehmen, v. a. ir. to take off, gather, buy; amputate; lessen the meshes; -, v. n. to be lowered, decrease, wane,

abreben, v. a. to agree upon, concert: -, v. r. to fatigue one's self by speaking.

abreisen, v. n. to depart, set out. abringen, v. a. to snatch from.

Abriß, m. (-|[c8; pl. -|[e) sketch.

abrollen, v. n. to roll off, run down. absagen, v. a. to counter-order, contradict, refuse; -, v. n. to renounce, give up : ein abgesagtet Weinb, a declared enemy.

abideiben, v. a. & n. ir. to separate, depart from, seclude. Abscheu, m. (-ed) aversion, abhorabideulich, adj. abominable, detestable. [depute, dispatch. abschicken, v. a. to send (off), to Which, m. (-ed; pl. -e) discharge, departure, leave; - nehmen, to bid farewell, take leave ; -geben, to discharge, dismiss.

abschlagen, v. a. ir. to beat or cut off, parry, twirl, refuse, deny; ---, v. n. to diminish, abate, fall in price.

abschneiben, v. a. ir. to cut off, clip, kill: die Aufuhr -, to cut off supplies.

Abschnitt, m. (-es; pl. -e) cut, paragraph, division, section.

Absicht, f. (pl. -en) view, design, intention, purpose, end, aim.

v. a. eine Schulb —, to pay a debt by confinement in prison.
absorbern, v. a. to separate, secrete.
absorbern, v. n. ir. to die, decease, perish: für Gott —, to relinquish

one's faith or godliness.

ablircien, v. a. to strip off, skin; —,
v. n. to wander, roam, digress.

ablircien, v. a. ir. to dispute.

Abtheilung, f. division.

abtragen, v. a. ir. to take down; level; sketch; wear out; pay. abtraufeln, v. n. to trickle down. abtreiben, v. a. ir. to drive off or away, clear, remove, purge.

abmägen, v. a. ir. to weigh, weigh out. abmättö, adj. downward(s), aside. abmeiden, v. a. ir. to make soft; —,

v. n. to deviate, to depart from, differ. [path.

Mbweg, s. m. (pl. -t) by-way, by-abweichen, v. n. ir. to deviate, digress; vary.

abmenden, v. a. ir. to turn away or off, avert; —, v. r. to leave, turn away.

abwersen, v. a. ir. to east or throw off. abwesend, adj. absent.

Abmesenheit, f. (pl. -en) absence.
abmissen, v. a. to weigh, level.
abziehen, v. a. ir. to draw off; —, v.
n. to march off, depart.

Mbjug, m. (-ce; pl. -jüge) departure, deduction, allowance, impression.

ach! interj. alas! ah!

Adjeli, f. (pl. -n) shoulder; bie Adjelii juden, to shrug one's shoulders.

Addt. f. (pl. -en) ban, outlawry, at tention, care; in — nehmen, to take care of, observe; — geven, to

pay attention: sid in — nehmen, to be careful, cautious.

ad)t, adj. eight.

aditen, v. u. to regard, esteem.

achten, v. a. to prescribe, outlaw. Achtung, f. attention, esteem.

achtsig, adj. eighty.

achtzigste, adj. eightieth.

ächzen, v. n. to groan.

Ader, m. (-8; pl. Aeder) field, acre. Aderdmann, m. (-8, pl. -leute)

husbandman. Abam, m. Adam.

Abel, m. (-0) nobility, nobleness. abeln, v. a. to ennoble.

Abept, m. adept.

Aber, f. (pl. -11) vein, artery.

Abjutant, m. (-en; pl. -en) adjutant. Abler, m. (-8) eagle; -blif, m. (-8; pl. -e) eagle eye, eagle glance; -8fühnheit, f. boldness of an eagle. abministriren, v. a. to administer.

Aether, s. m. (-6) ether.

Affe, m. (-n; pl. --:, ape, monkey.

Uffect, m. affection, passion.

Afterrebe, f. (pl.-n) calumny, slander.

Ahn, m. (-2; pl. -cn) grandfather,
forefather, ancestor; -herr, m.
(-en; pl. -en) grandfather, ancestor.

[punish.

ahnben, v. a. to resent, revenge, Ahnbung, f. see Ahnung.

Minung, f. (pl. −en) presentiment, divination, foreboding.

apnen, v. a. & imp. to anticipate by secret feelings, have a presentiment (of), guess.

ahnungevoll, adj. & adv. forebodingly. ahnlid, adj. resembling, like.

Achnlichteit, f. (pl. -en) resemblance, likeness.

Aehre, f. (pl. -n) ear; Aehren lefen, ! Africa. (-8) Africa. to glean. Afabemie, f. (pl. -en) academy, university. afabemisch, adj. academical. Afabemifer, m. academist. Aftion, f. action. albern, adj. absurd, silly, foolish. Albernheit, f. (pl.—en) absurdity. silliness. Alexander, m. Alexander. aleranbrinisch, adi. Alexandrian. all, adv. all, entirely, whole. allbarmherzig, adj. merciful. allbefannt, adj. notorious. allein, adj. alone, only ; -, conj. but, however. Mllegorie, f. (pl. -cn) allegory. Alleinberischer, m. (-3) despot, monarch. for ever. allemal, adv. always ; ein für -, once allenfalls, adv. perhaps, by chance, at any rate. affer, -:, -3, adj. all, whole, every. allerbinge, adv. quite, certainly, of course. allerforfchend, adj. all-searching. allerfreuend, adj. all-inspiring. allermeift, adi. most of all : - adv. chiefly, particularly. allermannigfaltig, adj. most manifold. allgegenwärtig, adi. omnipresent. allgemein, adj. universal, general. Allgemeinheit, f. universality. allgewaltig, adj. all-powerful. allhier, adv. here. Allmacht, f. omnipotence. almächtig, adj. omnipotent. allmählig, adj. by degrees, gradual; -, adv. gradually. allmorgens, adv. every morning.

allmo, adv. where. allau, adv. too, too much. alljumal, adv. since. allauoft, adv. too often. allaustrast, adj. too severe. alluviel, adv. too much. Alpine flower. coni. than, but, as, when, whereas, wherefore; -balb, adj. & coni. as soon as, immediately, directly: -bann, adv. then. alfo, adv. & conj. thus, so, consequently, therefore. alt, adj. old, ancient, aged, stale. $\mathfrak{A}(t, m. (-3); alt(0), second tenor.$ Altar, m. (-ce; pl. -tare) altar. Alter, n. (-0) age, antiquity; vor Alters, anciently. älterlich, adj. parental. altern, v. n. to grow old. Aeltern, pl. parents; -mord, -mörber, parricide. quity. Alterthum, n. (-8; pl. -thümer) anti-Amazone, f. (pl. -n) Amazon (river in South America, also female warriors who founded an empire on the coast of the Euxine, Asia). Ambrofius, m. Ambrose. amerifanist, adj. American. Amme, f. (pl. -n) wet-nurse. Ammonshorn, n. (-es ; pl. -hörner) ammonite, cornu ammonis. Amphibie, f. (pl. -n) amphibious animal. Ampoule, Ampulle, Ampullu. Amt, n. (-es; pl. Aemter) office, employment, charge, board, council, business, jurisdiction. Amtestoly, m. haughtiness.

an, prep. on, at, in, by, near.

Alltagoffeib, n. every-day dress.

Analogie, f. (pl. -en) analogy. anbaden, v. a. & n. to stick, to ad-[building; settle. anbauen, v. a. to cultivate, to add by anbefehlen, v. a. to command, order. anbeten, v. a. to adore, worship. anbieten, v. a. ir. to offer, bid. Anbieten, n. (-8) see Anerbieten. Anblid, m. (-es; pl. -e) look, view, sight, aspect. anbliden, v. a. to look at, view. antreden, v. a. ir. to begin, break: -, v. n. ir. to break forth; begin; dawn. anbringen, v. a. ir. to bring to, in, or on, apply, announce, induce, persuade, place, sell. Anbringen, $n. (-\emptyset)$ denunciation; busi-Andacht, f. devotion. Andaditelei, f. (pl. -en) bigotry, religious cowardice (p. 95). anbächtig, adi. attentive, devout. Andenfen, n. (-3) remembrance, keepsake. ander, adj. other, second, next; einen Lag um ben anbern, every other day. anbern, v. a. to alter, change, mend : -, v. r. to alter one's con duct. anberntheils, adv. on the other hand. anbers, adv. otherwise, differently, wenn -, if indeed ; wenn - nicht, unless. Ition. Menderung, f. (pl. -en) change, alteraanbermeitig, adj. & adv. at another time, further, otherwise. [dicate. anbeuten, v. a. to signify, intimate, inanbicten, v. a. to attribute, impute falsely. [v. α . to join. aneinanber, adv. together; -fügen, Anerbieten, n. offer: -, v. a. ir. to offer, angestarmt, adj. native, rightful

anerfennen, v. a. ir. to perceive. acknowledge, own; night -, to disown anfachen, v. a. to blow into a flame. anfahren, v. n. ir. to drive against. rush against : -, v. a. to convey to, carry up; rate; fly at; land, arrive. fsault, paroxysm. Anfall, m. (-es; pl. -falle) attack, asanfallen, v. n. ir. to fall upon, fall to unexpectedly; -, $v \ a$. to assail, attack. [ment, beginning. Anfang, m. (-8; pl. -fänge) commenceanfangen, v. a. ir. to begin, commence; -, v, n, to begin. Anfänger, m. (-8) beginner. anfangs, adv. in the beginning, at first. Itouch. anfassen, v. a. to lay hold of, seize, anslammen, v. a. to inflame, animate. anflehen, v. a. to implore, beseech. anführen, v. a. to lead, instruct; deceive. Anführer, m. (-s) leader, guide. anfüllen, v. a. to fill, replenish. angeblid, adj. pretended, professed. angeboren, adj. innate, inborn. angehen, v. n. ir. to approach, advance, to be in a tolerable state, begin : concern. [tain (to). angehören, v. n. to belong or apperangehörig, adj. belonging to, related. angemessen, adj. adapted to, agreeable, appropriate, fit. angenehm, adj. agreeable, pleasing; gratifying; sweet. [agreed. angenommen, part. & adj. taken; Angesicht, n. (-es; pl. -er) face, countenance. angesichte, adv. in sight of, in view of

angiegen, v. a. ir. to cast on, pour at. | Anlage, f. (pl. -n) pleasure ground, angreifen, v. a. ir. to seize, attack, offend, undertake; -, v. r. to exert one's self.

Unariff, m. (-3; pl. -e) charge, attack. Unoft, f anguish, anxiety, trouble: alarm, fear, timidity; in - frin, to be seized with terror: maden, to alarm, frighten.

angil(ia)en, v. a. to cause anguish, torment, frighten; -, v. r. to be frightened, alarmed.

anastlid, adj. anxious, terrified, depressed.

anhalten, v. a. ir. to hold to, stop, seize; persevere, ask for, solicit. Unhang, m. (-ed) appendage, party,

[adhere. faction. anhangen, v. n. ir. to hang to or on, anhauden, v. a. to breathe upon.

anher, adv. hither, to this place. anhören, v. a. to hear, listen to.

Uniou, n. Anjou (old French province now merged into 3 different départements (counties).

Anflage, f. (pl. -n) accusation, denunciation.

anflagen, v. a. to accuse, impeach, faccuser, impeacher. indict. Anfläger, m. (-8; -in, f.; pl. -nen) anflammern, v. a. & n. to fasten with cramps; -, v. r. to cling to.

ansleben, v. n. to stick to; -, v. r. to paste to.

anformmen, v. n. ir. to come to, approach, arrive; es barauf laffen, to run the risk; es fommt nicht barauf an, it does not matter. anfünb(ia)en, v. a. to announce, publish, proclaim, declare.

Anfunft, f. (pl. -fünfte) arrival.

work, sketch, project, beginning. anlangen, v. n. to arrive; concern. relate to.

anleden, v. n. to beslaver, beslime. anlegen, v. a. to put against, put to. aim; lay the foundation, sketch; -, v. r. to attach to, fix to; -, v. n. to land, put on shore.

anleimen, v. a. to glue, fasten.

anmachen, v. a. to fasten, fix to, join to, light (a fire). [of paint. anmalen, v. a. to paint, give a coat anmagen, v. r. to claim, pretend to, usurp, arrogate.

Anmahung, f. (pl. -en) usurpation. Anmertung, f. (pl. -en) remark, obfgrace, loveliness. servation. Annuth, f. agreeableness, charm, anmuthia, adi. agreeable, pleasant. annähernb, adj. approaching.

Annaherung, f. (pl. -en) approach.

annehmen, v. a. to take, receive, accept, assume, resume; eine Gewohnheit -, to contract a habit; ben Schein -, to pretend to be; an Rinbes ftatt -, to adopt ; -, v. r. to engage in, participate in; fich einer Sache, einer Perfon -, to interest one's self for a thing, a person.

anordnen, v. a. to order, arrange.

Anordnung, f. (pl. -en) order, arrangement, disposition.

anpassen, v. a. to fit, suit; -, v. n. to make to fit, adopt. [praising. anpreisen, v. a. ir. to recommend by anproben, anprobiren, v. a. to try on,

anrathen, v. a. ir. to advise, persuade. anrathia, adj. advisable.

anrauden, v. a. to smoke, begin to smoke, to brown or season by smoke; eine Pfeife —, to light, brown. [accost.]

anreben, v. a. to address, speak to, anregen, v. a. to move, stir, stimulate. anrichten, v. a. to prepare, dish up, cause, regulate.

anruden, v. n. to approach, advance;
—, v. a. to move near to.

anrufen, v. a. ir. to call upon, invoke. ansagen, v. a. to bring word, notify. ansagen, v. a. to look at, contemplate, view. [contemplation. Ansagen, f. (pl. -en) intuition,

anscheinlich, adj. apparently.

Anfálag, m. (-e#; pl. -fáläge) affixing, design, plot; in — bringen, to put to account, valuation.

anfoließen, v. a. ir. to add, fasten with a lock; —, v. r. to join; —, v. n. to fit. [crease by swelling. anfolymessen, v. n. & a. to swell, in-Mnsehen, n. (-δ) appearance; consideration, respect, authority; —, v. a. ir. to look at or upon, contemplate, remark. [able. anschmid, adj. considerable, respect-Mnsehung, f. consideration.

anfehen, v. a. to put to or need, join to; estimate, charge, form; —, v. n. to assault; fatten. [sight. Anficht, f. (pl. -en) opinion, view, anfinnen, v. a. ir. to desire, pretend,

anspinnen, v. a. ir. to join by spinning; contrive, cause, hatch.

require of.

Anipruh, m. (-es; pl. -sprüce) claim, pretension.

Unfalt, f. (pl.-en) preparation; establishment.

anfiammen, v. a. to impart by inheritance.

Unstand, m. (-co) delay; decorum, behavior, manner; — nehmen, to hesitate. [decorous, pleasing. anstandig, adj. proper, respectable, anstarren, v. a. to stare at, gaze at. anstatt, prep. instead of.

anstaumen, v. n. to gaze at (with astonishment).

anstehen, v. n. ir. to stand against, become, be fit, suit, please, stand still; — Lassen, to wait, delay.

anstrigen, v. n. to mount, ascend.
anstrigen, v. a. to place, appoint, arrange, plot; —, v. r. to demean,
behave as if.

anstimmen, v. α. to tune, strike up. Unsios, m. (-es; pl. -stöße) collision, offence, stammering; Stein bes Unstoßes, stumbling-block, cause of offence.

ansibili, adj. scandalous, offensive. ansireben, v. n. gegen etwad —, to strive against something. [effort. Unstrengung, f. (pl. -en) exertion, ansimmen, v n. to storm, rush along. Unsheil, m (-e3; pl. -e) share, part, portion, sympathy; — nehmen, to take a share in. [bewitch. anthun, v. a. ir. to put upon, insiet, antif, adj. old, ancient.

Antillen, n. Antilles (cluster of islands in the West Indies, about 150,000 square miles, with 4,000,000 inhabitants).

antillift, adj. pertaining to the Antilles.

Antlib, n. (-\$; pl. -\$) face, countenance. [osition.
Antrag, m. (-\$\$; p! trägs) offer, prop-

antreffen, v. a. ir. to meet with, find: relate to. antreiben, v. a. ir. to drive to, incite: -, v. n. to drift against. antreten, v. a. ir. to tread on, begin. enter upon; -, v. n. to step towards a place. Imotive. Antrieb, m. (-es; pl. -e) impulse. Untwort, f. (pl. -en) answer, reply. antworten, v. a. to answer, reply. anvertrauen, v. a. to entrust. confide anverwandt, adi. related to. (to). anwandeln, v. a. to come upon, to befall. advise. anweisen, v. a. ir. to assign, appoint, anmenden, v. a. ir. to apply, make use of, employ. anmesenb, adj. present. anzeigen, v. a. to advertise, announce. Anzeiger, m. (-8) advertiser, angetteln, v. a. to instigate. [former. angieben, v. a. ir. to draw upon, attract, put on (clothes); -, v. r. to dress; -, v. n. to march: advance, draw tight. Angug, m. (-es; pl. -jüge) dress, attire: advance. march. anjüglich, adj. satirical, offensive. anzünben, v. a. to kindle, light. Apfel, m. (-\$; pl. Aepfel) apple. Applaints, f. the apocalypse. Apollo, adj. n. Apollo (heathen god). Aposte, m. (-6) apostle, apostleship. apostolical. Apothefe, s. f. (pl. -en) drug store. Apulien, m.(-0) Apulia (south-eastern parts of Italy, mod name Puglia. arabifc, adj. Arabian. Itrouble. Arbeit, f. (pl. -en) labor, work, arbeiten, v. n. to labor, work ; -, v. a. to manufacture. affecuriren, v. a. to insure.

Arbeiter, m. (-8) workman, laborer. arbeitiam, adi, industrious, laborious, Arbeitelohn, m. (-ed) wages for work. arbeitevoll, adi. industrious. Arde, f. (pl. -n) ark. arg, adj. bad, wicked, evil. Acrost, m. (-3) vexation, chagrin. ärgerlich, adj. vexatious, angry. ärgern, v. a. to vex. [vexation. Aergerniß, n. (-ffee, pl. -ffe) offence. argliftig, adj. crafty, cunning, deceit-Arawohn, m. (-\$) suspicion. fful. argwöhnen, v. a. to suspect. Ariftofratie, f. aristocracy. aristofratist, adj. aristocratic. Arithmetif, f. arithmetic. arm, adj. poor; -felia, adj. poor, Arm, m. (-es, pl. -e) arm ; -bruft, f. (pl. -brufte) cross-bow ; -leuchter, m. (-\$) chandelier. Armee, f. (pl. -n) army. Aermel, m. (-3) sleeve. ärmlid, adj. poor, miserable. Armuth, f. poverty, want. aromatist, adj. aromatic. Arragonien, n. (-6) Arragon (old kingdom, now a province in the north-east of Spain). Art, f. (pl. -en) race, sort, nature, way: auf irgend eine -, in any way whatever; aus ber - follagen, to degenerate. artig, adj. pretty, agreeable, civil. Artift, m. (-en; pl. -en) artist.

Mrz(e)nei, f. (pl. -en) medicine, drug.

Arzt, m. (-es; pl. Aerzte) physician.

Ashensalz, n. alcali, lixivial salts.

[doctor

Alde, f. ashes.

Aidenhauf, Ash heap.

Afdenputtel, f. Cinderella.

Aft, m. (-es; pl. Aefte) branch, knot (of wood).

Mefflein, n. diminutive of Mit. affectifch, adi. æsthetical.

Aftronomie, f. astronomy.

Athem, m. (-6) breath : -bolen, to breathe; - ug, m. -es; pl. - uge) breath, respiration.

Mether, m. (-\$) ether.

ätherisch, adj. etherial.

athmen, v. n. & a. to breathe.

atlantifc, adj. Atlantic.

Atom, m. (-&; pl. -e) atom.

Aefchylus, Æschylus. Asphal, m. asphaltum.

Mfien, Asia.

Au! interjection.

aud, coni. also, too, even, likewise. Aubitorium, n. (pl. -rien) auditory,

lecture-room.

meadow. Aue, f. (pl. -n) pasture, green auf, prep. on, in, at, by, into, upon; -, adv. up, upwards, open; -, int. up, rise; - bag, in order that; - und ab, up and down; - einmal, at once, suddenly.

aufbewahren, v. a. to keep, preserve. aufblasen, v. a. ir. to swell, puff up. aufblühen, v. n. to revive, flourish, blossom, open.

aufbrausen, v. n. to roar (up), ferment, foam; to get impassioned.

aufbrechen, v. a. ir. to break open. aufbringen, v. a. ir. bring up, raise, erect, rear; irritate.

Aufbruch, m. (-es; pl. brüche) breaking up, setting out, departure. aufbringen, v. a. press upon, force auferlegen, v. a. to impose. Topen. auferstehen, v. n. ir. to rise (up). Auferstehung, f. (pl. -en) resurrection.

bough, auferziehen, v. a. to educate, to bring

auffahren, v. n. ir. to rush upwards. appear suddenly, start, fly into a passion. Imarkable.

auffallenb, part. & adi. striking, reaufforbern, v. a. to summon, challenge.

Aufführnng, f. (pl. -en) conduct, behavior: representation.

Aufnabe, f. (pl. -en) proposition, problem, task.

aufgeben, v. a. ir. to give up, surrender, resign; propose.

Aufgebot, n. (-es; pl. -c) call, bans of marriage, pl.

aufgebracht, adj. indignant, provoked. aufgehen, v. n. ir. to go upwards. rise : to be spent, to be even.

aufhalten, v. a. ir. to hold up, hold open; stop, retard; -, v. r. to abide, stay; fid über etwas, - to criticise. [pend; bestow upon. aufhängen, v. a. ir. to hang up, susaufhäufen, v. a. to heap up, accumulate.

aufheben, v. a. ir. to raise up, extol; preserve : capture : abolish, abrogate; to make much ado. [tion. aufborden. v. n. to listen, pay attenaufbören, v. n. to cease, finish; listen. aufjagen, v. a. to hunt up; rouse, start. fment, civilization. Aufflärung, f. (pl. -cn) enlightenauffommen, v. a. ir. to thrive, rise, come up, recover.

Auslauf, m. (-es; pl. -läufe) uproar. sedition, tumult.

auslegen, v. a. to lay on or upon, impose; apply, adopt; reprint; eine Gelbstrafe —, to impose a fine.

auflösen, v. a. to loosen, untie, dissolve.

aufmachen, v. a. to open, raise; -, v. r. to rise, arise, prepare to start on a journey.

aufmerffam, adi. attentive.

Aufmerksamkeit, f. (pl. -en) attention. aufnehmen, v. a. ir. to take up. re-

ceive, admit; wohl, übel --, to take well, ill.

aufnöthigen, v. a. to press, force upon. auforfern, v. a. to sacrifice, immolate. aufrechnen, v. a. to calculate, add. aufregen, v. a. to stir up, incite.

aufreiben, v. a. ir. to wound by rub-

bing, consume by rubbing; destroy. ftear up, open, burst. aufreißen, v. a. ir. to open violently.

aufreizen, v. a. to incite. aufrichten, v. a. to set upright;

exact: -, v. r. to rise, get up. aufrichtia, adj. sincere.

Aufrichtigkeit, f. sincerity. Γ(p. 260). aufriten, v. a. to slit, chap, lay open Aufruf, m. (-es; pl. -e) calling up, summons; appeal (an, to).

aufrufen, v. a. ir. to call up, out.

Aufruhr, m. (-\$) uproar, sedition, rebellion, excitement, tumult.

auffagen, v. n. to recite, give warning, revoke; Dienst -, to renounce service. [upward.

aufschauen, v. n. to look up, gaze aufschieben, v. a. ir. to put off, delay, defer, prolong.

aufichlagen, v. a. ir. to strike upwards, erect, raise, establish, put up, open; —, v. n. to rise in price.

aufschließen, v. a. ir. to unlock, disclose.

aufschmieren, v. a. to smear upon ; Aufwartung, f. (pl. -en) waiting, visit.

Butter auf Brod ichmieren, to butter bread.

aufidireien, v. n. ir. to cry aloud, scream : - v. a. to cry out.

Auffdub, m. (-e0) delay, respite, adiournment.

aufschwellen, v. n. ir. to swell up. increased.

Aufichwellung, f. swelling, tumor.

aufseten, v. a. to put up or on, set up, compose; -, v. n. (of horses) to bite the crib. vision. Aufficht, f. inspection, control, superaufsparen, v. a. to save, reserve, spare.

aufspringen, v. n. ir. to spring up, (open), start up.

Aufstand, m. (-es; pl. -stände) insurrection, revolt, rising. [rebel. aufstehen, v. n. ir. to get up, rise, auffleigen, v. n. ir. to rise, ascend. mount.

aufstreifen, v. a. to turn up, tuck up. fold back: -, v. n. to touch. sweep (over the surface).

auffuchen, v. a. to search, seek for. aufthun, v. a. ir. & r. to open.

Auftrag, m. (-es; pl. trage) commission, charge. Tup.

auftragen, v. a. ir. to carry up, serve auftreten, v. n. ir. to tread upon: appear; -, v. a. to kick open.

Auftritt, m. (-es; pl.-e) appearance, scene, treading upon, step.

auftrodnen, v. a. to dry up.

aufwaden, v. n. to wake.

aufwachsen, v. n. ir. to grow up.

aufwarten, v. n. to wait (on), serve; pay respects to one.

aufwärts, adv. upward(s).

aufweiten, v. α. to awake, call.
aufweifen, v. α. ir. to show, produce, exhibit.

aufwerfen, v. a. ir. to throw open, propose; eine Frage —, to start a question; —, v. r. to rise upwards; fid — jum, to set up for; — gegen, to rebel.

cuswiegeln, v. a. to incite, instigate. Auswiegler, m. (-3) inciter, instigator, mutineer.

aufwinden, v. a. ir. to hoist, wind up. aufzehren, v. a. to consume.

ausseichnen, v. a. to note, record.

aufjahlen, v. a. to pay, to pay down. Aufjug, m. (-es; pl. -jüge) drawing up, procession, parade, act.

auswingen, v. a. ir. to force open, upon.

Auge, n. (-8; pl. -n) eye, point, view; in's — fallen, to catch the eye; vor meinen Augen, before my face; and ben Augen verlieren, to lose sight of; and ben Augen feten, to make light of; unter vier Augen, tête à tête, strictly private.

äugeln, v. a. to engraft; —, v. n. to ogle.

Augenblick, m. (-e8; pl. -e) moment, twinkling.

Augenbraune, f. (pl. -n) eyebrow. Augenlieb, n. (-e8; pl. -er) eyelid. aus, prep. out, out of, from, by, through; —, adv. out, over, finished.

ausadern, v. a. to plough out. Ausbeute, f. booty, gain. ausbilben, v. a. to perfect, cultivate. Ausbilbung, f. (pl. -cn) improvement, cultivation.

ausbrechen, v. a. ir. to break out;

vomit; take up; —, v. n. to break out, burst into.

ausbreiten, v. a. to spread, extend; publish; propagate.

Ausbreitung, f. (pl. -en) spreading. propagation. fa to endure. audbauern, v. n. to persevere : -, v. ausbehnen, v. a. to extend, stretch. expand, protract. Ision. Audbrud, m. (-cd; pl. -brüde) expresausbruden, v. a. to print upon, im-[press out; express. ausbrüden, v. a. to squeeze out, ausbrücklich, adj. express, explicit. auseinander, adv. asunder. auserforen, part. & inf. adj. selected, außerwählen, v. a. to chose, select. ausfallen, v. n. ir. to fall out, turn

auefallen, v. n. ir. to fall out, turn out, sally; loose; gut —, to succeed.

aussinhen, v. a. to find out, invent.

Aussion, excursion, subterfuge, escape; Aussiüchte machen, to shuffle. [execute, perform. aussühren, v. a. to carry out, export, Aussiühreng, f. (pl. -en) execution, exportation, practice, evacuation. aussülen, v. a. to fill out, fill up.

Ausgang, m. (-es; pl. -gänge) departure, way, end, way out, issue. ausgebreitet, part. & adj. extensive,

extended. [abortion. Ausgeburt, f. (pl. -en) production. ausgeben, v. n. ir. to go out, proceed, fail, become extinguished; —

aus, to emanate from; auf etwas
—, to have in view, go in pursuit
of some thing. [cepted.
ausgenommen, part. & adj. except, ex-

audgefogen, adj. exhausted.

ausgestidt, part. & adj. embroidered. ausgestorben, part. & adj. extinct. ausgestsan, adj. struck out, put off, extinguished.

ausgewirft, part. & adj. worked out. ausgezeichnet, adj. distinguished, celebrated. excellent.

ausgießen, v. a. ir. to pour out. ausgraben, v. a. ir. to dig out.

aushalten, v. n. ir. to hold out, continue; —, v. a. to endure, bear. aushängen, v. a. to hang out.

aushauchen, v. n. & a. to breathe out, exhale.

ausslingen, v. n. to die out (sound). Aussländer, m. (-8); -in, f. (pl.-nen) foreigner.

auslassen, v. a. ir. to let out; give vent to; leave out, omit.

auslaufen, v. n. ir. to run out, get under sail; —, v. a. to put out by running.

auslegen, v. a. to empty, evacuate.
auslegen, v. a. to lay out, display,
interpret. [preter.

Musikeger, m. (-8) explainer, inter-Musikegung, f. (pl. -en) exposition, interpretation.

audicfen, v. a. ir. to choose, select.
audicfern, v. a. to deliver, give up.
audichen, v. a. to draw out of the
earth; to mortise. [out.

ausloden, v. a. to worm out, coax auslöschen, v. a. to put out, extinguish; deface; —, v. n. ir. to be extinguished; to die.

ausmachen, v. a. to make out, finish, decide, continue, peel, explore; es macht nichts aus, it is no matter. auspreffen, v. a. to press, squeeze out, extort.

audrasen, v. a. to cease raving, sow one's wild oats.

αuðreißen, v. a. ir. to tear, draw out;
 —, v. n. to run away, give legbail, desert.

audrichen, v. a. to perform, execute, effect; nichts —. to labor in vain. audrotten, v. a. to root out, extirpate. audruhen, v. n. to rest, repose.

aufrüften, v. a. to arm, furnish, auffäen, v. a. to sow. [equip, fit out. Auffage, f. declaration, deposition. auffagen, v. a. to say. declare. de-

aussagen, v. a. to say, declare, depose.

ausfaugen, v. a. ir. to suck out, enervate, impoverish; —, v. n. to finish sucking.

ausschließen, v. a. ir. to lock out, exclude, except.

Ausschweifung, f. (pl. -en) digression, extravagance, debauchery.

ausschen, v. a. ir. to look out, choose; —, v. n. to look, have a certain appearance, face, look.

außen, adv. on the outside.

außer, prep. without, out of, except;
-bem, adv. besides, moreover,
above; -halb, prep. & adv. abroad,
beyond; -srbentlid, adj. extraordinary. [ance.

äusfer, adj. exterior, external appearäuserlich, adj. & adv. external(ly), outward(ly).

äüβετπ, v. a. to utter, show, express, give to understand, show, make manifest.

äuβετεft, adj. last, extreme, utmost, utter; —, adv. extremely.

Ueußerung, f. (pl. -en) expression, intimation.

audsehen, v. a. to set out, put on

shore, abandon, expose; set aside, find fault, ensure.

Muösidt, f. (pl. -en) view, prospect. aussishnen, v. a. to reconcile; expiate. aussipannen, v. a. to unharness, unyoke, stop; extend, stretch, strain.

ausspaieren, v. a. ir. to walk out.
ausspeien, v. a. ir. to spit out, vomit.
ausspinnen, v. a. ir. to spin out;
contrive.

ausspreden, v. a. ir. to speak out, pronounce, express, utter.

Audíprud, m. (-ed; pl. -(prüde) sentence, verdict, decision.

ausstellen, v. a. to set out, extend, set to view, expose.

Aussterben, n. (-1) extinction; —, v. n. ir. to expire, become extinct. ausstogen, v. n. ir. to push, thrust;

—, v. a. to push out, drive out.
anôstreten, v. a. & r. to extend,
stretch out. [out, rush out.
anôstromen, v. n. to run out, flow

custuden, v. a. to choose, cull, select, search.
austrilen, v. a. to distribute, divide.

austheilen, v. a. to distribute, divide. austoben, v. n. to bluster to the end. austreiben, v. a. ir. to drive out; ben

Teufel —, to cast out the devil. cusüben, v. a. to exercise, practice, execute. [cise.

Audübung, f. (pl. -en) practice, exer-Audwahl, f. (pl. -en) choice, selection. audwahlen, v. a. to choose out, select. audwandern, v. n. to set out, emi-

grate. [avoid, escape, parry. ausmeichen, v. a. & n. ir. to give way, ausmerfen, v. a. ir. to throw out, pick out, reject.

Answirfung, f. working out.

ausstichen, v. a. to mark out, note; —, v. r. to distinguish one's self. ausstichen, v. a. ir. to draw, pull out or off; abridge, contract; hollow; undress; —, v. n. to remove from a place, march out; —, v. r. to undress.

Muθjug, m. (-εθ; pl. -jüge) extract, removal; procession; drawer.

Autor, m. (&; pl. -en) author. autorifiren, v. a. to authorize, empower.

Autorität, f. (pl. –en) authority. Art, f. (pl. Aerte) axe.

Ð.

Bach, m. (–e8; pl. Bäche) brook, Bächlein, n. little brook. [rivulet. bacen, v. a. ir. to bake.

Bab, n. (-es; pl. Baber) bath.

baben, v. a. n. & r. to bathe.

Bahn, f. (pl. -en) even road, path, way, orbit.

bahnen, v. a. to make passable, tread, beat a path, level.

bayntos, adj. without a path, unpassable.

Bahre, f. (pl. –en) barrow, bier.

Bajodic, m. pl. Papal coin (1¼ cent). balb, adv. soon, shortly, quickly; in good time, nearly, near; balb... balb..., sometimes; now....then; so — als, as soon as.

Balfen, m. (- δ) beam, rafter.

Ball, m. (-cs; pl. Bälle) ball, globe, dance; — shuhe, pumps; — spiel, n. tennis.

Balsamic odor.

Banb, n. (-e8; pl. Bänber) bond, ribbon, tie; —, m. (-e8; pl. Bänbe) volume; pl. Banbe, fetters, chains.

Bande, f. (pl. -n) band, gang, tie; Bande schließen, to ratify unions.

bänbigen, v. a. to tame, render tractable, manage, restrain, govern.

bang(e), adj. afraid, alarmed, anxious. bangen, to be afraid.

Bangigfeit, f. (pl.-en) fear, apprehension, anxiety.

Banf, f. (pl. -en) bank; (pl. Banfe) bench; burch bie —, in the gross, in the lump.

Bann, m. (-e8) ban, excommunication; in den — thun, to excommunicate. [to lay spirits.

bannen, v. a. to exorcise, banish ; Banner, m. (-6) banner.

Bär, m. (-en; pl. en) bear.

Barbar, m. (-en; pl. -en) barbarian. barbarifő, adj. barbarian, barbarous. Barberroß, Barbary steed.

Barbenton, m. bard's tone or song. barfuß, adi. & adv. barefoot.

Bartholomäus, m. Bartholomew.

barmherija, adj. merciful, compassionate.

Barmherzigkeit, f. mercy, compassion. Baron, m. (–e8; pl. –e) baron.

Bart, m. (-ce; pl. Barte) beard, ward (of a key), wattle (of a cock), barb.

Base, f. (pl. -n) aunt, cousin.
Bastard, m. (-es; pl. -e) bastard.
Bastaillon, n. (-s; pl. -e) battalion.
Bau, m. (-es) building, structure,
edifice.

bauen, v. a. to build, cultivate.

Bauer, m. (-\$; pl. -n) builder, cultivator, peasant, countryman,

pawn, boor; —, m. & n. (-3) cage; —flanb, m. (-e8; pl. —flanbe) peasantry.

Bauersmann, m. countryman.

Baum, m. (-ce; pl. Baume) tree, pole, beam, boom; —aweig, m. (-ce; pl. -c) branch. [serve. beachten, v. a. to notice, attend, ob-Beamte (ber, or ein Beamter), m. (pl. -en) official, civil officer.

beängstigen, v. a. to harass with anxiety, torment, aggrieve.

Beängstigung, f. (pl. —en) anguish, anxiety.

beantworten, v. a. to answer, reply. Beantwortung, f. (pl. -en) reply, answering.

bearbeiten, v. a. to work, elaborate. Bearbeitung, f. (pl. -en) working, elaboration. [quiver. beben, v. n. to tremble, shake,

Bebung, n. shaking, palpitation, oscillation. [with flowers. beblümen, v. a. to cover or embellish

Becher, n (-ε) bowl, beaker, cup, goblet. [liberation. Bebacht, m. (-εε) consideration, de-

bebächtig, bebächtlich, bebachtfam, adj. considerate, discreet, circumspect. bebanten, v. r. to thank, return thanks.

Bedarf, m. (-e8) need, want. bedauern, v. a. to pity, regret. betauernswerth, adj. pitiable.

bebauernemürbig, adj. deplorable. bebeden, v. a. to cover.

Bebeffung, f. (pl. -en) covering, protection, convoy, guard.

betenfen, v. a. ir. to consider, weigh, devise; —,v. ir. reflect, deliberate, doubt.

Bebenflichkeit, f. (pl. -en) irresolution, | beförbern, v. a. to advance, further. timidity, hesitation.

bebeuten, v. a. to demonstrate, inform, convince; -, v. n. to signify. mean, indicate. [important. bedeutent, bedeutsam, adi, significant. Bebeutung, f. (pl. -en) consideration, meaning, acceptation, indication, signification.

bebienen, v. a. to serve, attend, wait upon: -, v. r. to help one's self. Bedienung, f. (pl. -en) service, office, favor. [stipulate.

bebingen, v. a. ir. to make conditions. bebingt, part. & adj. conditional.

Bebingung, f. (pl. -en) condition, stipulation.

bebrängen, v. a. to oppress, aggrieve. bebroken. v. a. to threaten, menace. bedürfen, v. a. ir. to need, want.

Bedürfniß, n. (-ffee; pl. -ffee) want, need.

befallen, v. a. ir. to befall, attack. befehben, v. a. to make war upon. Befehl, (m. -es, pl. -e) order, command.

befehlen, v. a. ir. to command, order, recommend.

befehligen, v. a. to command.

befestigen, v. a. to fortify, fasten, strengthen.

Befinden, n. state of health; -, v. r. ir. to find, think, to be, in regard to health: Wit - Sit fid? How do you do?

besleden, v. a. to stain, pollute. beslissen, adj. studious, assiduous, student in anything.

befloren, v. a. to cover with crape. beflügeln, v. a. to supply with wings. befolgen, v. a. to follow, obey.

promote.

befreien, v. a. to free, deliver.

befremben, v. a. to surprise, appear strange.

befreunden, v. a. to befriend, associate. befriedigen, v. u. to enclose, appease, content, satisfy.

Befugniß, f. (pl. -ffe) right, privilege, authority.

befühlen, v. u. to feel, handle.

befürchten, v. a. to fear. begabt, adj. gifted, talented.

begeben, v. a. ir. & r. to go to a place ; -, v. imp. it happened, it came

to pass; einen Wechsel -, v. a. to sell a bill of exchange.

Begebenheit, f. (pl. -en) adventure, affair, transaction.

begegnen, v. n. to meet, happen.

begehen, v. a. ir. to perpetrate, commit.

Begehr, n. (-es) desire, demand.

begehren, v. a. to desire, wish for. require, demand.

Begehren, n. see Begehr.

begeistern, v. a. to inspire. asm. Begeisterung, f. inspiration, enthusi-Begierbe, f. (pl. -n) desire, lust, ap-

petite. begierig, adj. desirous, eager, greedy. begießen, v. a. ir. to water, sprinkle,

Beginn, m. (-es) beginning. beginnen, v. a. & n. ir. to begin, undertake.

beglaubigen, v. a. to prove true, attest, affirm, authenticate, confaccredition, credentials. Beglaubigung, f. (pl. -cn) credence, begleiten, v. a. to accompany. Begleiter, m. (-\$) companion attendbeglücken, v. a. to make happy, bless. beglücken, v. r. to be satisfied, conbegraben, v. r. to be satisfied, conbegraben, v. a. r. to inter, bury. Begräbniß, n. (-[sed; pl. sed) burial, tomb, funeral.
begränzen, see begrenzen.
begreisen, v. a. ir. to seize, touch, handle, comprehend, conceive.
begreisen, v. a. iv. to seize, touch, conceivable.

[limit. begrenzen, v. a. to bound, border, Begriff, m. (-ed; pl. -e) circumfer-

begriffen, part. & adj. touched, handled, felt.

ence; idea, notion; im - sein, to

begrüßen, v. a. to greet, salute. begünstigen, v. a. to favor.

be upon the point.

begütigen, v. a. to soften, appease. Behagen, n. (-\$) gratification, pleasure, comfort, ease; —, v. imp. to please, to be agreeable.

behalten, v. a. ir. to keep, retain. behanbeln, v. a. to handle, treat. Behanblung, f. (pl. -en) treatment, management.

behängen, v. a. ir. to hang with.
behaupten, v. a. to assert, affirm.
behelmen, v. a. to helm. [dextrous.
behenb(e), adj. light, nimble, handy,
beherrschen, v. a. to reign over, rule,
govern.

Beherrscher, m. (-8) ruler, governor, beherzigen, v. a. to take to heart, reflect upon.

behüten, v. a. to guard, watch over. bei, prep. at, in, about, near, with, to, present, at the house of. beibringen, v. a. ir. to bring in. con-

beibringen, v. a. ir. to bring in, convey, impart, inspire,

Beichte, f. (pl. -n) confession; zur - gehen, to go to confession.

beichten, v. a. to make confession, beibe, adj. pl. both, two. [confess. Beifall, m. (-e8) applause, approbation, assent.

Beil, n. (-es; pl. -e) hatchet, axe.

Bein, n. (-c8; pl. -t) leg, bone; auf gesunden Beinen stehen, to be again on one's feet, restored to health; -haud, n. (-c8; pl. -häuser) charnelhouse.

beisammen, adj. together.

Betipiel, n. (-ee; pl. -e) example, instance; sum --, for instance, for example. [aid.

beispringen, v. n. ir. to assist, succor, beisen, v. a. & n. ir. to bite, peck.

Beistand, m. (-es) assistance.

beistehen, v. n. ir. to assist, support. beistimmen, v. n. to assent, agree with. beitragen, v. a. ir. to contribute, assist. besämpsen, v. a. to combat, subdue. besannt, adj. known, acquainted

(with). [ance. Befanntschaft, f. (pl. -en) acquaintbefehren, v. a. to convert.

befennen, v. a. ir. to acknowledge, confess; —, v. r. to profess.

beslagen, v. a. to lament, deplore; —, v. r. to complain. [lamentable. beslagenswerth, adj. worthy of pity, Beslagte, ber, (—n; pl.—n); bie —, (pl. —n) defendant

befleiben, v. a. to clothe, adorn, invest; hold a position.

Besteibung, f (pl. -en) clothing, vestbestemmen, adj. oppressed. [ment. bestemmen, v. a. ir. to obtain, get, receive; -, v, n, to agree with, thrive.

befrangen, v. a. to wreathe, crown, complete, finish. befrönen, v. a. to crown. befreußen, v. a. to cross. belaben, v. a. ir. to load, freight; ---, adj. full, covered, loaded. belagern, v. a. to besiege. Belagerung, f. (pl. -en) siege. belasten, v. a. to load, burden, molest, importune. belauben, v. a. & r. to cover with foliage. belauschen, v. a. to listen, watch. beleben, v. a. to animate, enliven. belebt, part. & adj. animated, lively. belebren, v. a. to instruct, inform. Belehrung, f. (pl. -en) instruction, information. beleibigen, v. a. to offend, injure. Beleibiger, m. (-8) offender, injurer. Beleidigung, f. (pl. -en) offence, in-[nate, elucidate. iurv. beleuchten, v. a to light up, illumi-Beleuchtung, f. (pl. -en) illumination. belfern, v. n. to bark, yelp. Belgrab, n. Belgrade (Turkish city in Servia, has 17,000 inhabitants). beliebt, adj. pleasing, agreeable, beloved. belohnen, v. a. to reward, recompense. belügen, v. a. to belie, calumniate. bemächtigen, v. r. to take possession of. bemerfen, v. u. to perceive, observe. bemerflich, adj. noticeable, remarkable; - maden, to hint. Bemerfung, f. remark, observation.

bemooft, adj. mossy, moss-covered. bemühen, v. a. to trouble, endeavor;

tain.

-, v. r. to take pains, try to ob-

benachbart, adj. neighboring. Benehmen, n. (-8) demeanor, conduct : -, v. u. ir. to take away, deprive of; --, v. r. to behave. beneiben, v. a. to envy, grudge. beneibenswerth, adj. enviable. beneben, v. a. to moisten, wet. benöthigen, v a to invite, force : be= nöthigt fein, to be in want (need) of. Beobachter, m. (-\$) observer. Beobachtung, f. (pl. -en) observation, observance. bequem, adj. comfortable, easy. bequemen, v. a. to make convenient. accommodate; -, v. r. to comply. follow. berathen, v. a. ir. to assist with counsel, advise; -, v. r. to take counsel, deliberate. berauben, v. a. to rob, deprive, strip. berechtigen, v. a. to authorize, justify, entitle. Berebsamfeit, f. eloquence, oratory. bereisen, v. a to travel over. bereit, adj ready, prepared; -willig, adj. ready, willing. bereiten, v. a. to prepare. bereits, adv. already. Bereitschaft, f. readiness, preparation. Bereitwilligfeit, f. readiness, willingness. bereuen, v. a. to repent. Berg, m. (-es; pl. -e) mountain, hill; -an, adv. up hill; -ig, adj. hilly. bergen, v. a. ir. to hide, conceal; save; save from a wreck. Bergeshöhe, f. (pl. -n) top of a hill. Bergeshöhle, f. (pl. -n) hollow or cavern in a hill. Ideavor. Bergedrund, m. (-ed; pl. -e) ridge of Bemühung, f. (pl. -en) trouble, en-berichten, v. a. to inform (of), report.

berücken, v. a. to cozen, catch, en-Beschleunigung, f. (pl. -en) despatch. snare, deceive.

Beruf, m. (-ee; pl. -e) calling, vocation; impulse; appeal, call.

berufen, v. a. ir. to call, appoint to an office, convoke: -, v. r. to appeal (to), refer. [depend upon. beruben, v. n. to rest, rest upon, beruhigen, v. a. to quiet, calm, appease.

berühmt, adj. renowned, famous. berühren, v. a. to touch, handle. Berührung, f. (pl. -en) contact,

touch.

befänftigen, v. a. to soften, appease. beschädigen, v. a. to injure, hurt, damage. Ito do, busy, occupy. beschäftigen, v. a. to give something Beschäftigung, f. (pl. -en) occupation, employment.

beschämen, v. a. to shame, make ashamed.

beidamt, part. & adj. ashamed. befcheeren, see befcheren.

Bescheib, m. (-ce; pl. -e) answer, decision, sentence, share; - thun, to pledge, drink; - wiffen, to know, to be conversant with.

bescheiben, v. a. ir. to assign, destine, appoint (to), direct; -, v. r. to be contented, yield, listen (to); -, adj. moderate, discreet, modest. Destow (upon).

beschenken, v. a. to present (with), bescheren, v. a. to give, provide; -, v. a ir. to shave, shear.

eine schöne -, a nice mess.

beschimpsen, v. a to insult, dishonor, affront.

beschleunigen, v. a. to hasten.

speed, hastening, acceleration.

beschließen, v. a. ir. to conclude, resolve, determine.

Beschluß, m. (-ffes; pl. -schluffe) conclusion, close, end.

beschönigen, v. a. to color, palliate.

beschränfen, v. a. to limit, circumscribe, bound, confine. [describe. beschreiben, v. a. ir. to write upon. Beschreibung, f. (pl. -en) description. Beidulbigung, f. (pl. -cn) sation.

beschüten, v. a. to guard, protect. defend. fender. Beschützer, m. (-8) protector, debeschweren, v. a. to load, trouble. molest; -, v. r. to complain.

beschwören, v. a. ir. to confirm by an oath : conjure, entreat.

Beschwörer, m. (-8) conjuror, exorcist. Beschwörung, f. (pl. -en) conjuration. Beschwörungeformel, f. incantation, adjuration.

befeelen, v. a. to animate, inspire. befegeln, v. a. to navigate.

besehen, v. a. ir. to look at. contem. plate; examine.

beseitigen, v. a. to lay aside, remove. beseffen, part. & adj. possessed, mad. beseten, v. a. to occupy, garrison; border. besiegeln, v. a. to seal, put under

bestegen, v. a. to vanquish, conquer. besingen, v. a. ir. to celebrate by

song. Bescherung, f. (pl. -en) gift, present ; besinnen, v. a. ir. to recollect, deliberate, recover one's recollec-

Iness. tion. Besinnung, f. recollection, conscious-Besit, m. (-cd) possession ; - nehmen,

to take possession of; -thum, n. (- σ ; pl.-thumer) possession, property; -ung, f. (pl.-tn) estate, possession.

besihen, v. a. ir. to possess.

beformen, part. & adj. careful, considerate. [ularly, especially. beforbers, adv. separately, partic-Beformenseit, f. circumspection, reflection, presence of mind.

heforgen, v. a. to take care of, provide, procure; apprehend, be concerned (about).

bespiegeln, v. r. to look at or behold one's self in a mirror.

beforemen, v. a. ir. to be speak; —, v. r. to consult or converse with.

besprengen, v. a. to besprinkle.

beffer, see gut.

bester, v. a. to better, meliorate, mend; —, v. r. to recover from illness.

bestänbig, adj. continual, constant.
bestätigen, v. a. to confirm, establish.
best, see gut. [bribe.

besteden, v. a. ir. to border; corrupt, besteden, v. a. to stick with, stick upon; adorn.

besteps, v. n. ir. to endure, last, persist, subsist; —, v. a. to stand, endure, undergo.

bestellen, v. a. ir. to mount, ascend.
bestellen, v. a. to appoint, promise,
bespeak, order; arrange; care
for; put in order; cultivate.

besters, adj. in the best manner possible. [stars, with badges. besternt, adj. starry, covered with Bester, f. beast.

bestimmen, v. a. to define, determine, induce, appoint, fix.

Bestimmung, f. (pl. —en) determination, destination.

bestirnt, see besternt.

bestrasen, v. a. to punish, chastise. bestrassen, v. a. to beam, irradiate, cast beams upon.

Bestreten, n. (-3) exertion, endeavor; —, v. r. to strive, endeavor, labor. bestreichen, v. α. ir. to spread over, bestrear.

bestreiten, v. a. ir. dispute, attack, contest, afford, defray.

Besuch, m. (-es; pl. -e) visit, search; einen — abstatten, to pay a visit. betäuben, v. a. to stun, din, weaken.

Betäubung, f. (pl. -en) astonishment, stupor.

beten, v. n. to pray, say prayers.

betheuern, v. a. to affirm, assure. bethören, v. a. to fool, infatuate.

Betracht, m. (-ee; pl. -e) consideration; in — siehen, to take into consideration. [consider. betrachten, v. a. to view, contemplate, Betrachtung, f. (pl. -en) view, con-

sideration, contemplation.

Betrag, m. (-e8; pl. -träge) amount. Betragen, n. (-8) behavior, conduct; —, v. r. to conduct one's self, be-

have; —, v. n. to amount to.

Betreff, m. respect, relation; in —, with respect to.

betreffen, $v. \ a. \ ir.$ to surprise, perplex; befall; relate to, concern.

betreiben, v. a. ir. to drive upon, urge; manage, carry on.

Betreibung, f. (pl.—en) prosecution, pursuit.

betreten, v. a. ir. to step upon, enter, tread; —, part. & adj. perplexed, embarrassed. betrüben, v. a. to trouble, afflict; -, Bewegung, f. (pl. -en) motion, movev. r. to be afflicted. betrübt, adi. afflicted, sad. Tusion. Betrug, m. (-es) fraud, deceit, ilbetrügen, v. a. ir. to cheat, deceive; -, v. r. to mistake, to be mistaken or disappointed.

Betrüger, m. (-8); -in, f. (pl. -nen) cheater, deceiver.

betrügerisch, adj. deceiving, cheating. Betstunde, f. (pl. -n) hour for prayer. Bett, n. (-es; pl. -e) bed; -bede, f. (pl. -en) bed cover, blanket.

bettelarm, adj. beggarly, quite poor. Bettelbrob, n. (-e6) bread of mendicity. Tboy.

Betteljunge, n. (-n; pl. -n) begging Bettelfrau, f. (pl. -n) begging woman. betteln, v. n. to ask alms, beg.

Bettler, m. beggar. [to bow, stoop. beugen, v. a. to bend, warp; -, v. r. Beule, f. (pl. -en) boil, tumor, ulcer;

boss: dint. beunruhigen, v. a. to disquiet, disturb.

Beute, f. (pl. -n) booty, spoil.

Beutel, m. (-0) bag, purse.

bevor, conj. & adv. before.

bewachen, v. a. to watch, guard.

bewachsen, v. n. ir. to over-grow : --- , v. a. to grow over.

bewaffnen, v. a. to arm.

Bewaffnung, f. (pl. -en) armament. bewähren, v. a. & r. to prove, verify. approve, try.

bewahren, v. a. to keep, take care of. bewährt, part. & adj. tried, certain.

proof. bewandert, adj. versed.

bewegen, v. a. & r. to move, touch, stir, stir up, agitate.

beweglich, adj. movable.

ment, commotion. I force.

Bewegungsfraft, f. motive power or bewegungeles. adi. motionless.

Bewegungemann, m. agitator.

beweinen, v. a. to weep for, bewail. Beweis, m. (-es; pl. -e) proof, ar-

gument. Idemonstrate. beweisen, v. a. ir. to prove, show, Bewerber, m. (-e) candidate, appli-

[consent (to), permit. bewilligen, v. a. to grant, comply,

bewirfen, v. a. to effect. Bewirfung, f. effect, bringing about.

bewirthen, v. a. to entertain, treat. bewohnen, v. a. to inhabit, live in.

bemölfen, v. a. to cloud, obscure.

bewundern, v. a. to admire.

Bewunderung, f. admiration.

bewufit, adi. & part. conscious of, Frecollection. known.

Bewußtsein, n. (-6) consciousness, bezahlen, v. a. to pay, satisfy.

bezähmen, v. a. to tame, moderate.

bezaubern, v. a. to bewitch, charm.

bezeichnen, v. u. to mark, point out, denote, accent. [accuse of.

bezeihen, v. a. ir. to charge with, bezeugen, v. a. to attest, convince, affirm, testify.

begieben, v. a. ir. to draw, string (an instrument); overcast, inspect, enter (upon a habitation), refer; -, v. r. to refer to, relate to.

Beziehung, f. (pl. -en) relation, reference, appeal.

Bezug, m. (-es; pl. -juge) relation, reference.

bezwingen, v. a. ir. to subdue, van-Bibel, f. (pl. -n) Bible. bieber, adj. good, honest, virtuous

Bieberfinn, m. (-ed) honest. upright | bitter, adj. bitter, sharp ; -lich, adj. disposition.

Bieberton, m. honest tone.

biegen, v. a. ir. to bend, bow, curve. Biene, f. (pl. -n) bee.

Bier, n. (-co; pl. -e) beer. Toffer.

bieten, v. a. ir. to bid. command : Bild, n. (-es; pl. -er) figure. image, picture; -hauer, m. (-8) sculptor; -bauerei, f. statuary. sculpture, work of a sculptor.

bilben, v. a. to form, fashion, create. model; cultivate; polish.

bilblid, adj. figurative, typical.

Bilbner, m. (-∅) sculptor, modeller.

Bilbnerei, f. (pl. -en) sculpture.

Bilbung, f. (pl. -en) formation, education, cultivation.

Bilbungogefet, n. law of form.

billig, adj. just, right; cheap.

billigen, v. a. to approve, consent to.

[fillet, sling. Billigfeit, f. equity. Binbe, f. (pl. -en) band, bandage,

binben, v. a. ir. to bind, tie, fasten,

cement; -, v. r. to engage one's binnen, adv. within. self.

Binsenstubl, m. rush-chair.

Birne, f. (pl. -n) pear.

bis, conj. & adv. till, until, up to, as far as; -her, adv. hitherto, till now : -berig, adi, what has hitherto been.

 $\mathfrak{Bi}(\mathfrak{d})\mathfrak{of}, m. (-\mathfrak{ed}; pl. -\mathfrak{fd})\mathfrak{of}\mathfrak{e})$ bishop, orangeade, a drink made of red wine and burnt, bitter oranges. Bisthum, n. (-es; pl. -thumer) bishop-

ric, episcopacy.

Bitte, f. (pl. -n) request, entreaty, petition, solicitation, suit.

bitten, v. a. ir. to entreat, pray, beg, request, invite.

somewhat bitter: -, adv. bitterly.

Bitterfeit, f. (pl. -en) bitterness.

blaben, v. a. to blow up, puff up : --, v. r. to show pride, be ostentations.

blant, adj. blank, shining, bare, polished : mit blanfem Schwert, with the sword drawn.

Blase, f. bladder, blister, bubble.

blasen, v. a. & n. ir. to blow, sound. blag, adi. pale, light.

Blatt, n. (-es; pl. Blätter) leaf, blade.

Blatterhaut, f. (pl. -haute) smallpocked skin. fblue.

Blau, n. (-es) blue color: -, adi. blauen, v. a. to blue; -, v. n. r. to become blue.

bleiben, v. n. ir. to remain, stay, sojourn, persevere, rest, perish; fteben -, to stand still, stop.

bleid, adj. pale, wan, faded.

Bleiche, f. (pl. -n) paleness, bleaching-ground.

blenben, v. a. to blind, dazzle, cover or intercept the sight.

Blenbwerf, n. (-es; pl. -e) deception, delusion.

Blid, m. (-es; pl. -e) look, gleam, glance, face, countenance; einen thun, to cast a glance, look (towards.)

bliden, v. n. to gleam, glance, look, blinb, adj. dark, blind, mock, false; -linge, adj. blindly ; -wüthenb, adj. furious, raging.

Blindheit, f. blindness; fig. spiritual blindness.

blinfen, v. n. to glitter, twinkle, wink. Blit, m. (-es; pl. -e) lightning, bliken, v. n. to lighten. glance.

blisesichnell, adj. as quick as light-1 blockiren, v. a. to blockade. blöbe, adi. blunt, weak, weak-eved. timid, dull.

blonb, adj. light-colored, fair.

blog, adi. naked, bare, uncovered, mere: -adv, barely, merely, only. Blöße, f. (pl. -n) nakedness, weak fish. parts.

blühen, v. n. to bloom, flower, flour-Blümchen n. (-8) floweret.

Blume, f. (pl. -n) flower.

blumenleer, adj. void of flowers.

Blumengemäche, n. flower plant.

Blumenfrone, f. crown of a flower.

Blumenfeld, m. calyx, cup, bell of a flower. [wreath of flowers.

Blumenfrang, m. (-es; pl. -frange) Blut, n. (-es) blood; -burst, m. (-es) thirst after blood; -burftig, adj.

blood-thirsty, sanguinary ; -gerüft, $n. (-\mathfrak{e}\mathfrak{s}; pl. -\mathfrak{e})$ scaffold (of execution); auf bem - sterben, to die by the hands of the executioner;

-gier, f. see Blutburft; -gierig, adj. blood-thirsty; -roth, adj. red as blood, very red; - schulb, f. (pl. -en) capital crime; -overmanot, adj. re-

lated by blood. bluten, v. n. to bleed.

Bluthe, f. (pl. -n) blossom, bloom.

blutig, adj. bloody, sanguinary.

Boben, m. (-6; pl. Böben) ground, soil, bottom, loft, garret.

Bogen, m. (-6; pl. Bogen) arch, arc, bow; in Baust unb —, in the lump;

-sehne, f. (pl. -n) bow-string;

-ftrang, m. (pl. -ftrange) bow-string. bogig, adj. arched.

Böhmen, n. Bohemia (kingdom, possession of Austria, has 20,200 Braue, m. (-ce) bustle, tumult.

square miles, and 5,000,000 inhabitants).

Böhmerweiß, f. Bohemian woman.

bohnen, v. a. to rub with wax.

Bologna, Bologna (Ital. city, has 110,000 inhabitants).

Bombe, f. (pl. -n) bomb, shell. Boot, n. (-es; pl. Bote) boat.

Borb, m. (-es; pl. -e) brim, board.

borgen, v. a. to borrow, take on credit, lend, give credit, trust.

Börse, f. (pl. -n) purse, exchange.

Börsenbändler, m. (-8) exchange merchant, dealer in money purses.

borsten, v. r. to bristle.

Böse, m. (-n; pl.-n) devil; -, n. (-n) evil, vice; -, adi. bad, evil, wicked, sore; -widt, m. (-es; pl. -e) villain.

boohaft, adj. spiteful, wicked, malicious. Iness.

Bosheit, f. (pl. -en) malice, wicked-Bote, s. m. (-n; pl. -n) messenger, herald.

Botfcaft, f. message, embassy, news. brachen, v. a. to fallow, to break flax. Brand, m. (-ee; pl. Brande) burning, combustion, conflagration; gangrene, mortification.

Braten, m. (-\$) roast, roast-meat : --, v. a. to roast, fry. [age, custom. Brauch, m. (-es; pl. Brauche) use, usbrauchen, v. a. to want, require, need, [able, useful.

braudbar, adj. fit to be used; availbrauchlich, see gebrauchlich.

Braue, f. eyebrow.

brauen, v. a. to brew, distil.

braun, adj. brown. come brown. braunen, v. a. to brown; v. n. to bebrausen, v. n. to rush, roar, bluster. ferment.

Braut, f. (pl. Bräute) affianced, betrothed, bride; -fleib, n. (-es; pl. -er) wedding-dress; -frang, m. (-e0; pl. -frange) bridal garland, wreath; -Icute, pl. the betrothed ones.

Bräutigam, m. (e: pl. -e) bridegroom. brav, adi. good, valiant, brave, gallant, honest.

Bravo, m. (8; pl. -8) bandit, bravo; - int. bravo.

brechen, v. a. ir. to break, pluck; -, v. r. to break, vomit; —, v. n. to break, fall, become a bankrupt, burst ; bie Ebe -, to commit adultery; fein Bort -, to break one's word.

Brei, m. (-es; pl. -e) pap, panada, melted mass, gruel.

freit, adj. broad, extended, wide; meit unb -, far and wide. [pand. breiten, v. a. to spread, extend, exbrennen, v. a. ir. to burn, scorch, cauterize, brand, distil; -, v, n, to burn, to be combustible.

Brief, m. (-es; pl. -e) letter, epistle. Brillant, m. (-en; pl. -en) brilliant, diamond; -, adj. brilliant.

bringen, v. a. ir. to bring, convey, conduct ; es weit -, to make great progress; au Papier -, to pen down ; au Dege -, to bring about, to affect: ju Stande -, to accomplish, to effect ; ume Leben -, to put to death, to kill.

Britishe, f. (pl. -n) mace, wand. Brittensohn, m. British son.

Brob, n. (-es; pl. Brote) bread, loaf, support, livelihood.

Bruch, m. (-es; pl. Brüche) breaking, bublerisch, adj. coquetish, unchaste.

fracture, rupture, fragment, hernia, fraction, infringement.

Brude, f. (pl. -n) bridge.

Bruber, m. (-6; pl. Bruber) brother: -nefdilect, n. race of brothers. human family ; -gruy, m. (-es; pl. -gruße) brotherly salute; -morb, m. (-es; pl. -e) fratricide; - imift, brotherly strife.

brüberlich, adi. brotherly, fraternal.

brüllen, v. n. to roar, bellow.

brummen, v. n. to roar, hum, growl. murmur, bellow. ain. Brunnen, m. (-\$) spring, well, fount-Brunft, f. (pl. Brunfte) ardor, lust. brünftig, adj. burning, ardent. [rut. Bruft, f. (pl. Brüfte) breast, bosom, chest; -harnifd), m. (-e0; pl. -e) cuirass; -webr, f. (pl. -e) breastwork.

brüsten, v. r. to look big, to be proud, strut. hatch.

Brut, f. (pl. -en) brood, incubation, brüten, v. a. to brood, hatch.

Bute, m. (-n; pl. -n) boy, knave, villain, rogue. boy.

Büblein, n. (dim. of Bube) a small Bud, n. (-es; pl. Bücher) book, quire of paper; -ftabe, m. (-n; pl. -n) letter, type; große -, capital letter :- ftablich, adi. literal : - weisbeit, f. book learning.

Buchenhain, m. beech grove.

Bucherhauf, m. a heap of books.

Büdse, f. (pl. -n) box, case, gun, rifle, Budt, f. (pl. -en) inlet, bay, brook.

büden, v. r. to stoop, bow.

Bügel, m. (-8) hoop, ring, stirrup. Buble, m. (-n; pl. -n) sweetheart lover, wooer.

ing, stage.

Bühnenwelt, f. theatrical world.

Bund, m. (-es; pl. Bünde) covenant, league, union, confederacy; -, n. (pl. →) bundle, truss, bunch; -brüdig, adj. breaking the covenant, treacherous, perfidious.

Bunbesfrieben, m. confederation.

Bunbesgenog, m. (-en; pl. -en) confed-Talliance. erate.

Bünbniğ, n. (-es; pl. -e) covenant, bunt, adj. variegated, colored, many colored, speckled.

Bürbe, f. (pl. -n) load, charge.

Burg, f. (pl. -en) castle, fort ; -verlieg, n. (-e\$; pl. -e) dungeon.

Bürge, m. (-n; pl. -n) surety, bail, warranter.

bürgen, v. a. to bail, warrant.

Bürger, m. (-6) citizen, commoner, burgher; -frieg, m. (-eø; pl. -e) civil war; -blut, blood of citizens. büralich (büracrlich), adi. eivil, civic. Bürgschaft, f. (pl. -en) bail, surety, Bürfte, f. (pl. -n) brush. [guaranty. bürsten, v. a. to brush.

Busch, m. (-6; pl. Busch, small wood, thicket.

Busen, m. (-3) breast, bosom, gulf. Bufe, f. (pl. -n) penance, penitence, repentance, punishment, fine.

büßen, v. a. to expiate, mend, repair, compensate, appease; —, v. n. to atone (for), suffer.

Butter, f. butter.

€.

Calabrien, n. (-8) Calabria (southwest peninsula of Italy, has over 1,000,000 inhabitants).

Bühne, f. (pl. -n) scaffold, scaffold- | Camerab, m. (-en, pl. -en) comrade. Castellamare, Castlemare (city on the Gulf of Naples, has 15,000 inhab.) Canbibat, m. (-en & -e; pl. -en) can-Capelle, f. (pl. -n) chapel. Ididate. Capellmeister, m. (-6) chapel master. leader of a band, choir, or orches-

Carbinal, m. (-es; pl. -nale) cardinal. Ceber, f. (pl. -n) cedar.

Centner, m, (-0) quintal, hundred weight, cent-weight.

centnerschwer, adj. ponderous.

Ceremonie, f. (pl. -en) ceremony.

Charafter, m. (-8; pl, -e) character.

charafteristisch, adi. characteristic.

Chemie, f. chemistry.

Cherub, m. cherub.

Cherubim, cherubim.

Chor, m. & n. (-6; pl. Chorus, choir, quire; crowd (Schiller's Bürgschaft) ; -gefang, m. (pl. -gefange) chorus, choir song, hymn, anthem: -fnabe, m. chorister.

Chorist, m. (-8; pl. -en) chorister.

Chrift, m. (-en; pl. -en); -in, f. (pl. -nen) christian.

Christenbeit, f. christendom.

Christenthum, n. (-es) christianity.

drifflid, adj. christian.

Christus, m. Christ.

Chronif, f. (pl. -en) chronicle.

Chronologie, f. (pl. -en) chronology. Churfürst, m. (-en; pl. -en) elector, prince elector.

Cirfel, see Birfel. Inasium.

Class, f. (pl. -n) class, cast, gym-Classics, classics.

Complexion, f. complexion, look. Conclave, n. (-3) conclave.

Concordia, f. concord, concordia.

Congregation, audience. constitutionell, adj. constitutional. Confultor, m. adviser, counsellor. Continent, m. (-co; pl. -e) comtinent. contrastiren, v. a. to contrast, set off. Corps, (pron. core) n. corps. Corporal, m. (-\$; pl. -ale) corporal. Crucifix, n. (-es; pl. -e) crucifix. Cultur, f. (pl. -en) culture, civiliza-Cupra, m. cupra. ftion. Cyflus, m. (pl. Cyflen) cycle.

D.

Da, adv. there, here, near, where; -, conj. as, since, when, because, whereas: -bei, adv. near that. thereby, for it. babeibleiben, v. n. to persist in. Dad, n. (-es: pl. Dader) roof. baburd, adv. thereby, by (means of) bafür, adv. for that, this, or it. bagegen, adv. against that, in exchange, on the contrary : --, coni. baheim, adv. at home. whereas. baher, adv. thence, from that place; -, conj. therefore. bahin, adv, there, thither, away, gone, lost, to that place : - geffefft

unnoticed. Dalmatien, n. Dalmatia (Austrian kingdom, of 5,800 sq. miles, with about 500,000 inhabitants).

fein laffen, to leave undecided or

bamalia, adj. then being, at that time. bamals, adv then, at that time.

Dame, f. (pl. -n) lady, queen. bamit, adv. therewith, with it, with barleiben, v. a. ir. to lend.

in order that.

that; -, conj. that; - nicht, lest,

[mole, dike. Damm, m. (-ce; pl. Damme) dam, barnieberfampfen, v. a. to vanguish.

bämmern, v. n. to grow twilight, [evil spirit.

Dämon, m. (-n; pl. -en) demon, devil, Dämmerung, f. twilight.

Dampf, m. (-ed; pl. Dampfe) vapor, steam, fume: -bao, n. (-es: pl -bäber) vapor-bath.

bampfen, v. n. to smoke, fume.

bämpfen, v. a. to smother, suffocate extinguish, dampen. Ithat. banach, adv. after that, according to baneben; adv. near it, by it.

Dänemark, n. Denmark.

Dane, m. Dane.

banicher, adv. on the ground, down.

Danf, m. (-ed) thanks : - fagen, abstatten, to thank, return thanks: -bar, adj. thankful, grateful; -barfeit, f. thankfulness, gratefulness.

banken, v. a. to thank ; einem etwas zu baben, to be indebted to one.

bann, adv. then, thereupon; - unb mann, now and then, occasionally. bannen, adv. thence; von -, from thence, away.

baran, adv. thereon, on that, on it, by this, that, or it : near it.

barauf, adv. thereupon, thereon, on it, at it, after that, where(up)on. baraus, adv. thereout, therefrom.

from that, out of it. barbieten, v. a. ir. to offer.

barbringen, v. a. ir. to bring, offer.

barein, adv. into it. [that, within. barin, barinnen, adv. therein, in it, in barlegen, v. a. to lay down; show, explain, demonstrate.

barnadi, adv. after that, after it, accordingly.

barob, adv. on account of that, there- | bemagagifth, adj. demagogical.

barstellen, v. a. to present, represent. Darstellung, f. (pl. -en) presentation, representation. Istatement. Darftellungeformel, representation. barthun, v. a. to prove demonstrate. barüber, adv. over that, concerning that, of that, above, upwards.

borum, adv. therefore, for that reason. barunter, adv. under. below.

Dassin, n. (-3) presence, existence. baselbst, adv. there, in that place. baf, conj. that : - nicht, lest.

Dauer, f. duration, continuance.

bauern, v. n. to last, continue, remain; -, v. imp. to excite pity. Daune, f. (pl. -n) down-feather.

bavon, adv. thereof, therefrom, of

this, that, or it, off, away. bayer, adv. before it (this, that), of it, for it. fsides.

bazu, adv. thereto, to it, for it, bebazwiichen, adv. between (them), among (them); - fommen, to come between, to intervene.

Decade, f. (pl. -n) decade.

Defe, f. (pl. -n) cover, coverlet, ceiling, tegument.

beden, v. a. to deck, to cover. [claim. beclamiren, v. a. & n. to recite, to de-Degen, m. (-0) sword ; warrior.

bein, beine, bein, pro. thine, your. beinethalben, beinetwegen, um beinetwil-

Ien, adv. on thy (your) account, for thy sake.

beinerseits, pron. on your side or part. Delos, Delos (island in the Ægean Sea, sacred to Apollo).

Delphin, m. (-8; pl. -e) dolphin. Demagog, m. (-en; pl. -en) demagogue.

bemnach, conj. therefore, consequent ly, accordingly. [ing.

bemobngeachtet, prep. notwithstand-Demofrat, m. (-en; pl. -en) democrat. Demofratie, f. (pl. -en) democracy.

bemofratist, adj. democratical.

Demuth, f. humility, lowliness. bemüthia, adj. humble, submissive. bemuthevoll, adj. lowly, humble.

Denfart, f. (pl. -en) mode of thinking. bmfbar, adj. conceivable, imaginable. benfen, v. a. & n. ir. to think, con-

ceive, imagine, remember. Denfmal, n. (-es; pl. -maler) monubenfmürbig, adj. memorable. [ment. benn, conj. then, but, for, than. bennoth, conj. yet, nevertheless.

Deputirte (ber), m. (-n; pl. -n) deputy. bereinst, adv. in future, one day.

bergestalt, adv. in such a manner, so. bergleichen, adv. such, such like. berjenige, biejenige, basjenige, pron.

that, this, the one, he, she, it. berfelbe, biefelbe, baffelbe, pron. the same; he, she, or it.

beshalb, adv. for this reason, on that account; -, conj. therefore.

Despot, m. (-en; pl. -en) despot.

bespotist, adj. despotic.

Despotismus, m. despotism, tyranny. besfalls, adv. for this reason.

besto, conj. the; - besser, so much the better. [son, on that account. beswegen, beswillen, adv. for that reabeuten, v. a. to point at, explain, interpret; -, v. n. to point to.

beutlich, adj. clear, distinct.

beutich, adi. German.

Deutsche (ber), m. (-en; pl. -en) or ein Deutscher; -, f. (pl. -en) Gorman.

Deutschland, n. Germany. Deutung, f. (pl. -en) explanation. Dichem, m. diadem. Diafonus, m. deacon. Dialeft, m. (-es; pl. -e) dialect. bialeftifd, adi. dialectic. bidit, adj. dense, solid, compact, close; -belaubt, adj. covered with thick foliage. Didte, f. density, closeness. biditen, v. n. to think, invent, compose, poetize, make poetry. Dichter, m. (-8) poet; -brust, poetic nature : -allegorie, poetic lore. Dichtfunst, f. (no plur.) poësy, art of poetry. Ition. Didstung, f. (pl. -en) fiction, invenbid, adj. thick, big, corpulent. biftiren, v. a. to dictate. Dieb, m. (-es ; pl. -e) thief. Diele, f. (pl. -n) board. bielen, v. a. to lay with boards, floor. bienen, v. n. to serve, to be fit. Diener, m. (-0); Dienerin, f. (pl. -nen) servant; minister; -fd)aft, f. (pl. -en) servants, domestics. Dienst, m. (-es; pl. -e) service, office, Dies, see biefer. [employment. biefer, biefe, biefes, pron. this. biesjährig, adj. of this year. bicomal, adv. this time. [object. Ding, n. (-es; pl. -e) thing, matter, Dimension, f. (pl. -en) dimension. Direftor, m. (-e; pl. -en) director. Dirne, f. (pl. -en) maid, girl. Disciplin, f. (pl. -en) discipline, science of art. bod), adv. yet, however, but, pray. Doftor, m. (-8; pl. -en) doctor. Dold, m. (-es; pl. -e) dagger, poniard.

Dom, m. ($-\epsilon \delta$; pl. $-\epsilon$) dome, cathedral. Domane, f. (pl.-n) domain, demesne. Donner, m. (-s) thunder; vom — gerührt, thunderstruck ; -feil, m. (-3: $pl. -\epsilon$) thunderbolt; $-\delta$) tag, $m. (-\delta)$; pl. -fdläge) thunderclap ; -wolfe, f. (pl, -n) tempestuous cloud: -mort, $n. (-\ell 0; pl. -\ell)$ word of judgment. bonnern, v. imp. to thunder. boppel, in. comp. double. Doppelflinte, f. (pl. -n) double-barreled gun. bounein, v. a. to double. Doppelfinn, m. (-es; pl. -e) ambiguous sense, double meaning. boppelfinnig, adj. ambiguous. boppelt, adi. double. boppeljüngig, adj. double-tongued. Doppelgungigfeit, f. double-tongued, deceitfulness. Dorf. n. (-es: pl. Dörfer) village. bort, borten, adv. there, yonder, yon. borther, adv. from yonder, thence. borthin, adv. to that place, hither. bortig, adj. being there, of that place. Drache, m. (-n) dragon, drake, kite. Drachengift, n. dragon's poison. Dragoner, m. (-8) dragoon. Drama, n. (-8; pl. Dramen) drama. Drang, m. throng, pressure, oppression, distress. Drängen, n. pressing of a crowd, pushing; ---, v. a. to press, squeeze, bräuen, see brohen. urge. braufien, adv. out of doors, without. brehen, v. a. to turn, twist, wrest. brei, adj. three; -cinig, adj. three united, triune; -fad), adj. threefold, triple, treble; -fuß, m. triped; -mal, adv. three times; -filbig, adj. of three syllables.

breißig, adj. thirty : -jahrig, num. adj. lasting thirty years, thirty years breift, adj. bold, courageous. fold. breisehn, adi, thirteen. bringen, v. n. ir. to throng, crowd, penetrate: -, v. a. to compress. urge; auf etwas -, to press or urge a thing. bringenb, adj. urgent, pressing. britte, adi, third. broken, v. a. to threaten. Drohung, f. (pl. -en) threat, menace, oppression. bröhnen, v. n. to shake, groan, reverberate. brollig, adj. funny, peculiar. brüben, adv. over yonder. brüber. see barüber. Druđ, m. (-eø) pressure, squeeze, bruden, v. a. to press, print. brüden, v. a. to press, squeeze, pinch, [Druids. oppress. Druibenbaum, m. mistletoe-oak of the brum. see barum. brunten, adv. below, there below. bu, pron. thou, you. Duell, n. (-\$; pl. -e) duel. Duft, m. (-ed; pl. Düfte) scent, fragrancy, exhalation, vapor; -qebilb, n. (-e¢; pl. -e) hazy form. buften, v. n. to be odoriferous, to send out fragrance. buftig, adj. fragrant. [dure. bulben, v. a. to tolerate, suffer, enbumm, adj. dull, stupid, foolish. Dummbeit, f. (pl. -en) stupidity. bumpf, adj. hollow; damp, musty. . Dune, see Daune. fplain). Düne, f. (pl. -n) down (large, open Dunenfiffen, n. downy pillow.

bunfel, adj. dark, obscure; -grün, adj.

dark green ; -heit, f. darkness, obscurity. bünfen, v. imp. to seem, appear. bunn, adj. thin, fine, subtle, small, tender. burth, prep. through, by, throughout; -aue, adv. throughout, by all means. burdbohren, v. a. to bore through. burdbringen, v. a. ir. to bring through. squander; ,-, v. r. to get through the world. burchbringen, v. n. ir. to get through, pierce, penetrate, pervade, succeed; -, insep. to penetrate, fill with. [shrill, sharp, keen. burdbringenb, part. & adj. piercing, burchbrücken, v. a. to press through. burcheinander, adv. confusedly, pellmell. burchfecten, v. a. ir. to fight through: -, v. r. to fight one's way through, to get out of a scrape. burdsfaulen, v. n. to rot entirely, putrefy, rot through. fanimate. burchflammen, v. a. to flash through, burchfliegen, v. n. ir. to fly through; - insep. a. to fly through, traverse rapidly, peruse. Durchflug, m. (-es; pl. -fluge) rapid passing through a place. Durchgang, m. (-es; pl. -gange) passage, defile. burchgängig, adj. previous, common, usual, prevailing, without exception, universal. burdgrübeln, v. a. to reflect upon a thing, search. burchheulen, v. a. to fill with howling. burdjammern, v. a. to lament or erv

throughout (the night, &c.).

burchflingen, v. n. ir. to sound through. burchfommen, v. n. ir. to come or get through, come off, recover.
burchlaufen, v. n. to run through; —, insep. to run over, peruse.
burchmengen, v. a. to mingle or mix thoroughly, mix up with.
burchmeffen, v. a. ir. to measure throughout.
burchmischen, see burchmengen.
burchmischen, v. a. & ir. sep. & insep. to run through.

burchfämpfen, v. a. to fight out.

burds (dauen, v. n. to look through; —, insep. a. to see the heart of one, to understand (a person). burds (dießen, v. n. to shoot through (an opening), to dart through, to interleave (book); —, insep. a. to fire through. burds (diummern, v. n. to sleep through;

burdidiummern, v.n. to sleep through; to pass in slumber.

burdschneiben, v. a. ir. sep. & insep. to cut through, intersect, pierce. burdstraßlen, v. n. insep. to shine

through, fill with rays. burdifreifen, to rove through.

burdströmen, v. a. & n. sep. & insep. to flow through, pervade.

burdsuchen, v. a. to search through. burdsmaden, v. a. to watch through, pass waking. [through.

burchwandern, v. n. to wander or travel burchweinen, v. a. to pass weeping. burchwirfen, v. a. to knead through;

burdmirfen, v. a. to knead through —, insep. to interweave.

burdwühlen, v. r. to dig through, work through; —, insep. n. to grub up, root up. [ed. bürfen, v. n. ir. to dare, to be allow-bürftig, adj. needy, indigent, poor.

Dürftigfeit, f. poverty, neediness.
bürr, adj. dry, arid, withered.
Dürre, f. aridity, dryness, draught.
Durft, m. (-ev) thirst. [thirst.
burflen, bürflen, v. n. to be thirsty, burflig, adj. thirsty, dry,
büfler, adj. dark, gloomy, dismal.
Duvenb, n. (-(e)v; pl. -e) dozen.

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Ebbe, f. (pl.—n) ebb, ebbtide. ebben, v. n. to ebb.

even, adj. even, plain, flat; —, adv. even, just, precisely, merely; -bilb, n. (-co; pl.-cr) image; -būrtig, adj. of equal birth; -berfelbe, pron. the very same; -fallo, adv. likewise, too, also; fv —, even now, just now; -fowenig, adv. just as little. Ebene, f. (pl.-n) plain, level ground. Edo, n. (-d) echo.

Ett, f. (pl. -n) corner, edge.

coll, adj. noble, well-born, generous;

-bame, (pl. -n), -frau, f. (pl. -cn)

noble lady; -hof, m. (-co; pl. -hoff)

estate, mansion; -fnabe, m. (-n; pl.

-n) page; -fnecht, m. (-co; pl. -c)

page; -mann, m. (-co; pl. -leute) no
bleman; -muth, m. (-co) generosi
ty, magnanimity; -flein, m. (-co;

pl. -c) precious stone; -that, f. (pl.

-en) generous deed.

Efflorescenz, f. efflorescence. Eben, Eden.

Ehe, f. (pl. -n) marriage, matrimony, wedlock; --, conj. & adv. ere, before; -- fanb, m. (-εε; pl. --banbε(n)) marriage tie; -- genoğ(ε), m. (-|[εn]; pl. -- [[εn]) consort, husband; -- [εutε, the consort, husband]

pl. married couple; -malia, adj. | Eiferer, m. (-0) zealot, zealous advoold, former : -male, adv. formerly, in former times: -mann, m. (-e8: pl. -männer) married man, husband: - stant, m. (-co) married state. eber, adv. sooner. [wedlock. thern, adj. brazen, of metal. ebestens, adv. soonest, first. Ehre, f. (pl. -n) honor : - erzeigen, to do honor. thren, v. a. to honor, esteem; -ant, n. (-es; pl. -amter) office of honor; -bezeigung, f. (pl. -en) expression of esteem, mark of honor : -bogen, triumphal arch; -aruß, bow of reverence : -freux, n. (pl. -e) cross of honor; -plat, m. (-es; pl. -plate) seat of honor, place of honor; -poll, adj. honorable, honored; -mort, n. (-e0; pl. -e) word of honor. chrerbictig, adj. reverent, respectful. Ehrfurcht, f. veneration, reverence. Ehrgefühl, n. (-e3) sense of honor. Chraeiz, m. (-es) ambition. ehracisia, adi. ambitious. ehrlich, adj. honest, honorable. Ehrlucht, f. inordinate ambition. ehrvergeffen, adj. unmindful of honor, mean. chrmurbia, adj. venerable, reverend. Œi, n. (-eø; pl. -er) egg; --, int. ah! eh! hey! ay! Eide, f. (pl. -n) oak, oak-tree. Eichhorn, m. (-es; pl. -hörner); Eichhörnden, n. (-6) squirrel. Eib, m. (-eø; pl -e) oath. Eibschwur, m. (-es; pl. -schwüre) oath. Eicrfuchen, m. (-8) omelet. Giffer, m. (-3) zeal, passion; - fucht, f. j. alousy, envy.

eifern, v. n. to be zealous, be angry : perform with zeal; repeat. eifria, adj. zealous, eager. eigen, adj. own, proper, particular singular, odd, whimsical, punctilious, capricious, exact. eigenbo, see eigend. succor. Eigenhülfe, f. one's own help, aid, eigens, adv. particularly, expressly. Eigenschaft, f. (pl. -en) quality, qualification. Iness. stubbornness. Eigensinn, m. (-es) caprice, wilfuleigenfinnig, adj. capricious, wilful. Eigenthum, n. (-es) property. eigenthümlich, adj. possessed as property, proper, peculiar. Eigenthümlichkeit, f. (pl. -en) property, peculiarity. eigentlich, adj. proper, own, peculiar, actual. ness. Eigenwille, m. (-nd) solf-will, wilfulcigenmillia, adi. self-willed, obstinate, wilful. [to be fit (for). eignen, v. n. to belong to: sid - (111). Eiland, n. (-es; pl. -e) island. Eilbote, m. (-n; pl. -n) courier. Eile, f. haste, speed. eilen, v. n. to hasten, speed. eilenb(e), adj.& adv. quick(ly), speedy. hasty, speed(il)y, hast(il)y. eilf or elf, adj. eleven. eilfertig, adj. hasty, hastening; ready. cilfte, adj. eleventh. eilig, adj. hasty, speedy. Eimer, n. (-6) pail, bucket. einanber, adj. one another. Einbilbung, f. (pl. -en) fancy, imagination, conceit. Ination. Einbildungefraft, f. power of imagieinbürgern, v. a. to naturalize. einbüßen, v. a. to suffer loss, lose. einborren, e. a. to dry up. linto. einbrängen, v. a. to squeeze or force einbringen, v. n. ir. to enter with force, press upon. Einbrud, m. (-es; pl. -brude) impreseinestheils, adv. on the one hand. einfach, adj. single, simple. Einfall, m. (-es; pl. -fälle) falling into, irruption, incidence, fall, ruin, sally, sudden idea; fancy. einfallen, v. n. ir. to fall, fall into, sink, invade; occur; remember; es fallt mir ein, it occurs to me, it strikes me. Einfalt, f. simplicity. tinfältig, adi. simple, silly. einfassen, v. a. to put up, close (in), border, bind. linfluence. Einfluß, m. (-ffee; pl. -fluffe) influx, einführen, v. a. to carry into; import; introduce einfüllen, v. a. to fill in, fill up. Einzabe, f. (pl. -n) delivery, presentation, memorial presented. Eingang, m. (-es; pl. -gange) entrance, entry, access, introduction, preface. eingeben, v. a. ir. to give, present; give (medicine); inspire. eingeboren, adj. native, indigenous. Einzebung, f. (pl. -en) inspiration, suggestion. eingebent, adj. mindful, remembereinzehen, v. n. ir. to enter, come in, arrive: consent to: contract: grow less, shrink. [judiced. | eingenommen, part. prepossessed, pre-

blowing down, prompting.

eingeschlichen, part. crept in. Einstalung, f. (pl. -n) blowing in, eingraben, v. a. ir. to dig in, entrench, engrave. einareifen, v. n. ir. to lav hold, seize upon, encroach. [encroachment. Eingriff, m. (-es, pl. -e) seizure, catch : einhalten, v. a. ir. to stop, check; -. v. n. to pause, cease. einheimisch, adj. native, home-bred. einher, adv. forth, along: -achen, to walk along; -flolgiren, to strut along ; -treten, v. n. & a. ir. to step along; -wandeln, v. n. to wander forth. einholen, v. a. to overtake, collect. bring, bring in. einhüllen, v. a. to wrap up. einia, adj. sole, united, agreeing; - fein, to agree. einiger, einige, einiges, pron. some, any ; -, pl. some, several. Einigfeit, f. unity, concord. einimpfen, v. a. to inoculate. cinfaufen, v. a. to buy, purchase. einschren, v. n. to turn in, stop (at an inn). Tunison. Einflang, m. (-es; pl. -flange) accord, Einfleibung, f. (pl. -en) clothing, vesture: - einer Nonne, installment of a nun. Einfommen, n. (-8) income, revenue; -, v. n. ir. to come in, reply, protest. [take on board. einladen, v. a. ir. to invite; ship, einlausen, v. n. to run in, arrive: shrink einseiten, v. a. to introduce. einlenfen, v. n. to return, come around. einleuchten, v. n. to be clear, evident. einmal, adv. once, one time, once

upon a time; auf -, at once, all

one's self.

[limit: entrench.

of a sudden, suddenly; not -, | einschmeicheln, v. a. r. to ingratiate once more : nicht -, not even once. Einmuth, m. (-6) see Einmuthigfeit. einmüthig, adj. unity, unanimous. Einmüthiafeit, f. concord, unanimity, singleness of purpose. einnehmen, v. a. ir. to take in, receive, capture, occupy, prepossess. einpressen, v. a. to press, or put into the press : condense. Einquartierung, f. (pl. -en) soldiers quartered. einräumen, v. a. to give up (a room, a house), give space to, concede. Einrebe, f. (pl. -n) contradiction, exception. cine, f. one; -, adv. of one mind; -male, adv. once, formerly ; - fein, to agree ; - werben, to agree upon, to become reconciled. solitude. einfam, adj. single, solitary, alone, in Einsamfeit, f. solitariness, solitude. einschiffen, v. a. to embark, ship; --, v. r. to go on board, embark. einschlafen, v. n. ir. to fall asleep, fall away, die. finto security. einschläfern, v. a. to put to sleep, lull einschläferig, adj. single (of a bed). Einschlag, m. (-es; pl. -schläge) woof, weft, part turned in. einschlagen, v. a. ir. to strike into, beat in, put in, give one's hand in token of agreement; -, v. n. to

strike into, strike inwards, suc-

einschleichen, v. n. ir. to creep or steal

einschließen, v. a. ir. to lock in, in-

v. n. to diminish by melting.

clude, enclose; -, v. n. to catch,

fin(to).

ceed, prosper.

fit close.

einschränken, v. a. to confine, restrain, einschreiben, v. a. to write in, enroll, book, inscribe. einseten, v. a. to set in, put in, plant; put in prison; deposit; institute; risk. [tion, intelligence. Einsicht, f. (pl. -en) insight, observaeinsieblerisch, adj. retired, secluded. einst, adv. once, at one time, at some future time; -mals, adv. once, formerly. [up, pocket. einsteden, v. a. to stick in, put in or einstellen, v. u. to make one's appearance, put up; -, v. r. to appear, to be present, suspend, interrupt. einstürgen, v. n. to fall in suddenly: -, v. a. to knock down. Eintheilung, f. (pl. -en) distribution, division. Eintracht, f. concord, unanimity. eintreten, v. n. ir. to step into, enter; -, v. a. to tread in stamp in tread down. Itrance. Eintritt, m. (-(e)6; pl. -c) entry, eneinweihen, v. a. to initiate, consecrate. cinwiegen, v. a. to rock asleep. einwilligen, v. n. to assent, consent to. Einwirfung, f. (pl. -en) influence. Einwohner, m. (-8); -in, f. (pl. -nen) inhabitant. [tion. Einwurf, m. (-es; pl. -würfe) objeceinzeln, adj. only, single individual. einziehen, v. a. ir. to draw in, confiscate, arrest, retrench; -, v. n. to march in, to remove into. Einziehung, f. (pl. -en) drawing in, taking in, suppression, confiscation. cincia, adj. only, alone. einschmelzen, v. a. to melt down; —, [trance. Einjug, m. (-es; pl. -jüge) entry, enEis. n. ice: -bol, ice-pole: -laden, empfinben, v. a. ir. to feel, perceive. -apfen, m. (-\$) icicle. to be sensible of. eisen, v. a. to cut the ice. Empfinbliddeit, f. susceptibility, sen-Eisen, n. (-0) iron ; -bahn, f. (pl. -en) Empfinbsamfeit, f. sensibility, susceprailroad : -banbe, f. (pl. -en) shakle tibility, sentimentalism. of iron; -but, m. (-s; pl. -bute) Empfinbung, f. (pl. -en) perception, monkshood (name of a flower); feeling, emotion. -hutte, f. (pl. -n) iron foundry, empor, adv. upwards, on high, up. iron forge. [sensible. empören, v. a. to raise, stir up; -, cifern, adi. iron, made of iron, inv. r. to revolt, rebel. Ineer. citel, adj. vain; idle; mere. Empörer, m. (-8) insurgent, muti-Efel, m. (-\$) dislike, disgust, averemporbringen, v. a. ir. to raise. sion; —, adj. loathsome, disgustemporbalten, v. a. ir. to hold aloft. ing; -bar, adj. loathsome, disgusthold up high. ing ; -haft, adj. loathsome, disgustemporraffen, v. sep. reg. to raise up. ing; -name, m. nickname. emporrichten, v. a. to raise (up). elastic, adj. elastic. emporsteigen, v. n. ir. to rise. elegant, adi. elegant. empormachien, v. n. ir. to grow up. Elegie, f. (pl. -n) elegy. emfig, adj. active, industrious. Element, n. (-(e)3; pl. -e) element. Enbe, n. (-\$; pl. -n) end, limit. enben, v. n. & r. to end, cease : - v. elementarifd, adj. elemental. Elenb, m. (-(e)0) misery, affliction, a. to finish, accomplish. distress: —, adj. miserable, enbigen, v. a. to end, finish; -, v. r. wretched, sick. to end, cease. Elephant, m. (-en; pl. -en) elephant. enblid, adj. finite, limited, final; -, elf, adj. eleven. adv. at last, finally. Elfe, f. (pl. -n) elf, fairy, hobgoblin. ena, adi. narrow. close, strait. Elfenbein, n. $(-(e)\emptyset)$ ivory; ivory Enge, f. narrowness, difficulties. stick which was used (by the Engel, m. (-8) angel; -fnabe, m. (-n; pl. -n) angel boy; -lippe, in comp. ancients) to strike the lyre, the Eltern, pl. parents. [plectrum (p. 78). angel's lip : -majestat, angelic maj-Elysium, n. (-6) elysium. engen, v. a. to narrow. Testv. elnfaifch, adj. Elysian ; bie -en Felber, England, n. England. Elysian fields (Paris park) eng(el)länbisch, adj. English. empfangen, v. a. ir. to receive, take, englisch, adj. English. conceive. Enfel, m. (-\$) grandson, grandchild; -in, f. (pl. -nen) granddaughter. Empfänger, m. (-\$) receiver. empfänglich, adj. susceptible. entäußern, v. r. to dispose of, sell; empfehlen, v. a. ir. to commend, reforbear; acquit one's self of a [of do without. commend; -, v. r. to commend thing.

one's self.

entbehren, v. n. to want, to be in want

entbehrlich, adi, dispensable, not want- | entgegnen, v. a. to answer, reply. ed, unnecessary. privation. Entbehrung, f. (pl. -en) abstinence, enthinden, v. a. ir. to unbind, absolve, loose, deliver (of). entblößen, v. a. to make naked, bare, strip: deprive. entbrechen, v. r. ir. to forbear, abstain from, break one's self from a habit. [come inspired. entbrennen. v. n. ir. to inflame, beentbeden, v. a. to uncover; discover; reveal, disclose. Entbeder, m. (-8) discoverer. entebren, v. a. to dishonor, defame. deflour. enterben, v. a. to disinherit. [escape. entfallen, v. n. ir. to fall out, drop; entfalten, v. a. to unfold. Entfaltung, f. unfolding, display. entfernen, v. a. to remove : -, v. r. to withdraw, retire. entfernt, adi. remote, distant. Entfernung, f. (pl. -en) removal, remoteness, distance, entilammen, v. a. to inflame. entfleischt, part. & adj. fleshless. entfliegen, v. n. to fly away, escape. entiliehen, v. n. ir. to run away from, escape, flee. entfliegen, v. a. to flow from. entfremben, v. a. to estrange. entführen, v. a. to carry off, run away with, kidnaß. entgegen, prep. & adv. against, towards; -gehen, v. n. ir. to go to entsagen, v. n. to renounce. meet; -asset, adj. opposed, contrary: -fommen, v. n. ir. to come to meet; -fireden, v. a. to stretch entscheiben, v. a. ir. to decide, deterforth; -treten, v. n. ir. to step towards or against, to go to meet.

entgeben, v. n. ir. to go away from. escape. enthalten, v. a. ir. to contain, hold, comprehend; -, v. r. to abstain (from). entheiligen, v. a. to profane, desecrate. entbüllen, v. a. to unveil, uncover. Enthusiasmus, m. enthusiasm. enthusiastichia, adi. enthusiastic. Enthusiast, m. (-en; pl. -en) enthusiast. entfleiben, v. a. to undress, divest (of). strip. fcape. entfommen, v. n. ir. to get away, esentladen, v. a. ir. to unload, discharge. entlang, adv. lengthwise, along. entlassen, v. a. ir. to dismiss, discharge: release. entlebigen, v. a. to set free, exempt; -, v. r. to acquit or rid one's self entlegen, adi. remote, distant. entlehnen, v. a. to borrow. entleiben, v. a. to kill: -, v. r. to commit suicide. entmannen, v. a. to mutilate, effeminate, unnerve, unman. entraffen, v. a. to snatch away (einem etwas) from one. laway. entreißen, v. a. ir. to tear or snatch entrichten, v. a. to satisfy, pay what is due. Cape. entrinnen, v. n. ir. to run away, esentrüsten, v. a. to make angry; -, v. r. to become angry. Entfagung, f. (pl. -en) denial, re-

nunciation.

sentence.

mine; pass or give judgment or

entscheibend, part. & adj. decisive. Entscheidung, f. (pl. -en) determination, decision. [decided. entschieden, part. & adj. determined. enticulaten, v. n. ir. to fall asleep, die. entschlagen, v. r. ir. to divest one's self (of), avoid, forget; fit bie Sorgen -, to cast away care. entifilieren, v. r. ir. to resolve, come

to a determination. Entschließung, f. (pl. -en) resolution,

determination.

entidioffen, adj. resolved, resolute. entschlummern, v. n. to fall into a slumber, fall asleep, die.

entschlüpfen, v. 16. to slip from, escape. Entschluß, m. (-ffcs, pl. -schluffe) resolution, purpose.

entschulbigen, v. a. to exculpate, excuse; -, v. r. to excuse one's self, entseelt, adj. dead, lifeless. Trefuse. Entfepen, n. (-\$) terror, horror; -, v. a. to displace, depose, deliver, relieve: —, v. r. to be terrified. entsessid, adi. horrible, terrible, shocking.

entsiegeln, v. a. to unseal, open. entsinken, v. n. to sink out of or away from.

entspringen, v. n. ir. to spring from or away, escape; arise, originate. entstehen, v. n. ir. to begin, originate. entsteigen, v. a. to arise from or out of, ascend from.

entstellen, v. a. to disfigure, deface. Entitellung, f. deforming, disfiguring. entführen, v. a. to free from sin, purify. enttäuschen, v. a. to undeceive.

entwaffnen, v. a. to disarm.

entweber, conj. either. escape. entweichen, v. n. ir. to give way, slip, erbaulich, adj. edifying.

entweiben, v. a. to profane, desecrate. entwenden, v. a. ir. to purloin, steal. entwerfen, v. a. ir. to design, project. entwideln, v. a. to unfold develop. explain. evolution. Entwickelung, f.(pl. -en) development, entwinden, v. a. to wrest from or out of.

entwirren, v. a. to unravel.

entwischen, v. n. to slip away, escape. entwöhnen, v. a. to disaccustom, wean. entwürbigen, v. a. to degrade.

Entwürbigung, f. degradation.

Entwurf, m. (-ce; pl. -würfe) sketch, design, project. Chain. entraubern, v. a. to disenchant, unentsichen, v. a. ir. to take away, withdraw, deprive (of); -, v. r. to withdraw, avoid.

entzücken, v. a. to enrapture, ravish, charm, delight. Entjüdung, f. (pl. -en) ecstasy, transentzünden, v. a. to kindle, flame; -, v. r. to catch fire.

entzwei, adv. in two, asunder. entameien, v. a. to divide, separate; - v. r. to quarrel.

Epirus, n. Epirus.

cpirifd, adj. relating to Epirus.

Epistel, f. (pl. -n) epistle.

Erachten, n. opinion ; meines Erachtens, in my opinion; -, v. a. to think, opine, to be of opinion.

Erbarmen, n. mercy, compassion, pity; -, v, a, to move to pity; -, v. r. to feel pity, take pity upon, have mercy.

erbärmlich, adj. miserable, pitiful. Erbarmung, f. mercy, pity.

erbauen, v. a. to build, erect.

Erbe, m. (-n: pl. -n) heir, inheritor: Erbenfrau, f. earthly woman. -, n. (-\$) inheritance, patrimony. erbig, adi. consisting of carth, eartherbeben, v. n. to shake. erben, v. a. to inherit, get by inheritance: -v, v, n, to descend by inheritance. erbeten, v. a. to request ; fich etwas -, to endeavor to obtain by praying. erbeuten, v. a. to gain, take by booty. erbitten, v. a. ir. to beg, request, ask for. Idisease. Erbfrantheit, f. (pl. -en) hereditary erblassen, v. n. to grow pale, faint, decease. erbleichen, v. n. ir. to grow pale, die. crblich, adj. hereditary. erbliden, v. a. to perceive, see, view. Erbyring, m. (-cn; pl. -cn) hereditary prince. erbrausen, v. n. to begin or rise roaring (of a storm). Erbaut, n, inheritance, heirloom. patrimonial estate. ľdom. Erbreich, n. hereditary realm or king-Erbrecht, n. (-es; pl. -e) right of in-Erbse, f. (pl. -n) pea. fheritance. Erbstück, 11. (-es; pl. -e) heirloom. Erbfünde, f. (pl. -n) original sin. Erbbewohner, m. (-8) terrestrial inhabitant. upon earth. Erbe, f. (pl. -n) earth ; auf Erben, erben, adj. earthen, earthly. Erbenfreube, f. earthly joy, terrestrial jov. Erbenleben, n. terrestrial life. Erbenluft, f. vanity of this world. Erbenfinn, m. worldly mind. Erbenfohn, m. son of earth, mortal.

erbaeboren, adj. earth-born. [gnome. Erbgeist, m. spirit of the earth, !

Erbfugel, f. (pl. -n) terrestrial globe erbringen, v. a. to get by force. crbrücken, v. a. to choke, stifle, crbulben, v. a. to endure, suffer, tolerate. speed. creilen, v. a. to overtake, gain by crerben, v. a. ir. to inherit. erfahren, v. a. ir. to perceive, experience, learn, gain by information; -, adj. experienced, expert. skilful. Erfahrung, f. (pl. -en) experience, practice, knowledge. erfassen, v. a. to lay hold (of), seize. ersechten, v. a. ir. to obtain by fighting, gain. [vent. erfinden, v. a. ir. to find, find out, in-Erfindung, f. (pl. -en) invention, contrivance. erslehen, v. a. to obtain by entreaty. Erfolg, m. (-εθ; pl. -ε) consequence, result. success. Trequire. erforbern, v. a. to demand, call for, erforschen, v. a. to search into, explore, investigate. erfrechen, v. r. to dare, presume. erfreuen, v. a. to joy, rejoice, gladden; -, v. r. to rejoice, enjoy. erfreulich, adj. joyful, gratifying. erfrischen, v. a. to freshen, cool, refresh. erfüllen, v. a. to fill, fulfil, perform, replenish, satisfy, realize. Erfüllung, f. (pl. -en) fulfilment, accomplishment. erganien, v. a. to supply, repair. ergeben, v. r. to surrender, submit to; -, v. n. to be productive, yield; -, part. & adj. devoted, attached.

Ergebenheit, f. devotion, attachment. | erhören, v. a. to hear, to grant. ergeben, v. a. ir. to obtain by walking; -, v. r. to walk; -, v. n. to be made known, befall: laffen, to promulgate, publish. ergenen, v. a. to get by avarice. ergiefien, v. a. ir. to pour out ;--, v. r.

to overflow, flow into. Ergiegung, f. (pl. -en) outpouring, effusion, overflowing.

erglängen, v. w. to brighten; -, v. n. to shine forth, light up.

ergöben, v. a. to entertain, amuse, delight.

erarcifen, v. a. ir. to seize, apprehend, make use of: touch, move.

ergrimmen, v. n. to get angry or [lime, exalted, noble. erhaben, part. raised, elevated, sub-Erhabenheit, f. elevation, altitude, sublimity.

erhalten, v. a. ir. to hold up, get, obtain, receive; preserve, maintain, keep.

Erhaltung, f. preservation, support. erbeben, v. a. ir. to heave up, lift up raise, elevate, extol; -, v. r. to rise, arise.

erheitern, v. a. to cheer, brighten, -, v. r. clear up.

erhellen, v. a. to brighten, illuminate; -, v. n. to become clear, appear, to be evident.

erhipen, v. a. to heat; —, v. r. to be heated, over-heat, to be inflamed, to get excited, angry.

elevate, exalt, increase.

erbolen, v. r. to recover, to recover criticalten, v. a. to illumine, illumine one's breath or one's health; fid) Ruth —, to apply for advice.

erinnern, v. a. to remind: -, v. r. to remember.

Erinnerung, f. (pl.-en) remembrance, admonition, memory.

erjagen, v. a. to capture, overtake a thing chased for.

erfampfen, v. a. to gain in conflict, obtain by exertion.

criennen, v. a. ir. to perceive, apprehend, recognize, acknowledge, know : sid zu - geben, to make one's self known.

crffaren, v. u. to explain, expound, declare, account for.

Erflärung, f. (pl. -en) explanation. interpretation, declaration.

erforen, adj. & part. selected, chosen, elected. [taken ill. erfranken, v. n. to fall sick, to be

erfühnen, v. r. to make bold, venture. erfundigen, v. a. to explore; -, v. r. to inquire, make inquiry. erlangen, v. a. to reach, acquire, oberlaffen, v. a. ir. to issue, release, ex-

empt from, remit. erlauben, v. a. to permit, allow.

Erlaubnif, f. permission, leave, allowance, license.

erlaucht, adi. illustrious.

erlauern, v. a. to lurk out, obtain by secret watching.

erleben, v. a. to live to see, experience. erlegen, v. a. to pay down, slay, kill. erleichtern, v. a. to facilitate, ease.

erleiben, v. a. ir. to suffer, endure.

erhöhen, v. a. to heighten, lift up, ersernen, v. a. to obtain by learning, learn.

> nate, light up. fillumination. Erleuchtung, f. (pl. -en) enlightening,

erliegen, v. n. ir. to succumb. erlisten, v. a. to obtain by artifice. Erlfönig, Erlenfönig, m. Erlking. erlogen, part. & adj. invented by lving, false.

erlöschen, v. n. ir. to become effaced or obliterated; -, v. a. to extinguish.

erlösen, v. a. to redeem, deliver. Erlöser, m. (-∅) redeemer, deliverer. Erlöfung, f. (pl. -en) redemption, salvation, delivery, rescue.

ermächtigen, v. r. to seize upon, usurp. ermahnen, v. a. to admonish, exhort. Ermahnung, f. (pl. -en) admonition, exhortation.

ermangeln, v. n. to be wanting, fail. Ermangelung, f. want, default.

ermannen, v. r. to take courage, rouse one's self.

ermatten, v. a. to weary, harass; -, v. n. to faint, become weak.

Ermattung, f. (pl. -en) lassitude, weariness.

Ermel, m. (-8) sleeve.

ermorben, v. a. to murder, assassinate. Ermorbung, f. (pl. -en) murder, murdering.

ermüben, v. a. to tire, fatigue; ---, v. n. to become tired. courage. ermuntern, v. a. to awake, incite, enerneuen, erneuern, v. a. to renew, ren-[humiliate, degrade. ovate. erniebrigen, v. a. to lower, humble, Erniebrigung, f. (pl. -en) humbling, humiliation. [seriousness Ernst, m. (-co) earnest, earnestness: -haft, adj. serious, grave; -lid, adi. & adv. earnest(ly), serious-(ly), strenuous(ly).

Erme, f. (pl. -n) harvest, crop; erschreden, v. a. to terrify, frighten;

-wetter, n. (- \emptyset) good harvest weather.

ernten, v. a. to reap, harvest.

erobern, v. a. to conquer, overcome. Eroberung, f. (pl. -en) conquest.

eröffnen, v. a. to open, disclose, dis-COVET. Texact.

erpressen, v. a. to press out of, extort. erquiden, v. a. to recreate, refresh. comfort. relief.

Erquidung, f. (pl. -en) refreshment. erraffen, v. a. to snatch, gain by great exertion.

errathen, v. a. to guess, find out. erregen, v. a. to stir, move, excite.

Erregung, f. exaltation, agitation.

erreichen, v. a. to reach, attain, arrive at.

Erreidung, f. reaching, arriving at. erretten, v. a. to save, preserve, deliver. fliverer.

Erretter, m. (-8) savior, preserver, de-Errettung, f. saving, salvation, deliverance.

errichten, v. a. to erect, establish. erröthen, v. n. to blush, redden.

Erfat, m. (-\$; pl. -fäte) compensa. tion.

erschaffen, v. a. ir. to create.

Erschaffung, f. creation, creating. erschallen, v. n. ir. to resound.

erschauen, v. a. to see, perceive.

erscheinen, v. n. ir. to appear, be-[apparition. come manifest. Erscheinung, f. (pl. -en) appearance, erschießen, v. a. ir. to shoot, kill by Iguish, flag. shooting. erschlaffen, v. a. & n. to relax, lanerschlagen, v. a. ir. to slay, slaughter. erschöpfen, v. a. to exhaust, empty.

-. v. n. ir. to be startled, terrified, | Erfiling, m. firstling. or frightened. [terrified. erichrocen, part. & adi, frightened. erídredlid, adj. terrific, terrible. erfchüttern, v. a. to shake vehemently. effect strongly : - , v. n. to shake. [strong emotion. quake. Erschütterung, f. (pl. -en) concussion, erschwellen, v. n. ir. to swell, to be inflated. gravate. erschweren, v. a. to render difficult. agerseten, v. a. to replace, compensate, ersichtlich, adj. evident. freimburse. erfinten, see finten. [thinking, invent. ersinnen, v. a. ir. to produce by ersinnlich, adj. imaginable. erst, adj. first, prime, head; -, adv. first, at first, only. erstanden, part. & adj. risen. erstarren, v. n. to freeze to death, to be benumbed, become torpid. Erstarrung, f. (pl. -en) torpidity, stiffness. erstatten, v. a. to replace, compensate, [compensation. render. Erstattung, f. (pl. -en) restitution, Erstaunen, m. (-3) astonishment, amazement: -v, v, n, to be astonished, amazed or surprised. erstaunenswürdig, adj. wonderful. marvelous. [ing. erstauntid, adj. astonishing, surprisersteben, v. n. ir. to rise, arise; --, v. a. to buy at auction. ersteigen, v. a. ir. to climb, mount. erstesmal, adv. first time. erstenø, adv. firstly. ersterben, v. n. to die slowly, expire. erstiden, v. a. & n. to suffocate; -, v. n. to be choked, die of suffocaerstlich, adv. first, firstly.

erstreiten, v. a. ir. to obtain by fighting or contention. erstürmen, v. a. to take by assault. erfucen, v. a. to ask, entreat, request. ertheilen, v. a. to impart, give, confer, bestow : einen Auftrag -, to charge. give an order. Ertheilung, f. conferring, giving. ertönen, v. n. to resound. Ertrag, m. (-es; pl. -trage) produce. revenue, income. Terate. ertragen, v. a. ir. to bear, suffer, tolerträglich, adi, supportable, tolerable. ertränfen, v. a. to drown. ertrinfen, v. n. ir. to be drowning. arowned. ertrogen, v. a. to obtain by insolence. ermaden, v. n. to awaken. erwachsen, v. n. ir. to grow, grow up, increase. [pound. ermägen, v. a. to weigh, consider, exermählen, v. a. to choose, select, elect. Ermablung, f. choosing, election; destination (page 89). erwähnen, v. a. to mention. Erwähnung, f. (pl. -en) mention. erwarten, v. a. to expect, wait or look for. Erwartung, f. (pl. -en) expectation. ermeden, v. a. to awake, resuscitate, animate, cause. erwehren, v. a. to prohibit; -, v. r. to guard one's self from. erweichen, v. a. to soften, mollify. Erweis, m. (-fes; pl. -fe) proof. criveisen, v. a. ir. to prove, perform; eine Gunst -, to do a favor. erweielich, adj. demonstrable, proveable. [large. [tion. erweitern, v. a. to widen, extend, en-

Erwerb, m. (-ed) acquisition, earn-letma, etman, adv. perhaps, nearly, ings. [tain, acquire. ermerben, v. a. ir. to gain, earn, obcrwichern, v. a. to reiterate, reply answer. erwischen, v. a. to catch, surprise. ermudern, v. a. to acquire by usury. ermunschen, v. a. to wish for, desire. ermurgen, v. a. to strangle, throttle. kill, murder. Erz, n. (-ed) ore, brass, bronze. erzählen, v. a. to relate, narrate. Erzählung, f. (pl. -en) narration, relation. bishop. Erzbischof, m. (-es; pl. -scherzeigen, v. a. to do, show, prove. erzeugen, v. a. to beget, generate, procreate. [tion, produce. Erzeugniß, n. (-ffee; pl. -ffe) produc-Erzherzog, m. (-es; pl. -e) archduke. erziehen, v. a. to bring up, educate. Ergichung, f. education, rearing. Erziehungsanstalt, f. (pl. -en) institution for education. ersittern, v. n. to tremble violently. criurnen, v. a. to irritate, provoke. anger; -, v. r. to grow angry. Erzvater, m. (-8; pl. -väter) patriarch. erzwingen, v. a. ir. to force, extort. Escabron, f. (pl. -s or -en) squadron (body of cavalry). Citie, f. (pl. -n) ash (a tree); gray Efel, m. (-\$) ass. ling (a fish). Esprit, m. wit, whim, intellect. Effen, n. (-0) food, meat, repast; -, v. a. & n. ir. to eat ; ju Mittag --to dine ; zu Abenb -, to sup. Effent, f. (pl.-en) essence. Eflust, f. appetite. Estrico, m. (-co; pl. -c) plaster floor.

etrurifd, etruefifd, adj. Etruscan.

somewhere. etwas, pron. some(thing), any(thing), somewhat. euer, pron. your, yours. euer- or euret-halben, -wegen, -willen, pron. on your account, for your Eule, f. (pl. -n) owl. sake. Eumeniben, pl. f., the Greek god. desses of discord, hence discord. eurige (ber, bie, bas), pron. your, yours. Europa, Europe. evangelist, adi. evangelical. Evangelium, n. (-6; pl. -lien) gospel. ewig, adj. eternal, everlasting, immutable: -, adv. ever, for ever, perpetually. Ewigfeit, f. (pl. -en) eternity. excentrisch, adj. eccentric. Erempel, n. (-6) example ; jum ---, for example, for instance. Eristen, f. (pl. -en) existence. я. Fabel, f. (pl. -n) fable; -haft, adj.

fabulous. Fach, n. (-es; pl. Fächer) compartment, department, drawer, business, profession. Fächer, m. (-6) fan. fächeln, v. a. & r. to fan. fächern, see fächeln. Facel, f. (pl. -n) torch, flambeau. Faben, m. (-8; pl. Faben) thread, fathom. fähig, adj. capable, able, fit.

Fähigseit, f. (pl.-en) capableness, fit-

Fahne, f. (pl. -n) flag, standard,

banner, ensign, colors.

ness, ability.

Fähnlein, n. (-8) company, squadron. Fahnenträger, m. standard-bearer, en sign.

Fähre, f. (pl. -n) ferry, ferry-boat.

fahren, v. n. ir. to go, drive, rush, go in a carriage or ship, sail; —, v. a. to carry, drive; fahre hin, farewell; mit ber hand in the pocket.

[track.]

Fahrt, f. (pl. -en) motion, passage, fall, adj. fallow, gray, pale, yellow or golden.

Falst, m. (-n; pl. -n) falcon, hawk. Fall, m. (-c0; pl. Falls) fall, case, event, accident; in bem Falls, in that case; ju Falls fommen, to fall; ich sehe ben —, I put the case.

Falle, f. (pl. -n) trap, valve.

fallen, v. n. ir. to fall, drop; beschwerlich —, to be troublesome; in Ohnmacht —, to faint.

fällen, v. a. to fell, cut down, ruin; pass (a sentence). [money, &c.) falfch, adj. false, counterfeit, bad, (of fälfchen, v. a. to falsify, adulterate. Falfchlich, adj. false, deceitful. [ness. Falte, f. (pl. -n) fold, plait, pleat; wrinkle.

fälten, falten, v. a. to fold, plaid, pleat. faltig, adj. full of folds, ample.

Familie, f. (pl. -n) family.

Famulus, m. (pl. Famuli) amanuensis, assistant.

Fanatismus, m. fanaticism.

Fantom, n. (-e∅; pl. -e) phantom, chimera.

Fangeisen, n. (-8) hunting-spear.

fangen, v. a. ir. to catch, seize, captivate, capture. Fantasie, f. (pl. -n) imagination, santastiss, adj. fantastical. [sancy. Farbs, f. (pl. -n) color, hue, dye, complexion, paint.

färben, v. a. to color, dye. [tub. Faß, n. (-|fe&; pl. Faffer) barrel, cask, faffen, v. a. to contain, comprehend, lay hold of, seize, take; Muth —, to take courage; fid fur; —, to make a long story short; —, v. r. to collect one's self.

Fassing, f. setting, enchasing; recollection; countenance; composure. fast, adv. almost, nearly.

Fasten, n. days of fasting; -prebigt, f. (pl. -cn) fast-day sermon; --, v. n. to fast. [ill-fated. satal, adj. disagreeable, unpleasant, saul, adj. putrid, foul, idle, sleepy, lazy, indolent.

Faust, f. (pl. Häuste) fist, hand; -handschuh, m. (-es; pl. -e) glove, mitten; ins Fäustchen lachen, to laugh in one's sleeve.

fediten, v. n. ir. to fight, fence.

Fighter, m. (-2) swordsman, fencer, warrior. [action. Fightplat, m. fencing-room, scene of

Feber, f. (pl. -n) feather, quill, pen, plume, spring; -fitib, n winged or feathered dress.

fegen, v. a. to clean, sweep, purify.

fehlen, v. a. to err, miss, commit a fault, miscarry, lack, fail, be absent.

Felier, m. (-2) fault, defect, mistake, error, blunder; -fret, adj. faultless. [fault.

Fehitritt, m. (-ce; pl. -c) false step, Feier, f. celebration, festival, observation of a holiday; -abend, m.

(-to: pl. -t) cessation of work, evening time: -abend maden, to cease working ; -flang, m. festive tone, solemn tone or peal; -lid, adj. festive, solemn . -, adv. solemnly, festively; -lidifeit, f. (pl. -en) solemnity, festivity; -stunde, f. (pl. -n) hour of rest; -tag, m.(-eē; pl. -e) holiday, festive day. feiern, v. n. to rest from labor; -, v. a. to solemnize, celebrate. Reifel, m. & f. (pl. -n) fives. feig, adj. soft, effeminate, timid, cowardly. Feige, f. (pl. -n) fig; blow, box. Weigheit, f. timidity, cowardice. feil, adj. venal, on sale, prostitute; - bieten, to offer for sale. fein, adi. fine, neat, elegant, refined, sly, artful, softly, subtle, critical. Frind, in. (-co; pl. -2) enemy, fiend; -, adi. hostile, inimical; cinem - fein, to hate a person ; -eeblut, n. enemy's blood; -eshelm, m. enemy's helmet; -edlager, -edlett, n. enemy's camp : -estruppen, f. enemy's troops; -in, f. (pl.-nen) female enemy; -!id), adj. inimical, hostile, -!i.J)feit, f. (pl. -en) enmity, hostility; -schaft, f. (pl. -en) enmity, hostility : -felig, adj. hostile, inimical.

Feld, n. (-e8; pl. -er) field, plain, panel, square (of a chess-board), department of science; zu Felde ziehen, to take the field; -herr, m. (-n; pl. -en) commander-in-chief, general; -ruf, m. (-8) war cry.
Fell, n. (-c8; pl. -c) skin, hide, fell.
Felden m. (-8) rock (Gr. p. 46, III.); -fell, adj. firm as a rock; -gebing,

n. a chain of rocky mountains;
-neft, n. nest; --, fig. strong castle
on a rock; -nerlieft, n. (-e; pl. -e)
a rocky dungeon; strong castle
on the rocks; -manb, f. (pl. -wanbe)
steep side of a rock; -meg, m.
felficht, adj. rocky. [rocky path.
felfig, adj. formed of rocks, containing rocks, rocky.
Fenfter, n. (-e; pl. -n) window, aper-

ture; -flügel, m. (-3) window. Ferme (French from Lat. firma)

fern, adj. far, distant, remote.

Ferne, f. (pl. -n) remoteness, distance; in bit —, to a distance; in bt —, at a distance, afar off. ferner, adj. & adv. farther.

Fernglas, n. (-ses; pl. -gläser); -rohr,
n. (-es; pl. -röhre) telescope, spyglass. [tive.
Fernskeinschre. f science of perspec-

Fernscheinschre, f. science of perspec-Ferse, f. (pl. -n) heel. fersig, adj. ready, done, prepared,

quick, finished; — fein, to be ready, to have finished. [finish. fertigen, v. a. to make, manufacture, ferrara, Ferrara (a province in Italy, formerly a duchy, with a capital of like name).

Feffel, f. (pl. -x) fetter, band, chain. feffellos, adj. freed from fetters, unshackled.

feffein, v. a. to fetter, shackle.

feft, adj. & adv. fast, strong, firm,

solid, fortified, durable, profound.

(ly); halten, v. a. ir. to hold fast;

-madjen, v. a. to fix, fasten; -feten, v.

a. to fix, settle, determine; -fitten,

v. n. ir. to be settled, determined;

-fdifefen, v.a. ir. to lock up closely.

Feft, n. (-e8; pl. -e) feast, festival;
-gemand, n. (-e8; pl. -wänder) festival dress; -glan;, m. holiday array; -fleid, n. (-e8; pl. -er) festive garment; -land, (-e8; pl. -lander) continent; -lid, adj. solemn, festive; -ludfeit, f. (pl. -en) festivity, festive appearance; -predigt, f. holiday's sermon.

Fester, f. (pl. -n) firmness, strength, fortress, firmament. [stancy. Festigatit, f. firmness, solidity, confestion, n. (-e) festion, garland.

Sett, n. (-c3) fat, grease; —, adj. fat, greasy, corpulent.

feuchten, v. a. to moisten.

Feuer, n. (-8) fire; —, ardor, spirit, liveliness, brightness; —augen, eyes of fire; —brand, m. (-ce; pl. -brander,) fire-brand; —braun, adj. fire-colored; —effe, f. (pl. -n) chimney of a furnace, forge; —bfeil, m. fiery dart (to set houses on fire); —faule, f. fire-sprout, fire-column; —feele, f. fiery soul, ardor, enthusiasm; —from, m. stream of fire; —wagen, m. fiery chariot (thunder and lightning); —zunder, m. tinder, touch-wood.

feurig, adj. fiery, ardent.

Fibel, f. (pl. -n) ABC book, primer. Fichtenstamm, m. (-es; pl. -stämme) pine-tree.

Fisher, n. (-8) fever; hitiges —, inflammatory fever; faltes —, ague; -artig, -haft, adj. feverish. Fisher, m. (-8) fiddler.

Figur, f. (pl. -en) figure.

Finangen, f. finances.

Finanzwesen, n. (-3) finance affairs. sinden, v. a. ir. to find, meet with, in-

vent; flatt —, to take place; flatt — laffen, to suffer to take place; fich in ctwas —, to put up with a thing, to bear.

Finger, m. (-&) finger ; -zeig, m. (-e&; pl. -e) hint.

Finte, m. (-n; pl. -n) finch.

Finne, f.(pl.-n) pimple, fin, measles (of pigs). [morose.

finster, adj. dark, obscure, gloomy, Finsterniß, f. darkness, obscurity.

Firmament n. (-e8; pl.-e) sky, firma-Fisch, m. (-e8; pl.-e) fish. [ment. Fischer, m. (-e8) fisherman, fisher; -fahn, m. (-e8; pl. -fähne) fishingboat.

Fittid, (-e8; pl. -e) wing, pinion. fixiren, v. a. to fix, settle, look fixedly. Fixftern, m. (-e8; pl. -e) fix-star. flad, adj. flat, plain, level.

Flache, f. (pl.-n) flat, plain, surface. Nachern, v. n. to flare, blaze.

Flamme, f. (pl.-n) flame, enthusiasm. flammen, v. n. to flame; -, v. a. to burn with a flame, to singe.

Flammenfárift, f. indelible letters or characters, a writing in burning letters.

Fläschen, n. (dimin. of Flasch) phial. Flasch, f. (pl.—n) flask, flagon, bottle. statting, adj. unsteady, flighty.

Mattern, v. a. to flatter, flutter, flirt. stephen, v. a. ir. to twist, braid, plait, weave, interweave.

Firef(en), m. (-2) place, spot, stain; -, v. a. to spot, patch; --, v. n to stain. [entreat.

stehen, v. a. to implore, supplicate, Fleist, n. (-e8) flesh, meat.

Fixif, m. (- $\mathfrak{e}\mathfrak{g}$) diligence, application, industry; mit —, intentionally.

fleifig, adi. diligent, industrious, assiduous; -, adv. frequently

Tiegen, v. n. ir. to fly.

flieben, v. n. ir. to flee, fly, run away; -, v. a. to flee, avoid.

[liegen, v. n. ir. to flow, run, blot. flimmern, v. n. to glisten, glitter. Flinte, f. (pl. -n) gun, musket. flöhen, v. a. to flea.

Flor, m. (-es) bloom, blossom, bed flourish. of flowers, gauze. flosfeln, v. n. to use flowery language, Floß, n. (-ffee; pl. Flösse) float, raft. flößen, v. a. to float, pour in, rinse in. Flöte, f. (pl. -n) flute.

Flötenblaser, -spieler, m. (-8) flutist. Flotte, f. (pl. -n) fleet. [malediction. Fluch, m. (-es; pl. Flüche) curse, fluden, v. a. & n. to curse, execrate. Flucht, f. flight, escape, range.

flüchten, v. n. & r. to fly, escape; -, v. a. to assist in flight, save by flight.

flüchtig, adj. flying, fugitive, volatile. Flüchtling, m. (-0; pl. -e) fugitive, [ing, flock (of birds) Flug, m. (-es; pl. Fluge) flight, fly Forst, m. (-es; pl. -e) forest, wood. Flügel, m. (-3) wing, grand pianoforte, one side of folding-doors or double window ; -fleib, n. winged robe.

Flur, f. (pl. -en) field, plain, floor. Fluß, m. (-es; pl. Flusse) flow, river, flux, catarrh ; im - fein, v. imp. to be in a flowing, melting condition ; -wellen, f. waves, billows. fluffig, adj. fluid, liquid; pliable. flüstern, v. a. & n. to whisper.

Fluth, f. (pl. -en) flood, deluge, flood-tide, stream; -from, m. (-es; pl. -ftrome) torrent.

fluthen, v. n. to rise, flow, to be at high water.

Folge, f. (pl. -n) succession, conse quence, continuation, conclusion. au -, in consefuture time: [to keep up with. quence of. folgen, v. n. to follow, succeed, obey; folgenb, part. & adj. following, con-[quence or results. sequent. folgenreich, adj. of important consefolglich, adj. subsequent, consequent: -, adv. consequently. folasam, adj. willing to follow, obeforbern, v. a. to demand, desire, ask for, call for; por Gericht -, to summon before a court, cite.

Forberung, f. (pl. -en) demand, claim. Form, $f. (pl. -\epsilon n)$ form, figure, mould. formen, v. a. to form, mould. formiren, v. a. to form.

formlid, adj. formal, well-shaped. Forschbegierbe, f. inquisitiveness. forfcen, v. n. to search, inquire. Forfder, m. (-8) searcher, inquirer. Forschung, f. (pl. -en) inquiry, inves-

tigation.

Fort, n. (-eø; pl -e) fort, castle; -, adv. forth, forward, on; -an, adv. henceforth, farther; -bauen, v. a. to continue to build; -bauer, f. continuance ; -eilen, v. n. to hasten away; -fahren, v. n. ir. to drive off or away; continue; --, v. a. to carry away, on, or in a carriage; -gang, m. progression, success; going away; -gehen, v. n. ir. to go away, go forward, proceed; -hin, adv. henceforth, in future; -laufen, v. n. ir. to run, run away; -leben, v. a. to continue to live;

-machen, v. n. to make haste; -, v. r. to get away, go off: -reifen, v. a. ir. to tear away; -rollen, v. a. & n. to roll off, roll on, roll away: -fd/reitung, f. progress, proceeding; -schritt, m. (-e3; pl. -e) continuance, progress; -setting, f (pl -en) continuation : - floken, v. a. ir. to push or thrust forward or away ; -treiben, v. a. ir. to drive away, drive along: -wadsen, v. n. ir. to continue to grow : - mabrent, adi. continual. continued ; - jug, m. ; - ziehen, n. moving onwards, migration.

Frage, f. (pl. -n) question, interrogation : eine - thun, to propose a question.

fragen, v. a. to ask, demand, question; -, v. n. to care for, mind. Fragment, n. (-es; pl. -e) fragment. Francistaner, m. (-8) Franciscan friar. Franfreich, n. (-8) France.

französisch, adj. French.

Fraf, m. (-es) food, prey, glutton; immoderate eater. Cature. Frage, f. (pl. -n) silly person, cari-Fragenbild, n. (-e ϕ ; pl. -er) caricature. Frau, f. (pl. -en) woman, wife, lady, madam, mistress.

Frauenschicksal, n. (-es; pl. -e) fate or destiny of woman.

Fraultin, n. (8) female, young lady, miss, my lady. [pudent, strong. frech, adj. insolent, rash, bold, imfrei, adj. free, frank, independent, open, vacant ; - halten, to defray ; - lassen, to release; - stellen, to leave at liberty; -geboren, adj. freeborn ; -geift, m. (-es; pl. -er) free thinker; -geisterei, f. free thinking ; -geisterisch, adj. free thinking, Freund, m. (-es; pl. -e) friend ; -lich,

in the manner of free thinking: -gut, m. (-0; pl. -güter) freehold. possession, allodium; -heit, f. (pl. -en) freedom, liberty, immunity; -machen, v. a. to frank, deliver, free : -muthiafeit, f. (pl. -en) frankness, candor, liberality, -fpreden, n. liberation, setting free.

freien, v. a. & n. to court, woo, marry. Freier, m. (-8) Freiersmann, m. (-es; pl.-männer) wooer, suitor.

Freiheitobrief, m. (-ed: pl. -en) charter, patent, privilege.

Freiheitsfrieg, m. (-es; pl. -e) war of independence.

Freiheitsliebe, f. love of liberty.

Freiheitsmann, m. (-es ; pl. -männer) patriot.

freilid, adv. indeed, certainly. fremb, adj. strange, foreign, alien. Frembe, f. foreign country, abroad. frembaeboren, adj. foreign.

Frembling, m. (-\$; pl. -€) stranger.

Freffen, n. (-6) food, meal (for animals; -, v. a. ir. to eat (of beasts), devour, corrode; su - geben, to feed; um (id) -, to spread.

Freude, f. (pl. -n) joy, joyfulness, pleasure, delight.

freubenvoll, adj. full of joy, joyful. Freudenbecher, m. (-8) cup of joy.

Freudenfest, m. (-es; pl. -e) a public festivity, festival, jubilee.

Freudenfeuer, n. (-8) bonfire, salute. freudensatt, adj. full of joy.

Freubentag, m. (-es; pl. -e) day of joy. freudig, adj. joyful, joyous.

freuen, v. r. to rejoice, be glad; sid) von ganger Seele -, to rejoice heartily.

adj. friendly, kind, affable, cheerful . -Itchfeit, f. kindness, pleasing demeanor; -in, f. (pl. -nen) female friend, -fcaft, f. (pl. -en) friendship, relationship. Freundeshand, f friendly hand. Frevel, m. (- \emptyset) misdeed, crime, injury. freveln, v. n to do wrong. Frevler, m (-3) trespasser, evil doer; -band, f. trespassing hand. Friebe, m. (-n) peace. Friedensgegend, f. peaceful region. Friedenstörer, m. (-8) disturber of the [quiet. peace. friedlich, adj. peaceable, tranquil, Wrightid, m. Frederick. frish, adj. fresh, new; - unb fröhlich, of good cheer. Thoar. Frischling, m. (-es; pl. -e) young wild Frist, f (pl. -en) space of time, res Idelay. pite. fristen, v. a. to grant delay, respite, froh, adj. joyful, rejoiced, glad. fröhlich, adj. joyous, gay, jovial. Fröhlichfeit, f. gayety, gladness. fromm, adj. pious, devout, good. frommen, v. n. to be of use, boot. Frost, m. (-es; pl. Froste) frost, cold-[profit.] ness. Frucht, f. (pl. Früchte) fruit, corn; fruchtbar, adj. fruitful, fertile. früh, adj. & adv. early, in the morning ; heute -, this morning. Frühling, m. (-8; pl. -e) spring. Frühlingöfeier, f. celebration spring. Frühlingepracht, f. vernal splendor. Frühlingswetter, n. (-8) spring time. fürchterlich. Frühstüd, n. (-\$; pl. -e) breakfast. furchtsam, adj. timid, timorous. frühstücken, v. n. to breakfast. [early.] Furie, f. (pl.-n) fury. frühzeitig, adj. forward, premature, fürlieb, adj. satisfied, contented; mit

Buche, m. (-fee; pl. Füchse) fox. fügen, fugen, v. a. to join, mortise; -, v. r. to comply, come to pass, happen, find one's self in certain circumstances. fühlen, v. a. to feel, touch. führen, v. a. to carry, lead, guide, manage; Rrieg —, to wage war; bas Wort -, to be spokesman: bas Schwert -, to wield the sword. guide. Kührer, m. (-\$) leader, conductor, Führerin, f. (pl. -nen) conductress. Fuhrmann, m. (-es; pl. -leute) driver, carter, wagoner. Fülle, f. fullness, abundance. füllen, v. a. to bottle, fill, stuff. Fundament, n. (-es; pl. -e) foundation. fundamental, adi. fundamental. fünf, *adj*. five. fünfte, adj. fifth. fünfiehn, adj. fifteen. fünfzig, adj fifty. Funte, m. (-n ϑ ; pl. -n) spark, sparkle. funfelt, adj. sparkling. funfeln, v. n. to sparkle, glitter. für, prep. for; — unb —, for ever and ever. fürbag, adv. further. Fürbitte, f. (pl. -n) intercession : eine - einlegen, to intercede. Furth, f. fear, dread, fright; in feten, to terrify. [awful. furchtbar, adj. formidable, terrible, of Furchtbilb, Furchtgespenst, n. phantom. fürchten, v. a. to fear; —, v. r. to be afraid. [dreadful.

adj. fearful, terrible,

etmos - nehmen, to be satisfied! with a thing, to take pot luck. Kürst, m. (-en; pl. -cn) prince, sovereign. [asite of a prince Fürstendiener, m (-8) servant or par-Kürstenehre, f. princely honor. Fürstensaal, m. prince's hall. Fürstenthron, m. king's throne. Fürstenthum, n. (-es; pl. -thumer) principality. Kürftin, f (pl. -nen) princess. fürstlich, adj. princely. Яий, m. (-ed; pl. Wüße) foot, footing; ju Fuße, on foot; -boben, m. (-8; pl. -boben) floor : -breit, adj. foot breadth; -fall, m (-es; pl. -fälle) prostration at the feet of persons. -gänger, m. (-\$) pedestrian, walker, pl. infantry, foot-guards; -ftapfe, f. (-n; pl. -n) footstep, trace; -tritt, m. (-e#; pl. -e) kick, footstep; -volf, n. (-ed; pl. -völfer) foot soldiers, infantry. Futter, n. (-\$) lining, food, feed (for animals), forage. Futteral, n. (-0; pl. -rale) case, cov ering, sheath. Ø.

present, talent, dose. Gabel, f. (pl. -n) fork, tendril. gaffen, v. n. to stare at, gape at. gaffenb, part. gaping, yawning. Gaffer m. () the looker-on, idle spectator. aabren, v. n. ir. to ferment. galant, adj. polite, well-bred, gallant. Galatea, f. Galatea. Galle, f. gall, bile.

gallen, v. n. to resound, tingle. Gallopp, m. (-8) galop. galloppiren, v. n. to galop. Galla, f. gall, bile, choler. Bang, m. (-es; pl. Bange) going, walk. step, course, process, bout, gate. corridor, alley ; im Gange fein, to be in vogue. Gans, f (pl. Ganfe) goose. gang, adj. whole, entire, all, total; -, adv quite, entirely, totally: - und gar nicht, not at all. agnalid, adj whole, total, entire: -adv wholly, totally, entirely. gar, adj. prepared, ready, sufficiently boiled, done; -, adv quite, entirely, very; -nid)t, by no means, not at all. Garbe, f (pl -n) sheaf. Garbine, f. (pl. -n) curtain. aarstig, adj. dirty, nasty, ugly. Garten, m. (-6; pl. Garten) garden : -gewäche, n. greens, herbage. Gärtnerburiche, m. gardener's boy. Gasse, f. (pl. -n) street Gassen laufen, see Spiekruthe. Gast, m. (-es; pl. Gaste) guest, customer, stranger ; ju Bafte bitten, to invite to dinner or supper; -freunb. m. (-es; pl -e) guest; -freundlich, Gabe, f. (pl. -n) gift, devotion, adj. hospitable, -mahl, n. (-ed; pl.-mahler) banquet ; -redt, n. (-es; pl. -e) laws, right of hospitality. Gatte, m. (-n; pl. -n) spouse, consort, husband. [to pair, couple. gatten, v. a to unite, sort; -, v. r Gattin, f. (pl. -nen) spouse, consort, wife. Gattung, f. (pl.-en) kind, species. Gaufel, m. ridiculous gesture and attitude; trick; -bilb, n. vision.

phantasm; -haft, adj. odd, jug-| gebühren, v. n. & r. to be due, to be gling ; -funft, see Gaufeliviel : -fviel, n. (-es; pl. -e) legerdemain, juggling ; -fpieler, see Gautler. Gauffer, m. (-\$) buffoon, juggler. Gebahn, n. (-\$) indicating the whereabout of hunted animals. Gebäude, n. (-0) building, edifice. Gibein, n. ($-\epsilon \delta$; pl. $-\epsilon$) bones, remains. acben, v. a. ir. to give, yield, von (id) -, to give utterance, vomit, cast up; -, v. imp. ed giebt, there is, there are : mas giebt es? what is the matter? einem bie Sanb -. to reach or extend to a person one's hand; -, v. r to stop, to Geberde, f. (pl. -n) gesture. [cease. geberben, v. r. to assume particular looks and gestures, demean one's Gebet, n. (-eø; pl. -e) praver. Self. gebeuen, see gebieten. [district. Gebiet, n. (-es; pl. -e) jurisdiction, gebieten, v. a. ir. to command, bid. Gebieter, m. (-8) commander, master. gebieterifc, adj. domineering, imperious. parition. Gebilbe, n. (-6) image, vision, ap-Gebirge, n (-6;) chain or collection of mountains. Inative. geboren, part. & adj. born, by birth, geborsten, part. & adj. burst, split, cleft. [mandment. Gebot, n. (-es; pl. -e) command. com Gebrauch, m. (-es; pl. -brauche) use, usage, custom. gebrauchlich, adj. useful, customary. Gebrechen, n. (-8) infirmity, want, deficiency, defect; -, v. n ir. to be wanting, to fail. Gebrüll, n. (-ed) roaring. Custom. Gebühr, f. (pl. -en) duty, due, fee, Gefängniß, n. (-11es; pl. -11e) jail,

fit; es gebührt fich, v. r. it is proper. [parcel. Gebund, n. (-es; pl. -bunde, bundle, Geburt, f. (pl. -cn) birth, origin, extraction. gebacht, part. & adj mentioned, stated, thought of, considered. weighed. fremembrance. Gebächtniß, n (-ffes; pl. -ffe) memory, Gebanfe, m. (-n; pl. -n) thought, idea. aebanfenvoll, adj. thoughtful, pensive. Gebeihen, n. (-*) prosperity, success; -, v. n. ir. to ripen, thrive, increase, prosper, succeed. gebenfen, v. a. ir. to think, remember, intend. Gedicht, n. (-es; pl. -e) poem, fiction. geboppelt, adi. doubled. Gebränge, n. (-0) crowd, press, pressgebrängt, part. & adj. pressed together, close. Gebulb, f. patience, endurance. gebulbig, adj. patient, indulgent. Gefahr, f. (pl. -en) danger, peril. gefähren, v.a. to endanger. gefährlich, adj. dangerous, perilous. Gefährte, m. (-n; pl. -n) companion, fellow-follower. Gefälle, n. dues, revenue, income. Befallen, m. pleasure, satisfaction, favor, service; -, v. n. ir. to please; sich - lassen, to put up with, submit to. gefällig, adj. pleasing, agreeable, complaisant, kind. [plaisance. Gefälligfeit, f. (pl. -en) favor, comgefangen, part. & adj. imprisoned, taken captive; -nehmen, to take prisoner. prison.

Gefäs, n. (-εθ; pl. -ε) vessel, handle, | gehen, v. a. ir. to go, walk, proceed, helve, hilt. sefast, part. collected, ready, pre-Gefecht, n. (-ε¢; pl. -ε) fight, battle. Gefieber, n. (-6) feathers, plumage. Gefilde, n. (-s) fields, plain. geffect, adj. spotted. geflügelt, part. & adi. winged. Gefolge, n. (-8) train, attendance. suite, retinue. Gefühl, n. (-eø; pl.-e) feeling, touch, sense of feeling, emotion, sensasentiment. sensibility: tion. sense: heart. Tinsensible. gefühllog, adj. unfeeling, senseless, gegen, prep. towards, against, about, near to, compared with; - cinonder, against one another, mutually, reciprocally. Gegend, f. (pl. -en) region, county, neighborhood. [service. Gegendien ?, m. (-e3; pl. -e) reciprocal agagnfalls, adv. otherwise. gegenseitig, adv. reciprocal, mutual. Gegenstand, m. (-26; pl. -ftanbe) object, [push, counter-thrust. subject. Gegenstoß, m. (-c@; pl. -stöße) counternegenüber, adv. over against, opposite, Gegenwart, f. presence. [all-present. gegenwärtig, adj. present, co-existent, Gegenwehr, f. defence, resistance, opposition. Gegner, m. (-\$) opponent, adversary. geharnischt, adj. in armor. gehäuft, part. & adj. heaped. geheiligt, part. & adi. hallowed, holv. geheim, adj. secret, clandestine, concealed, private: in-, secret(ly). Geheimnig, n. (-sfee; pl. -sfe) secret, mystery, arcanum. $\lceil (ly) \rceil$. geheimnigvoll, adj. & adv. mysterious- geistlich, adj. clerical, ecclesiastical.

fare : au Grunde -, to go to ruin ; von Statten -, to proceed, succeed; wie geht es Ihnen? how do vou do? geheuer, adj. secure, not haunted. Geheul, n. (-es; pl. -e) howling. Gehirn, n. (-es: pl. -e) brain, brains. gehirnlos, adj. brainless. Sehöli, n. (-es; pl. -e) wood, thicket. gehorden, v. n. to obey. Gehör, n. (-es) hearing ; - geben, to give ear, listen to. gehören, v. n. to belong, appertain, (to), be fit or suitable. gehörig, adj. due, proper, appertain-Gehorsam, m. (-3) obedience; -Leisten, to show obedience; —, adj. obedient, obsequious. gehüllt, adj. covered. Geier, m. (-\$) vulture. [spleen. Geifer, m. (-Ø) slaver, spittle, anger, Geige, f. (pl. -n) violin, fiddle. Beifel, see Beifel. Geißel, m. (-&; pl. -n) hostage; --, f. (pl. -n) whip, lash. Geist, m. (-es; pl. -er) mind. Geisterbanner, m. (-8) exorcist. Geisterfülle, f. spirits (p. 168). geistergleich, adj. fairylike, ghostlike. Beisterreich, n. intellectual world. spiritual world, realm of ghosts or spirits. lionary. Geisterseher, m. (-3) ghost-seer, vis-Gcisterwelt, f. spirit-world. Geistesentwicklung, f. development of the mind. Geistedgegenwart, f. presence of mind. geiftig, adj. spiritual, intellectual, mental.

ing sense. Griz. m. (-re) avarice, covetousness: -hald, m. (-sed; pl. -halse) miser, niggard, churl. fetous. aciaia, adi. miserly, niggardly, covgefehrt, part. & adj. turned round. Geflirre, n. (-*) clashing, clanking. Gelächter, n. (-8) laughter. [tain to. gelangen, v. n. to reach, arrive at, at-Gelaß, m. (-eg) room, space. aclassen, adi. gentle, quiet, calm. passive. Gelaffenheit, f. calmness, resignation. Geläufiafeit, f. readiness, fluency. Geläut(e), n. (-e8) ringing of bells, aclb, adi, vellow. [peal.] Gelb, n. (-es; pl. -er) coin, money; -arm, adj. poor in money; -beutel, m. (-3) money-bag, purse; -c3flang, (pl. -flänge) sound of money. nelegen, adj. situated, convenient, commodious, opportune. Gelegenheit, f. (pl. -en) occasion, convenience, opportunity. nelehrig, adj. docile. [ed, informed. gelehrt, adj. learned, taught, instruct- $\mathfrak{G}(\mathfrak{e})$ leif(\mathfrak{e}), n. ($-(\mathfrak{e})\mathfrak{s}$; pl. $-\mathfrak{e}$) footstep, track, streak. [guard, escort. Geleit, n. (-es; pl. -e) safe conduct, geleiten, v. a. to escort, accompany. geliebt, part. & adj. loved, beloved, endeared. [mild. gelinb(e), adj. smooth, soft, gentle, gelingen, v. a. & imp. ir. to succeed, Gelispel, n. (-s) lisping. [prosper. gellen, v. n. to sound loudly, yell. geloben, v. a. to promise, vow. aelten, v. n. ir. to be current, cost. have authority or influence; laffen, to let pass, accept.

geifflos, adj. spiritless, stupid, want- | Gelübbe, n. (-8) vow. Iment. Gemach, n. (-es: pl. -mächer) apartaemad, adj. soft, gentle, easy. aemäcklich, adj. soft, slow, commodions. Gemahl, m. (-es; pl. -e) consort. spouse; -in, f. (pl. -nen) wife. Gemälbe, n. (-8) picture, painting. gemäß, adj. & adv. conformable, suitable. gemauert, part. & adj. immured. gemein, adj. common, vulgar, ordinary; -schaftlich, adj. common. in common. [parish. Gemeinb(e), f. (pl. -n) community. gemeinsam, adj. common, mutual, familiar. Gemeinschaft, f. (pl. -en) community, communion, intercourse. gemeffen, adj. measured, appropriate; -er Befehl, definite order, instruction. Gemisch, n. (-es; pl. -e) mixture. Gemurmel, n. (-6) murmuring. Gemüse, n. (-6) vegetables, greens. Gemüth, n. (-es; pl. -er) mind, soul. heart. Bemutheguftanb, m. (-es; pl. -ftanbe) state of mind. gen, prep. contraction of gegen. genannt, see nennen. Texact. genau, adj. precise, accurate, strict, genehm, adj. agreeable, approved of; - halten, to approve. genehmigen, v. a. to approve. generat, adj. inclined, disposed, favorable, friendly. General, m. (-8; pl. -rale) general; -commissary general: -convent, m. general convent. Generation, f. (pl. -en) generation.

genefin, v.n. ir. to grow well, recover.

Genefit, f. generation, origin, history of creation.

Genic, n. genius, talent. genichbar, adj. palatable, eatable. genichen, v. a. ir. to enjoy, have the

use of, partake of.

Genius, see Schutengel.

genommen, part. taken.

Genugthuung, f. satisfaction. [use. Genuß, (-ffeß; pl. -nüffe) enjoyment, Gepräge, n. (-δ) impression, stamp. Gepraffel, n. (-δ) rattling.

gerabe, adj. straight, erect, direct;
—, adv. directly, exactly, just.

—, adv. directly, exactly, just.

Geräth(e), n. (-\$; pl. -e) implement,
tool, vessels, utensils.

gerathen, v. n. ir. to fall into, fall upon, get into, succeed, prosper, fall in with; —, adj. advised, advantageous.

Geräusch, n. (-8; pl. -c) noise, bustle. gerecht, adj. just, righteous.

Gerechtigfeit, f. justice, righteousness. gereinigt, adj. cleaned, cleansed.

gereuen, v. imp. to repent; es gereut mid, I repent (of) it.

Gricht, n. (-3; pl. -c) court of justice, judgment, jurisdiction; in the figure of the

Gerichtsbiener, m. (-8) beadle, officer of the court, constable.

Gerichteflab, m. official staff.

gering, adj. small, little, trifling, mean, low; ein Geringerer, a person lower in rank (p. 198).

Geringfügigfeit, f. trifle, insignificant thing. [ible. geringfφäβig, adj. mean, contempt-

germanis, adj. German. [willingly. gern, adv. with pleasure, gladly, Gerte, f. (pl. -n) switch, pole.

Struch, m. (-e&; pl. -rüche) smell, scent. [smell.

geruchte, adj. scentless, without Gerücht, n. (-ed; pl. -e) rumor, report. gerubia, adj. quiet.

gesalbt, adj. anointed.

gesammt, adj. whole, all together.

Gesandte (ber), m. (-n; pl. -n) messenger, ambassador.

Gesang, m. (-ed; pl. -sange) singing, song, hymn.

Geschäft, n. (- $\mathfrak{e} \mathfrak{d} \mathfrak{f} \mathfrak{p} \mathfrak{l}$. - \mathfrak{e}) employment, occupation, affair, business.

geschäftig, adj. busy, active.

geschehen, v. n. & imp. ir. to come to pass, happen, arrive.

gescheib, gescheit, adj. sensible, clever, wise, judicious.

Ψεβόκπ, n. (-εθ; pl. -ε) gift, present.
Θεβόκη, f. (pl. -η) history, story, narrative.

geschichtlich, adj. historical.

Geidiaf, n. (-εδ; pl.-ε) fate, destiny.
Geidiafliafeit, f (pl.-εn) fitness, aptness, ability, talent.

gefdict, adj. adapted, fit, able, dex terous, skillful.

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Geschmack, m. (-e2) taste, favor,

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Geschmeibe, n. (-3) jewels, jewelry.
Geschöpf, n. (-es; pl. -e) creature.
Beidog, n. (-ffes; pl. -ffe) dart, arrow;
  story (of a house).
Gefdrei, n. (-eø) clamor, cry, shriek.
Geschüt, n. (-es) artillery, cannon.
Gefámaber, n. (-0) squadron, swarm.
Gefdmät, n. (-es; pl. -e) talking.
gefdmäßig, adj. talkative.
gefchweige, adv. not to say, much less.
geschwind, adj. quick, swift, fast.
Geschwister, pl. brothers, sisters, or
  brothers and sisters.
acteanen. v. a. to bless.
Gesell(e), m. (-en; pl. -en) companion,
  fellow, journeyman.
gesellen, v. a. to associate; --, v. r.
  to join, associate with one's self.
Beselligfeit, f. sociableness.
                               Tpany.
Gefellschaft, f. (pl. -en) society, com-
G:fellschafter, m. (-6) companion, as-
  sociate.
Gifch, n. (-es; pl. -e) law, statute,
  decree; -gebenb, adj. legislative;
  -geber, m. (-8) legislator, law-
  giver; -lid, adj. lawful, legal.
Gesicht, n. (-es; pl. -er) sight, eye-
  sight, eye, view, visage, face,
  countenance, look; -, (pl. bie
  Gesichte) apparition, vision, spectre.
Gesichtefreis, m. (-ses; pl. -se) horizon.
Gesichtszug, m. (-es; pl. -züge) feature.
Gefinde, m. servants, domestics.
gefinnt, adj. minded, disposed.
Gesinnung, f. (pl. -en) disposition,
  sentiment.
                              [culiar.
gefoutert, part. & adj. separated, pe-
gespannt, part. & adj. stretched, in-
  tense, anxious. [parition, ghost.]
Gespenst, n. (-es; pl. -er) spectre, ap-
gespenstisch, adj. spectral, ghostlike.
                                      getümmelvoll, adj. noisy, crowded,
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Befpiele, m. (-es; pl. -e) f. -lin, (pl. -linnen) play-mate. Gespinnst, n. (-es; pl. -e) spinning. Gespons, m. (-ses; pl. -se) bridegroom; -, f. bride. Sefpotte, n (-8) mockery, derision. Gespräch, n. (-es; pl. -e) conversation, discourse. Gestade, n. (-\$) shore, beach, coast. Gestalt, f. (pl. -en) form, figure. gestalten, v. a. to form, fashion. Geständniß, n. (- [ce ; pl. - [e) confession. gestatten, v. a. to permit, allow, grant, Gested, n. (-es; pl. -e) case. gestehen, v. a. ir. to confess, allow, grant; -, v. n. to congeal, curdle. gestern, aav. yesterday. Geftirn, n. (-eø; pl. -e) star, stars. gestirnt, adj. starred, starry. gestorben, part. & adj. dead. [thicket. Gesträuch, n. (-es; pl. -e) bushes , pl. aestrena(e), adj. strict, severe. gestrig, adj. yesterday; n. bas ewig Gestrige, what is of old, of yester-Gefuch, n. (-εε; pl. -ε) request, petigefund, adj. sound, healthy. Gefundheit, f. health ; wholesomeness. gethan, part. of thun. Getöfe, n. (- \emptyset) din, noise, bustle. Getrabe, n. trotting. getrauen, v. r. to dare, venture, trust. getreu, adj. faithful, true, loyal. getroft, adj. confident, with confidence; -, int. well! getrösten, v. r. to hope with confidence, be assured. Getrümmer, n. (-\$) ruins, rubbish, fragments, remnants. friotous.

Gemäche, n. (-see; pl. -se) growth, plant, vegetable; tumor.

gewachsen, adj. equal; — sein, to be able, to be a match for.

gemähren, v. a. to promise, vow, grant, afford; — lassen, to indulge.

Genalt, f. (pl. -en) might, power, force, violence; dominion; — another, to do violence.

gewaltig, adj. powerful, mighty. aemaltigen, v. a. to subdue.

gewaltsam, adj. forcible, violent.

Gewaltthat, f. (pl. -en) violence.

Gewand, n. (-cs; pl. -wänder) garment, drapery, cloth.

Gewandheit, f. activity, adroitness, dexterity, smartness.

gewarten, see gewärtigen.

gemärtig, adj. expecting, aware; — fein, to expect.

gewärtigen, v. a. to expect.

Genebe, n. (-3) texture, weaving, weft, tissue.

Genefit, n. (-e8; pl. -e) lock, gun; pl. arms; musket. [fession.

Gewerve, n. (-3) business, trade, pro-Gewicht, n. (-3; pl. -e) weight.

gewichtig, adj. weighty.

Gewimmel, n. (-6) swarm, crowd.

Wewinn, m. (-εċ; pl. -ε) gain, profit. gewinnen, v. a. ir. to win, gain, obtain, acquire, get.

Gewinner, m. (→3) winner, gainer.

Gewinnst, m. (-es; pl. -e) gain, profit. Gewirr, n. (-es; pl. -e) confusion, complication.

gewiß, adj. certain, sure, true; --, adv. certainly, surely.

Gewissen, n. (-8) conscience.

gewissenhaft, gewissenhaftig, ads. conscientious. Gewissensqual, f. (pl. -en) remorse, stings of conscience.

gewiffermaßen, adv. in a manner.

Gewißheit, f. (pl. -en) certainty, surety. [clination.

Gewogenseit, f. favor, kindness, ingeroßnen, v. n. to be inured to; gewonnt sein, to be wont or accustomed (to); gewonnt werden, to get accustomed (to). [habituate. gewößnen, v. a. & r. to accustom, use, Gewonneit, f. (n. -en) custom, use

Sewohnkeit, f. (pl. -en) custom, use, usage, habit. [dinary. gewöhnlich, adj. usual, customary, or-

Gewölbe, n. (-6) vault, arch, waregewölbt, adj. vaulted. [house.

Gewölf, n. (-es; pl. -e) clouds.

gewölft, adj. clouded, covered.

Gewühl, n. (-e8) rooting, rummaging, busy throng, crowding.

Gewürm, n. (-c8; pl. -ε) worms, rep-Gezelt, n. (-c8; pl. -ε) tent. [tiles. geziemen, v. n. & r. to be suitable or meet; —, v. imp. ε8 geziemt sich, it is proper or fit.

geziemenb, part. & adj. due, proper. gierig, adj. voracious, avidious.

gießen, v. a. ir. to pour, water, found, cast.

Gift, n. (-e*; pl.-e) poison; -tropfen, m. drop or small quantity of poison.

giftig, adj. poisonous, venomous. gigantifá, adj. gigantic.

Gipfel, m. (-8) summit, top.

gischen, v. n. to froth, foam.

Gitter, n. (-3) trellis, grate, lattice. Glam, m. (-3) splendor, lustre.

alängen, v. n. to shine, glitter, gleam. Alängens, part. & adj. shining, bright, brilliant, glossy. Glas, n. (-fes; pl. Glafer) glass. ala:t, adi. smooth, even, polished, slippery.

alatten, v. a. to smooth, polish. Glaube(n), m. (-no: pl. -n) faith, belief, credit.

alauben, v. a. to believe, think, trust. Glaubenogemeinbe, f. community of believers.

Glaubeneffern, m. star of faith. aläubia, adj. believing, full of faith. gleich, adj. even, straight, like; -, adv. equally, just, exactly; immediately: -, conj. although: -artiq, adj. the same kind, homogeneous : fid - bleiben, to be consistent, continue the same; -falle, adv. likewise, also; -aultia, adi. equivalent, indifferent, immaterial; -gültigfeit, f. indifference, equal value; -heit, f. straightness, equality, likeness: -meffen, v. a. to measure impartially; -nig, n. (-|[ed; pl. -|[e) similitude, parable; -fam, conj. as it were, like as if, almost : -ilellen, v. a. to place on a par, aspire ; fich einem - ftellen, to put one's self on a par with; -stellung, f. conformation, equalization; -viel, adv. all the same, indifferent; -wie, conj. as, just as, even as ; -wohl, conj. nevertheless, notwithstanding, yet ; -keitiq, adj.

aleichen, v. n. ir. to be equal, resemble; -, v. a. to make even, level, Gleid, see Beleife. Niken.

Gleigner, m. (-8) hypocrite. gleiten, v. n. ir. to glide, slide.

contemporary.

Glieb, $n. (-(e) \otimes ; pl. -er)$ limb, member,

link (of a chain), file (of soldiers).

Glode, f. (pl. -n) bell, clock. Glodenaut, n. (-ed) bell-metal.

Glodenflang, m. (-es : pl. -Ilange) sound of bells.

Glodenfpeife, see Glodengut.

Glodenstube, f. belfry. Tbell.

Glodenton, m. tone or sound of a alorreich. adi. plorious.

Glüd, n. (-co) fortune, luck, happiness, felicity : - wünschen, to congratulate : -lid, adj. prosperous, fortunate, happy; -lichfeit, f. happiness, felicity : -feligfeit, f. happiness, felicity.

alühen, v. n. to be red-hot, to glow. Glut, Gluth, f. (pl. -en) glowing fire, heat, flame, violent heat.

Gnabe, f. benevolence, grace, favor, mercy.

Gnabenbilb, n. (-es; pl. -er) holy image, crucifix, image of the Virgin.

Gnabenblick, m. (-es; pl. -e) look of grace or approbation.

Gnabengua, m. (-es; pl. -züge) passage of grace.

anabia, adj. merciful, kind, gracious; -lid, adv. (absol.) gracious(ly), merciful(ly), favorably.

Gold, n. (-es) gold; -stüd, n. (-es; pl. -t) gold coin, piece of gold.

golben, adj. made of gold, golden. gönnen, v. a. to grant, not to envy, not to grudge.

Gothe, m. (-n; pl. -n) Goth.

authifth, adj. Gothic, Gothic style of architecture.

Gothland, n. (-8) Gothland, Gothia. Gott, m. (-es; pl. Gotter) God; -ahnlich, adj. like to God; bewahre! God forbid : -erfüllt, adi. inspired of God; -geliebt, adj. beloved of God; -geliabt, adj. sent by God; -heit, f. (pl. -en) deity, divinity, godhead; - fei Danf! thanks be to God! -verföhner, m. (-3) Christ the Saviour, lit. the reconciler to God.

Götterbilb, m. image of a god. göttergleid, adj. godlike, devout.

Götterfunk, m. (-n) divine spark, divine inspiration. [the gods.

Götterhöhe, f. (pl.-n) exaltedness of Götterfind, n. divine child.

Götterfraft, f. divine strength.

Götterstärfe, strength of the gods.

Götterwonne, f. pleasure of the gods, divine pleasure. [ground. Gottesafer, m. grave-yard, burying-Gottesbienst, m. (-es; pl. -e) worship

Gotteebienst, m. (-ee; pl. -e) worship of God, divine service.

Gottressungt, f. sear of God, piety.
gottressungt, adj. searing God, pious.
Gottreslästerung, f. (pl. -en) blasphemy, profanity.
[work.
Gottressungt] n. (ed. nl. -en) God's.

Gotteswort, n. (-es; pl. -e) God's Gotteswort, n. (-es) holy writ, the

Göttin, f. (pl. -nen) goddess.

word of God.

göttlið, adj. divine, godly, godlike, godfearing.

Göpendiener, m. (-n) idol, false deity. Göpendiener, m. (-8) idolater.

Grab, n. (-ce; pl. Graber) grave, tomb, sepulchre; -gefang, m. (-ce; -[inge) funeral song, mourning song; -[drift, f. (pl. -cn) epitaph, inscription.

Graben, m. (-3; pl. Gräben) ditch, trench; —, v. a. ir. to grave, engrave, carve, dig. [the grave. Gribednacht, f. darkness, night of

inspired of God; -geliebt, adj. be- | Grab, m. (-e8; pl. -e) degree, step. loved of God; -gelant, adj. sent | Graf, m. (-en; pl. -en) earl, count.

Gram, m. (-εδ) grief, sorrow; —, adv. adverse; — fein, to dislike, hate.

grämen, v. r. to grieve, sorrow, fret. grammatifth, adj. grammatical.

Gran, m. (−e¢; pl. −e) grain.

Granat, m. (-8; pl. -en) garnet, Gränze, see Grenze. [pomegranate. gränzen, see grenzen.

granzenios, adj. boundless, without limit, from beginning to end.

Gras, n. (-ses; pl. Gräser) grass. gräßlich, adj. shocking, horrible.

Graththier, n. a chamois of a reddish color.

Grau, n. gray color; —, adj. gray, grizzled; in jenen grauen Jahren, in those ancient times.

Grauel, m. (-3) horror, detestation. Grauen, n. see Graum; —, v. n. to dawn, turn gray; —, v. n. imp. to have an aversion to a thing, dislike; -voll, adj. full of horror, shocking.

gräulich, adj. shocking, horrible.

Graun, n. (- $\hat{\sigma}$) abhorrence, aversion, horror, fear.

Grauß, m. (-seß) horror; —, adj. horrible, dreadful. [rible. grausam, adj. cruel, shocking, ter-Grausamfeit, f. (pl. -en) cruelty, bar-

barousness. [shudder, shiver, Grausen, n. horror; —, v. n. imp. to

Grazie, f. (pl. –n) grace, charm.

greifen, v. a. ir. to take, seize, catch. Greiß, m. (-scß; pl. -sc) old man; —, adj. gray, hoary.

grell, adj. glaring, very bright.

Grenabier, m. (-3; pl. -ε) grenadier, soldier. Grenze, f. (pl. -n) limit, boundary, border.

grenzen, v. n. to border upon, limit. Greuel, m. (-6) see Gräuel.

Grieche, m. (-n; pl.-n); f. Griechin, (pl.-nen) Greek, Grecian.

griechisch, adj. Greek, Grecian.

Grimm, m (-c\$) fury, rage; —, adj. enraged, furious.

grimmig, adj. wrathful, enraged.

grinfen, v. n. to grin, show the teeth, laugh.

grob, adj. coarse, clumsy, gross; dull; rude, rough, uncivil.

Groll, m. (-cs) ill-will, grudge.

growen, v. a. to grudge, bear an ill-will, vex.

Groß, n. (-t3) gross, twelve dozen;

—, adj. big, large, grand, vast,
huge, great, grown; -inquifitor, m.
grand inquisitor; -muth, f. magnanimity, generosity; -müthig, adj.
magnanimous, generous; — thun,
to brag, to boast; -vater, m. (-3;
pl. -väter) grandfather.

Größe, f. greatness, magnitude.

Grotte, f. (pl. -n) grotto.

Grubt, f. (pl. -n) ditch, grave, hole in the ground, cavern. [vault. Gruft, f. (pl. Grüft) grave, tomb, Grün, n. green color, verdure; —, adj. green; grünt Donnerstag, Maundy Thursday.

Grund, m. (-e8; pl. Gründe) ground, soil, basement, rudiment, bottom, foundation, basis; valley; motive, reason; im Grunde, in truth; zu Grunde richten, to ruin; von — aus, from the very foundation, fundamental; -eis, n. (-fes) groundice; -lage, f. (pl. -n) foundation,

origin; -legung, f. (pl. -en) laying the foundation; -[at, m. (-e8; pl. -fate) principle, maxim.

grünben, v. a. & r. to ground, found, fathom. [fundamental. grünblich, adj. thorough(ly), profound, Grünbung, f. (pl. -en) establishment, foundation.

grünen, v. n. to become green, to be green, to flourish.

grunzen, v. n. to grunt, grumble.

Gruppe, f. (pl. -n) group.

Gruβ, m. (-e6; pl. Grüβe) salutation, greeting.

grüßen, v. a. to greet, salute; — lassen, to send one's respects or compliments.

guden, v. n. to look, peep.

Guder, m. looker.

Guiben, m. florin, guilder (40 cents American silver).

gulden, *adj*. golden.

gültig, *adj*. valid, current.

Gunst, f. favor, leave, affection, partiality. [favor.

günstig, adj. favorable; — scin, to gürten, v. a. to girt, girdle, belt.

Մաβ m. (–ւŝ, pl. Մա՛իլ) founding, gush, drain.

Gut, n. (-e8; pl. Güter) goods, blessing, possession, country-seat, country-house; —, (comp. besser, superl. besser, good, well, good-natured; —, adv. well, sufficiently; — thun, to do good, to thrive; — haben, in — haben, to have to one's credit; e8 — haben, to be well off; einem — sein, to like a person; — sagen sür, to answer for, to warrant; — machen, to make amends; laß — sin, be it so, let that pass,

Beiten, for the best purpose or interest. fmanor. Gutsbesitzer, m. landlord of the Guteberr, m. landlord. Güte, f. goodness, kindness. aŭtia, adj. good, kind, benevolent. outlid, adj. kind, mild, gentle : --, adv. amicably, kindly; sich thun, to take care of one's self, to enjoy one's self, to pamper one's self.

õ.

Sal int. ha! Ito a hair. Daar, n. (-es; pl. -e) hair ; auf ein -, Sabe, f. property, goods; - unb But, goods and chattels. haben, v. ir. to have ; -, v. a. to have, possess; Redit -, to be right; Unrecht —, to be wrong. Sablucht, f. avarice, greediness. Sade, f. (pl. -n) hoe, hatchet, axe, heel. [dispute. Saber, m. (-\$) rag, quarrel, brawl, Dabes, m. myth. Hades (the habitation of the dead or lower world of the ancients. Safen, m. (-8; pl. Safen) port, harbor, haven, pot. ment. Saft, f. custody, durance, imprisonhaften, v. n. to stick, adhere, fasten, to be fixed : - für, to be responsible for. [prov. bull. Sag. m. (-e8; pl. -e) hedge, fence; Sahn, m. (-es; pl. Sahne) cock, rooster. [call. Sahnenruf, m. cock's crow; rooster Sahnentritt, m. (-es; pl. -e) tread, treading of the cock, treadle.

no more of it, never mind; sum | Dain, m. (-es; pl. -e) grove, wood, forest. halb, adj. half : - gebrochen, part. & adj. half broken; -gott, m. (-ce; pl. -aötter) demi-god ; -jähria, adj. halfyearly; -monb, half-moon, crescent. Balfte, f. (pl. −n) half, middle. Salle, f. (pl. -n) hall, porch. hallen, v. n. to sound, resound. ballob! int. holloo! halloa! Sale, m. (-see; pl. Sälse) neck, throat, gullet; über - und Ropf, helter-skelter, headlong. Salt, m. hold, support, halt; -, int. hold! halt! stay! stop! halten, v. a. & n. ir. to hold, bind, keep, support, sustain, contain; think, judge; frei -, to pay for a person, to treat; - für, to regard or consider as: foodlos -. to indemnify; bafür -, to be of opinion : es mit Jemandem -, to take one's part; -, v. r. to keep or maintain one's self : fid aut -,

to bear one's self well (p. 20). hammer, m. (-8; pl. hammer, forge.

Sand, f. (pl. Sande) hand ; -flache, f. palm of the hand; bie - bieten, to offer assistance, to assist; unter ber -, underhand, secretly, privately; bei ber -, at hand, ready; por ber -, at present, just now; -habe, f. (pl. -n) handle ; -lung, f. (pl. -en) trade, commerce, action, deed; $-\int d \log_{10} m \cdot (-c \delta; pl. -\int d \log_{10} c$ shake of the hand, giving the hand as a pledge; - south, m. (-e%; $pl. -\epsilon$) glove; -woll, f. handfull; -werfer, m. (-0) mechanic, artisan. Panbel, m. (-8) trade, traffic, com

merce, affair, business : - treiben, v. a. to traffic. Sanbel, f. quarrel, affray. hanbeln, v. n. to trade, traffic, negotiate. Γed. hangen, v. n.ir. to hang, be suspendbangen, v. a. to hang, suspend. Barfe, f. (pl. -n) harp. Parsenlispel, n. (pl. -n) lisp of the parfenspiel, a. harp-playing. parm, m. (-eø) grief, sorrow, harm. harmlog, adj. without grief, harmless, inoffensive. parmonie, f. (pl. -n) harmony. harmonisch, adj. harmonious. Barnisch, (-es; pl. -e) harness, armor. barren, v. n. to await, stay. bart, adj. stiff, severe, austere. Särte, f. (pl. -n) hardness, rigorous-Finflexible. ness. hartnädia, adi. stubborn, obstinate: Bartnädigfeit, f. stubbornness, obstinacy. βäſter, m. (-\$) spy, detective, catchpole, bailiffs, myrmidens. Sase m. (-n; pl. -n) hare, coward. Bafelbaum, m. (-es; pl. -baume) hazel-Baselbusch, m. hazel-bush. Itree. Φαβ, m. (-ffee) hate, hatred, grudge. haffen, v. a. to hate. haffenswerth, adj. hateful. häßlich, adi. ugly. baube, f. (pl. -n) cap, coif, hood. Saud, m. (-to) breath, aspiration. hauen, v. a. ir. to hew, cut. Daufe(n), m. (-no; pl. -n) heap, amassment, multitude : über ben flogen, to strike down, overthrow. häufen, v. a. to heap, accumulate. Saupt, n. (-es; pl. Saupter) head,

principle; auf's - fclagen, to rout completely; -armer, f. (pl. -n) main army; -action, f. great act, great show; -figur, f. (pl. -en) main figure; -punft, m. (-es; pl. -:) main point; -sadslid, adj. chief. principal : - fat, m. (-ce : pl. -fate) axiom, main point; -ftabt, f. (pl. -flabte) capital, principal town; -fostem, n. (pl. -e) chief system; -theil, m. principal or greatest part; -veranlasfung, f. principal reason; -web, n. (-es) head-ache. Baus, n. (-fes; pl. Baufer) house. household, family, home, firm; ju baufe, at home; nach baufe, (towards) home; von Sause, from home; -frau, f. (pl. -en) housewife; -haltung, f. (pl.-cn) housekeeping, economy, family : -rath, m. (-e8) household furniture. hausen, v. n. to live, keep house.

carry on, ravage.

häuslid, adj. domestic, economical. Saut, f. (pl. Saute) hide, skin, cuticle. Debel, m. (-8) lever.

beben, v. a. ir. to heave, raise, lift, stop, take up, elevate; in die Söbe -, to lift on high.

Φeber, m. (-δ) elevator, siphon.

Debraer, m. (-8) Hebrew.

hebräisch, adj. Hebrew.

Beer, n. (-es; pl. -e) army : -bann, m. (-es) army; -führer, m. (-s) commander-in-chief; -fcaar, f. (p!. -en) host, army; -fdau, f. review of an army: -ffrom, m. large or principal river; -aug, m. (-es; pl. -jüge) march of an army.

chief, chieftain : in comp. main, | Beerbe, see Berbe.

beerbemelfenb, part. & adj. milking | the herds (p. 262). [veast. Sefen, m. dregs, lees, sediment, beften, v. a. to fasten, fix, peg, stitch. heftig, adj. vehement, intense, violent. [violence.

Beftigfeit, f. (pl. -on) vehemence, begen, v. a. to enclose, entertain. foster.

bebr. adj. sublime, holy, sacred. Seide, m (-n; pl. -n) heathen, pagan :

-, f. (pl. -n) heath, field.

Beibenthun:, n. (-6; pl. -thumer) paganism, heathenism.

Scibenzeit, f. days of pagandom.

Scil, n. (-es) health, happiness, salvation; -, adj. unburt, sound, healed; -, int. hail! -bringend, adi. bringing blessings; -mittel, n. (-\$) remedy; -fam, adj. wholesome, salutary : - famfeit, f. wholesomeness, salubrity.

beilen, v. n. to heal; -, v. a. to heal. cure, make whole, repair.

heilig, adj. sacred, holy; ber heilige Abend, m. the eve before a festival. heiligen, v. a. to sanctify, hallow.

peiligenbilb, n. (-es; pl. -er) holy image, image of the virgin, crucifix.

Beiligthum, n. (-es; pl. -thumer) sanctuary, relic, sacred object.

heim, adv. home; -bringen, v. a. ir. to bring home : -führen, v. a. to lead home, to take home; -gewandt, adj. homeward-bound : -ifth, adj. domestic, at home; -febren, v. a. to return home : -lid, adj. secret. clandestine; -wanbern, v. a. to wander home; -weg, m. (-es; pl.) -e) way home, return home; benoch, m. Enoch.

-marte, adv. homeward : -meh, n. (-e\$) homesickness, nostalgia. beimath, f. (pl. -en) home, native heimathlich, adj. native. Country. heimath(&)Ive, adj. homeless.

heirathen, v. a. to marry.

heischen, v. a. to desire, require.

heiß, adj. hot, warm, ardent.

beißen, v. a. ir. to call, command; -, v. n. to be said, to be called: gut -, to approve, sanction.

heiter, adj. serene, clear, bright.

Driterfeit, f. serenity, cheerfulness. Sold, m. (-en; pl. -en) hero; -in, f.

(pl. -nen) heroine.

Beldenbruft, f. heroic breast.

Beldenmuth, m. (-ed) heroism.

helbenmüthia, adj. heroic.

belbenruhm, m. hero's fame.

Belbensohn, m. (-es; pl. -föhne) hero's

Belbenstärke, f. hero's strength.

Helbenthat, f. (pl. -en) heroic deed. Belbentugend, f. (pl. -en) hero's virtue.

Belbenwillen, m. heroic will.

helsen, v. a. ir. to help, assist, aid; remedy, to be efficacious.

Belfershelfer, m. (-8) aider, abettor.

hell, adj. clear, bright, light.

Dellas, Hellas, ancient Greece.

 $\mathfrak{H}(m, m. (-\mathfrak{e}); pl. -\mathfrak{e})$ helmet. Bemb, n. (-es; pl. -en, -e, or -er)

shirt; Frauen-, chemise. hemmen, v. a. to stop, check.

Demmung, f. (pl. -en) stopping, hindrance, delay, stay, escapement

(of a watch), catch.

Senfel, m. (- \emptyset) handle, hook. [er. Benfer, m. (-8) hangman, execution-Benne, f. hen.

her, adv. to this place, hither, here perb, m. (-es; pl. -e) hearth, fire-(see Gr. p. 281, VIII; El. p. 237). berab, adv. down, downwards : -bliden, v. n. to glance or look down : -fallen, v. n. ir. to fall down ; -gießen, v. n. ir. to pour down: -fommen, v. a. to come down, to degenerate, to become poor: - send v. a. ir. to send down ; -finfen, v. a. to sink down : -fleigen, v. n. ir. to descend; -springen, v. a. to jump down: -merfen, v. a. ir. to throw down: -rieben, v. a. ir. to draw down. heran, adv. near to, on; -fommen, v. n. ir. to come on : - wachsen. v. n. ir. to increase, grow up. herauf, adv. upwards; -bliden, v. a. to look upwards; -gehen, v. a. ir. to go up; -fommen, v. a. ir. to come up. heraus, adv. out (of); -, int. come out! turn out! -gabe, f. (pl. n) publishing, giving up : -aeben, v. a. ir. to hand out or over; deliver up, give change (money), publish; -geber, m. (-6) publisher. editor; -ragen, v. a. to stand forth, to be prominent; - siehen, v. a. ir. to pull or draw out. herb(e), adj. sour, acid, harsh. herbei, adj. hither, near; -führen, v. a. to bring, fetch, lead in or up; -rufen, v. a. ir. to call to a place; -schaffen, v. a. to produce, procure : -treiben, v. a. to concentrate, collect. hither. herbringen, v. a. ir. to bring, bring Perbit, m. (-es; pl. -e) autumn, harvest, fall.

herbstlich, adj. autumnal.

place, fire-side; home. Derbe, f. (pl. -n) flock, herd, drove. hercin, adv. in, into; -, int. come in! entrée! -fommen, v. n. ir. to come in: -treten, v. a. ir. to enter. berführen, v. a. to bring here. herfür, adv. see hervor. The done. hergeben, v. n. ir. to come along, to herfommen, v. n. ir. to approach, advance, come here, originate, descent, come from (place). Berfunft, f. (pl. -fünfte) origin, descent. hernad, adv. afterwards, after that, bernieber, adv. down : bis auf bie Sohlen -, down to the very soles (of his feet) (p.): -fließen, v. n. ir. to flow down, descend; -fameben, v. n. to descend. Sero. m. hero. heroifc, adi. heroic, heroical. perolb, m. (-es; pl. -e) herald, har binger. herr, in. (-en; pl. -en) master, sir, lord, gentleman, mister. herreichen, v. a. to reach, hand. berreisen, v. n. to travel hither. herrenrecht, n. (-6; pl. -e) royal priv. ilege. herrist, adj. lordly, imperious. herrlich, adj. magnificent, excellent. Berrlichfeit, f. (pl. -en) magnificence, splendor, excellence. herrichaft, f. (pl. -en) mastery, da minion, master and mistress. berrichen v. n. to rule, reign, govern, dominate, prevail. herrscher, m. (-8) ruler, governor. herscheuchen, v. a. to chase away. bersenben, v. a. to send hither

Berüber, adv. over: -fommen, v. n. to | Seuchelei, f. (pl. -en) hypocrisy. come over: -tonen, v. a. & n. to sound, tone over or across.

berum, adv. round, about : -irren. v. n. to wander about ; -fc)lagen, v. a. to strike about; -, v, r. to fight, quarrel.

herunter, adv. down, off : -fallen, v. a. to fall down : -bolen, v. a. to fetch down ; -steigen, v. n. ir. to descend.

bervor, adv. forth, out ; -brechen, v. n ir. to break forth ; -beben, v. a. ir. to relieve, render prominent: -rufen, v. u. ir. to call out, call forth : -stehen, v. n. ir. to stand out, bulge out : -treten, v. a. ir. to appear, step forth or forward.

pers, n. (-end; pl. -en) heart, breast, courage ; su Gergen nehmen, to take to heart ; -haft, adj. stout-hearted. courageous ; -haftigfeit, f. courage, bravery; -innia, -innialid, adj. hearty: -, adv. heartily, passionately; -lid, adj. hearty, heartfelt, cordial; -, adv. heartily, very; -lieb, adv. very dear; -los, adi. heartless. Iffiction.

Berzeleib, n. (-ee; pl. -en) sorrow, af-Bergensfreund, m. (-es; pl. -e) bosom friend.

Bergensreinheit, f. purity of heart. herziehen, v. a. ir. to draw or move hither.

Bergog, m. (-6; pl. -zöge) duke. hepen, v. a. to hunt, bait, set on, cause mischief.

Deu, n. (-ed) hay ; -fdrede, f. (pl. -n) grasshopper, locust; -fdredwolle, cloud of locusts ; -wage, f. (pl. -n) hav-scale.

beulen, v. a. to howl, whine, weep:

heut(e), adv. to-day, this day. beutia, adj. of this present day.

bere, f. (pl. -n) witch, sorceress.

Berentang, m. (-co; pl. -tange) witches' hie, adv. see hier. Idance.

biebei, see bierbei.

δίεδ, m. (-c¢; pl. -e) cut, stroke. hiefhorn, n. (-es; pl. -hörner) hunt ing horn.

hienieben, adv. here below, on earth. hier, adv. here, in this place; - und ba, here and there: -an, adv. at this, on this; -auf, adv. hereupon, then; -aud, adv. from this, hence, out of this; -bei, adv, at this, by this; -her, adv. thither; bis -, hitherto, to this place, thus far; -über, adv. over here.

Dierarchie, f. (pl. -en) hierarchy. biefelbit, adv. here, in this place.

Difthorn, n. (-es; pl. -hörner) sce biefhilfe, see bulfe. Thorn.

hilfreich, see hülfreich.

Simmel, m. (-3) heaven, heavens, sky; -blau, adj. sky-blue, azure; -feste, f. (pl. -n) firmament; -frucht, f. heavenly fruit, fruit of heavenly growth; -warts, adv. towards heaven; -weit, adv. very distant, widely.

himmelefadel, f. heavenly torch.

himmelogegenb, f. (pl. -en) region of the heavens.

bimmelegians, m. heavenly radiance. Simmelefönigin, f. queen of heaven. himmelelieb, m. (-es; pl. -er) heavenly song.

Simmeleluft, f. ether.

Simmelefraft, f. heavenly power, Singabe, f. abandonment. God-given power.

Simmelemajor, great bear.

Himmeldichoß, m. (-es) realm of Itial city. heaven.

Simmelerable, f. heavenly city, celeshimmeleftrich, m. (-es; pl. -e) climate. Simmelston, m. heavenly sound,

strain. Theaven.

himmeldzelt, n. vault, canopy of himmlist, adj. celestial, heavenly.

hin, adv. thither, along (see Gr. p. 281, VIII ; El. p. 237); - unb ber, backwards and forwards, to-andfro.

hinab, adv. down; -gehen, to go down, descend; -ieben, v. n. to draw down.

hinan, adv. towards a place ; -fleigen, v. a. ir. to ascend, mount.

binauf, adv. up, up to, upwards.

hinaus, adv. out ; -stürmen, v. sep. to rush out : - sehen, v. a. to see out : -weisen, v. a. ir. to turn or show out: -werfen, v. a. ir. to throw out, eject. place.

binbliden, v. n. to look towards a binbern, v. a. to hinder, prevent, impede.

Dinbernig, n. (-ffee; pl. -ffe) hindrance, obstacle, impediment.

hinburd), adv. through, throughout, during; id will - (supply gehen), I will go through (p. 43).

hinein, adv. in, into; in ben Tag —, at random; -finben, v. a. to find in or at home: -, v, r, to content one's self; -fommen, v. n. ir. to come or get into; -fpringen, v. n. ir. to jump into.

binfort, adv. henceforth, in future.

bingeben, v.a. ir. to give up or away. bingeben, v. n. ir. to go to: - lassen, to suffer to pass.

hingelehnt, adj. leaned against.

binfommen, v. n. ir. to come, to come binlegen, v. a. to lay down. [there. bingefäet, adj. strewn about.

binnehmen, v. a. ir. to take there: accept.

hinnen, adv. hence; von -, hence, from hence, away.

hinreißen, v. a. ir. to tear along with violence, overcome ; delight. binrichten, v. a. to execute.

hinriditung, f. (pl. -en) execution. binrüffen, v. a. to move to, remove.

hinsehen, v. r. ir. to look towards a place.

binsein, v. n. ir. to be lost, to be gone. Dinsicht, f. (pl. -en) view, consider ation, conception.

binsinfen, v. n. ir to sink down, faint hinstehen, v. a. ir. to place.

hinstellen, v. a. to put to, put down. hinstogen, v. a. ir. to thrust.

binftreben, v. n. to struggle.

hinstürzen, v. n. to tumble down.

hinten, adv. behind, after; - nach, afterwards.

hinter, prep. behind, after; -, adv. back, backwards; -, adj. hinder, hind; -gehen, v. a. ir. to deceive; -grund, m. (-ee; pl. -grunde) background; -balt, m. (-es; pl. -e) ambush, reserve; -lift, f. fraud, cunning, artifice; -theil, $n. (-e \circ; pl. -e)$ hind part, back part ; -thur(e), f. (pl. -en) back-door.

binträumen, v. n. to dream away. hintreten, v. a. ir. to step up to.

binüber, adv. over, across : - geben, v. n. ir. to go over, pass. binunter, adv. down, downwards. binmarts, adv. thitherwards. binweg, adv. away, over ; -maben, v. a. to mow away, destroy; -nehmen, v. a. ir. to take away : -raffen, v. a. to snatch away, lead away; -reißen, v. a. ir. to tear away: -spülen, v. a. to wash away ; -mer= fen, v. a. ir. to throw away. binmenden, v. a. to turn to. hinwerfen, v. a. ir. to throw down. bingieben, v. a. ir. to draw towards. attract: -, v. n. to march to, re-

bingu, adv. to, towards, up ; -fteuern, v. a. & n. to steer, pilot.

move to, go along.

Dirn, n. (-ed) brain : -verrückt, adi. brain-crazed, insane; -verrückend, brain-bewildering.

pirt, m. (-en; pl. -en) herdsman, shepherd.

hirtenlos, adj. shepherdless, without a shepherd.

hirtenmäbchen, f. shepherdess.

hirtenstab, (-es; pl. -stabe) shepherd's staff, crook.

Sifterie, f. (pl. -n) history, story. historical. historical.

Size, f. (pl. -n) heat, ardor.

Doboe, f. (pl. - & & -n) oboe, hautboy. hoboist, m. (-en; pl. -en) hautboy-

player. both, adj. high, sublime, elevated; -begabt, adj. highly gifted; -betroffen, adj. much amazed ; -gebirge, n. the highlands; -gefühl, n. (-es; $pl. -\epsilon$) enthusiasm, high feeling; -gewölbt, adj. high-arched; -lanb, n. (-es; pl. -e) upland, high | Söllenrachen, m. (-s) jaw of hell.

country, highlands; -muth, m. haughtiness, pride, arrogance, -finnig, adj. high-minded, pious -verräther, m. (-\$) person guilty of high treason; -leit, f. (pl. -en) nuptials, bridal, wedding ; -keit#= felt, n. marriage-feast, weddingfeast.

höchlich, adv. highly, greatly.

Sof, m. (-es; pl. Sofe) yard, courtyard, court; -biditung, f. court poetry; -lager, n. (-\$) residence of the court; -leute, pl. people at court, courtiers ; -ftaat, m. (-es) household of a court; -theater, n. court theater, royal theater.

hoffen, v. n. to hope, trust, expect. foffnung, f. (pl. -en) hope, expecta. tion.

hoffnungeloe, adj. hopeless.

hoffnungsvoll, adj. hopeful.

βöhe, f. (pl. -n) height, mountain, offing; in ber -, on high; in bie -, upwards.

Soheit, f. (pl. -en) highness, elevation, sovereignty.

hohi, adj. hollow, dull, empty.

Söhle, f. (pl. -n) hollow, cavity, cavern, den. Solling, f. (pl -en) excavation, cavhohn, m. (-es) scorn, scoff; -lachen,

n.(-8) scorn; -lacen, v. n. to scoff, mock.

bolb, adj. kind, favorable, fair, lovely. holen, v. a. to go for, come for, fetch, Athem -, to draw breath.

Solle, f. (pl. -n) hell. Thell Böllengeist, m. (-es; pl. -er) fiend of Söllengluth, f. (pl. -en) infernal glare. Söllengual, f. (pl. -en) pains of hell

Böllenreid, n. (-e3; pl. -e) realms of | Sund, m. (-e8; pl. -e) dog, hound. hell. [or hell. Sollenrichter, m. (-8) judge of Hades höllija, adi. hellish, infernal. Soly, n. (-es) wood. borden, v. n. to hearken, listen. Sorbe, f. (pl. -n) horde, hurdle, crate. hören, v. a. & n. to hear, give ear. Börer, m. (-6) hearer. Porizont, m. (-es) horizon. horn, n. (-es; pl. horn; Balb-, n. bugle. birnern, adi, made of horn, horny. Dorft, m. (-es; pl. -e), f. (pl. -en) troop, eyry, heap, tuft. Dofanna, Hosanna. Softie, f. (pl. -en) holy wafer, host. hübsch, adj. fine, handsome, pretty. Φuf, m. (-e¢; pl. -c) hoof. Bügel, m. (-ø) hill, hillock, knob. huhn, (-es; pl. hühner) fowl, hen, poultry. Subu! int. (expression of horror) whew! whew! Sulb, f. grace, favor. hulbigen, v. a. to do homage. bulbigung, f. (pl. -en) homage. hulbreich, adj. gracious. fance. Sülfe, f. help, aid, succor, assisthülilos, adj. helpless. bulfreich, adj. obliging, ready to help, helpful. Sülfsmittel, n. (-\$) remedy, expedient, auxiliary. Iment. bulle, f. (pl. -n) cover, veil, integuhüllen, v. a. to cover, wrap, veil. Sülfe, f. (pl. -n) sheath, case, hull, buman, adi. human. husk. humanish, adj. humane. Sumanitat, f. humanity. Sumor, m. (-\$) humor.

Sunbert, n. (-s; pl. -e); adj. hun dred: -hanbia, adi. hundredhanded; -mal, adv. hundred times. bünenfdmert, giant's sword. hunger, m. (-6) hunger : - baben, to be hungry. hungrig, adj. hungry. cough. husten, m. (-6) cough; -, v. n. to But, m. (-es: pl. -Büte) hat, bonnet : - auder, m. loaf sugar; Auder-, m. loaf of sugar; --, f. (no plural) heed, care, guard, protection; auf ber - fein, to be on one's guard; in bie — nebmen, to take in one's care. hüten, v. a. to guard, watch, keep, lead, feed; -, v. r. to mind one's Düter, m. (-∅) keeper, watch. bütte, f. (pl. −n) hut, cottage, smelting-house, foundry, forge. Spane, f. (pl. -n) hvena. homne, f. (pl. -n) hymn. Supothese, f. pl. -n) hypothesis. 3. Id, pron. I. Steal, n. (-8; pl. -e) ideal, image. 3bee, f. (pl. -n) idea.

ihr, ihre, ihr, pron. your, their, her. illuminiren, v. a. to illuminate, color. illurifth, adj. illurical. immer, adv. always, ever; -bar, -fort, adv. always, forever, constantly; auf - for ever. Imperator, m. (-ø; pl. -en) general, commander, emperor.

Inbegriff, m. (-es; pl. -e) space, con-

in, prep. in, into, at.

tents, essence (p. 176).

Inbrunit, f. heat, fervor, ardor. inbem, conj. while, as, when. indes, indessen, conj. in the mean time, meanwhile, however. indifá, adj. Indian. Indigo, m. (-0) indigo; -blau, adj. indigo blue. Subalt, m. (-co) contents; purport. inne, adv. within ; -nehmen, v. a. ir. to be in possession of, possess; -halten, v. n. ir. to cease, stop, discontinue. [within. innen, adv. inside; von -, from Innere, n. the soul ; -, (ber, bie, bad) adi. inner, interior. innerhalb, prep. within. innerlic, adj. inward, internal. imig, adj. hearty, cordial, heartfelt, deepfelt, fervent, ardent. Inquisition, f. inquisition. inobesondere, adv. particularly. Infel, f. (pl. -n) island; -bewohner, m. (-6) inhabitant of an island: -volf. n. islanders. Infignien, f. insignia, badges, signs. Instinct, m. (-\$; pl. -e) instinct. Instrument, $n. (-e \hat{\phi}; pl. -e)$ instrument. Intelligenz, f. intelligence. intensive, adj. & adv. intensive(ly). Interesse, n. (-6) interest. Intrigue, f. (pl. -n) intrigue. inwendig, adj. interior. Iphigenia, f. Iphigenia. irben, adj. earthen. irbiid, adj. earthly, terrestrial. irgend, adv. any, some; -wo, -wohin, anywhere, somewhere; -Semanb, -Ein(er, $-\epsilon$, $-\delta$) any one, some one; -etwas, any thing, something. Stre, f. aberration, mistaken way; -, adj. & adv. astray, wrong; — gener, to lose one's way, go astray, walk out of the right way; — maden, to confound, disturb; — reben, to become confused, waver.

irren, v. n. to err, deviate, go astray;

—, v. r. to commit an error.

Strfahrt, f. (pl. -en) wandering, erring course.

Firlight, m. (-e8; pl. -er) ignis fatuus, will-of-the-wisp.

Srrthum, m. (-ee; pl. -thümer) error, mistake. [standing. Srrung, f. (pl. -en) error, misunder-Grrweg, m. (-ee; pl. -e) wrong way. ifabellfarbig, adj. cream-colored.

Sfegrimm, m. (-eĕ; pl. -e) morose fellow, wolf.

isoliren, v. a. to insulate, isolate. Israel, İsrael.

Italien, n. (-6) Italy. [ian. Staliener, m.; -in, f. (pl. -innen) Ital-

3.

ja, *adv*. yes, yea (often expletive). Jacht, *f*. (*pl*. –en) yacht.

Sagb, f. (pl. -en) chase, hunt, sport, hunting; auf bie — gehen, to go hunting or shooting.

jagen, v. a. to chase, hunt, shoot, drive; —, v. n. to ride, drive, gallop with great quickness or undue speed.

Säger, m. (-ê) hunter, huntsman, sportsman, gamekeeper, rifleman, ranger.

Sahr, n. (-e8; pl. -e) year; über's —, a year hence; -gelb, n. (-e8; pl. -er) pension; -hundert, n. (-e8; pl. -) century. jährig, adj. a year old, yearly. Sahr(e)dzeit, f. (pl. -en) season (year). Sammer, m. (-0) misery, lamenta-Ruba, m. Judas. tion; -voll, adj. wretched, lamentjämmerlich, adj miserable. [able. jammern, v. n. & a. to lament, wail, excite, pity.

Januar, m. (-6) January. [joice jaudjen, v. n. to shout with joy, reie, adv. ever, always; - mehr besto beffer, the more the better: öfter und anhaltenber, the oftener and longer (p. 103); von -ber, alwave. Case. jebenfalls, adv. at all events, in any geber, jebe, jebes, pron. every, each ; -lei, adj. of every sort; -mann, pron. every one, every body; -3cit, adv. always; einer jeben, each of

jebesmal, adv. every time. fever. ichod, conj. yet, nevertheless, howjebweber, pron. each, every one. jeglicher, jegliche, jegliches, pron. every, each.

jemalė, adv. ever, at any time. iemand, pron. somebody, any body. iener, iene, ienes, pron. that, the former, the one.

other side of, beyond.

Jerusalem, Jerusalem.

them (p. 47).

Relus, Jesus.

iebo, see jett.

jest, adv. now, at present; gerabe --, just now; bis -, hitherto; von - an, henceforth.

Sody, n, (-e0; pl. -e) yoke, crossridge, beams of a bridge Johann, m. John. Journal, n. (-co; pl. -e) journal.

Jubel, m. (-8) jubilee. jubeln. v. n. to rejoice, shout exalt.

Jude, m. (-n; pl. -n) Jew.

Jugend, f. youth :-alter, (-0) n. youth. youthful age; -freund, m. (-cd; pl. -e) companion of youth ; -fülle, f. fulness of youth, youthfulness; -land, n. land of one's youth; -nacht, f. (pl. -nächte) night of vouthful revelry (p. 171); -tace, days of youth, ardor of youth. jung, adj. young, new.

Junge, m. boy, apprentice; -, n. (-n; pl. -n); young animal.

Jungfrau, f. (pl. -en) maid, virgin. jungfräulid, adj. virgin, virgin-like. Jüngling, m. ($-\delta$; pl. $-\epsilon$) youth, young man, lad. Jünglingsblick, m. youthful view,

vigorous eye. Jünglingszeit, f. time of youth.

jüngst, adj. & adv. young, last, lately. Junfer, m. (-8) young nobleman, young squire, younker.

just, adv. just, but.

Süterbof, name of a small city, with 7.000 inhabitants (25 Engl. miles from Berlin). jenseit, prep.; jenseits, adv. on the Juwele, f. (pl. -n) gem, jewel, jewel-

Ω.

Rabinett, n. (-\$; pl. -e) closet. Rahn, m. (-es; pl. Rähne) boat, punt. Raiser, m. (-0) emperor; -lich, adj. imperial.

Ralb, n. (-es; pl. Ralber) calf. Raif, m. (-ce) lime, chalk. fult, adj. cold, insensible, frigid. -blutig, adj. cool, unmoved,

Rälte, f. cold, coldness. Ramerab, m. (-en; pl. -en) comrade. companion, (vulg.) chum. Ramin, n. (-es; pl. -e) chimney, fireplace; -feger, m. (-3) chimney-Crest. sweep. Ramm, m. (-es; pl. Ramme) comb, fammen, v. a. to comb, dress (hair). Rammer, f. (pl. -n) chamber, (bed) room, apartment; exchequer, board, office, court; -biener, m. valet : -gericht, n. (-\$; pl. -c) supreme court; -herr, m. chamberlain. Rammerer, m. chamberlain ; Beheimer Kämmerer, privy counsellor. Rampf, m. (-es; pl. Rampfe) combat, fight, struggle : - aefdrei, n. battlecry ; -plat, m. (-es; pl. -plate) field of battle; -fpiel, n. bloodless combat; gymnic game. fämpfen, v. n. to fight, combat. Ranone, f. (pl.-n) cannon. Rangel, f. (pl. -n) pulpit. Kanzler, m. (-6) chancellor. Rarmeliter, m. Carmelite (monk). Rartoffel, f. (pl. -n) potato. Rafe, m. (-3) cheese. [money chest. Raffe, f. (pl. -n) the treasury, Räftden, n. casket, little box or chest. Rafte, f. (pl.-n) caste, clique ; -nwefen, system of caste. Rasten, m. (-\$) box, chest. Ratastrophe, f. (pl. -n) catastrophe. Katholif, m. (-en ; pl. -en) Roman Catholic. fatholifth, adi. Roman Catholic. Rathebrale, f. (pl. -n) cathedral. Rathebralfirche, f. cathedral.

sale; -mann, m. (-es; pl. -leute) merchant, purchaser. faufen, v. a. to buy, purchase. Räufer, m. (-\$) buyer, purchaser. faum, adv. scarcely, hardly. Regelbahn, f. (pl. -en) ten-pin alley. fcd, adj. nimble, fearless, bold. fehren, v. a. to turn, sweep, brush; -, v. r. sid an etwas -, to care for a thing, regard. Rehricht, m. (-6) sweepings; -fag, n. dust-basket. Reichen, n. (-3) asthmatical affection ; -, v. n. to pant, gasp. shoot. Reim, т. (-ев; pl. -е) germ, first feimen, v. n. to germinate, spring up. fein, adj. no. not, any, none : -er, -e, -es, pron. nobody, no one. Reld, m. (-es; pl. -e) cup, chalice. fennbar, adi, recognizable, distinguishable, distinct. fennen, v. a. ir. to know, to be acquainted with. Renner, m. (-\$) judge, connoisseur. fenntlid, adj. knowable, cognizable. Renntniß, f. (pl. - se) knowledge. Rericht, see Rebricht. Rerfer, m. (-8) jail, prison. Rerl, m. (-0; pl. -e) person, fellow. Rern, m. (-es; pl. -e) kernel, heart; stronghold, foundation. Rerge, f. (pl. -n) wax light, taper. Rette, f. (pl. -n) chain, web; series. fetten, v. a. to chain. Reberei, f. (pl. -en) heresy. feuchen, see feichen. Reule, f. (pl. -n) club, pestle. feusch, adj. chaste. Rinb, n. (-es; pl. -er) child, infant; Rauf, m. (-es; pl. Käufe) purchase, -den or -lein, n. (-d) babe, kaby; bargain; zu - stehen, to be for -heit, f. childhood; -ift, adj.

childish; -lid, adj. child-like, Rlaffe, f. (pl.-n) class, caste. filial.

Rinberblid, m. child's eve or mind. Rinberglaube(n), m. faith, credulity of a child.

finberlos, adj. childless. Imind. Rinberfinn, m. child-like, innocent Kinderstube, f. (pl. -n) nursery.

Rindcoffarheit, f. clear-sighted, clearmindedness of a child.

Rinbedfinb, n. (-es; pl.-er) grandchild. Rirche, f. (pl. -n) church.

Rirchengesang, m. (-es; pl. -fange) church hymn or chant, anthem. Rirchenschap, m. (-es; pl. -fcape) ec-

clesiastical treasures. church property.

Rirdensprengel, m. diocese. Ship. Rirdenthum, n. churchdom, church-Rirdhof, m. (-6; pl. -hofe) church-

yard. (tree).

Rirchhofelinbe, f. churchyard linden Rirfde, f. (pl. -n) cherry.

Riffen, n. (-6) pillow, cushion.

Rifle, f. (pl. -n) chest, coffer.

Rittel, m. (-\$) frock, smock blouse. Rlage, f. (pl. -n) complaint, action or suit (at law).

flagen, v. n. to complain of, sue (at law): --, v. a. to lament, complain. flaglich, adj. mournful; pitiful.

Rlang, m. (-es; pl. Klänge) sound, tune, clang; -Ioô, adj. mute, soundless. [ping noise. Happen, v. n. to clap, make a clap-

flappern, v. n. to rattle. Rlappermert, n. (-e3; pl. -e) noisy

work or mechanism.

flar, adj. clear, bright, light, evident. Rlarbeit, f. (pl. -en) plainness, clearness, brightness, evidence.

flatschen, v. n. to applaud. [talon. Maue, f. (pl. -n) claw, cloven foot, fleben, v. n. to cleave, adhere, to be attached to: - v. a. to stick. paste. [dress.

Ricib, n. (-es; pl. -er) coat, garment, fleiben, v. a. to dress, clothe; -, v. n. to fit, become. [clothes.

Kleibung, f. (pl. -en) clothing, dress. flein, adj. little, small, petty, minute;

-gläubig, adj. of little faith; -igfeit, f. (pl. -en) small matter, trifle; -muth, m. (-e3) dejection of spirit, despondency; -vb, n.

(-eø; pl. -e, or -ien) jewel, treasure. flemmen, v. a. to pinch, cramp, jam.

Rlima, n. (-8; pl. -ta) climate, clime. flimmen, v. n. ir. to climb.

Rlinge, f. (pl. -n) blade. [tinkle. flingen, v. n. ir. to sound, resound, flingeln, v. n. to ring the bell, jingle, tingle, tinkle.

Rlippe, f. (pl. -n) cliff, rock, crag. Rlirren, n. (-8) clanking noise; -, v. n. to clang, clank, click, clink. flopfen, v a. to knock, tap.

Rlofter, n. (-0; pl. Rlöfter) cloister, convent.

Rluft, f. (pl. Rlufte) cleft, gap, fissure. flug, adj. sensible, wise, prudent, skillful, shrewd.

Rlugheit, f. wisdom, prudence.

Rnabe, m. (-n; pl.-n) boy, lad.

Rnall, m. (-ed; pl. -e) strong, quick sound; clap, crack, report of a gun ; — und Fall, suddenly.

fnallen, v. n. to crack, clap, smack.

Rnecht, m. (-co; pl. -e) a farmer's man, servant, slave, hireling; -fd)aft, servitude.

Anchtedihaar, f. (pl.—en) servant host. Anchteditimme, f. (pl.—n) servile voice. Anic, n. ($-e\theta$; pl.—e) knee.

fnicen, v. a. to kneel.

fnirschen, v. n. to gnash; —, v. a. to strike together, clash.

Rnoden, m. (-3) bone; -hanb, f. (pl. -hänbe) a very lean or bony hand, skeleton's hand; -hhaben, m. fracture.

Rnoope, f. (pl. -n) bud.

Rnoten, m. (-\$) knot, node; —, v. a. to knot, tie.

fnöpfen, v.a. to tie, bind.

Roch, m. (-es; pl. Röche) cook.

toden, v. a. & n. to cook, boil, ferment, concoct.

Köcher, m. (-8) case, quiver.

Roble, f. (pl. -n) charcoal, coal, live coal.

Stipler, m. (-\varepsilon) charcoal-burner, charcoal-man; -\varphitte, f. charcoal-man's hut; -\varphitte, f. (-\varepsilon \varepsilon pl. -\varepsilon \varepsilon) female charcoal-burner or wife of a coal-burner.

Koller, m. staggers, frenzy. Islossal, adj. & adv. colossal, gigantic. Kolos, m. (–sse; pl. –sse) colosse.

toloffalifd, adj. colossean.

fomisch, adj. comic, comical.

tomica, any comic, comical.

tomica, v. n. ir. to come, arrive at;

yu Krasten —, to get strength; yu

Statten —, to be of use; um etwas

—, to lose a thing; — Iassen, to

send for; angelausen, —, to come

running; angelausen —, to come

driving; angelausen —, to come

walking.

Acmöbiant, m. (-en; pl. -en) comedian, player, actor.

König, m. (-(e)8; pl. -e) king; -in,

f. (pl. -nen) queen; -lit, adj. royal, kingly; -reit, n. kingdom. Nönigöbrust, monarch's breast.

Königefrone, f. royal crown.

Rönigsfröming, f. royal coronation. Rönigsmorb, m. (-cs; pl. -e) regicide, crime of slaying a king.

Königemörber, m. (-6) regicide.

Rönigösaal, m. royal hall or saloon. Rönigösas, m. king's son.

Rönigöstamm, m. royal line, royal descendants.

Rönigestabt, f. royal city.

Königstochter, f. princess.

Königswort, n. royal word.

fönnen, v. a. to be able, can (see Gr. p. 109; El. p. 219).

Kopf, m. (-es; pl. Köpfe) head, mind. Korb, m. (-es; pl. Körbe) basket; einen — bekommen, to get a refusal. Körbchen, n. (dimin. of Korb) small basket.

Rorn, n. (-es; pl. Rörner) corn, grain, sight (upon a gun); -felb, n. (-es; pl. -er) cornfield.

Rörper, m. (-8) body; -liú, adj. bodily, corporal, corporeal; -loŝ, adj. bodiless.

Ruryphät, m. or f. the leader or chief (more particularly in the drama and ballet).

Rosen, f. expenses, costs; —, v. n. to cost, require; —, v. a. to taste. stilling, adj. costly, precious, excellent. Krach, m. (-e8; pl. -e) crash, crack. frachen, v. n. & a. to crash, crack.

burst or break with a crash.

Rraft, f. (pl. Rrafte) strength, force, power; -begabt, adj. strong, powerful; -los, adj. weak, feeble; -voll, see fraftig. fräftig, adj. strong, vigorous, powerful. [v.n. to crow, brag. Rräßen, n. crowing, bragging; —, fralle, f.(pl.-n) claw, clutch, talon. Iramen, v. n. to keep a shop, trade, stir, rummage.

frampf, m. (-ee; pl. främpfe) cramp, spasm; -haft, adj. spasmodic.

spasm; -\(\phi_0 \)ft, \(adj\). spasmodic. franf, \(adj\). sick, ill, distempered, diseased.

fränsen, v. a. to vex, grieve, injure. Kransenbett, n. (-es; pl. -en) sick-bed. Kransenhaus, n. (-es; pl. -häuser) hospital, infirmary.

Kranfenlager, n. (-8) see Kranfenbett. Kranfheit, f. (pl. -en) disease, malady, sickness, illness. [ation.

Rränfung, f. (pl. -en) grievance, vex-Rrang, m. (-es; pl. Kränge) garland, wreath, crown.

fraus, adj. crisp, frizzled.

fräuseln, v. a. to crisp, frizzle.

Rraut, n. (—es; pl. Kräuter) herb, plant, cabbage, gunpowder.

Rreis, m. (-ses; pl. -se) circle, orbit, district, sphere.

Streuz, n. (-e8; pl. -e) cross, crossbar, crosswise, croup, loins, reins; über's —, across; -bilb, n. crucifix; -er, m. half penny; -fahrer, m. (-e8) crusader, cruiser; -gang, m. (-e8; pl. -gänge) cross-walk, gallery (in a convent); -weg, m. (-e8; pl. -e) cross-way, cross-road. freuzigen, v. a. to crucify; bas fieifs —, to mortify the flesh.

Frieden, v. n. ir. to creep, crawl, sneak, cringe. [contest. Rrieg, m. (-e3; pl.-e) war, quarrel, Rrieger, m. (-3) warrior.

ir egerisch, adj. warlike.

Rrieg(e)dbedürsniffe, frequisites of war. Rrieg(e)dbienst, m. (-ed; pl. -e) military service. [battle-song. Rrieg(e)dgesang, m. (-ed; pl. -sange) Rrieg(e)dgeset, n. martial law.

Krieg(e)sgewühl, n. tumult of war.

Krieg(e)sgöttin, f. goddess of war. Krieg(e)sfunst, f. art of war, military

kcience. [diery. Krieg(e)smannschaft, f. (pl. -en) sol-

Krieg(e)smarsch, m. war-march.

Rrieg(e) snoth, f. distress of war, calamity of war.

Rrieg(e) θ post, f. war-news.

Krieg(e)eruhm, m. glory of war.

Rrieg(e)&schiff, n. (-e&; pl. -e) ship of war, man-of-war.

Rrieg(e)81 β nt, f. (pl. -en) deed of war. Rrieg(e)8trompete, f. (pl. -n) wartrumpet.

Krieg(e)sunglück, n. disaster of war. Krieg(e)swolfe, f. (pl. -n) cloud of

war, war-cloud.

Rritif, f.(pl.-en) criticism, critique. fritifá, adj. critical.

Rrofobill, n. & m. (-e8; pl. -e) crocodile, alligator.

Rronbebiente (ber), m. (-n; pl. -n) servant of the crown (royal household).

Arone, f. (pl. -n) crown, coronet. frönen, v. a. to crown.

Rroneinfünfte, f. royal revenues.

Rronpring, m. (-en; pl. -en) crownprince.

Krönung, f. (pl. -en) coronation.

Arönungsornat, n. coronation robes. Arönungsstabt, f. royal city.

Rrönungszug, m. coronation march. Rropf, m. (-es; pl. Kröpfe) crop, craw, goiter, wen. Rrume, f. (pl. -n) crumb. Krümchen, n. (dimin.) little crumb. frumm, adi. crooked, curved. Rroftall, n. (-es; pl.-e) crystal. frostallen, adj. of crystal, like crystal. Rüche, f. (pl. -n) kitchen; falte -. cold meat. Rüchenfenster, n. kitchen-window. Rüchenmagh, f. (pl.- mägbe) kitchenmaid, cook. Rugel, f. (pl. -n) ball, bullet, shot, bowl, globe, globule. Rub, f. (pl. Rübe) cow. fühl, adj. cool, cold. Rüble, f. coolness. Fcool. fühlen, v. a. to cool; -, v. n. to grow Rühlung, f. (pl. -en) coolness, refrigeration, breeze. fühn, adj. bold, hardy, daring; -heit, f. boldness, hardiness, daring; -Iid, adv. boldly. [tress. Rummer, m. (-0) grief, sorrow, disfümmerlich, adi. distressed, needy. fümmern, v. n. & a. to grieve, vex, concern: was fümmert's mich?

mind. lund, adj. known; - thun, v. a. ir. to make known, inform; -bar, adj. known, notorious; -ig, adj. acquainted with a thing, informed; -shaft, f. (pl. -en) knowledge, acquaintance, information, custom, testimonials.

what is it to me? — (um), v. r. to trouble about, to be concerned in

Runde, f. (pl. -n) knowledge; news, intelligence; —, m. customer. fünbigen, v. a. to give notice or lächerlich, adj. laughable, ridiculous, warning to quit. fünftig, adj. future; in's fünftige, adv. Runft, f. (pl. Runfte) art, science, Laffe, m. (-n; pl. -n) fop, trifler.

trick, ingeniousness: -blüthe, f. artificial flower; -log, adj. artless; -richter, m. (-3) critic; -werf, n. (-e¢; pl.-e) work of art.

Künstler, m. (-6) artist, artisan : -bonb. f. artistic hand; -ifd, adi. & adv. artistical, artistically.

fünstlich, adj. artificial, clever, skilful. Rüper, m. (-∅) cooper.

Rupfer, n. (-\$) brass, copper, print.

Ruppel, f. (pl. -n) band; cupola, dome.

Rurfürst, m. (-en; pl. -en) elector.

fur, adj. short, brief: -, adv. shortly, briefly; - und out, shortly, in a word; bamit ich - ce fa.e, to say it (express myself) briefly (p. 91); in furgent, in a short time, shortly; -weile, f. (pl. -n) pastime.

Rug, (-ffee; pl. Ruffe) kiss, buss. Rüffen, n. (-0) act of kissing: -. v. a. to kiss.

Rüste, f. (pl.-n) coast, shore : -nfahrer, $m. (-\emptyset)$ coaster. Rutsche, f. (pl. -n) coach, stage, car-

Q.

laben, v. n. to refresh one's self, enjoy a thing, curdle with a runnet. Labyrinth, n. (-es; pl. -e) labyrinth; -ijá), adj. labyrinthian.

Lache, f. (pl. -n) puddle, pool, lake, stagnant, dirty water.

lächeln, v. n. to smile.

lachen, v. n. to laugh, smile; mark or bark (a tree). fludicrous. [in future. | laben, v. a. ir. to lade, load, charge, summon, invite.

Lage, f. (pl. -n) situation, state, condition; lay, layer, stratum.

Lager, n. (-3) bed, couch, camp, encampment, den, lair, stock, store, store-room; - falagen, to encamp, pitch tents.

lagern, v. a. to lay, store, encamp; -, v. r. to pitch tents, encamp, lie down, rest.

lähmen, v. a. to lame, palsy.

Lamm, n. (-es; pl. Lämmer) lamb.

Lampe, f. (pl. -n) lamp.

Land, n. (-es; pl. -e or Länber) land, · country; -besiter, m. (-0) landholder, proprietor; Fest-, continent: -mäbden, n. (-0) countrygirl ; -mann, m. (-es; pl. -leute) peasant, countryman; -milia, f militia; -fchaft, f. (pl. -en) province, landscape; -voqt, m. (-e δ ; pl. -vögte) high bailiff, governor; -wind, m. (-e8; pl. -e) landwind. länberlog, adi, without land, landless. Ländertheile, f. boundary.

Landesbruder, m. brother of the reigning prince.

länblich, adj. provincial, rural.

Landofnecht, m. (-es; pl. -e) foot-soldier, lansquenet. [tryman. Landomann, m. (-es; pl. -leute) coun-

Landing, f. (pl. -en) landing, disembarkation, descent.

Iana, adj. long, of long duration; ein Jahr —, for a year, a whole year; -bewährt, adj. proved for a long while, well-approved; -fam. adj. slow, late; -wierig, adj. lasting long, wearisome.

lange, adv. long, a long while; - nicht, launia, adj. humorous. by far not, far from. Länge, f. (pl. -n) length, longitude, Laut, m. sound; -, adj. loud; -,

langen, v. a. to reach, fetch; -, v. n. to suffice, have enough.

längit, adv. long ago, long since.

Cange, f. (pl. -n) lance, spear.

Lärm, m. (-ed); Lärmen, n. (-d) noise. bustle, aiarm : - folagen, to sound an alarm.

lärmen, v. n. to make a noise, brawl. Larve, f. (pl. -n) mask, false face, disonise.

laffen, v. n. & a. ir. to let, leave, permit, grant, allow, cede, get: maden -, to order to be made. get made : gehen -, to allow to go; Aber -, to let blood; fommen -, to send for; -, v. n. ir. imp. to appear, show.

Laft, f. (pl. -en) load, charge, burden. lasten, v. n. to weigh, weigh heavy, press.

Laster, n. (-6) vice, crime. Lästerer, m. (-6) blasphemer, calumlästern, v. a. & n. to slander, calumniate.

Lasterung, f. (pl. -en) calumny, slander.

Laterne, f. (pl. -n) lantern, lamp.

lauern, v. n. to listen, lurk, wait.

Laub, n. (~26) foliage.

Lauf, m. (-ee; pl. Läufe) course, run, barrel (of a gun); -, m. (pl. Läufte) the hind legs of the animals of the chase.

laufen, v. n. ir. to run, flow, leak; Gefahr -, to run a risk.

läugnen, v. a. to deny, disown.

Laune, f. (pl. -n) humor, caprice, temper, spleen.

[distance. Laufden, v. n. to listen, lurk, lounge.

adv. loudly, aloud; —, prep. according to.

Iauten, v. n. to sound, utter a sound.
Iauter, adj. & adv. bright, pure, genuine, clean, nothing but, none but, only; sincere.

Idutern, v. a. to clear, purify, clarify, refine, rectify. [sidewind, tack. Laviern, v. n. to laveer, go with a Leben, n. (-3) life, conduct, support; —, v. a. to live, behave; lebe woll, farewell; baß feine welche lebt, let none of those who live (i. e. living language) (p. 91).

lebenbig, adj. alive, quick, lively. Lebenbalter, n. stage of life, age. Lebenbbaum, m. (-3; pl. -baume) tree of life, arbor vita.

Lebendrauer, f. duration of life.
Lebendrauf, f. regulation of life.
Lebendrauf, f. pleasure, joy of life.
Lebendrauf, adj. cheerful, blooming.
Lebendglieb, n. (-ed; pl. -er) vital part.
Lebendraft, f. (pl. -fräfte,) vital
power.

Lebendlang, adj. & adv. for life.

Lebendlänglich, adj. & adv. through life. [of life, light of day.

Lebendlicht, n. (-ed; pl. -er) life, light Lebendmittel, n. (-d) food, provisions.

Lebendpfab, m. (-ed; pl. -e) path of life.

Lebendquell, f. (-d; pl. -en) spring or source of life, fount of life.

Lebendregel, f. (pl. -n) rule of life. Lebendregung, f. motion of life. Lebendregung, m. stream of life, course of life.

Lebensthätigfeit, f. activity. [soul. Lebenstiefe, f. depth of life, inmost Lebensvorfdrift, f. (pl. -en) life pattern. Iebhaft, adj. lively, sprightly, gay.
Lebhaftigfeit, f. liveliness, vivacity.
Lebhag, m. days of one's life, all one's life. [adj. & adv. leaky.
Let, m. & n. (-ce; pl. -c) leak; —,
Letton, f. (pl. -cn) lesson.

Lecture, f. reading. Leber, n. (-\$) leather.

lebig, adj. empty, vacant, unmarried, single.

leer, adj. empty, void, blank; -gebrannt, adj. burnt out.

Iteren, v a. to empty.

legal, adj. & adv. legal(ly), lawful(ly).
legat, m. (-en; pl. -en) legate; --, n.
(-e8; pl. -e) legacy.

legen, v. a. to lay, put, place; sid —, to lie down, take to the bed; cease; sid auf stras —, to study, apply, addict, devote one's self to a thing; i.i. stranter —, to join.

Legende, f. (pl. -n) legend. Legion, f. (pl. -en) legion.

Lehm, m. (-es) loam, clay.

Lehne, f. (pl.—n) support, back.

Ichnen, v. a. & n. to lean. [teaching. Schrart, f. (pl. -en) profession of Schre, f. (pl. -n) doctrine, dogma, precept, moral, apprenticeship; in ber — sein, to be apprenticed.

lehren, v. a. to teach. [preceptor. Lehren, m. (-3) teacher, instructor, Lehren, l

lehrreid, adj. instructive.

Lehrspruch, m. (-es; pl. -sprüche) maxim, aphorism.

Leib, m. (-e8; pl. -er) body, trunk, abdomen; — unb Leben, body and soul; lei Leibe nicht, on no account; -eigene (ber or bie), m. & f. (-n; pl. -n) slave, serf, bonds-

vorite song. Reiche, f. (pl. -n) dead body, corpse. Leidenader, m. (-3) burial-ground. leichenblag, adj. as pale as death. leichenfabl. adi. see leichenblag. leichenstill, adj. as still as death. Leichentuch, n. (-es; pl. -tücher) shroud, winding-sheet, pall. leicht, adj. light, easy, unencumbered; -, adv. easily; -finnia, adj. thoughtless, frivolous. Leib, n. (-co) grief, sorrow, affliction ; -, adj. unpleasant, disagreeable; - fein, - thun, to cause sorrow. cause regret; es ist mir -, I am sorry for it : einem etwas zu - (or Leibe) thun, to hurt, injure one. Iciben, v. a. & n. ir. to suffer, endure, undergo, tolerate. leibenb, part. & adi. passive. sick. suffering, afflicted. Leibenschaft, f. (pl. -en) passion, emotion, affection. sionate. leibenschaftlich, adj. impassioned, pasleibenschafteles, adi. dispassionate. leiber! int. alas! unfortunately. leihen, v. a. ir. to lend, borrow. Icimen, v. a. to glue, lime. leimig, adj. glutinous, containing Icise, adj. & adv. soft(ly), low, not loud, in a low tone. Itiften, v. a. to do, make, perform, accomplish; Gesellschaft -, to keep company. Leiten, v. a. to lead, guide, conduct. Leiter, m. (-8) leader, guide ; -, f.

(pl. -n) ladder, scale.

Leitung, f. (pl. -en) guidance, con-

lensen, v. a. to bend, turn, direct, Liebeshof, m. court of love.

man, bondswoman; -lieb, n. fa- | Lenz, m. (-es; pl. -e) spring; -luft. f. spring air. lernen, v. a. & n. to learn, teach. lefen, v. a. & n. ir. to read; -, v. a. ir. to read; gather, cull, glean. lest, adj. last, ultimate, remotest. Leu(e), m. (-en; pl. -en); (poetic for Löwe) lion; -munb, m. (-ed) report. leuchten, v. n. to light, shine, lighten, -, v. a. to give or show light. leugnen, see läugnen. Leute, pl. persons, people, men. Lexifon, n. (-8; pl. -fa) lexicon, dictionary. Licht, n. (-es; pl. -e & -er) light, candle, candle-light, luminary; -, adj. light, clear, bright ; -bell, adj. very bright, clear, resplendent; -aestalt, f. form of light: -punit, m. luminous point, ray (of hope); -weiß, adj. luminous, pure. lichten, v. a. to illuminate, lighten, light up, clear up; einen Balb -, to clear a piece of land. lieb, adi. dear, beloved ; - baben, to love; bas ift mir -, I am glad of it; -haber, m. (-\$); -in, f. (pl. -innen) lover, amateur; -haberei, f. (pl. -en) partiality, fondness, hobby; -fosen, v. a. to caress, coax; -lid, adj. lovely, delightful, charming; -ling, m. (-\$; pl. -e) favorite; -Ioo, adj unkind, uncharitable. Liebe, f. love; -voll, adj. affectionate, full of love. lieben, v. a. to love, be fond of. liebenswürdig, adj. amiable, loveable. Liebenswürdigfeit, f. (pl. -en) amiabil. ity. manage, govern, guide. lieber, adv. rather.

Liebeszeichen, n. token of love. Lieb, n. (-28; pl. -er) song, hymn. Lieberbuch, m. (-28; pl. -bücher) book of songs, hymn-book.

liesern, v. a. to deliver, hand; einem eine Schlacht —, to give battle.

liegen, v.n. ir. to lie, to be placed or situated.

Lieutenant, m. (-&; pl. -&) lieutenant. Lilie, f. (pl. -n) lily.

lind, linde, adj. soft, mild.

Linber, f. (pl.-n) lime-tree, linden. Inbern, v. a. to soften, mitigate.

Linie, f. (pl. -n) line, equator.

Iinf, adj. left, awkward, wrong; in feiner Linfen, in his left hand (p. 78). [side.

linfe, adv. to the left, on the left \mathfrak{L} infe, f. (pl.-n) lentil, lens, freckle. Lippe, f. (pl.-n) lip.

Κάρειπ, v. n. to lisp, whisper. [ceit. Lip, f. stratagem, art, cunning, de-Literarifth, adj. literary.

Literatur, f. literature; -geschichte, f. literary history.

Lob, n. (-e8) praise, commendation;
Ont-, God be praised; -gefang, m.
(pl. -gefange) song of praise.

Ibben, v. a. to praise, laud.

Iöblich, adj. laudable, commendable.

Loce, f. (pl. -n) lock of hair, curl.

Iödeln, v. a. to curl in ringlets.

loden, v. a. to call, allure, entice, curl. lodin, adi, curled.

Lodmann, m. allurer, tempter. Iobern, v. n. to blaze, burn.

Lohn, m. & n. wages, reward, compensation, hire, fee. [pensate. lohnen, v. a. & n. to reward, comfolität, f. (pl. -en) locality.
Rood, see Rod.

Lorbeer m. (-ed; pl. -en) laurel, bay. \mathfrak{Lod} , n. $(-\mathfrak{fed}; pl. -\mathfrak{fe})$ lot, chance, fate. lottery ticket; -, adj. loose, quit, free: -binben, v. a. to unbind: -bruden, v. a. to shoot off, fire: -geben, v. a. to emancipate ; -laffen, v. a. ir. to let go, let loose, release, set at liberty : -reißen, v. a. ir. to tear away: - fagen, v. n. to renounce ; fich von einer Perfon ober Same —, to give up or renounce a person or thing; - fein, to be quit of; -werben, to get rid of; -winden, v. a. ir. to unwind, untwist, unroll; sid -winben von, to extricate one's self from.

lößen, v. a. to put out, extinguish, blot out, efface, quench, discharge (a vessel), slake (lime); —, v. n. to cease to burn.

Ισ[ε, adj. loose, not solid, dissolute, vagrant, petulant.

Lösegelb, n. (-es; pl. -er) ransom.

lofen, v. n. to draw or cast lots.

löfen, v. a. & r. to liberate, loose, loosen, deliver, dissolve, solve.

Losung, f. (pl. -en) mark, signal, watch-word, sign, battle-cry.

Löwe, m. (-n; pl. -n) lion.

Löwenmutter, f. lioness, lion-mother. löwenherzig, adj. lion-hearted.

Lübte, Lubec (one of the free Hanseatic cities of Germany, is situated on the river Trave, two miles from the Baltic, and has 44,000 inhabitants.

Luft, f. (pl. Lüfte) air, breeze, atmosphere; — maden, to give air, give vent; -foloß, n. (-ec; pl. -folößer) air-castle; in ben Lüften, in the air.

Eüge, f. (pl. -n) lie, falsehood.
lügen, v. a. ir. to lie, utter a falsehood; — firafen, to accuse of lying, give the lie; -haft, adj. lying, false.
Eügner, m. (-2); -in, f. (pl. -nen) liar.

Lump, m. (-8); Lumpen, f. rag, tatter. Luna, f. (gen. Lunens) moon.

Ruft, f. (pl. Lüft) enjoyment, pleasure, delight; desire, mind, lust; -fφίοξ, n. (-ffe; pl. -fφίσffer) villa; -fpiel, n. (-cē; pl. -e) comedy; -- haben, to desire, have a mind; -wanbeln, v. a. to take a walk, promenade.

lüfte(r)n, v. n. to lust after, desire; —, adj. lusting after, desirous, eager. Iuftig, adj. gay, merry, jocose, droll; jūd — maden, to be gay, be cheerful; jūd — maden über, to make merry, make fun of.

Inrist, adj. lyric.

M.

machen, v. a. to make, do, operate;
— lassen, to cause to be made,
have made, get made; sich nichte
baraus —, not to care for it; was
— Sie? (vulg.) how do you do?
zu Gelbe —, to turn to money.

Macht, f. (pl. Mächte) might, power;
—wort, n. (-es; pl. -e) energetic
word, word of command.

mächtig, adj. mighty, powerful.

Mächten, n. (-s) maid(en), girl, lass;
—hast, adj. maidenly; —shule, f.
(pl. -n) school for girls, academy

for young ladies.

Mabe, f. (pl. -n) maggot, mite.

Mabeira, *or* Mabera, Madeira (the isle); –wein, Madeira wine.

Magazin, n. (-e6; pl. -e) magazine, warehouse.

Magie, f. (pl. Mägie) maid-servant. Magie, f. magic, sorcery, black art. Magier, m. (-\$) magician.

magist, adj. magical, magic.

Magister, m. (-3) master of arts.
Magistratsperson, f. (pl. -en) magistrate.

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Magnet, m. (-en; pl. -e) magnet, Mahl, n. (-e0; pl. Mähler) meal, remahlen, v. a. to grind. [past; mark. mahnen, v. a. to remind, claim a debt from a person, dun.

Mähre, f. (pl. -n) tale, news, tidings, Mährhen, n. (-ē) tale, fable. [story. Mähren, Moravia (a very densely settled province in Austria, has nearly two millions of inhabitants, three-fourths Sclavonians, and one-fourth Germans).

Mai, m. (-e0; pl. -e & -en) May; -ennacht, f. May-night; -englück, n. spring joy.

Majestät, f. (pl. –en) majesty.

majestätisch, adj. majestic, majestical. Major, m. (-3; pl. -1) major; -stelle, major's commission.

Majorität, f. (pl. -cn) eldership, right of primogeniture, estate attached to the right of primogeniture.

Mafrofosmus, m. macrocosm (the universe at large, opposite of microcosm, the little world or man).

Mal, n. mark, sign, token; spot; time; ein-, once; anti-, twice; brti-, three times. [tray. malen, v. a. to paint, delineate, por-Malerei, f. (pl. -en) painting, pictures.

Mamfell, f. (pl. -en) miss. man, pron. one, they, men, people. manch (er, -e, $-\delta$), pron. many a; pl. some, several; many. mancherici, adi. several sorts, divers. mandmal, adv. sometimes. Manbel, f. (pl. -n) mangle, almond. Mange, Mangel, see Manbel. Mangel, m. (-s: pl. Mängel) want, deficiency, imperfection, gence, scarcity, penury, poverty. mangeln, v. a. to mangle; v. n. & a. imp. to be wanting, fail, lack. Manier, f. (pl. -en) manner, fashion. Mann, m. (-ed; pl. Männer) man, person, husband; -haft, adj. manlv. stout : - [chaft, f. (pl. -en) crew, troops; - sucht, f. longing after man or for male society. Männchen, n. (-8) dimin. of man. Männerliebe, f. love of men. Männerschlacht, f. strife of men. Manneswürde, f manly dignity, valor. mannigfad), adj. various, different. manniafaltia, adi, manifold, multifarious, many-sided, varied. Ily. manulid, adi. masculine, male, man-Männlichfeit, f. manliness, virility. Mannerod, m. (-es; pl. -röcke) man's Manneaucht, f. discipline. Coat. Mantel, m. (-8; pl. Mäntel) mantle, cloak, gown. Märchen, n. (-1) tale, story, fairy

tale, ghost-story.

boundary, limit, end (48).

Marie, f. Mary.

notes.

Marsch, m. (-es; pl. Märsche) march. Marschall, m. (-8; pl. -schalle) marshal; -oftab, m. (-es; pl. -ftabe) marshal's staff. Marter, f. torment, torture. Martern, n. (-3) tormenting, torturing: -, v. a. to torment, rack. Maste, f. (pl. -n) mask. Maβ, n. (-es; pl. -e) measure; ein - Bein, a quart of wine. Mass, f. (pl. -n) mass, bulk. maßen, conj. (obsol.) because, as. mäßia, adi. moderate, temperate. Mäßigfeit, f. moderation, abstinence. temperance. Tance. Mäßigung, f. moderation, temper-Materie, f. (pl. -n) matter, material. Mathematif, f. mathematics. mathematisti, adj. mathematical. matt, adj. tired, weary, feeble, faint. Matte, f. (pl. -n) mat, curds, meadow. Thaustion. Mattiafeit, f. faintness, debility, ex-Mauer, f. (pl. -n) wall; -loch, n. a hole in a wall : -merf, n. walling. masonry, brickwork. Maulwurf, m. (-es; pl. -würfe) mole. Maulwurfsgang, m. (-ce; pl. -gange) mole-track. Maus, f. (pl. Mäust) mouse, muscle on either side of a horse's nose. Mäuschen, dimin. of Maus. Maxim, n. (pl. -e) maxim. Medicin, f. (pl. -en) medicine, physic. Mart, n. (-e) marrow, pith : -(e), f. Meer, n. (-es; pl. -e) sea, ocean; (pl. -en) mark, weight or coin, · -bufen, m. (-d) bay, gulf; -maffer, n. sea-water, brine. marfiren, v. a. to mark, distinguish the tone by accent or emphatic Meeredarm, m. (-:8; pl. -t) strait, channel of the sea.

Marft, m. (-es; pl. Märfte) market.

fair, market-place.

Meeres Schiff, n. sea-vessel, sea-boat. Megare, f. (pl. -n) myth. Megiera (one of the three Greek furies of the lower world); fig. shrew. mehr, adi. & adv. more : -fac, adi. & adv. manifold, several times, sundry, divers : Niemand -, nobody else. mehren, v. a. to augment, increase: -, v. r. to multiply. mehrentheils, adv. for the most part. mehre(re), adv. several. meiben, v. a. ir. to avoid, shun. Meile, f. (pl. -n) mile (German = 41/2 Engl. miles); meilenlang, adv. for miles. mein, meine, mein, pron. my, mine. meinen, v. n. to intend, think, presume, imagine, mean. meinetwegen, meinethalben, adv. on my account, for my sake, for my part. Meinung, f. (pl. -en) meaning, opinion. $\lceil adv.$ most, mostly. meift. adi. most : almost : am meiften. meistens, adv. most, mostly. Meister, m. (-d) master ; -fcug, m. capital, splendid, unsurpassed shot; -flud, n. (-e0; pl. -e) masterpiece. meistern, v. a. to master, govern. melben, v. a. to announce, make known, mention; sid — lassen, to send in one's name. Melbung, f. (pl. -n) mention, announcing, announcement. melfen, v. a. ir. to milk. McIsbie, f. (pl. -n) melody, tune. melobiích, adj. melodious. Memme, f. (pl. -n) coward, poltroon.

Menge, f. (pl. -n) multitude, plenty,

crowd, throng.

Menfch, m. (-en; pl. -en) man, person. human being; -, n. (-co; pl. -er) low female, wench; -heit, f. humanity, human race, human state; -lid, adj. human, humane: -lichfeit, f. humanity. menschenahnlich, adj. & adv. like man. Menschenfreund, m. (-es; pl. -e) phil anthropist. [man race, mankind. Menichengeschlecht, n. (-es: pl. -er) hu-Menschengestalt, f. human shape or figure. [man's hand. Menschenhand, f. human hand, a Menschenherz, n. (-ens) human heart or soul. Menschenleben, n. human life. Menschenliebe, f. philanthropy, benevolence. menimentos, adi. deserted by men. Menschenrecht, n. right of man, of humanity, of nature. Darge). Menschenreich, n. human society (at menichenicheu, adj. shunning human beings, shyness. Menschenseele, f. human soul. Menschenstimme, f. (pl. -n) human voice. [derstanding. Menschenverstand, m. (-es) human un-Menschenweise, f. way or manner of Thuman ingenuity. men. Menschenwit, m. (-es) human wit, Menschenwürde, f. the dignity of human nature. [dignity of man. menschenwürdig, adj worthy of the merfen, v. a. to notice, mark, perceive; sid - lassen, to give to understand. merlmürbig, adj. remarkable. Meffe, f. (pl. -n) mass, fair ; - lefen,

to say mass.

Meffer, m. (-\$) measurer ; -, n. (-\$)

[knife.

M: jjūdė, m. Messiah. Metall, n. (–ė; pl. –e) metal, brass. m:tallen, adj. made of metal, metal-

lic. Methode, f. (pl. -n) method. methodish, adj. methodical.

Meuchelmörder, m. (-6) assassin.

Miene, f. (pl. -n) mien, look; —

magen, to pretend.

Mild, f. milk, milt (of fishes).

mibe(), adj. mild, soft, kind, gentle.

Mibe, f. mildness, softness, charity.

mibern, v. a. to soften, mitigate.

mibiglid, adj. mildly, charitable.

Million, f. (pl. -en) million.

minber, adj. less, smaller.

Minberjährigfeit, f. minority.

minbern, v. a. to diminish, lessen.

Minifer, m. (-3) minister.

Minne, f. see Liebe.

Minute, f. (pl. -n) minute. misanthropisch, adj. misanthropical. mischen, v. a. to mix, mingle; --, v. r.

to interpose.

Missing, f. (pl.—en) mixture, mixtion, mingling, combination.

miß = prefix (see Gr. Less. 34; El. p. 229); has the same force as the English prefix miss.

mißbrauchen, v. a. to abuse.

mißbeuten, v. a. to misinterpret.

Misseutung, f. (pl.—en) misinterpretation, misconstruction, misrepresentation.

missen, v. n. to miss, perceive the want of, to be without.

Missethat, f. (pl. -en) misdeed. missessing.

miggeboren, adj. misbegotten.

Miggeschick, m. (-e3) adverse fate. migaunstig, adj. envious, jealous.

miflingen, v. n. ir. not to succeed, to miscarry.

Mißton, m. (-e8; pl.-tön?) false sound. Mißtrauen, n. (-8) mistrust; —, v. a.to distrust.

Mißverständniß, n. (-|sed; pl. -|se) misunderstanding.

mißverstehen, v. a. ir. to misunderstand, mistake.

mit, prep. with, by, at, on, to, along with; -unter, sometimes.

Mitbewerber, m. (-\$) competitor.

mitbringen, v. a. ir. to bring along. miteinander, adv. together.

Mitgefühl, n. (-8) sympathy.

mitgehen, v. n. ir. to go along with, accompany. [with others. mitgenegen, v. a. & n. ir. to enjoy Mitgenege, v. a. & n. ir. to enjoy Mitgenege, m. (-set; pl. -sen) copartner, associate. [member. Mitglieb, n. (-ct; pl. -er) (fellow) mithin, conj. therefore, consequently. Mitseben, n. (-d) compassion, pity, sympathy.

mitteibig, adj. compassionate.
mitnehmen, v. a. ir. to take along; —,
v. a. to wear out.

mitrufen, v. a. ir. to join in the cry. mitschulbig, adj. accessory.

Mittag, m. (-\$ pl. -t) mid-day, noon, south. [Sea.

Mittagömeer, n. (-e8) Mediterranean Mittagseffen, n. (-8) dinner.

Mitte, f. (pl. -n) middle, midst, centre.

Mittel, n. (-8) medium, means, remedy; ins —treen, to step forth, interfere; ins — solution, to interpose, intercede, mediate; —alter, n. (-8) middle ages;—alterlish, adj, pertaining to the middle ages;

-puntt, m. (-e8; pl. -:) point, focus, centre. [agent, intercessor. Mittelsperson, f. (pl. -en) mediator, mitten, adv. in the midst; -brauf, in the middle or centre of it; -innen, -unter, in the midst of, amongst.

Mitternacht, f. (pl. -nächte) midnight. mittheilen, v. a. to give a share of, communicate.

Mittler, m. (-8) mediator; —, adj. middle. [fellow-conspirator. Mitterschwerene (ber), m. (-n; pl. -n) Mittersch, n. (-8) co-operation; —, v. n. to co-operate.

Mitterschung, f. (pl. -en) co-operation.

modeln, v. n. to mould; model. Moder, m. (-8) mud, mould: decay. mögen, v. n. ir. (see Gr. p. 120; El. p. 219).

möglich, adj. possible, feasible.

Moment, m. (-ee; pl. -e) moment, period, momentum, force.

Monarch, m. (-en; pl. -en) monarch. Monarchie, f. (pl. -en) monarchy.

Monat, m. (-eδ; pl. -ε) month; -liá, adj. monthly.

Mönch, m. ($-\epsilon \delta$, pl. $-\epsilon$) monk.

Mönchöfertigfeit, f. (pl. -en) monk's quickness, readiness.

Mond, m. (-:8; pl. -e) moon; -lidt,
n. (-:8) moonlight; -[deide, f. (pl.
-n) disk of the moon; -(en)[dein,
m. (-:8) moonshine, moonlight.
Mondenglans, m. brightness of the
moon-light.

Mondenjahr, n. (-:0; pl.-e) lunar year. Mondenfdimmer, m. (-0) glimmering light of the moon.

Monument, n. (-: ϑ ; pl.- ℓ) monument. Moo ϑ , n. (- $[c\vartheta)$ moss.

Mops, m. (-ses; pl. Möpse) pug-dog. Moral, f. moral, morals.

moraliste, adj. moral.
moralisten, v. n. to moralize.

Morb, m. (-tê; pl. -t) murder; -begierig, adj. bloodthirsty, murderous; -gebank, m. murderous thought; -gehank, m. (-tê; pl. -t) cry of murder; -gewehr, n. (-tê; pl. -t) murderous weapon; -gewehn, adj. accustomed to murder, murderous; -luft, -lutt, f. thirst for blood, murderous pleasure, destructiveness, delight in cruelty; -lulat, f. murderous battle, sanguinary fight, bloody battle; -lah, m. (-t) murderous steel, dagger. [sassinate. murder. s. a. & n. to murder. as-

morten, v. a. & n. to murder, as-Mörber, m. (-8) murderer, assassin. mörberifc, adj. murderous.

mörberlich, adj. murderous, vehement. Morgen, m. (-8) morning : acre : --, -, adv. to-morrow; -gang, m. morning-walk ; -qebet, n. (-es ; pl. -e) morning-prayer; -acfana, m. (-es; pl. -fange) morning-song, morning-psalm or hymn, matins; -lanb, n. (-co) orient, east; -lieb, n. (-es; pl. -er) matin-song, morning-song -roth, n. (-*) dawn of day, morning-red; -röthe, f. aurora, dawn ; - fchein, m. dawn, day - break, morning - twilight; -fonne, f. morning-sun; -ftunbe, f. (pl. -en) morning-hour : -than, m. (-00) morning-dew. man. Modlem, m. (pl. Modlemin) Mussul-Motte, f. (pl. -n) moth.

Mottenwelt, f. (fig.) earth. inübe, adj. weary, tired, fatigued.

Mühe, f. (pl. -n) trouble, pains. mühen, v. a. to trouble; ---, v. r. to trouble one's self.

Mühle, f. (pl. -n) mill.

müham, adj. troublesome, vexatious, annoying; careful, with skill.

Munb, m. (-ee; pl. Münbe) mouth, orifice; feinen — halten, to keep a secret; -art, f. dialect.

Münbung, f. (pl. -en) mouth, muzzle.
munter, adj. awake, lively. [mint.
Münge, f. (pl. -en) coin, coinage;
müngen, v. a. to mint, coin. [ter.
murmeln, v. a. & n. to murmur, mutmurren, v. n. to grumble, growl,
mürrifch, adj. morose. [snarl.
Muse, f. (pl. -n) muse.

Muselmann, m. (-es; pl. -männer) Mohammedan, Mussulman.

Museum, n.(-\$; pl. Museum. Muss, f. music.

Mustel, m. (-s; pl. -n) muscle.

müssen, v. n. ir. (see Gr. p. 119, § 56; El. p. 219). [to be idle. müsig, adj. unemployed, idle; -gesch. Muster, n. (-3) pattern, model, example; -ruse, f. (pl. -n) musterroll; -ruse, f. mustering.

mustern, v. a. to review, muster, examine.

Muth, m. (-e8) spirit, courage; -ig, adj. courageous; — faffen, to take heart; —machen, to encourage; -vol. adj. full of courage; -willig, adj. & adv. wanton(ly), malicious(ly).

Mutter, f. (pl. Mütter) mother; old woman; -brust, f. (pl. -brüste) maternal bosom; -gottesbish, n. (-es; pl. -er) image of the Virgin; -gabe, f. (pl. -n) maternal talent, ma-

ternal gift; -herz, n. (-end; pl. -en) maternal heart; -hülle, f motherly care; -leib, m. (-ed; pl. -er) womb; -fhoß, m. mother's lap. [ter. Wütterden, Wütterlein, dimin. of Wutsmitterlich, adj. motherly.

Myrrhe, f. myrrh. Myrthe, f. (pl. –n) myrtle. Myfticiömus, m. mysticism.

N.

nad, prep. & adv. after, next, sehind, for, to: - unb -, by degrees: -ahmen, v. a. to imitate; -ahmer, m. (-0) imitator; -ahmung, f. (pl. -en) imitation : -arbeiten, v. n. to work after, imitate; -beten, v. a. to repeat after, pray after; -bilben, v. a. to copy; -bem, adv. afterwards, after that ; -bem, conj. after (that), when : -benfen, v. n. ir. to reflect, meditate; -eifern, v. n. to emulate; -folgen, v. n. to follow, succeed; -folger, m. (-0) follower, successor; -forfden, v. n. to inquire into: -forfdung, f. (pl. -en) search, inquiry; -fragen, v. n. to inquire after, ask : -qeben, v. a. ir. to give after, yield; v. n. to relax, give up, yield, cease resisting, concede, comply; -gehen, v. n. ir. to go after; -her(ig), adj. & adv. done after, subsequent(ly); -jagen, v. n. to pursue ; -fomme, m. (-n; pl.-n) descendant, successor, progeny, posterity, offspring; -frmmen, v. n. ir. to come after, perform; -richt, f. (pl. -en) account, advice, notice, message, information, news; -ruf, m. (-es; pl. -c)

after-call, report; - fdiefen, v. a. 1 & n. to shoot after, make a second advance, rush after; -feben, v. n. ir. to look after: v. a. to overlook, pardon : -- fidit, f. forbearance, indulgence ; - streben, v. a. to emulate zealously; -tragen, v. a. ir. to carry or bear after. bear a grudge, add, supply: -treten, v. a. ir. to follow: -weisen, v. a. ir. to point out; -welt, f. posterity; -xiehen, v. a. ir. to draw after, trace: v. n. to march go after, entail. Nachbar, n. (-8; pl. -n & -en); -in, f. (pl. -nen) neighbor; -lid, adj. neighborly; -fcaft, f. neighbor-Nachen, m. (-8) boat, skiff. Thood. nachit, adj. next; -, (superlat. of nabe) the nearest; -stebent, adj. nearest; -, prep. next to; -t, (used as noun) fellow-creature. neighbor. nächstens, adv. shortly, soon, at the next opportunity. Nacht, f. (pl. Nächte) night; bei —, at night; -mute, f. (pl. -n) nightcap; -wanbeln, v. n. to somnambulate, walk in one's sleep:

-wanderer, m. (-6) somnambulist. Nachtigall, f. (pl. -en) nightingale. nächtlich, adj. nightly, nocturnal. Raden, m. (-*) neck, nape, back. nadenb, see nadt. nadt, adj. naked, bare. nagen, v. a. & n. to gnaw. nab(e), adj. nigh, near close (to). Nähe, f. nearness, proximity.

nihen, v. n. & r. to approach, draw

nähern, v. a. to bring near; -, v. r.

Inear.

nähen, v. a. to sew.

to approach, draw near, approx-

nähren, v. a. to support, afford nourishment, nourish, feed; -, v. r. to gain a livelihood. Thood. Nahrung, f. nourishment, food, liveli-Nahrungstrieb, m. the instinct to provide one's sustenance of life.

 $\Re \operatorname{amc}(\mathfrak{n}), m. (-\mathfrak{n}\mathfrak{s}; pl. -\mathfrak{n})$ name. nameníod, adi. nameless.

namlid, adv. as follows, to wit: -. adj. same.

Narciffe, f. (pl. -n) narcissus.

Marr, m. (-en; pl. -en); Narrin, f. (pl. -nen) fool; -heit, f. (pl. -en) foolishness, folly.

Närrchen, n. (-8) dimin. of Narr. narren, r. n. to jest; -, v. a. to fool, make a fool of, play upon.

Narrenfönig, m. (-6; pl. -c) king of pery, buffoonery. Narrethei, f. (pl. -en) foolery, fopnärrift, adj. foolish, mad, ridiculous. Nase, f. (pl. -n) nose.

Nasenloch, n. (-es ; pl. -löcher) nostril. nag, adj. wet, humid, moist; machen, to moisten (22).

Naffe, f. wetness, humidity.

nässen, v. a. to wet, moisten.

näßlich, adj. somewhat wet, damp. Nath, f. (pl. Näthe) seam, suture.

Nation, f. (pl.-en) nation.

national, adj. national; -, adv. nationally : -bidtung, f. (pl. -en) national poetry; -theater, n. national theater.

Natur, f. nature; -gefühl, n. (-6; pl. -e) natural feeling; -funbig, adj. acquainted with nature (used as noun), natural philosopher; -fd;ilberung, f. (pl. -cn) description of

nature, delineation of nature; $|\Re \mathfrak{sp}, n. (-\mathfrak{es}; pl - \mathfrak{e}) \text{ net. caul.}$ -fymbolif, f. natural knowledge of symbols; eine himmlische -, a celestial nature, i. e. being (109).

natürlid, adj. natural, native. ingenuous.

Rebel, m. (-8) fog, mist; -berg, m. a misty mountain; -streif, m. a streak of fog, mist; -winb, m. a damp, misty wind.

nelen, prep. beside, besides, near, close to: -beariff, m. (-:3: pl. -e) subordinate idea, side-issue; -figur, f. subordinate figure; -linie, f. collateral line.

Neffe, m. (-n; pl. -n) nephew. Reger, m. (-8) negro.

nebmen. v. a. ir. & r. to take. capture, assume (a position); einen Anfang -, to begin ; ein Enbe -, to terminate; au sid -, to take (food, &c.): take under one's care nehmlich, see nämlich. [(of person). Reib, m. (-e\$) envy.

neibisch, adj. envious, jealous.

neigen, v. a. to incline, bend; -, v. r. to make a bow, courtesy, approach to.

Reigung, f. (pl. -en) inclination, disposition, affection, desire.

nein, adv. no, nay. Inominate. nennen, v. a. ir. to call, name, de-Mennung, f. (pl. -en) calling, denomination, mentioning.

Rereibe, f. (pl. -n) myth. Nereid (seanymph, daughter of Nereus, an ancient sea-god of the Greeks, father of fifty daughters).

Rerv, m. (-en; pl. -en) nerve. Rervensieber, n. (-3) typhoid fever. nett, adj. neat, genteel.

neten, v. a. to wet, moisten.

neu, adj. new, fresh ; aufe Neue, or von Reuem, anew, afresh again; -geboren, adi. new-born ; -gefdmudt. adi, newly dressed : -alübenb, adi, glowing; $-i\mathfrak{ahr}$, n. $(-\mathfrak{d}; pl. -\mathfrak{e})$ New-year: -iabretag, m. (-ee; pl. -e) New-year's day ; -jahrenacht, f. (pl. -näditc) New-year's night or neun, adi. nine.

nicht, adv. not ; ju Nichte machen, to annihilato; mit Nichten, not at all, in no wise, by no means.

Nichte, f. (pl. -n) niece.

nichts, adv. nothing; -würdig, adj. contemptible, vile, frivolous,

nicten, v. n. to nod. nie. adv. never.

nicher, adi. low, lower, inferior : -, adv. low, down; -bligen, v. n. to strike down ; -brennen, v. a. & n. to burn down, destroy by fire: -bringen, v. a. ir. to bring down; -beutsch, adj. & n. low German; -fallen, v. n. ir. to fall down; -fließen, v. n. ir. to flow down; gehen, v. n. ir. to go down, set; -aeschlagen, adi. dejected, lowspirited ; -geschrieben, adj. written down; -bauen, v. a. ir. to hew down, cut down ; -fnicen, v. n. to kneel down; -lage, f. (pl.-n) defeat; warehouse, depot; -lanb, n. (-co) kingdom of the Netherlands; laffen, v. a. ir. to let down : -laffen, v. r. to let one's self down, settle : recline : -legen, v. a. to lay down, deposit; v. r. to lie down, go to bed; -liegen, v. n. ir. to lie prostrate, be ill; -mähen, v. a. to

mow down; -reissen, v. a. ir. to tear down : -ichlagen, v. a. ir. to strike, beat or cast down, depress, deject, precipitate; -fclagen, v. n. to fall down heavily: - ftogen, v. a. ir. to push down, strike down; -traditig, adj. low, mean, abject; -merfen, v. a. ir. to throw down, cast to the ground. nieblich, adj. neat, nice, elegant. niebrig, adj. low, base, mean, inferior; -feit, f. (pl.-en) lowness, baseness, meanness. niemale, adv. never, at no time. Niemand, pron. nobody, no one. Mil, m. Nile ; -pferb, n. (-es; pl. -c) hippopotamus; -schlamm, m. (-es) deposit of the Nile (river). nimmer, adv. never: -mehr, adv. never more, never, by no means. nirgend, nirgends, adv. nowhere. nisten, v. n. to nest, nestle. nod), conj. still, yet, as yet, besides; - einmal, once more; weber . . . - . . , neither . . . nor . . . Monne, f. pl. nun. Nord(en), m. (-3) north ; -ifd, nördlich, adi, northern, northerly; -pol, m. (-es) north-pole ; -fee, f. North sea (German ocean); -feefüste, f. coast of the German ocean; -winb, m. (-eø; pl. -e) north-wind; -ftern, m. (-es; pl. -) north-star, polar-star. Noth, f. need, necessity, distress; -, adj. needful, necessary; thun, to be necessary: -burft, n. want, need; -burftig, adj. scanty, needy; -menbia, adj. necessary; -wendigfeit, f. (pl. -en) necessity. nöthia, adi. necessary; - haben, to want, to be in need of.

nöthigen, v. a. to necessitate, compel.
nüchtern, adj. sober, fasting.
Nummer, f. (pl. -n) number.
nun, adv. & int. now, at present,
well! -uicht, adv. now.
nur, adj. only, but; --, conj. but;

— lauter, nothing but; with adverbs and pronouns render it sometimes ever.

Nuß, f. (pl. Nüsse) nut. nußbar, adj. useful.

nuhen, nühen, v. n. to be of use, useful, or of advantage, conduce, serve; —, v. a. to make use of. Nuhen, m. (-3) use, utility, profit. nühlich, adj. useful.

Number, f. (pl. -n) nymph, chrysalis, dragon-fly

D.

D! int. O! oh! Dase, f. (pl. -n) oasis.

vb, conj. & prep. whether, if; -g(tiφ, conj. although, though; -wohl, conj. though, although.

Dbback, n. (-es) shelter, lodging, covered place.

oven, adv. above, up-stairs, on high;
-an, adj. at the top; first; -brein,
adv. into the bargain; besides all
this; -hin, adv. superficially.

ober, adj. upper, higher; -gewalt, f.
(pl. -en) supreme power; -βalb, adv. & prep. above, beyond, on the upper side; -βerrichaft, f. (pl. -en) sovereignty, supremacy; -lanb, n. (-eð; pl. -länber) high country, uplands; -vormunb, m. (-cð; pl. -münber) chief guardian.
Doft, n. (-eð) fruit, fruitage.

Drean, m. ($-e \vec{\sigma}$; pl. -e) ocean. Dchô(e), m. (-sen; pl. -sen) ox, bull. October, m. (-\$) October. Obem, m. (-6) see Athem. Ober, f. river in Germany. ober, conj. or, or else, otherwise. Debe, n. & f. (pl. -n) desert, solitude: - adi. desert, desolate. Defi(er)reid), n. Austria. [nace, stove. Dfen, m. (-no; pl. Defen) oven, furoffen, adj. open, frank, sincere ; -bar, adi. open, manifest; -baren, v. a. to reveal (itself), make known; -barung, f. (pl. -en) revelation; -herrig, adj. open-hearted, ingenöffentlich, adj. public. Dfficier, m. (-s; pl. -:) officer ; -fletbung, f. (pl. -en) officer's clothing. öffnen, v. a. & r. to open. fture. Definung, f. (pl. -en) opening, aperoft, adv. oft, often, frequently. öfter, adj. frequent, repeated; -, adv. more frequently. Oh! int. Oh! Oheim, Ohm, m. (-cs; pl. -e) uncle. ohne, prep. & adv. without, besides; -bin, adv. besides, without that. Ohnmacht, f. (pl. -en) weakness, swoon, fainting fit; in - fallen, to faint away, swoon. ohnmächtig, adj. weak, impotent, swooning, fainting ; - werben, to faint. [eye. Dehr, Ohr, n. (-ed; pl. -en) ear, ring, Defenemie, f. economy, agriculture. öfonomisch, adj. economical. Del, n. (-es; pl. -e) oil; -ersenb, adj. oil-supplying; -farbe, f. (pl. -n) oil-color; -lampe, f. (pl. -n) oil-Ort, m. (-es; pl. -e, or Derter) place Ortebrüber, brothers of a place. lamp; -weig, m. (-es; pl. -e) olive-branch. orthodox, adj. orthodox.

Delung, f. (pl. -en) oiling, unction. Omen, n. (pl. Omina) omen, augury, presage, prediction. Onfel, m. (-6) uncle. Dual, m. (-3; pl. -e) opal. Oper, f. (pl. -n) opera. Opfer, n. (-\$) offering, sacrifice, victim, oblation; -gabe, f. (pl. -n). oblation. sacrificial offering: -thier, n. (-es; pl. -e) victim, sacrifice. Imolate. opfern, v. a. to offer, sacrifice, im-Drium, n. (-3) opium. Optif, f. optics. Drafel, n. (-8) oracle ; -fpruch, m. (-es; pl. -fprüche) oracle. Orchester, n. (-6) orchestra. Orben, m. (-\$) order. Orbensschmuck, m. (-es) ornaments of an order. Late. orbnen, v. a. to order, arrange, regu-Ordnung, f. (pl. -en) order, arrange-Draan, n. (-\$; pl. -e) organ. [ment. Organisation, f. (pl. -en) organization. pragnifd, adj. organic. organisiren, v. a. & n. to organize. organifirt, adj. organized. Organist, m. (-en; pl. -en) organist. Orgel, f. (pl. -n) organ; -bauer, m. (-0) organ-builder; -ton, m. (-e0; pl. -tone) organ-tone. Drient, m. (-es) Orient, East, Levant. Driffamme, f. oblong red standard (ancient standard of France). Driginal, n. (-8; pl. -e, or -ien) orig-Driginalität, f. originality. Ornat, m. (-es; pl. -e) dress of an

order, robes, vestment.

Orthoborie, f. orthodoxy. Dft(en), m. east ; -fee, f. Baltic ; -winb, m. (-e3; pl. -e) east-wind. Diterfest, n. (-ce; pl. -e) festival of Ditern, pl. Easter. Easter. Oftertag, m. (-ce; pl. -e) Easter-day. öftlid), adj. eastern, easterly, oriental. Diean, m. see Drean.

B.

Paar, n. (-es; pl. -e) pair, couple: ein -, a few, some few. [couple. paaren, v. a. to pair; -, v. r. to pachten, v. a. to farm, rent. paden, v. a. to pack, seize, lay hold of; -, v. r. to be off. pah! int. pooh! pah! Tpeerage. · Pair, m. (-€6; pl. -6) peer; -fcaft, f. Palast, m (-es; pl. -läste) palace. Palme, f. (pl. -n) palm, palm-tree, catkin. [-e) panther. Panther, m. (-8); -thier, n. (-es; pl. Pantoffel, m. (-3; pl. -n) slipper; unterm - fteben, to be under petticoat government. Panger, m. (-8) coat-of-mail. Pavier, n. (-es; pl. -e) paper. Papft, n. (-es; pl. Papfte) pope. Parabel, f. (pl. -n) parable. Parate, f. (pl. -n) parade. Varabies, n. (-fes; pl. -fe) paradise. Parafange, f. (pl. -en) parasang (Persian, nearly four English miles). Parlament, n. (-e8; pl. -e) parliament. Parole, f. (pl. -n) watchword. Part, n. (-e¢; pl. -e) share, part, party. Partei, f. (pl. -en) part, party, sect; - nehmen, to take part. [fate. | Pfeiler, m. (-3) pillar, column, pier. Parze, f. (pl. -n) fate, goddess of Pferd, n. (-ee; pl. -e) horse.

passen, v. n. & a. to fit, attend to pass, to be proper or just right. Patriard, m. (-en; pl. -en) patriarch. Patriarchenfreug, n. patriarchal cross. Patriot, m. (-en; pl. -en) patriot. Patriotiemue, m. patriotism. Pause, f. (pl. -n) pause, stop. Ped, n. (-es) pitch, cobbler's wax: misfortune, ill luck. Pein, f. pain, torment, torture. Pergament, n. (-es; pl. -e) parchment. Periode, f. (pl. -n) period. periodical, adj. periodical. Perle, f. (pl. -n) pearl, bead. Perrude, f. (pl. -n) wig, periwig. Person, f. (pl. -en) person, personage, character, stature. personal, personal. Personality, f. (pl. -en) personality. pefterfüllt, see veftbaft. pesthaft, adj. pestilential. Petarbe, f. (pl. -n) petard. Pfab, n. (-es; pl. -e) path; -los, adj. pathless, unpassable. Pfaffe, m. (-n; pl. -n) priest, parson, shaveling. Pfaligraf, m. (-en; pl. -en) palsgrave, count palatinate. Pfand, n. (-es; pl. Pfander) pledge, pawn, forfeit. forfeits. Pfänberspiel, n. (-es; pl. -c) game of Pfarrer, m. (-6) clergyman, parson, curate. Pfeife, f. (pl. -n) pipe, fife. pfeifen, v. n. & a. ir. to pipe, whistle. Pfeifer, m. (-3) piper, whistler. Pfeil, m. (-es; pl. -e) dart, arrow,

shaft ; -gefdwinb, adj. & adv. swift

as an arrow.

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Pflanze, f. (pl. -n) plant, vegetable.
pflanzen, v. a. to plant; set.
Pflanzenwuche, m. vegetables.
Pflanzichule, f. (pl. -n) nursery,
school of training. [nursing.
Pflege, f. care, attendance, support,
pflegen, v. a. to take care of, attend
to, nurse, entertain; —, v. n. to
be accustomed to, to be wont.
Pfleger, m. (-ε) curator; -in, f. (pl.
-nen) nurse.
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Pflicht, f. (pl. -en) duty, obligation;
— üben, to perform tasks.

pflüden, v. a. to pluck, gather. Pflug, m. (-es; pl. Pflüge) plough. pflügen, v. a. to plough.

Pforte, f. (pl. -n) gate, door, port. Pfosten, m. post, pillar, support. Pfuhl, m. (-es; pl. Pfühle) pool, puddle.

Pfühl, m. (- $\mathfrak{e}\mathfrak{s}$; pl. - \mathfrak{e}) bolster, cushion. [tion.

Phantafie, f. (pl. -n) fancy, imagina-Phantom, n. (-ce; pl. -ε) phantom, spectre, vision.

Phase, f. (pl. -n) phase; —, flg. change, vicissitude.

Philomele, f. nightingale.

Philosoph, f. (-en; pl. -en) philosopher.

Philosophie, f. (pl. -en) philosophy. philosophy. philosophical.

Phiole, f. phial.

Phönix, m. (-es) phænix.

physiognomism, adj. physiognomic. physism, adj. physical.

Vicelhaube, f. head-piece; helmet.

piden, v. a. to peck.

Pictat, f. (filial, &c.) picty, love, or reverence for a person.

Dife, f. (pl. -n) pike.

Pilger, m. (-8) pilgrim, stranger; -fahrt, f. (pl. -en) pilgrimage.

Vilgrimschaft, f. (pl. -en) pilgrimage. Ville, f. (pl. -n) pill.

Piftole, f. (pl. -x) pistol; pistole, ducat (gold-coin).

Wlage, f. (pl. −n) plague, vexation, annoyance, distress, calamity.

plagen, v. a. to plague, trouble, torment.

Plan, m. (-ce; pl. Plan; plan, design, purpose, aim; plain (field); —, adj. plain, level; -loe, adj. & adv. planless, without a regular plan; -voll, adj. full of plans, pro-Plane, f. (pl.-n) cloth, cover. [jects. Planet, m. (-en; pl.-en) planet.

Yiah, m. (-ee; pl. Yiähe) place, space, room, cake; crack; crash; —, int. smash! — maden, to make room; — nehmen, to sit down.

Plöß, m. (-es) clap, bounce; auf ben —, at once, on a sudden.

plößlich, adj. & adv. sudden(ly), at once, all on a sudden. [rob.

plündern, v. a. to plunder, pillage, Plural, m. (-es; pl. -e) plural.

Pöbel, m. (- \emptyset) mob, populace, rabble. poden, v. a. & n. to knock, beat.

Podagra, n. (-8) gout.

Poesse, f. (pl -en) poetry, poesy.

Poet, m. (-en; pl. -en) poet.

poetisch, adj. poetical.

Politif, f. politics.

politifd, adj. political, politic.

Polyhistory, f. history of the world; general history.

Pommern, Pommerania.

populär, adj. popular.

Wort, m. (-eø; pl. -e) port, harbor, station, haven, place of safety.

Posaune, f. (pl. -n) trombone, trumpet, trump. $\mathfrak{P}_{\mathfrak{C}}(\mathfrak{f}_{\mathfrak{c}}, f, (pl. -n))$ jest, buffoonery, Poffen, m. (-6) trick, prank. Post, f. (pl. -en) post, mail, postoffice, news; -amt, n. (-es; pl. -amter) post-office : -horn, n. (-es; pl. -hörner) postillion's horn. Posten, m. (-\$) post, station, sum. Postille, f. (pl. -n) book of sermons. Postillion, m. (-8; pl. -e) postillion. Pract, f. splendor, magnificence, pomp, state, pride. prächtia, adj. magnificent, splendid. Prabestination, f. predestination. prägen, v. a. to impress, imprint, stamp, coin. Prager, m. (-s) native or inhabitant of Prague. pragmatist, adj. practical, pragmatical, officious, conceited. prahlen, v. n. to boast, brag. praftift, adj. practical. Thounce. prallen, v. n. to spring, rebound, Pramie, f. (pl. -n) premium, prize. prangen, v. n. to shine, glitter, make a show; -b, part. & adj. showy, splendid; dazzling. Präsent, n. (-ce; pl. -e) present, gift. prasentiren, v. a. to present, represent; present arms. Präsident, m. (-en; pl. -en) president. prasein, v. n. to crackle. prassen, v. n. to gluttonize, gourmandize, carouse, riot. Praris, f. practice. predigen, v. a. to preach. Prediger, m. (-8) preacher; -fangel, f. (pl. -n) pulpit. Predigt, f. (pl. -en) sermon.

-mürbig, adj. praiseworthy. preisen, v. a. ir. to praise, laud, extol. Press, f. (pl. -n) press. pressen, v. a. to press. Preffreiheit, f. liberty of the press. Pressure, f. (pl. -en) pressure, press (of Preußen, n. (-6) Prussia. [seamen). preußisch, adj. Prussian. Priefter, m. (-8) priest ; -in, f. (pl. -nen) priestess; -lid, adj. priestly, sacerdotal. Princip, n. (-8; pl. -ien) principle. Pring, m. (-en; pl. -en) prince. Pringeffin, f. (pl. -nen) princess. Prinzipal, m. (-\$; pl. -pale) principal, master, head of the firm. privilegiren, v. a. to privilege. privilegirt, adj. privileged, excepted. Privilegium, n. (-6; pl.-gien) privilege. Probe, f. (pl. -n) experiment, proof, probiren, v. a. to try, essay. [trial, test. Problem, n. (-es; pl. -e) problem. profitiren, v. n. to profit. Prolog, m. (-8; pl. -e) prologue. Prophet, m. (-en; pl. -en) prophet. prophetifd, adj. prophetical. Prophetengeist, m. prophetic spirit. prophezeihen, v. a. to prophecy. Profa, f. prose. prosaic, adj. prosaic. Prospect, m. (-es; pl. -e) prospect. Protector, m. (-\$; pl. -en) protector. Protestant, m. (-en; pl. -en) Protestant. protestantisch, adj. Protestant. Proving, f. (pl. -en) province. provincial, adj. provincial. prüfen, v. a. to try, examine, test. Prüfftein, m. (-es; pl. -e) touch-stone. Prüfung, f. (pl. -en) trial, examina-Preis, m. (-ses; pl. -se) prize; price; tion, probation.

-geben, v. n. to give up, expose

Psalm, m. (-e8; pl. -e) psalm. Publicum, Publicum, n. (-8) public. Pult, n. (-e8; pl. -e) desk.

Yulver, n. (-3) powder; -gang, m. [speck.

Quant. m. $(-\epsilon\delta; pl. -\epsilon)$ point, dot, Qupille, f. (pl. -n) pupil. [salis. Quant. f. (pl. -n) puppet, doll, chry-

Duppenfram, m. (-e\$) toys, doll-store.

Durpur, (m. -\$) purple, purple robe,
purpure.
[adorn.]

purpure. [adorn. puhen, v. a. to clear, wipe, dress, Puhaeman, n. dressing-room.

Sygmation, m. Pygmalion (eminent statuary of Cyprus). One of his ivory statues, the goddess of beauty, is said to have changed into a living being.

Pyramide, f. (pl. -n) pyramid. pyramidal.

Nython, Python (name of a monster serpent, slain by the shafts of Apollo).

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Quater, m. (-5; pl. -n) granite; -[trin, m. (-6; pl. -t) square stone, free stone.

Oual, f. (pl.-en) pain, torment. qualen, v. a. to torment, plague, Qualen, m. vapor, steam. [grieve. Quarter, n. (-3; pl. -c) quarters, lodging.

Duell(e), f. (pl. -n) spring, source, fountain; -maffer, n. spring-water. quellen, v. n. ir. to spring, arise, well, swell; —, v. a. to soak.

quer, adj. & adv. cross, oblique, traverse, across; — über, adv. over against, diagonally.

Quere, f. oblique direction; in bie
—, crossly; ber —, cross person.
quillen, see quellen.

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Rabbi, see Rabbiner. [priest. Rabbiner, m. (-3) rabbi, Jewish Rabe, m. (-11; pl. -11) raven, crow.

Rabenmutter, f. (pl. -mütter) unnatural mother, raven-mother.

Rade, f. vengeance, revenge; -gelübbe, f. oath of vengeance; -[dwert, n. sword of vengeance.

Rachen, m. (-3) jaws, mouth, abyss. rächen, v. a. to avenge, revenge.

Rächer, m. (-s) avenger.

Rad, n. (-e8; pl. Räder) wheel; spinning-wheel. [machinery.
Rädermerf, n. (-e8; pl. -e) wheelwork.

raffen, v. a. to huddle, snatch up; sid susammen—, to collect one's self, to rouse one's self. [tower. ragen, v. n. to project, stick out, Ragout, n. (-8; pl. -8) stew, ragout. Ranb, m. (-e8; pl. Ränber) edge,

border, rim, brim, brink, margin. Rang, m. (-ce; pl. Ränge) rank, place. Ränfe, f. tricks, artifices, intrigues. rafd, adj. quick, swift, rash, speedy. Rafdhett, f. swiftness, activity.

Rafen, m. (-8) turf, sod, greensward; —, v. n. to rave, to be delirious, furious, mad; to be noisy.

Raferei, f. (pl. -en) delirium, madness, raving.

raffeln, v. n. to rattle, clatter.

Raft, f. rest, repose; —Ind, adj. restraften, v. n. to rest, take rest. [less. Rath, m. (—cd; pl. Räthe) council, advice, deliberation; court of

aldermen, senate, member of a) recapituliren, v. a. to recapitulate. council: - scaffen, to devise means; einem um - fragen, to ask one's advice : -baus, n. (-fes: pl. -bäuser) city or town-hall : -mann. m. (-es; pl. -manner, or -leute) senator, assessor. [vise.

rathen, v. a. ir. to guess, counsel, ad-Räthsel, n. (-6) riddle, enigma, problem; -haft, adj. enigmatical, problematical, mysterious.

Raub, m. (-co) rapine, robbery, prey, booty : auf ben - hastily : -begierbe, f. rapacity, ravenousness. rauben, v. a. to rob, prey, plunder. Räuber, m. (-6) robber, highway-

man; -banbe, f. (pl. -n) gang of robbers; -ei, f. (pl. -en) robbery; -band, f. (pl. -bande) thievish hand.

Rauch, m. (-es) smoke, soot, fume; -, adi. rough, shaggy; -faß, n. censer, perfuming pan.

rauchen, v. a. & n. to smoke; reek. ranh, adi. rough, harsh, rude, coarse. Raum, m. (-es; pl. Räume) room, space, place ; - geben, to give way, indulge. Telear.

räumen, v. a. to clear away, remove, raunen, v. a. & n. to round, whisper.

Rauner, m. (-8) whisperer.

Raupe, f. (pl. -n) caterpillar. Raupengestalt, f. caterpillar form.

Rausch, m. (-es; pl. Räusche) drunkenness, inebriation.

rauschen, v. n. to rush, rustle, dash, to be turbulent; to thunder (of water, &c.).

Reaction, f. (pl. -en) reaction. Rebell, m. (-en; pl. -en) rebel. Rebellion, f. (pl. -en) rebellion.

Rechenschaft, f. (pl. -en) account : geben, to account for, render an account.

rechnen, v. a. & n. to count, calculate. reckon, cipher.

Rechnung, f. (pl. -en) account, bill, reckoning, score; auf etwas maden, to reckon upon a thing.

Recht, n. (-es; pl. -e) right, justice, law, privilege; (as fem. noun) right hand (80): -, adi. & adv. right(ly), straight, just, true, very ; - haben, to be in the right. to be right; -fertigen, v. a. to justify; -fertigung, f. (pl. -en) justification; -lid, adj. just, lawful, upright, honest: -mañia, adi. lawful, legitimate ; - schaffen, adi. just. honest, upright, righteous.

rechten, v. n. to contest, dispute, litigate, reckon, settle.

rechts, adv. at, to or from the right hand: -aclebrt, adi. learned in the law ; -aclebrte (ber), m. (-n; pl. -:) jurist. lawyer.

Rebe, f. (pl. -n) speech, discourse, oration; aur - feten, to bring to account; - steben, to call to account, to give account; bayon ift nicht bie -, that is not the ques-Course. tion.

reben, v. a. & n. to speak, talk, disreblid, adj. honest, fair, just.

Rebner, m. (-3) orator.

Reform, f. (pl. -en) reform.

Reformation, f. (pl. -en) reformation. reformiren, v. a. to reform.

rege, adj. stirred up, active; machen, to move, stir up ; - werben, to be excited.

ciple.

Regen, m. (-\$) rain ; —, v. a. to stir, move; -, v. r. to be stirring; -bady, m. (-es; pl. -bade) torrent; -bogen, m. (-8) rainbow; -wolfe, f. (pl. -n) cloud, threatening rain ; -wurm, m. (-es ; pl. -würmer) Diebergeburt. earth-worm. Regeneration, f. regeneration, regeneriren, v. a. to regenerate, renew. Regent, m. (-en; pl. -en) regent, governor; -fchaft, f. (pl. -en) regency. regieren, v. a. to rule, govern ; -, v. n. to reign. [reign.

Regierung, f. (pl. -en) government, Regiment, n. (-es; pl. -er) government, regiment. Itract.

Region, f. (pl. -en) region, district, regnen, v. a. & n. to rain.

regulär, adj. regular.

requliren, v. a. to regulate.

Reh, n. (-e8; pl. -e) roe, doe, deer.

Reich, n. (-es; pl. -e) empire, realm, kingdom; reign; --, adj. rich, opulent, wealthy; -begabt, adj. richly endowed; -lid, adj. abundant, plentiful, copious; -thum, m. -es; pl. -thumer) riches. opulence. wealth, abundance.

reichen, v. n. to extend to, to be sufficient; —, v. a. to reach, offer. Reihapfel, m. (-8) imperial globe. Reichejeinb, m. (-es; pl. -e) country's foe. [the empire. Reichofrieg, m. (-es; pl. -e) war of

Reicherath, m. (-es; pl. -rathe) council of the empire, senate. [empire. Reicheschmud, m. (-ce) jewels of the

Reichoverräther, m. (-d) traitor to the kingdom.

Regel, f. (pl. -n) rule, precept, prin- | Reicheversammlung, f. assembly of the states of the empire.

> Reichsverweser, m. (-3) administrator of the empire, regent.

> Reif, m. (-es; pl. -e) rime, hoarfrost (see Reifen, m.); -, adj. ripe. mature.

> Reifen, m. (-0) hoop, ring, edge; -, v. n. to grow ripe, ripen, mature; -, v. imp. to rime, make hoarfrost; -, v. a. to bring to ma-Reigen, see Reihen. [turity, mature. Reihe, f. (pl. -n) row, line, file. succession, turn, order; dance.

> Reihen, m. (-8) dance; —, v. a. to put in a row, string; -tang, m. (-es; pl. -tange) circular dance.

Reiher, m. (-s) heron.

Reim, m. (-es; pl. -e) rhyme; -los, adj. rhymeless: -weis(e), adv. in rhymes.

reimen, v. n. to rhyme, fit; -, v. a. to rhyme, make rhymes.

rein, adj. clean, pure ; -, adv. quite, entirely; -lefen, to pick out clean (all); ind Reine bringen, to clear, settle; -heit, f. cleanness, purity; -lit, adj. clean(ly), neat.

reinigen, v. a. to clean, cleanse, purify. Reis, n. (-fes; pl. -fer) twig, sprig, see Reifi.

Reise, f. (pl. -n) journey, voyage; -bericht, m. (pl. -e) account of a journey; -gelb, n. (-es; pl. -er) traveling-money. la vovage. reisen, v. n. to travel, journey, make Reisige (ber), m. (-n; pl. -n) or ein Reisiger, trooper, man - at - arms. Reis, m. (-es) rice.

Reißen, n. tearing, cutting pains; -, v. a. & n. ir. to tear, pull, drag;

split, rage; sketch, draw; -b, | Revier, n. (-8; pl. -e) district, quarpart. & adi. rapid. stormy, vehement, wild, furious. [horseback. reiten, v. a. & n. ir. to ride, go on Reiter, m. (-s) rider, horseman ; -ei, f. (pl. -en) cavalry, horse, mode of riding.

Reiteromann, m. (-ed) man on horseback, cavalryman, horseman, trooper.

Reiz, m. (-es; pl. -e) charm, attraction, irritation; -bar, adj. sensible, irritable.

reigen, v. a. to stimulate, excite, provoke, irritate, charm, entice.

Relation, f. (pl. -en) relation, report. Religion, f. (pl. -en) religion.

religiös, adj. religious.

Rennen, n. (-6) course, race ; ---, v. n. ir. to run, rush along, race.

Repräsentant, m. (-en; pl. -en) representative.

repräsentiren, v. a. to represent.

Republif, f. (pl. -en) republic. republifanisch, adj. republican.

Refpect, m. (-ed; pl. Refpectobezeugungen) homage, respect.

 $\Re \mathfrak{eft}$, m. $(-\mathfrak{eg}; pl.-\mathfrak{e})$ rest, residue, remainder. [eating-house.

Restauration, f. (pl. -en) restauration, retten, v. a. to save, preserve, deliver.

Retter, m. (-0) savior, deliverer.

Rettung, f. (pl. -en) deliverance, salvation.

Rettungezeit, f. season of redemption. Reue, f. repentance, remorse, regret. reuen, v. n. imp. to repent, rue, rereuig, adj. penitent, repenting. [gret. reumüthia, adj. remorseful, repentant. Reveille, f. reveille, tattoo at daybreak.

ter, section of country.

Revolution, f. (pl. -en) revolution. Revolutionscharafter, m. revolutionary character.

Revolutions; eit, f. revolutionary time. Rejept, n. (-es; pl. -e) receipt, prescription.

Rheinwein, m. (-es; pl.-e) Rhine-wine. Rhythmus, m. (pl. Rhythmen) rhythm.

Richt, n. (-ed) court of justice; -plat, m. (-es; pl. -plage) place of execution : - fonur, f. straight line. rule; -una, f. (pl. -en) aim, direction, course, turn.

Ridite, f. straight direction, straight line, row, range.

richten, v. a. to put upright, direct, arrange, adjust, aim, point; accommodate; execute; judge, condemn ; ine Berf -, to put into, practice; au Grunde -, to ruin; fich empor -, to rise up.

Richter, m. (-8) judge; -lich, adj. judicial.

riditig, adj. right, just, regular, correct ; - maden, to arrange ; es ift hier nicht -, this place is haunted. rieden, v. a. & n. ir. to smell, scent, perceive.

Riegel, m. (-3) rail, bar, bolt.

Riese, m. (-n; pl. -n) giant.

[mind. rieselnb, adj. murmuring. Riesengeist, n. (-co; pl. -er) gigantic riesengroß, adz. gigantic, giant-like.

Riesenstärfe, f. gigantic strength.

Ring, m. $(-e \circ; pl. -e)$ ring, circle, halo (around the moon).

Ringelreihn, -tang, m. circular dance. ringen, v. a. to wring, wrest; -, v. n. to writhe, struggle, wrestle, strive rinas, adv. in a circle, around : roffia, adi, rustv. -um, -umber, adv. all round.

rinnen, v. n. to run, flow, leak.

Rif, m. (-ifed; pl. -ife) tear, rent, fissure, crack, sketch, drawing.

Ritter, m. (-0) knight, chevalier, cavalier ; -gut, n. (-es; pl. -güter) estate; -handschuh, m. knight's gauntlet, glove; -lid, adj. knightly, chivalrous, brave, valiant; -(s)mann, m. knight; -that, f. heroic deed, feat of chivalry; -treue, f. fidelity, allegiance of a knight: -(\$)wort, n. word of a knight, word of honor; -wurbe, f. knighthood.

Rip, m. (-es; pl. -e); Ripe, f. (pl. -n) crack, chink, slit, fissure.

Robe, f. robe.

Coat. Rod, m. (-es: pl. Röde) coat, petti-Roden, m. (-6) distaff, see Roggen.

Roggen, m. (-\$) rye.

rob, adj. raw, rough, rude, uncultivated; -heit, f. (pl.-en) rawness, roughness, rudeness, barbarity, barbarousness.

Rolle, f. (pl. -n) roll, roller, register, catalogue, mangle, part, character. rollen, v. a. to roll, mangle, trundle.

 $\Re \mathfrak{m}$, n. $(-\emptyset)$ Rome. novel. Roman, m. (-e8; pl. -e) romance,

romantisch, adj. romantic. Romange, f. (pl. -n) romance, ballad.

Römer, m. (-Ø) Roman.

Rose, f. (pl. -n) rose.

Rosenhede, f. (pl. -n) hedge of roses. Rosenwange, f. (pl. -n) rosy cheek, cherry cheek.

rolidit, rolia, adj. rosy, roseate. $\Re \mathfrak{sg}, n.$ (- $\{fe\delta; pl. - \{fe\}\}\$ horse. roffen, v. n. to horse.

roth, adj. red, ruddy.

röthen, v. n. & a. to redden.

Rotte, f. (pl. -n) troop, band.

rud)los, adj. lawless, profligate.

Rudlosigseit, f. (pl. -en) profligate ness, frivolity, recklessness.

Rucken, m. (-6) back ; einem ben - ju . febren, to turn one's back ; -, v. n. to move, push, proceed, advance; -, v. a. to move, stir, push along. Rüdfall, m. (-ed; pl. -fälle) relapse.

Rüdhalt, m. (-to; pl. -t) restraint, reserve. Dack.

Rüdfehr, Rüdfunft, f. return, coming Rücksicht, f. (pl. Rücksichtsbezeugungen) regard, consideration.

Rudfichtelofigfeit, f. (pl. -en) regardlessness.

Rückstand, m. (-es; pl. -ftanbe) arrears. rüffmärts, adv. backwards, back.

Rüdweg, m. (-es; pl. -e) way back, return; auf bem -, on the way home.

Ruber, n. (-*) oar, rudder, helm. rubern, v. n. to row.

Ruf, m. (-es) reputation, fame; vocation, call; rumor.

rufen, v. n. & a. ir. to call, cry; lassen, to send for.

Rüge, f. (pl. -n) accusation, reproach, censure, trespass.

Rube, f. rest, repose, tranquillity; -tag, m. (-e8; pl. -e) day of rest.

ruhen, v. n. to rest, repose, sleep.

ruhig, adj. quiet, tranquil, calm, peaceable; serene.

Ruhm, m. (-e3) renown, fame, glory; -benierde, f. ambition ; -begierig, adi. ambitious ; -gierig, see -begies rig; -voll, see rühmlich.

v. r. to boast .

rübmlich, adi. glorious.

Rubr, f. flux, dysentery; rothe -, bloody flux. [affect. rühren, v. a. & n. to stir, move. touch.

rührig, adj. agile, nimble, stirring. Rührung, f. emotion, moving, sym-Ruine, f. (pl. -n) ruin. pathy. ruiniren, v. a. to ruin, break, destroy.

Rumor, m. (Ø) noise, hubbub. Rumpelfammer, f. lumber-chamber,

[hull (of a ship). lumber-room. Rumpf, m. (-es; pl. Rumpfe) trunk, runt, adj. round, rotund; -herum, -umber, round about, all around, Runbe, f. round, rounds, patrol. Rufland, n. Russia.

rüften, v. a. & r. to prepare, put in order, furnish, arm, equip.

rüftig, adj. stout, robust, vigorous.

Rüftung, f. (pl. -en) preparation, armament, armor, suit of armor, implements, tackling, crossbow. rütteln. v. a. to shake.

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Saal, m. (-es; pl. Säle) hall, saloon, room.

Saat, f. (pl. -en) seed; green corn, standing corn, cornfield, crop.

Sabbath, m. (-es; pl. -e) Sabbath; -ftille, f. silence of a Sabbath day: -tag, m. Sabbath-day. [fair.

Sache, f. (pl. -n) thing, matter, af-Sachsen, n. Saxony (kingdom in

Germany, with 2,343,994 inhab.)

faen, v. a. to sow.

Saft, m. (-ee; pl. Safte) juice, sap, liquor, fluid.

rühmen, v. a. to glorify, praise; -, | Sage, f. (pl. -n) saying, rumor, tradition, tale.

> fagen, v. a. & n. to say, tell, speak; Danf -, to return thanks : Lebemobil - to bid farewell.

> Saite, f. (pl. -n) string, chord. falariren, v. a. to give a salary to.

have in pay.

falben, v. a. to salve, anoint, embalm. Salz, n. (-es) salt.

Same(n), m. (-ns; pl. -n) seed; sperm; fry.

fammeln, v. a. to gather, collect, save; -, v. r. to meet together. assemble, compose one's self. Samm(e)t, m. (-\$) velvet.

Sammlung, f. (pl. -en) collection.

fammt, prep. together with; -, adv. Sand, m. (—cs) sand. [altogether. fanft, adj. soft, mild, gentle; -muth, f. softness, meekness.

Sänfte, f. (pl. -n) sedan-chair, litter, Sang, m. see Befang. [bard. Sänger, m. (-6) singer; minstrel, Sarg, m. (-es; pl. Särge) coffin.

Satan, m. (-8; pl. -e) Satan.

satanisch, adj. satanic.

Satangengel, m. prince of darkness. Satirifer, see Satyrifer.

Satrap, m. (-en; pl. -en) satrap.

fatt, adj. sated, satisfied, satiated, sufficient, enough, tired; -fam, adj. sufficient, abundant, enough. fättigen, v. a. to sate, satiate, satisfy. Sathre, f. (pl. -n) satire.

Satyrifer, m. (–8) satirist.

faturifd, adj. satiric, satirical.

fauber, adj. clean, pure, neat.

fäubern, v. a. to clean, cleanse, purify. fauer, adj. sour, acid, fatiguing.

Saule, f. (pl. -n) pillar, column.

Saum, m. (-es; pl. Saume) border, | Scham, f. shame, nakedness; -haft, edge, hem.

faumen, v. a. & n. to hem, border. edge, delay, tarry, stay, procrastinate, hesitate.

Säumer, m. (-8) beast of burden. fäuseln, v. n. to rustle, buzz, hum. fausen, v. n. to whistle, bluster, whiz. Scene, f. (pl. -n) scene.

Scepter, see Bepter.

Scha(a)f, n. ($-\epsilon \delta$; pl. $-\epsilon$) sheep.

Sha(a)r, f. (pl. -en) troop, band. legion.

schaarenweise, adv. in troops, in large bands.

Schachspiel, n. (-es; pl. -e) game at chess, set of chessmen.

Schabe(n), m. (-nø; pl. Schäben) damage, hurt, disadvantage, loss; -, int. pity ! es ift -, it is a pity. Schäbel, m. (-6) skull.

schaben, v. n. to injure, prejudice: -froh, adj. malignant, malicious. shablid, adj. hurtful, injurious.

Schäfer, m. (-3) shepherd; -in, f. (pl. -nen) shepherdess; -fleib, n. (-eø; pl. -er) shepherd's dress; -trift, f. (pl. -en) shepherd's pasturage.

Schaffen, v. a. & n. to effect, procure, contrive, do, create, work; aur Stelle —, to bring to the spot.

Schäflein, n. (dimin. of Schaf) little lamb, lambkin.

fc)al, adj. flat, insipid, hollow, empty, trivial. [cup.

Shale, f. (pl. -n) shell, peel, bowl, ídialen, v. a. to shell, peel.

Shall, m. (-co) sound, echo, noise.

schallen, v. n. to sound, resound. Schalten, v. n. to do, act, rule.

adi. modest, bashful.

idiamen, v. r. to be ashamed, blush. Schande, f. shame, ignominy, infamy : ju Schanben machen, to destrov. [violate.

schänben, v. a. to damage, dishonor. fantlia, adj. shameful, disgraceful, infamous, obscene; base.

Schanbthat, f. (pl. -en) deed of infamy, crime.

Schanie, f. (pl. -n) fort, redoubt, entrenchment, bulwark : in bie fdlagen, to risk.

(harf, adj. sharp, cutting, accurate, acute; -finn, m. (-es) sagacity, acuteness, penetration; -finnia, adj. sagacious, ingenious, keen.

Scharfe, f. sharpness, edge, strictness, acrimony.

fdärfen, v. a. to sharpen.

Schatten, m. (-8) shade, shadow: -reid), n. lower world; adj. shady, Mattig, adj. shady. [deeply shaded. Schat, m. (-es: pl. Schäte) treasure : store: sweetheart.

Schähbarkeit, f. estimableness.

schähen, v. a. to value, estimate, esteem, prize.

fchähereich, adj. rich in treasures.

Shau, f. view, inspection, show, spectacle; -plat, m. (-to; pl. -plage) scene, theater; -fpiel, n. (-¢¢; pl. -¢) spectacle, drama; -artig, adj. theatrical, dramatic: -er, m. (-∅) actor, player, performer.

Schauber, m. (-3) shuddering, horror; -voll, adj. horrible.

schaubern, v. n. to shudder, shiver. schauen, v. a. to look, view, behold. Schauer, m. (-8) chill, shuddering, | fcelten, v. a. & n. ir. to chide, up. shower, shelter, fear, horror, awe, terror; -haft, awful, horrid; -ia, adj. showery, shivering, sheltered, awful; -lid, adj. awful.

Chauern, v. n. & imp. to shudder. shake. frock.

fcaufcln, v. a. & n. to balance, swing, Schaum, m. (-ed) froth, foam, scum. schäumen, v. a. & n. to scum, skim. foam, froth.

ichaumig, adj. foamy, frothy.

Schecke, f. (pl. -n) piebald horse.

fdeel, adi. cross-eved.

Scheere, f. (pl. -n) scissors.

Coeren, v. r. used in the idiom "Bas icheert mich," ic., what do I care for, etc.

Scheibe, f. (pl. -n) round plate, roll, disk, pane, target; honey-comb.

scheiben, v. a. ir. to divide, separate, divorce; -, v. n. to withdraw. part, depart. fwall.

Scheibewand, f. (pl. -wände) partition, Scheibeweg, m. (-ed; pl. -e) cross-way. cross-road. Idivorce.

Scheidung, f. (pl. -en) separation, Sácin, m. (-ce) shine, lustre, splendor; appearance, show, certificate; -bar, adj. seeming, apparent, visible, specious.

scheinen, v. n. ir. to shine, appear, seem; reflect light, glisten.

Scheitel, m. (-8) top, vertex, crown (of the head).

scheitern, v. n. to be wrecked, founder. fchel, adj. oblique, envious, askance;

- seben, to be envious.

schellen, v. a. & n. ir. to ring a bell. Schellfisch, m. (-8; pl. -e) haddock. codling.

braid, rebuke, scold, call (bad names), curse.

Scheltwort, n. (-ce; pl. -c) invective. term of abuse.

Schemen, m. (-\$) shadow, phantom. Schenfel, m. (-6) thigh, shank, leg.

schenken, v. a. to fill, retail liquor: make a present of, present, give. Scherbe(n), m. (-no) potsherd, frag-

ment, vessel.

Schere, f. (pl. -n) shears, scissors, pair of scissors.

Scherk, m. (-es; pl. -e) joke, jest. Idergen, v. n. to jest, joke, sport.

Scherzer, m. (-8) jester, joker.

Scheu, f. shyness, timidity, aversion; -, adj. shy, timid.

scheuchen, v. a. to scare, frighten away.

scheuen, v. a. to shun, to be afraid of; -, v. r. to be shy, timid.

Scheune, f. (pl. -n) shed, barn.

schiden, v. a. to send, dispatch; -. v. r. to suit, to be fit, proper; --v. imp. & r. to come to pass.

Schidfal, n. (-3; pl. -e) fate, destiny, fortune.

Schicksalewechsel, vicissitudes. m. change of fortune.

Schickung, f. (pl. -en) divine ordinance, divine will.

schieben, v. a. ir. to shove, push, slide; Regel —, to play at nine-pins; bie Schulb auf einen -, to lay the blame upon one.

fchier, adv. quickly, almost.

Schießen, v. a. & n. ir. to shoot, discharge, carry off (a gun); dart; - lassen, to let go, let loose, discontinue (a person's association). Shiff, n. ($-\epsilon \delta$; p_{ℓ} . $-\epsilon$) ship, vessel. nave (of a church); zu - geben, to go aboard ; -brud, n. (-es; pl. -brüche) shipwreck. Isail.

schiffen, v. a. & n. to navigate, ship, Schiffer, m. (-8) captain, sailor, skipper, mariner.

Schilb, m. & n. (-es; pl. -e or -er) shield, buckler, escutcheon, plate. sign; -fnappe, m. shield-bearer; -made, f. (pl. -n) sentinel, sentry : -wach stehen, to stand sentry, to be upon duty.

schilbern, v. a. to paint, delineate, stand sentry.

Schilberung, f. (pl. -:n) delineation, description. Treflection.

Schimmer, m. (-\$) glimmer, glitter, schimmern, v. n. to glitter, glisten.

Schimpf, m. (-es) affront, insult; -lid, adj. insulting, disgraceful.

schimpfen, v. a. to affront, insult: call bad names.

Schirm, m. (-es; pl. -e) protection. umbrella, screen, shelter. fdirmen, v. a. to screen, shelter, pro-Schlacht, f. (pl. -en) battle, action, engagement, fight; -felb, n. (-es; pl. -er) field of battle; -orbnung, f. (pl. -en) battle-array; -pferd, $n. (-e \vartheta; pl. -e)$ battle-horse; -roft. n. (-ffee; pl. -ffe) charger; -ruf, m. (-es) battle-cry, signal.

schlachten, v. a. to slaughter, kill, butcher, slav.

Schlächter, m. (-3) butcher.

Schlaf, m. (-es) sleep, repose, temple; -befangen, adj. wrapt in sleep; -ge= mach, 10. (-es; pl. -mächer) bedchamber; -Ios, adj. sleepless; -rod, m. (-es; pl. -rode) bed-gown, Schleuber, f. (pl. -n) sling.

dressing-gown; -immer, n. (-0) bedroom, bed-chamber.

ichlafen, v. n. ir. to sleep, to be asleep. Schlag, m. (-es; pl. Schläge) blow, clap, beating, stroke, stamp; apoplexy; trap-door. wallet. Schlägel, m. (-0) beater, drum-stick, fálagein, v. a. to beat, strike.

ichlagen, v. a. & n. ir. to beat, strike, fell, throw, cast : -, v. r. to fight : au Boben - to knock down : bie Trommel -, to beat the drum.

Schlamm, m. (-es) mud, silt, slime.

Schlange, f. (pl. -n) snake, serpent. schlängeln, v. r. to wind, twist, pursue a serpentine course.

Schlangenhaar, n. snakes covering the head (of Medusa) instead of hair. shell.

Schlangentopf, m. (-es; pl. -föpfe) onyx Schlangengahn, m. (-es; pl. -jähne) serpent's tooth.

Schlangenzweifel, m. (-8) poisonous doubt, dangerous doubt.

falant, adj. slim, slender, of a good figure. Crafty.

jálau, adj. sly, cunning, shrewd, idiledit, adj. ill, mean, base, bad, miserable: -bin, adv. merely. plainly.

schleichen, v. n. ir. to move softly or secretly, sneak, creep, crawl, slink; -, v. a. to smuggle.

Schleicher, m. (-8) creeper, sneak.

Schleier, m. (-8) veil, pretence, cloak. schleißen, v. a. & n. ir. to slit, split.

Schlesien, n. Silesia (province of Prussia, has an area of 73,146 German square miles, and about 3,000,000 inhabitants).

98foleubern, v. a. to sling, fling, throw, hurl; -, v. n. to swing, dash, sell under value. foleunia, adj. quick, speedy, hasty. folicht, adi, plain, sleek, smooth. schlichten, v. a. to smooth plain, level, compose, settle. [position. Schlichtung, f. accommodation, comíchließen, v. a. & n. ir. to lock, shut, close, conclude, chain, fetter, ratify; in bie Arme —, to clasp in one's D.TITIS folimm, adj. bad, evil, ill, sad, unfortunate, wicked : -e Seiten, bad or hard times; -beutenb, adj. evildisposed. Schlinge, f. (pl.-n) snare, sling, loop. schlingen, v. a. & n. ir. to wind, entwine, swallow greedily, devour. Schloß, n. (- fee; pl. Schlöffer) castle, palace; lock, padlock, clasp. fclotteria, adj. slovenly, shaking, trembling. Schlottern, v. n. to hang loosely, dangle, wabble, tremble, shake, knock. Schlummer, m. (-6) slumber ; -faft, (-es ; pl. -fafte) potion. slumber-draught, narcotic. folummern, v. n. to slumber, sleep. Schlumpe, f. (pl. -n) slut, slattern. Schlund, m. (-es; pl. Schlünde) gulf. swallow, throat; gulf, abyss. schlüpsen, v. n. to slip, slide, glide, steal. scene.

Mülüpfrig, adj. slippery, wanton, ob-

schlürfen, v. a. to sip, sup.

Schlüffel, m. (-8) key.

grace, violation (p. 263); - bebingung, f. shameful condition. schmachten, v. n. to long for, languish. ichmäben, v. a. to revile, slander. fomal, adj. narrow, small. idmauden, v. a. & n. to smoke. Schmaus, m. (-fes : pl. Schmäuse) feast. banquet. [well. schmeden, v. a. & n. to taste, taste Schmeichelei, f. (pl. -en) flattery. idmeidelhaft, adj. flattering. schmeicheln, v. a. to flatter, caress. Schmeichler, m. (-8) flatterer, coaxer. schmeißen, v. a. ir. to smite, strike. dash, throw. Schmelz, m. (-es) enamel. schmelzen, v. a. & n. ir. to liquefy. smelt, melt, diminish, fuse. Schmer, m. (-es; pl. -en) pain, ache, smart, affliction, sorrow, trouble: -lid, adj. painful, grievous, afflicting; -los, adj. without pain. fomergen, v. a. & n. to give pain, pain, ache, hurt. Schmetterling, m. (-es; pl. -e) butter-[v. a. to dash. schmettern, v. n. to peel, crash; -, Schmieb, m. (-es; pl. -e) smith, blacksmith. [plan. schmieden, v. a. to forge, contrive. Schminfe, f (pl. -n) paint, rouge. Schmud, m. (-es) ornament, attire, dress; -Ivo, adj. unadorned, sim-[decorate, attire. schmücken, v. a. to adorn, ornament Schmut, m. (-ed) dirt, mud, smut, soil: filth. Schluß, m. (- schlüsse) end, schmußen, v. n. to soil, dirty. soiled. conclusion, resolution, decree, ter- famusig, adj. dirty, nasty, filthy, [mination. Schnalle, f. (pl. -n) buckle. Schmach, f. reproach, insult, dis- schnauben, v. a. to snort, puff. snuff.

Schnee, m (-3) snow, froth of Schramme, f. (pl. -n) scratch, slash. whipped milk and eggs; -bebedt, adi, covered with snow.

Sancide, f. (pl. -n) edge.

fdnell, adj. quick, swift, rapid.

Schnelligfeit, f. quickness, swiftness. Schnitter, m. (-8) cutter of corn,

reaper: -bütte, f. reaper's hut.

Schnit, m. (-es; pl. -e) slip, chop, cut. ídnüffeln, v. n. to snuffle, smell, snuff.

Schnur, f. (pl. Schnure) lace, string, line, cord, slide.

schnüren, v. a. to lace, cord.

Scholar, m. (-en; pl. -en) scholar. pupil. driftier.

Scholle, f. (pl. -n) clod, plaice, fdon, adi, already, in time.

fcon, adi. handsome, beautiful, fine, fair, beauteous.

fconen, v. n. to spare, preserve, save, to be merciful.

Schönheit, f. (pl. -en) beauty, fairness, fineness, handsomeness.

Schonung, f. (pl. -en) forbearance, sparing.

Scho(v)ğ, m. (-es; pl. Schöße) lap, bosom, womb; fig. place of rest and security; in Gottes -, under the care of God. Thead.

Schopf, m. (-es; pl. Schöpfe) top, tuft, ichöpfen, v. a. to draw (water, &c.).

Schöpfer, m. (-v) creator, maker;

Schöpfung, f. (pl. -en) creation.

drawer of water.

Schornstein, m. (-es; pl. -e) chimney.

Schoß, m. (-es; pl. Schösse) shoot, sprig, scot, lax, story.

schossen, v. n. to shoot out, up or forth; -, v. a. to pay scot.

Schöfling, m. (-ed; pl. -e) offspring, offshoot, sprig.

Schranke, f. (pl. -n) bar, rail, lists. bounds, limits.

Schraube, f. (pl. -n) screw.

Schred(en), m. (-e(n)&) terror, fright. consternation, fear, alarm; -haft, adj. terrific, fearful, timid: -lid. adj. terrible, horrible, frightful; -en, v. a. to frighten, affright, ternify; -keit, f. time of terror.

Schreckensasttin, f. inspiring goddess. Schredensmond, m. moon of terror.

Schredensnähe, f. dreaded presence.

Schreckenostunde, f. dreaded hour, hour of terror.

Schrei, m. shriek, cry, scream.

Schreibart, f. (pl. -en) style.

Schreiben, n. (-8) letter, epistle. writing; -, v. a. ir. to write.

Schreiber, m. (-\$) writer, copvist. scribe, clerk, secretary.

Schreibzeug, n. (-es; pl. -e) writing material, inkstand.

fcreien, v. n. ir. to shriek, cry, scream. ichreiten, v. n. ir. to stride, step, walk.

Schrift, f. (pl. -en) writing, writ, scripture; beilige -, holy writ, Bible: -lid, adi. written: -stelle= rifd), adj. literary, as an author.

Schritt, m. (-es; pl. -c) stride, step. pace; einen - thun, to take a step. idroff, adj. rugged, steep, harsh. [to intimidate. rough. fdudtern, adj. shy, timid ; - maden,

South, m. (-e3; pl. -e) shoe, foot.

Sould, f. (pl. -en) guilt, culpability, crime ; fault, debt, cause ; - frin. to be the cause of; - geben, to accuse; -Ioo, adi guiltless; -Iofigfeit, f. innocence, guiltlessness; -voll, adj. guilty, culpable.

scount of debts.

foulbig, adj. guilty, obliged, due, indebted; — frin, to owe.

Schule, f. (pl. -n) school.

Schüler, m. (-8); -in, f. (pl. -nen) scholar, pupil. [money.

Shulgelb, n. (-ee; pl.-er) schooling-Shulgelehrte (ber) m. (-n: pl. -n. or

Shulgelehrte (ber) m. (-n; pl. -n, or ein -r) scholar.

Schulmeister, m. (-8) school-master.

Schulter, f. (pl. -n) shoulder.

foultern, v. a. to shoulder, place on one's back. [maker.

Schuhmacher, m. (-3) -meister, shoe Schuffe, m. (-n; pl. -n) knave, rogue,
 scoundrel, villain,

fchurfish, adj. knavish, rascally.

Schurz, m. (-ed; pl. -e); Schürze, f. (pl. -n) apron. [up.

fhür;en, v. a. to tie, knit, tie up, truss Shuß, m. (-|sed; pl. Shuss) shot, shoot, report, throw, gun. [bowl.

Schussel, f. (pl. -n) dish, platter, Schuster, m. (-8) see Schuhmacher.

South, m. (-co) rubbish, ruins, refuse, mound.

shütteln, v. a. to shake, stir.

schütten, v. a. to shake out, pour forth, shed, cast.

South, m. (-e) defence, protection; shelter; -engel, m. (-e) guardian angel; -ort, m. place of refuge.

கூற்புடி, m. (pl. -n) shooter, marksman, shot, guard, archer, bowman

f.jüßen, v. a. to protect, guard, shelter, defend; -regel, f. regulations for shooting.

Shuber, m. see Befduber.

ib v.i.h, adj. weak, feeble, delicate,

infirm; -heit, f. (pl.-en) weakness, infirmity, frailty. [ness.

Schmächt, f. (pl. -n) weakness, feebleschmächt, v. a. to weaken, debilitate, enfeeble, enervate: deflower.

fdmädlid, adj. weak, feeble, infirm. Sdmädling, m. (-te; pl. -t) weakly person, imbecile. [dron.

Schwadren, f. (pl. –en) troop, squa-Schwager, m. (–8; pl. Schwäger)

brother-in-law, postilion.

Schwäher, see Schwiegervater.

Schwalbe, f. (pl. -n) swallow.

Schwalg, Schwald, m. (-es; pl. -e) opening in the furnace, by which the flame goes in upon the metal; billow, wave, pharynx.

Schwan, m. (–e8; pl. Schwäne) swan. Schwanenbett, n. down-bed.

schwanger, adj. pregnant.

(dynanten, v. n. to waver, fluctuate, vacillate, to be irresolute, uncertain, stagger, hesitate; —, v. a. to agitate, wave; rinse.

Schwänling, m. (-0; pl. -e) cygnet.

Schwanz, m. (–ce; pl. Schwänze) tail, train. [swarm, crowd. Schwarm, m. (–ce; pl. Schwärme)

fcmärmen, v. n. to swarm, wander, riot; rave.

Schwärmer, m. (-@) reveler, rocket;
-rotte, f. (pl. -n) sect or set of
fanatics or bigots. [fanaticism.
Schwärmerei, f. (pl. -en) enthusiasm,
Schwarz, n. black color; —, adj.
black, dark, gloomy.

Schwärze, f. blackness, swarthiness. schwärzen, v. a. to black, blacken.

former, v. n. to float, hover, soar, to be suspended, to be impendent; in Grahr —, to be in danger.

Schweben, n. Sweden.

fdwebifd, adj. Swedish.

Schwesel, m. (-1) brimstone, sulphur. Schweis, m. (-13; pl. -1) tail, train. schweisen, v. n. to ramble, wave; —,

v. a. to furnish with a tail.

[chweifig, adj. with a tail. [yard. Schweifig, f. (prov.) herd, flock, farm-Schweigen, n. (-\$) silence; —, v. n. ir. to be silent, keep still, to be hushed, keep a sceret.

Schwein, n. (-es; pl. -e) hog, pig, swine. [moisture, toil.

Schweiß, m. (-ed) sweat, perspiration,

shwelgen, v. n. to banquet, feast, carouse, revel, riot.

Schwelle, f. (pl. -n) threshold.

fcmellen, v. n. ir. to swell, raise; —, v. a. to cause to swell.

figure, adj. heavy, weighty, hard, difficult; -lid, adj. hardly, scarcely; -muth, f. low spirits, melancholy; -muthig, adj. dejected, sad, melancholy; -muth(3)voll, adj. full of melancholy, sad.

Schwere, f. (pl. -n) gravity, weight, heaviness, difficulty.

Simert, n. (-es; pl. -er) sword; -bewaffnet, adj. armed with a sword;
-fhlag, m. (-es; pl. -fhläge); -fireiß,
m. (-es; pl. -e) stroke or blow
with a sword.

Schwester, f.(pl.-n) sister; -lid, adj. & adv. sisterly.

Schwiegermutter, f. (pl. -mütter) mother-in-law. [in-law. Schwiegersohn, m. (-e8; pl. -söhne son-Schwiegervater, m. (-8; pl. -väter) father-in-law.

schwierig, adj. hard, difficult. Schwimmen, v. n. ir. to swim, float. Schwindel, m. (-6) giddiness.

fininhelm, v. n. to be giddy, dizzy;
—, v. a. to make giddy, humbug.
fininhen, v. n. to vanish, disappear,
die away, diminish, dry up, become thin.

Schwinge, f. (pl. -n) swing, fan, wing; (in the plural) wings, pinions, vibrations, swingings; —, v. a. ir. to swing; —, v. r. to rise up, soar, mount.

schwirren, v. n. to whir, chirp.

familien, v. n. to sweat, perspire; —, v. a. to cause to sweat.

impren, v. a. & n. ir. to swear, vow, promise solemnly, take an oath.

ídmül, adj. close, sultry, hot.

Schwüle, f. sultriness.

Schwung, m. (-es; pl. Schwünge) swing, soaring, vibration, motion, enthusiasm, extasy (p. 95).

Schwur, m. (-ee; pl. Schwüre) swearing, oath, solemn vow.

Sclave, see Sflave.

Sclaventugend, f. slavish virtue.

Scrupel, see Sfrupel.

Sculptur, f. sculpture.

seche, adj. six.

fedhete, adj. sixth. fedhethet, adj. sixteen.

Secretar, m. (-8; pl. -e) secretary.

Sette, f. (pl. -n) sect. [lake.
See, f. (pl. -n) sea; m. (-e8; pl. -en)
Setle, f. (pl. -n) soul; mind, pith
(of a quill); Fest aller Seelen, All
Soul's day. [plication, prayers.
Seelenstehen, n. heartfelt, earnest supSeelenstehen, f. peace of soul or mind.
Seelenstast, f. power of the soul,
faculty of the mind. [mind.
Seelensuhe, f. tranquillity of soul or

sail ; unter - geben, to set sail. segeln, v. n. & a. to sail.

Segen, m. (-c) benediction, blessing. bliss; -buftenb, adj. blessing; -(8) fraft, f. blessed power; -reich, adj. rich in blessing, blissful; -(0)tranf, m. blessed draught; -voll, adj. blissful. Ttion. feanen, v. a. to bless, utter a benedicsepen, v. n. & a. ir. to see, view, look upon; gern -, to like, approve; fid - laffen, to appear, come forth, permit one's self to be seen.

Seber, m. (-0) prophet, seer ; -auge, n. prophetic eve.

Schne, f. (pl. -n) sinew, nerve, tendon, chord.

Schnen, n. longing, desire, ardent wish; -, v. r.to long (for), desire. schnlid, adi. longing earnestly, desirous; -, adv. eagerly, earnestly.

Schnsucht, f. earnest longing. febnfüchtig, see febnlich.

fehr, adv. very, much, greatly.

Seibe, f. silk ; Nah-, f. sewing-silk.

Seil, n. (-es; pl.-e) rope, cord, band.

Sein, n. (-0) being, existence; -, pron. his, of him, &c.; -, v. n. ir. to be, exist; ba -, to exist; bahin -, to have passed, vanished, disappeared.

feit, prep. since; -bem, adv. since; -märte, adv. sidewards, aside; langer Beit, for a long time, long ago.

Seite, f. (pl. -n) side, page ; von ber -, sideways; auf bie -, aside, Sefte. see Secte. [apart. felber, see felbft. Tone.

Segel, n. (-3) sail; große —, main | selbst, pron. self, personality, ego: -, adv. even; id) -, I myself: -beherrichung, f. self-command, selfcontrol : -erfenntnif, f. self-knowledge; -aefühl, n. (-es) conscious dignity (p. 95); -heit, f. selfishness; - fuct, f. egotism, selfishness; -vergeffen, v. ir. & sep. to forget one's self : -ufrieben, adi. contented.

> felig, adj. happy, blessed, deceased; -feit, f. (pl. -en) blessedness, blissfulness, beatitude, happiness. felten, adj. rare; -, adv. seldom.

> seltsam, adj. singular, strange, peculiar, wonderful.

> senben, v. a. ir. to send (forward); nach Jemanbem -, to send for.

> sensen, v. a. to let down, sink, decline, lay plants; sid -, to sink. fentimental, adj. & adv. sentimental, sentimentally.

Sentimentalität, f. sentimentality.

Seraph, m. (-8 pl. -e) seraph ; -im, seraphim.

Seffel, m. (-*) chair, stool, seat.

fegen, v. a. to set, put, place, lay, supply, compose: - auf, to set upon, venture; -, v. n. to leap; -, v. r. to seat one's self, sit down. perch, settle.

Seper, m. (-8) compositor.

Seuche, f. (pl. -n) contagious disease Seufier, m. (-8) sigh, ejaculation.

fich, pron. one's self, himself, &c. Sichel, f. (pl. -n) sickle.

sider, adj. sure, secure, safe; -hi!, f. (pl. -cn) safety, security, sure ty; -lid, adj. surely, certainly. fichern, v. a. to secure. [dent.

felbiger, -e, -es, pron. the same, that fightfor, adj. visible, manifest, evi-

Sieb, n. (-es; pl. -e) sieve.

fieben, v. a. to shift, bolt, garble ; -, adj. seven ; eine bose -, a shrew, scold : -fat, -faltig, adj. sevenfold : -te, adi. seventh.

Siebenbürgen, Transylvania, province of Austria. seventeenth. fiebβehn, adj. seventeen; -te, adi. siebzig, adj. seventy.

sieben, v. a. & n. ir. to seethe, boil. Sieg, m. (-es; pl. -e) victory; -ge= frönt, part. & adj. crowned with victory ; -verfündend, part. & adj. announcing victory : -reid, adj. victorious, triumphant.

Siegel, n. (-0) seal.

flegen, v. n. to conquer, triumph. Sieger, m. (-3) conqueror, victor. Siegesblid, m. triumphant look. Siegesfreub, f. triumphal victory. Siegesfrucht, f. spoils of war.

Siegesgott, m. god of victory. Siegestuhm, m. glory of war, mar-

tial fame. [victory.

Siegeszeichen, n. (-s) trophy, sign of fiebe! int. see! lo! behold!

Silber, n. (-0) silver ; -grau, adj. silver-gray; -groschen, m. (-3) silvercoin, groat; -hell, adj. silvery; -helle Stimme, -heller Rlang, silvery voice or sound; -quelle, f. silvery spring; -firom, m. silvertide; -meiß, adj silvery white; -wolfe, f. silvery cloud.

fingen, v. n. & a. to sing, chant. Singer, m. (-3) singer.

finfen, v. n. ir. to fall, sink; laffen, to let down or lose : -, v. a. to sink a shaft.

Sinn, m. $(-\mathfrak{e}\mathfrak{F}; pl. -\mathfrak{e})$ sense, mind, feeling, opinion, import; -bilb, n. (-ed) emblem, symbol; -bilblich. adi. allegorical: -lid, adi. sentient, sensual, worldly; -lichfeit, f. (pl. -en) sensuality; -log, adi. senseless, mad, irrational: adv. irrationally; -reid, adj. ingenious; -spruch, m. (-es ; pl. -spruche) sentence, motto; -verwirrenb, adj. bewildering, befooling.

Sinnen, n. thought; -, v. n. ir. to think, ponder, meditate; -welt, f. external world, world of sense, phenomenal world.

Sire, Sire, Sir (addressed to a person of high rank).

Sitte, f. (pl. -n) custom, usage, morals, manners. Idiscreet. fittfam, adj. well-behaved, modest, Sig, m. (-es; pl. -e) seat, residence; - ber Berricher, capital.

figen, v. n. ir. to sit, rest; fit, to be imprisoned; - laffen, to abandon. Stalbe, m. (-n; pl. -n) old Scandinavian poet, scald.

Sfigge, f. (pl. -n) sketch.

ffizziren, v. a. to sketch.

Stlave, m. (-n; pl. -n) slave.

Sflavenbande, f. (pl. -n) shackles, slave. [dom.

Sflaverei, f. (pl. -en) slavery, thralflavist, adj. slavish.

Strupel, m. (-0) scruple.

so, adv. & conj. thus, if, so, as, in such a manner; - aud, with adjectives or adverbs, however, e. g. - groß aud, however great; balb (als), as soon as; -bann, adv. then; -fort, adv. immediately; -gar, adv. even, but, also; -genannt, adj. so-called; -aleid, adv. immediately; nun-gleid, thus, then;

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fo? indeed? -wie or -wohl, als | Sorge, f. (pl. -n) care.
  audi, as well as.
Sohle, f. (pl. -n) sole, sill, salt-
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water : bis auf bie -, down to the very soles of his feet (78).

Sobn, m. (-ed; pl. Söhne) son. Sobnespflicht, f. filial duty. Söbnlein, dimin. of Sobu.

soldenfalls, adv. in such a case. folder, -e, $-\phi$, pron, such, the same.

Sold, m. (-es) pay. Solbat, m. (-en; pl. -en) soldier.

follen, v. n. ir. to be obliged, shall, owe, to be, to be said to.

Sommer, m. (-\$) summer. fonath, adv. thereto, accordingly.

Sonbe, f. (pl. -n) probe.

fonder, adj. separate, distinct, particular; -, prep. without; -bar, adj. strange, singular; -lid, adj. particular; adv. especially; -Iing, $m. (-\emptyset; pl. -e)$ singular person, strange fellow. -, conj. but. fondern, v. a. to separate, sunder;

Sonne, f. (pl. -n) sun. Sonnenbahn, f. (pl. -en) course of the sun; fig. path of virtue, glorious career.

Sonnenbrand, m. (-ed) sun-burning. Sonnenferne, f. (pl. -n) distance between solar systems, aphelion.

fonnenhell, adj. bright as the sun. very evident. [light.

Sonnenschein, m. (-ed) sunshine, sun-Sonnenstäubchen, n. (-8) atom, mote.

Sonnenstrahl, m. (-es: pl. -en) ray of the sun. sun-beam.

fonnia, adj. sunny.

Sonntag, m. (-es; pl. -e) Sunday. foult, adv. else, otherwise, formerly. Sophisma, n. (pl. Sophismen) sophism. | fpeifen, v. n. to eat, dine, sup ; -,

forgen, v. n. & a. to fret, to be anxious, worry, care, mind, take care : sorrow : -voll, adj. sorrow-Sorafalt, f. care, carefulness. fful. forgfältig, adj. careful, diligent.

forgfam, adj. anxious, mindful, careful.

ipaben, v. n. & a. to spy, pry, explore. Spaber, m. (-d) spy; -tritt, m. prying

spalten, v. a. & n. to split, cleave, di-Spange, f. (pl. -n) buckle, clasp, bracelet.

spannen, v. a. to stretch, strain, extend, span; -, v. n. to listen eagerly; ben Bogen -, to bend the bow, take aim.

Spannung, f. (pl. -en) extension, tension, quarrel.

fparen, v. a. to spare, save.

Sparer, m. (-\$) saver, sparer.

spare, parsimonious. Sparren, m. spar, rafter ; einen - ju viel haben, to be crazy.

sparsam, adj. saving, economical, fru-Spaff, m. (-es: pl. Späfe) jest, joke, spät, adj. & adv. late. [fun, sport. spagieren, v. a. to walk leisurely, go

for pleasure: - achen, to take a walk.

Spaziergang, m. (-es; pl. -gange) walk. Specerei, f. (pl. -en) spice, ointment. Speer, m. (-es; pl. -e) spear, lance. Speiche, f. (pl. -n) spoke.

Speicher, m. (-d) store, granary, corn-loft; warehouse.

speien, v. n. & a. ir. to spit, vomit.

Speise, f. (pl. -n) food, meat, nour ishment, victuals.

v. a. to feed, entertain at table, spotten, v. n. & a. to mock, deride. nourish.

Spenden, v. a. to distribute, deal out. Sperling, m. (-es; pl. -e) sparrow.

ferren, v. a. to bar, stop, barricade, close up; auf-, to open widely; v. r. to struggle against, resist.

Spezerei, see Specerei.

Sphäre, f. (pl. -n) sphere.

Spiegel, m. (-8) looking-glass, mirror : -fluth, f. clear stream.

Spicacin. v. n. to shine, reflect, glitter: -, v. r. to reflect one's image from a mirror, to take as an example.

Spiel, n. (-es; pl. -e) play, game, gambling ; -aciell, m. (-en; pl. -en) play-fellow; -mann, m. (-es; pl. -leute) musician, fiddler.

frielen, v. a. & n. to play, trifle, game, gamble.

Spieß, m. (-es; pl. -e) spear, lance; -ruthe, f. (pl. -en) switch, gauntlet; -(n) laufen, to run the gauntlet.

Spinnengewebe, n. (-6); Spinnwebe, f. cobweb, spider's web.

spinnen, v. n. & a. ir. to spin.

Spip, m. (-es; pl. -e) wolf-dog; ---, adj. pointed; -findig, adj. & adv. cunning, deep, subtle, crafty, keen

Spițe, f. (pl. -n) point, top, lace; an ber -, at the head; an ber stehen, to be at the head.

fpipen, v. a. to point, clip ; bie Ohren -, to prick up the ears.

Sporn, m. (-ed; pl. -en & Sporen) spur. fpornen, v. a. to spur, put on spurs, stimulate, urge.

Spott, m. (-co) mockery, scorn, irony.

scoff, ridicule. ftongue.

Sprache, f. (pl. -n) speech, language, ipractice, adj. speechless.

Sprachverwirrung, f. corruption of language, confusion of tongues. Sprechart, f. (pl. -en) idiom, dialect. sprechen, v. a. & n. ir. to speak, pro-

nounce, discourse, say; gut von einem -, to speak well of one.

Spreiten, v. a. to spread.

forengen, v. a. & n. to scatter, sprinkle water, burst open, blow, ride, [erb, saying (by-word). gallop. Sprichwort, n. (-es; pl. -wörter) provfpringen, v. n. ir. to spring, leap, hop, jump, crack, burst.

spriben, v. a. & n. to spirt, spatter, spout, sprinkle, syringe Inate. fproffen, v. n. to sprout, shoot, germi-Sprößling, m. (-&; pl. -e) sprout, shoot, scion. Sentence. Spruch, m. (-es; pl. Spruche) saving, fbrubeln, v. a. to bubble, sputter, sparkle.

fprühen, v. n. to drizzle, emit sparks, -, v. a. to spread.

spülen, v. a. to wash, rinse.

Spur, f. (pl. -en) track, vestige, trace, rut.

fpürbar, adj. traceable, perceivable. spüren, v. a. & n. to track, trace, search, perceive.

Staat, m. (-es; pl. -en) state, pomp. Staateaction, f. public funds, stocks. Staatsform, f. form of fashion of Thar (of metal). state.

Stab, m.(-es; pl. Stabe) staff, stick, Stachel, m. (-8; pl. -n) sting, prick, prickle, thorn, goad, tongue (of a buckle); -beere, f. (pl.-n) goosepiercing speech or word, sarcasm.

Stabt, f. (pl. Stabte) town, city.

Stahl, m. (-ed) steel; -bebedt, adj. flählen, v. a. to steel. [clad in armor. flählern, adj. made of steel.

Stall, m. (-es; pl. Ställe) stable, stall ; -fnecht, m. (-es; pl. -e) hostler, groom; -meister, m. (-6) master of the horse, riding-master. equerry.

Stamm, m. (-es; pl. Stämme) stem, trunk (of a tree), stock, race (in heraldry, family-tree); -gut, n. (-es; pl. -quter) hereditary property.

stammen, v. n. to originate, descend. stämmen, v. a. to stem, dam; v. n. to resist.

Stämpel, see Stembel.

stamper. stamping,

Stampfe, f. (pl. -n) flampfen, v. n. & a. to stamp; beat.

Stant, m. (-es; pl. Stande) stand, state, condition, station, position, attitude ; -punft, m. (-co; pl. -e) point of view, station; - halten, to make a stand, stand firm, hold place, maintain one's ground; ;u Stande bringen, to bring about ; ju Stanbe fommen, to be achieved : im Stande fein, to be able.

Stänbe, f. the States-general; chambers of deputies.

Ständom, n. (-3) serenade.

Stanbeeffleib, n. dress worn by persons of rank, court-dress.

Stapel, m. (-3) stake, heap, pile, emporium, staple, warehouse, mart ; vom - laffen, to launch.

flarf, adi. strong, stout, robust. sturdy, vigorous; thick, corpulent. | fleigen, v. n. ir. to mount, ascend,

berry; -wort, n. (-e3; pl. -e) | Stärfe, f. strength, stoutness, force; starch.

> flarr, adj. stiff, rigid, fixed, inflexible. starren, v. n. to be stiff, run cold, grow numb; stare.

> Starrfopf, m. (-es; pl. -fopfe) stubborn person. [born, obstinate. flarrföpfig, adj. headstrong, stubflät, adj. fixed, unmoved.

> Statt, f. place, stead ; -haben or -finden, to have or take place: -finden laffen, to concede; an feiner -, in his stead; -, prep. instead of, in lieu of; -lid, adj. stately, portly, magnificent, splendid.

Stätte, f. (pl.-n) place.

Statüe, f. (pl. -n) statue.

Staub, m. (-es) dust, powder ; -wolfe, f. (pl. -n) cloud of dust.

staubig, adj. dusty.

Staube, f. (pl.-n) shrub, bush.

staunen, v. n. to be astonished, stare. steden, v. a. & n. to prick, sting, pierce.

steden, v. n. to stick, stick fast, to be fixed; -, v. a. to stick, fix, plant, put ; - bleiben, to stick fast, hesitate; to be stumped; in Brand -, to set on fire; - laffen, to abandon; zu sich -, to put into one's pocket.

stehen, v. n. ir. to stand, remain, to be : - bleiben, to stand still, stop ; stehenben Fußes, upon the spot, without delay, immediately; für, to be responsible or answerable or to youch for.

stehlen, v. a. ir. to steal, rob, pilfer. Steige, f. (pl. -n) ladder, stair-case, steps, score.

rise, increase : hinab-, hinunter-, to descend. bid, increase. fleigern, v. a. to raise the price, out-Stein, m. (-es; pl. -e) stone, rock kernel, man (in draught and chess); -frucht, f. (pl -früchte) stone-fruit; -funbe, f. lithology; -obft, n. (-ce) see Steinfrucht. fleinern, adj. stone, stony, built of fixinia, adj. stony, of stone. [stone. Sicif, m. (-ed) buttocks, rump. Sielle, f. (pl. -n) place, stand, spot; passage (in a book); auf ber -, on the spot, immediately. flellen, v. a. to put, place, set ; sid -, to appear ; sufrieben -, to appease, satisfy; frei -, to leave a free choice; auf bie Probe -, to try. Stellung, f. (pl. -en) position, situation, attitude. ftemmen, see stämmen. [mint). Stempel, m. (- \emptyset) stamp, die (at the Stengel, m. (-3) stalk, blade, stem. Sterbebett, m. (-es) deathbed. Sterbeglode, f. funeral-bell. Sterbefleid, n. (-es; pl. -er) windingsheet. hvmn. Sterbelieb, n. (-es; pl. -er) funeralsterben, v. n. ir. to die, expire. sterblich, adj. mortal, perishable. Stern, m. (-es; pl. -e) star, (im Auge) pupil, asterisk; -bilb, n. (-es; pl. -er) constellation; -den, n. (-3) little star, asterisk; -beutung, f. (pl. -en) astrology; -enbahn, f. (pl. -en) starry orbits; -enwelt, f. starry world. flets, adv. continually, always, ever.

age; -, f. (pl. -n) contribution,

tax; -mann, m. (-es; pl. -leute)

mate; -funft, f. navigation; -ruber, n. (-0) helm, rudder. fleuern, v. a. & n. to steer, pilot, check, control, contribute: prevent. stief, in comp. step; -finb, n. stepchild; -mutter, f. step-mother; -fdmeffer, f. step-sister, half-sister. -lohn, m. step-son; -tochter, f. stepdaughter : -vater, m. step-father. Stiege, f. (pl. -n) stair, ladder ; road. stieren, v. n. to stare, look amazed. stiften, v. a. to tack, found, institute, establish, cause, excite. fliff(e), adj. still, quiet, calm; -, int. peace! -halten, to keep still or quiet: - sometiaen, to be silent: n. (-s) silence; -fdmeigenb, adj. silent, understood; -fdweigenbe, adv. in silence, without speaking; -ftanb, m. (- ϕ) cessation, suspension ; -ftehen, to stop, stand quietly, keep still or quiet. Stille, f. stillness, quietness, tranquillity, silence. Stimme, f. (pl. -n) voice, vote. stimmen, v. n. to sound, tune; -, v. a. to tune; vote. Stimmrecht, n. right of voting. Stimmung, f. (pl. -en) tune, disposition, humor. [front. Stirn(e), f. (pl. -en) forehead, brow, Stod, m. (-es; pl. Stode) stock, stick, staff, walking-stick, block. Stoff, m. (-es; pl. -e) stuff, matter. ftöhnen, v. n. to groan. stumbling. ftolpern, v. a. to stumble. [bergen. Steuer, n. (-8) rudder, helm, steer-Stollberger, m. a native of Stoll-

Stoly, m. (-ed) pride, haughtiness;

-, adj. proud, haughty.

ftolgiren, v. a. to be proud, boast, strut. [a pipe, dam; darn. ftopfen, v. a. to stuff, stop, cork, fill ftören, v. n. to stir, disturb, rummage; —, v. a. to interrupt.

ftörrig, adj. sturdy, stubborn, inflexible.

Stoβ, m. (-es; pl. Stöße) thrust, push, hit, kick; shock; brunt; pile.

ftogen, v. a. ir. to thrust, push, strike, butt, kick, throw, cast, pound; sid an etwas —, to take offence at something; —, v. n. to push against, strike against, join; gu-, to join. [guilty.

ftrafbar, adj. punishable, culpable, Strafc, f. (pl. -n) punishment, chastisement, mulct, fine.

ftrafen, v. a. to punish, chastise, rebuke; einen Lügen —, to give a person the lie.

ftraff, adj. stretched, extended, tense. ftrafios, adj. unpunished, guiltless.

Strafi, m. (-es; pl. -en) flash, beam, ray. [rays, radiate, beam. ftrafien, v. a. & n. to shine, emit

Stranb, m. (-e0; pl. -e) strand, shore, beach.

Strang, m. (-ed; pl. Stränge) rope, cord; zum — verurtheilen, to condemn to the gallows. [way.

Straße, f. (p¹. -n) road, street, high-Strauben, n. (-3) resistance; —, v. a. to stand on end, bristle; —, v. r. to bristle up, oppose, resist.

Strauch, m. (-es; pl. Sträucher) bush, shrub. [stumble.

ftraucheln, v. n. to trip in walking, Strauß, m. (-eð; pl. Sträuße) nosegay; strife, conflict; fight, ostrich.

ftolgiren, v. a. to be proud, boast, Sträußlein, n. nosegay, little bouquet strut. [a pipe, dam; darn.]

Streber, f. (pl. -n) shore, prop, stay, Streben, n. (-3) effort; --, v. n. to strive, struggle, resist, aspire (to).

Sirefe, f. (pl. -n) extent, tract, space.

frecen, v. a. & n. to stretch, extend; Bassen —, to lay down arms; zu Boben —, to strike to the ground.

Streich, m. (-e8; pl. -e) blow, stroke, lash, trick.

streicheln, v. a. to stroke, caress.

ftreiden, v. n. ir. to pass quickly, rush, rove; —, v. a. to stroke, flatter, rub, whet, efface, rub off. Streif(en), m. (-3) stripe, streak; —, v. n. to pass superficially, graze, rove; —, v. a. to stripe.

Streit, m. (-ee; pl. -e) fight, combat, strife, dispute, difficulty.

ftreiten, v. n. ir. to fight, combat, dispute, wrangle, quarrel, contest, controvert.

Streiter, m. (-8) fighter, disputant, quarreler, combatant; champion.
 Streitigfeit, f. (pl. -en) contention, controversy, dispute.

fireng, adj. severe, strict.

Strenge, f. strictness, severity. [kle. streuen, v. a. to strew, scatter, sprin-Strick, m. (-e&; pl. -e) rope, cord, line. stricten, v. a. & n. to knit, net.

Strom, m. (-ce; pl. Ströme) stream, river; current, flood; bee Golbee Ströme, streams or oceans of gold. strömen, v. n. to stream, flow, gush forth.

Ströming, f. (pl. -en) stream, current.
Structur, f. structure (of a building, sentence, &c.).

Strubel, m. (-8) whirlpool, eddy, gulf. Strumpf, m. (-es; pl. Strumpfe) stocking.

Stube, f. (pl. -n) room, chamber. Stublein, n. (-s) dimin. of Stube.

Stud, n. (-es; pl. -e) piece, part, bit, fragment; play; -werf, n. (-es; pl. −ε) imperfect work, piecework.

Student, m. (-en; pl. -en) student.

Studien, see Studium.

studiren, v. a. & n. to study.

Studium, n. (pl. Studien) study, literary pursuit. stage.

Stufe, f. (pl. -n) step, degree, grade, Stufen-folge, f.; -gang, m. (-8; p. -gange) scale, gradation.

Stuhl, m. (-28; pl. Stuhle) chair, stool, seat, tribunal.

flumm, adj. dumb, mute; silent.

Stumpf, m. (-es; pl. Stümpfe) stump; -, adj. blunt, dull, insipid, obtuse.

Stunde, f. (pl. -n) hour, lesson; a German geographical measure, equals 21 Engl. miles).

stündlich, adj. & adv. hourly.

Sturm, m. (-es; pl. Sturme) storm, tempest, alarm; - laufen, to storm a town; -fest, adj. stormproof; -wetter, n. (-\$) storm, tempest; -winb, m. (-es; pl. -e) tempestuous wind.

stürmen, v. n. to storm, rush with violence; roar, rage; -, v. a. to storm, assail.

sturmija, adj. stormy, tempestuous, boisterous: violent.

Sturz, m. (-es; pl. Sturze) rush, fall, overthrow, precipice; -güter, f. goods shipped in bulk.

ffürgen, v. a. to fall suddenly, to be tabeln, v. a. to find fault, blame.

precipitated, tumble, rush, gush; -, v. a. to plunge, precipitate, overturn, ruin, tilt.

Stüte, f. (pl. -n) prop, support, stay. flüßen, v. a. to prop, support, bear up, lean; -, v. r. to lean upon, rely upon.

subtil, adj. subtile, subtle.

Subtilität, f. subtility. Itrv. suden, v. a. to seek, search, aim at; Süb(en), m. (-0) south, tropic : -lid, adj. south, southern; -warte, adv. southwards; -wind, m. (-es; pl. -e) southwind.

Sühne, f. expiation.

sühnen, v. a. to expiate, appease.

Sultan, m. (-6; pl. -e) sultan ; -in, f. (pl. -nen) sultana. Ther. Summe, f. (pl. -n) sum, total numfummen, v. a. to sum up, cast up: -, v. n. to buzz.

Sumpf, m. (-es; pl. Sümpfe) morass. swamp, marsh, bog, fen.

Sünbe, f. (pl -n) sin, trespass.

Sunder, m. (-6); -in, f. (pl. -nen) sinner, delinquent.

fündig, adj. sinful.

füß, adj. sweet ; -igfeit, f. (pl. -en) sweetness; -lid, adj. sweetish.

Symptom, n. (-es; pl. -e) symptom. Sprafus, n. Syracuse.

System, n. (-es; pl. -e) system.

fustematisch, adi. systematical.

Szene, see Scene.

X.

Tabel, m. (-6) fault, blemish, blame. reproof; -haft, adj. faulty, blamable.

Tafel, f_{i} (pl_{i} -n) table, large board. tablet, slate, blackboard; -runbe, f. round table. Tag, m. (-ee; pl. -e) day, daylight; bei -e, in the day-time; Jahr und -, for ever so long; heut zu -, now-a-days, at present; an ben fommen, to be discovered, become known: an ben - leaen, to show: -gebanfe, m. constant thoughts ; -hell, adj. & adv. light as day; por -, before day(light). Tagelöhner, m. (-8) day-laborer. tagen, v. imp. to grow light, dawn; -, v. n. to meet, assemble. Tagereise, f. (pl. -n) day's journey. Tagesanbruch, m. (-es) day-break. Tagestraum, m. day-dream. Iday. Tagedzeit, f. (pl. -en) time of the taglich, adv. daily, every day. Taille, f. (pl. -n) waist. Taftif, f. tactics. Taftifer, m. (-8) tactician. Itunica. Talar, m. (-3; pl. -e) robe, gown, Talent, m. (-es; pl. -e) talent. Tala, m. (-es) tallow. Talmub, m. (-8) Talmud. talmubisch, adj. Talmudical. Tambour, m. (-3; pl. $-\epsilon$) drummer. Tanb, m. (-es) idle things, trifles. Tannenbaum, m. (-es; pl. -baume) fir-[wood. tree. Tannenwald, m. (-es; pl. -wälber) fir-Tante, f. (pl. -n) aunt. Tang, m (-es; pl. Tänge) dance. tangen, v. n. to dance. [dancer. Tänger, m. (-8); -in, f. (pl. -nen) tapfer, adj. brave, valiant, valorous, courageous; -feit, f. valor, bravery.

tappen, v. n. to grope, fumble.

Taste, f. (pl. -n) pocket, pouch. Taschentuch, n. (-ed; pl. -tücher) pocket handkerchief. Tage, f. (pl. -n) paw, claw. Tau, n. ($-\epsilon \phi$; pl. $-\epsilon$) cable, rope. taub, adj. deaf, unfeeling, senseless-Taubchen, n. (-8) dimin. of Taube. Taube, f. (pl. -n) dove, pigeon. Taubenhaus, n. (-fes; pl. -häuser); -stillag, m. (-ee; pl. -stillage) pigeonhouse, dove-cot. tauchen, v. a. to dip, dive, duck, immerse, plunge. register. Taufbuch, n. (-es; pl. -bücher) parishtaufen, v. a. to baptize. taugen, v. n. to be of use or fit for. Taumel, m. (-c) feeling, giddiness, intoxication; -wahn, wild, distracting impulse. taumelig, adj. giddy, reeling; - fein, to reel, stagger. [stagger. taumeln, v. n. to be giddy, reel, Tausch, m. (-es; pl. -e) exchange, barter. tauschen, v. a. & n. to exchange. change (one's dress). flude. täuschen, v. a. & n. to deceive, detausend, adj. thousand; -fac, -fältig, adj. thousandfold. tariren, v. a. to tax, value. Teid), m. (-e0; pl. -e) pond. Telefie, f. sapphire, telesia. Teledfop, n. (-ed; pl. -e) telescope. telesfopisch, adj. telescopic. Tempel, m. (-6) temple ; -fchanber, m. (-0) temple-defiler. Teppid, m. (-es; pl. -e) carpet. Test, m. (-es; pl. -e) test, cupel. Testament, n. (-es; pl. -e) testament, last will. Teufel. m. (-0) devil.

Tenfelddinne, f. (pl. -n) sorceress. tenfligh, adj. devilish, diabolical.

Ten, m. (-e&; pl. -e) text, theme.

That, f. (pl -en) deed, act, action; and frijher —, in the very act, in the deed, doing.

thatenlos, adj. idle. [trator. Thaten, m. (-s) doer, author, perpethate, adj. active; -feit, f. activity. thatich, adj. violent; -feit, f. (pl. -en) violence, act of violence.

Than, m. (-c\$) dew; -winb, m. (-c\$; pl. -c) thawing-wind; wind from the south.

Theater, n. (-18) theater, stage; -ge-schmad, m. theatrical taste.

Theil, m. (-e8; pl. -e) part, portion; share; volume; -nehmen, to participate; zum —, partly, in accord; —, n. (-e8; no plur.) portion, gift, used mostly as signifying a divine blessing, or in poesy; zu — werben, to fall upon or to one, to fall to one's share; -haber, m. (-8) partner; -nahme, f. participation, share, sympathy.

theilen, v. a. to divide, share, part. Theolog, m. (-en; pl. -en) theologian. Theologie, f. theology.

theological, theological.

thener, adj. dear, costly, precious.

sprint, aaj. dear, costly, precious.
Shier, n. (-e8; pl. -e) animal, beast; -garten, m. (-8; pl. -garten) menagerie, zoological garden, large forest around Berlin; -gerippe, n. skeleton of an animal; -heit, f. animal kingdom; -ifa, adj. animal, brutal; -reid, n. (-e8; pl. -e) animal kingdom; -welt, f. animal world.

Thor, n. (-es; pl. -e) gate; --, m.

(-en; pl. -en) fool, simpleton; -heit, f. (pl. -en) folly, foolishthöricht, adj. foolish, silly. [ness. Thränen, f. (pl. -n) tear, drop. Thränensuth, f. a flood of tears. thränenser, adj. void of tears.

thränenvoll, adj. tearful; fig. lamentable.

Thron, m. (-e8; pl. -e) throne; -hims mel, m. (-e) canopy; -faal, m. (-e8; pl. -fale) hall of the throne, throne-room.

thronen, v. a. to be enthroned, reign. Throneshöhe, f. height of the throne. thun, a. & n. ir. to do, make, perform; feine Schulbigkeit —, to do one's duty; zu wissen —, to inform; es thut nichts, it is of no consequence; es thut mir leib, I am sorry; es ist ihm ums Gelb zu —, all he cares for is the money; er that es wohl um Gelbestlang, he did it only for money's sake (74). Thür(e), f. (pl. -en) door.

Thurm, m. (-e8; pl. Thurm) tower, steeple; -ähnlich, adj. like a tower. Thurmden, n. (-8) dimin. of Thurm. thurmen, v. a. to heap or pile up. thurmenb, part. & adj. towering, ris-

ing high.

Tiara, f. the pope's cap or mitre.

tief, adj. deep, profound; —liegend,
part. & adj. lying deep; —fdwebend, part. & adj. swaying low;
—finn, m. (—ed) penetration, melancholy.

Tiefe, f. (pl. —n) depth, deepness,
Tiger, m. (—d) tiger; —fell, n. (—ed;

pl. -e) tiger or spotted skin;
-wolf, m. (-e8; pl. -wölfe) spotted
hyena; -thier, n. (-e8; pl. -e) tiger.

tilgen, v. a. to destroy, extinguish. redeem. Idemption. Tilgung, f. (pl. -en) extinction, re-Tist, m. (-es; pl. -e) table, board; -bede, f. (pl. -n) table-cloth, tablecover. Toben, n. (-3) raging, roaring : --, v. n. to rage, roar, rant; howl. tobend, part. & adj. raging, tempestuous, boisterous, furious. Tochter, f. (pl. Töchter) daughter. Tob, m. (-es) death; ich bin bes Tobes, I am a dead man; -feind, m. (-es; pl. -e) mortal enemy. Tobeshülle, f. (pl. -n) veil of death. Tobesgenoffe, m. (-n; pl. -n) companion in death. Tobestampf, m. (-es ; pl. -fampfe) death-struggle, agony of death. Tobesnacht, f. night, darkness of Tobesopfer, n. victim. [death. Todesichlaf, Todesichlummer, m. sleep of death or the dead. Tobesifreich, m. death-blow, finishing stroke, mortal blow. Tobesufer, n. (-8) shore of death. Tobesurtheil, n. (-3) sentence of death. töblich, adj. deadly, fatal, mortal. tob(t), adi. dead, lifeless. töbten, v a. to kill, put to death, slay, mortify (the flesh). Tobtenbein, n. a bone of the death. tobtenblaß, adj. deadly pale. tobtenbleid, adj. pale as death. Tobtengerippe, n. (-8) skeleton. Tobtengemand, n. (-es ; pl. -manber) winding-sheet; shroud. Tobtengräber, m. (-6) grave-digger. Tobtenhaus, n. (-es; pl. -häuser) charnel-house; house of death or

mourning.

Endtenflage, f. lamentation for the dead, dirge. Tobtenfrang, m. (-es ; pl. -frange) wreath for the dead. Tobtenfrone, f. death's crown. Tobtenfana, m. dirge. toll, adj. mad, crazy, wild. tölpifá), adj. coarse, clumsy. Ton, m. (-es; pl. Tone) sound, tone. tönen, v. a. & n. to sound, tune. Tonne, f. (pl. -n) tun, cask, barrel, Topf, m. (-es; pl. Töpfe) pot. Tornister, m. (-8) knapsack. Tort, m. (-es) mischief, injury. Tortur, f. (pl. -en) torture, rack. traben, v. n. to trot. Tracht, f. (pl. -en) carriage, lead: costume, dress. Traditen, n. effort, endeavor, aim, aspiring, pursuit, striving; -, v. n. & a. to strive, endeavor: — acc. to aim at, aspire at, seek after. tragen, v. a. & n. ir. to bear, curry. waft (48); wear, support, harbor. produce; sid -, to dress; Bebenfen -, to doubt : Sorge -, to take care, see trouble. Träger, m. (-3) bearer, porter, holder, beam, support. tragifd, adj. tragical. Tragödie, f. (pl. -n) tragedy. Tranf, m. (-es; pl. Tranfe) drink, beverage, potion. Transport, m. (-es; pl. -e) transport; -[d)iff, n. transport, transport-ship. trauen, v. a. to unite in marriage, marry; -, v. n. to trust, confide Trauer, f. mourning, grief, affliction, sorrow, black (dress); -leute, f. mourners (at funerals): - [chaqr, f.

mournful crowd : - [piel, n. (-es : 1 nl. -e) tragedy.

trauern, v. n. to mourn, to be in Trift, f. (pl. -en) drift, pasture, mourning, grieve; fret.

träufeln, v. n. to drip, drop; -, v. a. to drop, let fall in drops upon, pour.

träufen, v. n. to drop, fall in drops ; [dial.

-, v. a. to drop.

traulid, adj. cosy, dear, trusty; cor-Traum, m. (-es; pl. Traume) dream; -lieb, n, dream-song, song of hope.

träumen, v. a. & n. to dream : -. v. imp. to appear in a dream.

Träumer, m. (-6) dreamer ; -flug, m. flight of dreams. frevery.

Träumerei, f. (pl. -en) dreaming, träumerijd, adj. fanciful, dreamlike. traurig, adj. mournful, sorrowful, sad.

Treffen, n. battle, fight, engagement; -, v. a. ir. to hit, strike, meet

with, find. trefflit, adj. distinguished, excellent; -kit, f. excellence, eminence.

treiben, v. a. ir. to drive, urge, carry on, force; -, v. n. to drive, float, drift; in bie Enge -, to reduce to straits; Spaß —, to jest.

Treibhaus, n. (-fes; pl. -häuser) hothouse, green-house, conservatory. trennen, v. n. to separate, sever, divide.

Treppe, f. (pl. -n) stairs, stair-case. treten, v. a. & n. ir. to tread, step. kick; zu nahe -, to offend, mortify; ine Mittel -, to interpose.

treu, adj. true, faithful; -bruch, m. -eø; pl. -brüche) violation of faith; -los, adj. faithless.

Treue, f. truth, faithfulness, fidelity, loyalty.

Trieb, m. (-e8: pl. -e) driving, impulse, instinct.

drove, passage (for cattle).

Triffer, $m.(-\emptyset)$ shake, trill, quaver. trinfen, v. a. & n. ir. to drink.

Trinfer, m. (-\$) drinker.

trippeln v. n. to trip.

Tritt, m. (-e@; pl. -e) tread, step, pace: kick.

Triumph, m. (-es; pl. -e) triumph, -gepränge, n. triumphal pomp.

triumphiren, v. n. to triumph.

Triumvirat, n. (-es; pl. -e) triumtrođen, adj. dry, arid. Ivirate. trodnen, v. a. & n. to dry, air.

Tröbel, m. frippery.

Trommel, f. (pl. n) drum ; -fc)lagen, v. a. to beat the drum.

Trompete, f. (pl. -n) trumpet.

Trompeter, m. (-3) trumpeter.

Tropf, m. (-es; pl. Tropfe) ninny, simpleton. fdrop.

Tropfen, m. (-s) drop; v. n. & a. to tropifd, adj. tropical.

Trof, m. (-ffes; pl. -ffe) baggage, gang, crowd.

Troft, m. (-e3) consolation, comfort. tröften, v. a. to console, comfort.

Tröfter, m. (- \emptyset) consoler, comforter, Holy Ghost.

tröstlid), ady. consolable, consoling, consolatory. [less.

trofflos, adj. inconsolable, comfort-Trop, m. (-ts) haughtiness, defiance, pride, spite; -, adv. in spite or defiance of; -bieten, to bid defiance; sum -, in spite.

tropen, v. n. to be insolent, defy, brave, to be obstinate.

tropiq, adj. insolent, impertinent.

Troubabour, m. (-8; pl. -6) trouba- | Tumult, m. (-e6; pl. -e) tumult; up. dour.

trübe, adi, troubled, dim, obscure, dark, muddy, sad, gloomy.

trüben. v. a. to dim. render muddy. trouble. [affliction.

Trübfal, m. (pl. -e); n. (-es; pl. -e)

trübselia, adj. woeful, sorrowful. Trug, m. (-e8) deceit, deception; Lug

unb -, fraud and deception. trügen, v. n. ir. to deceive, delude:

- v. v. to be mistaken.

trüglich, adj. fallacious, deceitful. Trümmer, f. fragments, ruins.

Trunf, m. (-e3) drink, drunkenness, potion, draught,

trunfen, adi. drunk, intoxicated, enraptured; -beit, f. drunkenness, inebriety, intoxication.

Erupp, $m. (-\delta; pl. -\epsilon)$ troop, band. Truppe, f. (pl. -n) band, company.

Truppen, f. troops.

Trup, m. (-ed) see Trop; — und Schupbünbnig, offensive and defensive alliance. [cloth.

Tud, n. (-ed; pl. Tüder) cloth, woolen Tüchlein, dimin. of Tuch.

tüchtig, adj. able, able-bodied, stout, fit, good, competent; -fcit, f. capability, fitness.

 $\mathfrak{T}\ddot{u}d(e)$, f. (pl. -n) malice, knavery, spite, trick, spiteful disposition. tüdifa, adj. mischievous, spiteful.

Tugend, f. (pl. -en) virtue; -haft, -lid, adj. virtuous.

tummely, v. a, to put in motion, tumble about; -, v. r. to scuffle, hurry ; Rof —, to manage a horse.

Tummelplat, m. (-es ; pl, -plate) place of exercise, field of battle, arena.

Turban, m. (-es; pl. -e) turban.

Turin, n. Turin (old capital of Sardinia). fed lily.

Türlenbund, m. turban, many-flower-Turteltaube, f. (pl. -n) turtle-dove. Turteltaubenvaar, n. pair of turtie-

doves.

Tyrann, m, (-en; pl. -en) tyrant. Thrannei, f. (pl. -en) tyranny, toramisc, adi. tyrannical.

и.

uebel, n. (-\$) evil, injury; -, adi. evil, ill; -, adv. badly, ill; es ift mir -, I feel sick; -nehmen, to take ill.

üben, v. a. to exercise, practice drill. über, prep. & adj. over, above, beyond, during, about, above, over. more than ; -all, adv. everywhere. all over; -aus, adv. exceedingly. extremely; - ben Unblid, at the sight (110); - bie Magen, exceedingly ; heute - acht Tage, this day week; über's Jahr, a year hence, next year; - unb -, all over. thoroughly.

überbleiben, v. n. ir. to be left, remain. Ueberblid, m. (-es; pl. -e) survey.

überbrausen, v. a. to drown (a voice, &c.).

überbringen, v. u. ir. to bear, carry, bring, deliver, get over, bring over.

überbecken, v. a. to cover over, lay over; have for a ceiling.

überbem, adv. besides, moreover.

überbrüffig, adj. tired of, weary of, wearied, tedious, surfeited.

ibereilen, v. a. to overtake, overhasten, spoil by hurry; —, v. r. to be over-hasty, hurry too much, act precipitately, rashly.

Metereilung, f. (pl. -en) extreme hurry, precipitation.

übereinstimmen, v. n. to accord, agree.

Rebereinstimmung, f. (pl. -en) accord,
conformity, consonance, agreement. [invasion, irruction.

ueberfall, m. (-es; pl. -fälle) surprise, überfallen, v. a. ir. to fall or come upon, invade, overtake, surprise,

attack suddenly.

übersirnissen, v. a. to varnish over.

Աբներքկաց, m. (-իքեծ) abundance, affluence, profusion, plenty; չստ —, unnecessarily, in abundance. überflüfig, adj. superfluous, abundant.

überfluthen, v. a. to overflow.

Rebergabe, f. giving over, yielding up, surrender, delivery.

Hebergang, m. (-e*; pl.-gange) passing over, passage, desertion, transition, change.

übergeben, v. a. ir. to deliver up, surrender, commit; —, v. r. to surrender; vomit.

übergehen, v. a. ir. to go, pass over, cross; desert; —, v. a. to overlook, omit, exceed, surrender.

überhangen, v. n. ir. to hang over, project, jut out. [all over. überhängen, v. a. to cover, hang, cover

überhäufen, v. a. to heap upon, accumulate, exceed, overload, over-

whelm.
überhaupt, adv. in general, generally.

teberfleib, n.s (-e@; pl. -cr) upper garment, overcoat.

überlassen, v. a. ir. to leave, resign, give up, submit to, allow to pass. überleben, v. a. to survive, outlive.

überlegen, v. a. to lay over, cover the surface; reflect upon, consider; —. part. & adj. superior, surpassing.

überliefern, v. a. to deliver, give up, surrender, pass over.

Meberlieferung, f. (pl. -en) tradition, delivery, transfer, surrender.

überliefert, part. & adj. traditionary. Hebermacht, f. preponderance, predominance, superiority (power).

übermächtig, adj. preponderating.

uebermaß, n. (-ed) over measure, excess. [enormous.

übermenschlich, adj. superhuman, Uebermuth, m. (-e3) haughtiness, arrogance. [presumptuous. übermüttig adi haughty arrogant

übermüthig, adj. haughty, arrogant, übernatürlich, adj. supernatural.

übernehmen, v. a. ir. to receive, accept, undertake, take upon one's self, assume; —, v. r. to undertake too much; overtax; — mit Effen, to surfeit one's self.

Mebernehmung, f. (pl. -en) acceptation, undertaking.

überquer, adj. across, crossways.

überragen, v. a. to overtop, project, tower above.

überraschen, v. a. to surprise, startle, catch, take unawares.

Ueberraschung, f. (pl. -en) surprise. überreben, v. a. to persuade.

Ueberredung, f. (pl. -en) persuasion. überreichen, v. a. to hand, reach, de-

liver; -, v. n. to reach over.

- iberschaumen, v. a. to cover with soam.
 Ueberschlag, m. (-es; pl. -schläge) bias,
 calculation, reckoning, poultice,
 band, cuff.
- iberschlagen, v. n. ir. to turn over, upset; —, v. a. to put on, lay on, upset; to beat too much, compute, overlook, miss; —, v. n. to to grow mouldy; —, v. r. to fall backwards.
- überschleichen, v. a. ir. to surprise by stealth, steal upon.
- überschreiten, v. a. & n. ir. to overstep, transgress, violate.
- iberfdwanglid, adj. superabundant, exceeding, exuberant.
- Ueberschwänglichteit, f. superabundance, an overflowing of feeling.
- überschweben, v. a. to hover, impend.
- überschwellen, v. n. ir. to swell over. überseben, v. a. ir. to overlook, ex-
- cuse, survey, look over; review. ibersehen, v. a. insep. to translate; overcharge; sep. to convey over;
 - put across; —, v. n. to leap across, cross (as a river).
- Rebersicht, f. (pl. -en) oversight, charge. survey, review, abstract.
- tiberfiddlich, adj. affording a general view of the whole, synoptical, distinct.
- überspringen, v. a. ir. to leap over, skip, miss; --, v. n. to leap over.
- ibersteigen, v. a. to surmount, scale, exceed; —, v. n. to step over, climb over.
- iberströmen, v. a. to overflow, inundate; —, v. n. to flow over, run over, abound.
- übertragen, v. a. ir. to convey, transfer, charge; carry over, transport.

- Uebertragung, f. (pl. -en) transporting, conferring. [exceed. übertreffen, v. a. ir. to surpass, excel, Uebertreibung, f. (pl. -en) exaggeration.
- übertreten, v. a. ir. to transgress, overstep (limit), go over, overflow; —, v. n. to step over, desert. Rebertretung, f. (pl. -en) transgression. violation.
- übertroffen, adj. exceeded, surpassed. übervoll, adj. overfull. Iflow.
- übermallen, v. n. to boil over, overübermiegen, v. a. ir. to outweigh, surpass.
- überwinden, v. a. ir. to wind over; overcome, vanquish, preponderate.
- Meberwinder, m. (-3) vanquisher, conqueror; -from, f. crown of the conqueror.
- überzeugen, v. a. to convince, convict. üblich, adj. usual, customary.
- Ueblichkeit, f. custom.
- ubrig, adj. left (over), remaining, yet, other; bleiben, to be left: haben, to have to spare; bie Uebrigen, the others.
- übrigens, adv. as for the rest, besides. Uebung, f. (pl. -en) exercise, practice, use, drill.
- uebungsplat, m. (-cs) place for training soldiers.
- #fer, n. (-2) bank, shore, coast; -bewohner, m. inhabitant of the banks
 of a river or of the coast; -los,
 adj. without shores; fig. homeless,
 boundless.
- Uhr, f. (pl. -en) clock, watch;
 o'clock; -merf, n. (-ee; pl. -e)
 clock-work, works of a watch.

lthu, m. (-\$) horn-owl.

um, prep. around, about, for; einen Tag — ben andern, every other day; — bed Gelbed willen, for the sake of the money; —, conj. for, in order to; —, adv. about, past, over; — zu, in order to.

umarmen, v. a. to embrace, clasp.

Umarmung, f. (pl. -en) embrace, embracing. [around; rebind umbinden, v. n. ir. to tie about or umbrechen, v. a. ir. to break down, break up. [death; ruin. umbringen, v. a. ir. to kill, put to

umbrehen, v. a. & n. to turn about, turn around, revolve. [fume. umbuften, v. a. to surround with perumfang, m. (-e8) circumference, cir-

cuit, extent. [brace. umfangen, v. a. ir. to surround, emumfaffen, v. a. to clasp, embrace,

comprehend, surround; reset.
umfließen, v. a. ir. to flow or run
around surround.

umgeben, v. a. ir. to surround, environ, gird in; put round.

umgegenb, f. (pl. -en) environs, surrounding country.

umgehen, v. n. ir. to go out of one's way, circulate, associate, intend, propose; —, v. a. to avoid, evade, elude, turn (the enemy).

umgefehrt, part. & adj. reversed, inverted.

umgestalten, v. a. to transform.

umgewantt, part. & adj. upturned, destroyed, altered.

umgrünen, v. n. to flower round.
umgürten, v. a. to gird about, buckle
on, surround.

umber, adv. around, about ; (for com- | Umstand, m. (-es; pl. -stände) circum-

pounds with the prefixes umher and herum, such as umhergehen, herum-shiden, &c., look under the simple verbs.)

umhin, adv. about; ich fann nicht —, I cannot help —.

umhüllen, v. a. to envelop, wrap up. Umfehr, f. turning back; conversion, subversion, return.

umfehren, v. n. to turn about, turn back, return; —, v. a. to turn about, invert; —, v. r. to turn round, turn on the other side.

umfommen, v. n. ir. to perish.

umfrängen, v. a. to wreathe, crown.

Umfreið, m. (-seð; pl. -se) circumference. extent. circuit.

umleuchten, v. n. to shine about.

umringen, v. a. to encircle, surround. Umriß, m. (-1ses; pl. -1se) sketch,

outline, contour. [about. um[mauen, v. r. to look around or um[milen, v. a. ir. to inclose, encompass, envelop.

umfailingen, v. a. ir. to wind or twine around, embrace, clasp about.

Umschreibung, f. (pl. -en) transcription, circumlocution.

umfdmärmen, v. a. to swarm around.

umfdmeßen, v. a. to hover, float around.

[circumlocution.

Umfdmeif, m. (-εε; pl. -ε) digression,

umschweisen, v. n. to take a roundabout way; to roam, rove about,

wander around. [in vain. umfonft, adv. without pay, gratis; umfpannen, v. a. & n. to change

horses; —, v. a. insep. to span, clasp, encompass.

umstalten, v. a. to transform, change.

stance, condition, state; particu- | unabhangia, adj. independent; -feit, lars: ceremony.

umftehen, v. n. ir. to stand about or around: (its pres. part., used as noun, is rendered bystander.)

umstöfflich, adi. revocable.

umifrablen, v. a. to shine around.

umstricken, v. a. to surround with snares, entangle; reknit.

Umsturg, m. (-co; pl. -sturge) fall, downfall, overthrow. umtreiben, v. a. ir. to drive around.

ummallen, v. a. to surround with ramparts; float around, surround. ummälten, v. a. to roll around, revolve, revolutionize. form.

ummandeln, v. a. to change, transumwehen, v. a. sep. to blow down: insep, to blow round.

umwenben, v. a. & n. ir. to turn, turn around, invert, reverse.

umminden, v. a. ir. to wind around. wind differently; envelop, wrap up, twine, wreathe.

ummittern, v. n. to storm around. umainaeln. v. a. to surround, invest. encircle.

The prefix un has a negative meaning like our English un, in, dis, &c. (Comp. Gr. p. 322, XI.) It is placed at the beginning of words, and has the principal accent when the negative forms the predominant idea. (Comp. Gr. p. 127.) Words occurring in the text with the prefix un, not here given, must be looked for under their radicals, e. g. unartig under artig, &c.]

unabanberlich adj. unalterable, immutable.

f. independence.

unabsebbar, adi. immeasurable, unbounded, illimitable.

unabseblich. see unabsehbar.

Unart, f. (pl. -en) bad trick, rudeness, haughtiness. [incessant. unaufhaltbar, adj. not to be stopped, unangefreten, adj. unmolested, unhindered, undisturbed.

unquebleiblich, adi. infallible, un-

avoidable, certain.

unquelosatid, adi. indelible. unaudívrechlich, adj. unspeakable.

unbebachtfam. adi. inconsiderate. thoughtless; -feit, f. inadvertencv. thoughtlessness.

unbehülflich, adj. helpless, awkward. unbehutsam, adj. incautious, unwary. Unbequemlichfeit, f. (pl. -en) incon-Fincalculable. venience. unberechenbar, adj. not computable, unbeschifft, adi. unnavigated.

unbeschreiblich, adj. indescribable.

Unbestand, m. (-es) instability, unsteadiness.

unbeitochen, adj. unbribed, uncorrupted, disinterested.

unbetrauert, adj. unmourned for, undeplored.

unbezwingbar, unbezwinglich, adj. invincible, unconquerable.

unbeamungen, adi. unsubdued, unconquered.

Unbilb, n. (-es; pl. -er) monster.

Unbilbe, f. injury.

unb, coni. and.

Unbanf, m. (-es) ingratitude.

unburchbringlich, adj. impenetrable. uneinig, adj. disunited, discordant;

-, adv. at variance: - fein, to

be at variance; — werden, to fall out.
uneind, see uneinig.
Unendlichfeit, f. infinity, endlessness.

unentsliehbar, adj. inevitable.

Unerbittlichfeit, f. inexorableness.

unerflärbar, -lid, adj. inexplicable, unaccountable.

unermeßlich, adj. immeasurable, immense, boundless. [termined. uneröttert, adj. unexplained, undeunerreichbar, unerreicht, adj. unattainable, inaccessible.

unerschöpslich, adj. inexhaustible. Unerträglichseit, f. intolerableness. unsreiwillig, adj. involuntary, reluc-Ungarn, n. Hungary. [tant. ungeändert, adj. unaltered.

ungeehrt, adj. unhonored.

Ungeführ, n. (-8) chance, accident; —, or won —, adj. accidental, casual; —, adv. by chance, nearly. ungeführ, adj. undyed, uncolored, natural.

lingeheuer, n. (-6) monster; —, adj. immense, huge, monstrous, vast. ungehindert, adj. unhindered, unchecked, unprevented.

ungehofft, adj. unhoped for.

ungefräuft, adj. not grieved, not mortified. [unaffected. ungefünftelt, adj. artless, unstudied, ungelegen, adj. inconveniently situ-

ated, inconvenient.

ungelehrig, adj. indocile.

ungelehrt, adj. illiterate.

Nngemach, n. (-e8) discomfort, trou-

ble, hardship, misfortune.
ungemischt, adj. unmixed, pure.
Ungereimtheit, f. (pl. -cn) absurdity.
ungeschickt, adj. unsit, awkward, un-

handy, unskilful; -heit, f. (pl. -en) unfitness, inaptitude.

ungeschreckt, adj. without fear. ungeschrieben, adj. unwritten.

Ungeftalt, f. (pl. -en) shapelessness,
deformity, ugliness; -(et), part.
& adj. misshapen, deformed.

ungestüm, n. (-3) impetuosity; —, adj. impetuous, boisterous. [fane. ungeweißt, a.j. unconsecrated, proungewitter, n. (-3) tempest, violent storm, hurricane, thunder-storm. Unglauße, m. (-n3) disbelief, unbelief, incredulity, infidelity.

ungleid, adj. uneven, odd, unequal, dissimilar; —, adv. by far, much. Unglüd, n. (-(e)ē) ill-luck, misfortune, unhappiness, adversity, mischief; -lid, adj. unhappy, unfortunate, unlucky, disastrous; -felig, adj. unhappy, fatal, unlucky, miserable. [misfortune. Unglüftageführte m. companien in

Unglüddgefährt, m. companion in Unheil, n. (-ed) mischief, harm, hurt. unheilbar, adj. incurable; -fcit, f. incurability, incurableness.

unheilig, adj. unholy, profane.

Universität, f. (pl. -en) university.

unförperlig, adj. not belonging to the body, spiritual.

Unfrant, f. charges, expenses, costs. Unfrant, n. weed; collectively, weeds. unlaughar, adj. undeniable.

unleugbar, see unläugbar.

unlöschbar, adj. unquenchable.

unlustig, adj. unpleasant, disinclined, sad. [weak.

ummächtig, adj. powerless, impotent, ummnich, m. (-en; pl. -en) barbarian, monster, tyrant, brute; -lich, adj. inhuman, barbarous. unmittelbar, adj. immediate, direct; unterbrüden, v. a. sep. to press down—, adv. directly. insep. to suppress, oppress, crush.

unmuth, m. (-vs) dejection, sadness, gloom, ill-will, rancor. [nature. unmatur, f. something contrary to unmaturilith, adj. unnatural.

unnennbar, adj. unutterable, inexpressible, ineffable.

unnüţ, adj. useless, ineffectual, vain. unparteiifd, unparteilid, adj. impartial. unpaÿlid, adj. unwell.

unrecht, n. (-e8) fault, error, wrong, injustice, injury; —, adj. wrong, unjust.

unruhig, adj. unquiet, restless, uneasy, noisy, troublesome, turbuunrühmlich, adj. inglorious. [lent.
unfchähbar, adj. inestimable, invaluable. [heart, guiltlessness.
Unfchulb, f. innocence, purity of
unfchulbig, adj. innocent, not guilty.
unfclig, adj. unhappy, unblessed, sinful.

Unitum, m. (-6) madness, nonsense.

unitumig, adj. mad, insane, nonsensical. [immortality.

unitrilid, adj. immortal; -ftit, f.

unitrilid, adj. blameless, irreprehensible. [able, blameless.

untabelhaft, untabelig, adj. irreproachunten, adv. below, underneath, under, down, down-stairs.

unter, prep. under, beneath, below, inferior to; among, betwixt, amidst; —, adj. inferior, lower, under, sub; -meges, on the way. unterbrechen, v.a. ir. to interrupt, discontinue, break off or up.

Unterbringung, f. providing for, placing.

unterbeffen, adv. in the meantime.

unterbrüden, v. a. sep. to press down insep. to suppress, oppress, crush. Unterbrüdung, f. (pl.—en) suppression, oppression, repression.

untereinander, adv. one another, amongst them.

Untergang, m. (-es) decline, fall, setting; ruin, destruction.

untrigeben, v. a. ir. to Lut under, subject (the past part., used as noun, render inferior, subaltern, subject).

untergehen, v. n. ir. to go down, set, sink, fall, perish. [nance. Unterhalt, m. (-e8) support, susteunterhalten, v. n. ir. to hold under, support, maintain, entertain; —, v. r. to converse. [diator. Unterhanblen, m. (-8) negotiator, me-Unterhanblung, f. (pl. -en) negotiation. unterivolfd, adj. subterranean.

Unterleib, m. (-co) abdomen, bowels. unterliegen, v. n. ir. to underlie; lie under, succumb, yield, give way. Unternehmen, n. (-o) enterprise, undertaking, attempt; —, v. a. ir. to undertake, attempt, be enterprising.

Unterricht, m. (-e3) instruction.
unterrichten, v. a. to instruct, inform,
teach.

unterscheiben, v. a. & n. ir. to distinguish, discern, discriminate.

unterschieben, v. a. ir. to shove under, substitute, supply; forge (a will). Unterschieb, m. (-ce; pl. -c) distinction, difference, separation.

unterschieben, adj. & part. different, untersunten, v. n. ir. to sink. [distinct. untersuchen, v. a. to inquire into, examine, investigate.

Untersuchung, f. (pl. -en) inquiry, exunverweilt, adi. & adv. without deamination, investigation, inquest. lay; directly, instantly. Unterthan, m. (-es; pl. -en) subject; unverworren, adj. net confused, not -, adj. subject, dependent. intricate. falterable. untermea(e)s, adv. by the way, on the unwanbelbar, adj. immutable, unway : - Iaffen, to omit, leave un-Unweien, n. (-3) disorder, confusion. mischief, disturbance, noise, done. unwiderstehlich, adj. irresistible. unterweisen, v. a. ir. to instruct, teach. unterwerfen, v. a. ir. to subject, subunwirthbar, adj. inhospitable, dreary. Unwissenheit, f. ignorance. due: - v. r. to become a subject. submit. fture. unzählig, adj. innumerable, numberunart, adj. rude, not delicate. unterwinden, v. r. ir. to presume, venunterwürfig, adj. subject, submissive. ungertrennlich, adj. inseparable, indis-Unthat, f. (pl. -en) misdeed, crime. soluble. Untiefe, f. (pl. -n) shallowness, shal-Unsufriedenheit, f. discontentedness, low place: bank. malcontentedness. Untreue, f. perfidy, faithlessness. üppia, adj. luxurious, wanton. untrüglich, adj. infallible, unerring. uralt, adj. extremely old, ancestral. Urältern, f. ancestors, first parents. unüberlegt, adj. inconsiderate. unübersteiglich, adj. insurmountable. Uranlage, f. originality, innate originality. unüberwindlich, adi, invincible, unconquerable, insuperable. Urbilb, n. (-es; pl. -er) archetype, prototype, original, ideal. unveränderlich, adj. unchangeable, unalterable, immutable. Urfraft, f. (pl. -fräfte) primitive power, force or energy, original unverbroffen, adj. indefatigable, assidfaculty. цоцв. unverfälscht, adj. unadulterated, genurfräftig, adj. of primitive or original power, very mighty, overwhelmuine. Imemorable. unvergefilich, adj. not to be forgotten, Urne, f. (pl. -n) urn. [ing. unverboblen, adi. unconcealed. Urfacte, f. (pl.-n) cause, reason. Ursprung, m. (-es) origin, fountain, unverleglich, adj. inviolable, invulbeginning; principle. nerable. Tavoidable. unvermeiblich, adj. inevitable, unursprünglich, adj. original, primitive. urtheil, n. (-eø; pl. -e) sentence, unvernehmlich, adj. inaudible. judgment, verdict, opinion, deunversöhnlich, adj. implacable, irreconcilable. cision, condemnation. unverständlich, adj. unintelligible. urtheilen, v. a. & n. to judge, decide. unverträglich, adj. incompatible, quar-Urvater, m. (-6) first parent, ancestor.

relsome.

related.

unverwantt, adj. unmoved, fixed; not

Urgeit, f. (pl. -en) primitive time, re-

Ujurpation, f. (pl. -en) usurpation.

mote antiquity.

23.

vacant, adj. vacant. Bafall, m. (-en ; pl. -en) vassal. Bater, m. (-8; pl. Bater) father ; -blid, m. (-es) paternal or loving look, regard : -haud, n. father's house, ancestral or paternal habitation; -land, n. (-es) fatherland, native country ; - Landefinn, m. (-ee) patriotism, love of one's native land; -lim, adj. fatherly, paternal, with care; -log, adj. fatherless; -morber, m. (-3) parricide; -flast, f. native town; -ftelle, f. place of a father; -treue, f. father's care : -unfer, n. (-∅) Lord's Prayer, Paternoster. patifanish, adj. appertaining to the Vatican.

Beba, f. (pl. -8) Veda (sacred writings of the Hindu).

Beilden, n. (-8) violet. [inate. verablden, v. a. to abhor, abomveradten, v. a. to despise, contemn, ignore, disdain. [cable.

verächtlich, adj. contemptible, despi-Berachtung, f. contempt, scorn, disdain.

verändern, v. a. to change, alter, vary. Beränderung, f. (pl. -en) change, alteration, mutation, variation. Beranlassung, f. (pl. -en) occasion,

cause, inducement, motive.

verarmen, v. n. to become poor.

Berband, m. (-es; pl. -bande) bandage, dressing, binding.

verbannen, v. a. to banish, proscribe, exile, outlaw, expel.

Berbannung, f. (pl. -en) banishment, exile, proscription.

verbeißen, v. a. to suppress, stifle, verbammen, v. a. to condemn, damn.

brook; —, v. r. ir. to lock the teeth.

verbergen, v. a. ir. to conceal, hide. verbinden, v. a. ir. to bandage, tie up, dress a wound, unite, join, oblige. Berbindung, f. (pl. -en) connection, union, alliance, confederacy. verbissen, part. of verbeisen.

perbitten, v. a. ir. to decline, beg to be excused, beg that a thing be not done, protest.

verbittern, v. a. to embitter. [lude. verbienben, v. a. to blind, dazzle, de-Berbienbung, f. (pl. -en) dazzling, deceiving, infatuation, fascination.

verblühen, v. n. to fade, wither.

verblümt, adj. figurative, covered.

perforgen, v. a. to lend out, borrow;

part. (of verbergen) concealed, hidden.

[interdiction.

Berbot, n. (-es; pl. -e) prohibition, verbrämen, v. n. to border.

Berbrechen, n. (-3) crime, offence; —, v. a. ir. to break off, commit (crime, &c.), transgress; forfeit. Berbrecher, m. (-3); —in, f. (pl. —nen)

criminal, delinquent, transgressor.
verbreiten, v. a. to divulge, spread,
propagate, diffuse, circulate.

verbrennen, v. a. & n. ir. to burn ; mit Wasser —, to scald.

verbünben, v. a. to ally, associate; —, v. r. to form a league.

verbürgen, v. a. to answer for, bail; —, v. r. to become bail or security. verbüttet, part. & adj. stunted, dwarfish; flg. quite stupid.

Verbacht, m. (-e8) suspicion, mistrust; in — haben, to mistrust. verbammlis, adj. damnable, cursed. Berbammlis, f. damnation, perdition. verbammt, int. damned!

verbanten, v. a. to owe, be indebted for, thank (for).

werbesten, v. a. to cover up, conceal. werbesten, v. a ir. to find fault (with), take amiss (from).

Berberben, n. (-3) destruction, corruptness, ruin; —, v. a. ir. to spoil, corrupt, ruin, destroy; —, v. n. to spoil, go to ruin.

verberblich, adj. destructive, ruinous. verbienen, v. a. to deserve, merit, gain, earn.

Berbienst, m. (-es) reward, profit, gain; --, n. (-es; pl. -e) merit.

Berbollmetschung, f. (pl. -n) interpretation. [renew.]

verboppeln, v. a. to double, increase, verborben, part. of verberben.

verborren, v. n. to dry up, wither; —, v. α . to wither, parch.

verbrängen, v. a. to push away, dispossess, dislodge, supplant.

verbrießen, v. imp. ir to displease, annoy, fret, vex.

verbrießlich, adj. annoyed, vexed, vexatious, tiresome, fretful, angry.

verbroffen, part.& adj. disgusted, indisposed, unwilling, reluctant.

Berbruß, m. (- | ftd) displeasure, anger, vexation, trouble; jum —, in spite (of).

werelin, v. a. to ennoble, improve. werefren, v. a. to honor, revere, venerate, make a present of.

Berehrer, m. (-3); -in, f. (pl. -nen) reverencer, admirer, adorer, worshiper.

De ehrlich, see verehrungewürdig.

Berehrung, f. (pl. -en) respect, reverence, worship, adoration.

verehrungswürdig, adj. honorable, venerable, adorable. [federation. Berein, m. (-c&; pl. -e) union, converein(ig)en, v. a. to unite, combine; —, v. r. to agree. [federation Bereinigung, f. (pl. -en) union, convereinigungsvunft, m. centre of union. vereiteln, v. a. to frustrate, baffle.

verengen, v. a. to straiten, contract, narrow down. [immortalize. verewigen, v. a. to render eternal, Berfahren, n. (-3) proceeding; —, v. a. iv. to wear out by a carriage, transport, convey; —, v. a. to proceed, treat, deal.

verfallen, v. n. ir. to fall down, decay, go to ruin, to be due, expire, elapse, to be forfeited.

Berfassung, f. (pl. -en) constitution. state, condition.

verfehlen, v. a. to miss, not to attain.
verferligen, v. a. to make, manufacture, compose.

verfluchen, v. a. to curse, execrate.

verfolgen, v. a. to pursue, persecute; continue; gerichtlich —, to prosecute (by law).

Berfolger, m. (-6) persecutor, pursuer.
Berfolgung, f. (pl. -en) pursuit, persecution.

Berfügung, f. (pl. -en) disposition, arrangement, ordinances; — treffen, to dispose, order; meitere — almarten, to wait for further orders.

verführen, v. a. to mislead, corrupt, lead astray, seduce.

Berführer, m. (-8); -in, f. (pl. -nen) misleader, seducer.

vergaffen, v. r. to fall in love with.

pergangen, part, & adj. past, gone by ; | verhaften, v. a. to arrest, take up, im--beit, f. past, time past.

pergeben, v. a. ir. to forgive, pardon; give away, bestow.

Bergeber, m. (-\$) donor.

pergebens, adv. in vain, to no purpose. vergeblich, adi. vain, fruitless.

Bergeben, n. (-6) error, offence; --, v. n. ir. to pass away, elapse, waste away, diminish, perish; -, v. r. to go astray, commit a fault. Bergehung, f. (pl. -en) fault, offence. pergelten, v.a. ir. to requite, pay, compensate, make up, reward.

Bergelter, m. (-0) rewarder, avenger. Bergeltung, f. (pl. -en) retribution, return, recompense. [ful of. vergeffen, v. a. ir. to forget, be mindvergießen, v. a. ir. to spill, shed.

Bergiegung, f. (pl. -en) effusion, shed-

pergiften, v. a. to poison, envenom. Bergleich, m. (-es; pl. -e) comparison, arrangement, compromise, convention, contract; -bar, adj. comparable; -en, v. a. ir. to compare, collate, to make even or equal; v. r. to compose a difference, make up, adjust; -ung, f. (pl. -en) comparison; compromise.

perglimmen, v. n. ir. to cease glowing, lose its glow, be extinguished. Bergnügen, n. (-8) pleasure, delight,

diversion; -, v. a. to please.

pergnuat, adj. pleased, contented, delighted, happy.

vergönnen, v. a. to allow, permit, grant cheerfully.

vergöttern, v. a. to deify, idolize. vergüten, v. a. to compensate, indemnify.

prison.

verballen, v. n to die away (of sound), become inaudible.

Berhalten, n. (-6) conduct, behavior; -, v. a. r. to hold, retain, conceal, -, v. r. to be in a certain state, to be, to conduct one's self. Berhältniß, n (-ffee; pl. -ffe) relation, proportion: -makin, adi. proportional, relative, corresponding.

perbangen, v. a to cover by hanging, ordain, destine, determine.

Berhängniß, n. (-ffee; pl. -ffe) decree, persevere. fate, destiny. verharren, v. n. to remain, hold out, verhärten, v. n. to harden ; fig. obdurate, indurate.

verhaßt, adj. hated, hateful, odious. verheeren, v. a. to destroy, desolate. Berheerung, f. (pl. -en) devastation, desolation.

verhehlen, v. a. to conceal, hide.

verheirathen, v. a. to marry; -, v. r. to enter into matrimony, marry.

Berheirathung, f. (pl. -en) marrying, marriage.

verheißen, v. a. ir. to promise, pledge. Berheißung, f. (pl. -en) promise. verherrlichen, v. n. to glorify, extol.

Berherrlichung, f. (pl. -en) glorification, exaltation.

verhindern, v. a. to hinder, prevent, stop, obstruct.

verhüllen, v. a. to cover over, veil. verhungern, v. n. to starve, die of hunger.

verhüten, v. a. to prevent, avert.

verirren, v. r. to lose one's way, go [error, going astray. astrav. Berirrung, f. (pl. -en) aberration, periagen, v. a. to chase away, drive away, expel. [proscribed. periabren, v. n. to grow old, to be periuncen, v. a. to renovate, juvenate; - v. r. to become young.

perfaufen, v. a. to sell, vend.

Berfehr, m. (-0) intercourse, com merce, traffic.

perfehren, v. a. to turn, associate, do business with, deal, turn about. perfehrt, adi. perverted, upside down. perfennen, v. a. ir. to mistake, mis-

apprehend, misjudge. Berfettung, f. (pl. -en) chaining, en-

tanglement, concatenation. perflagen, v. a. to sue at law, go to law, accuse.

Berfläger, m. (-8) accuser, plaintiff. Berflagte (ber), (or ein -r), m. & f. defendant, accused.

perflammen, v. n. to benumb with [sound, clang. Berflang, n. (-es; pl. -flänge) tune,

verflären, v. a. to make clear, illustrate, glorify, transfigure.

verfnöchern, v. n. & r. to ossify.

perfnüpfen, v. a. to tie in a knot. knit, unite ; verfnüpft fein mit, to be attended with.

Berfnüpfung, f. (pl. -en) connection, combination, union.

verfommen, v. n. to perish, pine away. verförbern, v. a. to incorporate, em body. Thide away. verfriechen, v. r. ir. to crawl away, verfünd(ig)en, v. a. to announce, publish, foretell, proclaim, promul-

gate, herald. Berfünd(ig)er, m. (-3) prophet, fore-

teller; -in, f. (pl. -nen) announcer, foreteller, predicter, prophetess.

Berfündigung, f. (pl. -en) annunclation, publication, prognostication. Berlangen, n. (-3) desire, longing;

-, v. a. to demand: - nad, to long for, desire, ask, hanker after.

Berlarvung, f. (pl. -en) masking, disguising, metamorphosis.

perlaffen, v. a. ir. to leave, abandon, forsake, desert; (id) - auf, v. a. r. to rely or depend upon, confide in.

Berlauf, m. (-es) course, continuance; nad -, after the expiration (of). verlaufen, v. r. to go astray ; -, v. n. to pass, elapse; -, v. a. to cross.

verläugnen, see verleugnen.

perlegen, v. a. to lay in another place, misplace; publish a book; fich auf etwas -, to apply one's self to: -, part & adj embarrassed. confused, at a loss; shop-worn.

Berlegenheit, f. (pl. -en) embarrassment, confusion, trouble; in fein, to be at a loss, in trouble, embarrassed; in - feten, to embarrass.

verleihen, v. a. ir. to lend, grant; let. perlegen, v. a. to damage, violate. hurt, harm, injury; wound.

Berletung, f. (pl -en) hurt, injury, wound, violation.

verleugnen, v. a. to deny, abnegate, disown; fid) - laffen, not to be at home to a person. [self-sacrifice. Verleugnung, f. denial, abnegation,

Berleumbung, f. (pl. -en) slander, calumny.

verlieren, v. a. ir. to lose; -, v. r. to lose one's way, go astray. Berließ, n (-ce; pl -c) dungeon.

perleben, v. a. to affiance, espouse.

verloren, part. & adj. lost, forlorn, utterly ruined; — gehen, to be or become lost.

verlöschen, v. n. ir. to become extinguished; —, v. a. to extinguish. Versust, m. (-ed; pl. -lüste) loss.

versultig. adj. lost, losing; — werben, to be deprived of; sid — maden, to forfeit.

vermaden, v. a. to make over, bequeath, leave, devise, give away; stop, close. [bequest.

Bermächmiß, n. (-see; pl. -se) legacy, vermählen, v. r. to marry.

vermehren, v. a. & r. to grow more, increase, augment, multiply.

vermeiben, v. a. ir. to avoid, shun.
vermeiben, v. a. to mention, announce.
vermengen, v. a. to mix, confuse; —,
v. v. to meddle with.

vermeffen, v. a. ir. to measure ; --,
v. r. to measure wrong, protest
with solemn asseverations, arro-

gate to one's self, presume, make bold, dare; —, part & ady temerarious, rash.

vermischen, v. a to mix, mingle, blend Bermischung, f. (pl -en) mixture. vermissen, v. a. to miss, regret.

vermitteln, v. a. to mediate, interpose, bring about, negotiate.

vermittels, prep. by means of. [of. vermöge, prep. by virtue or reason Germögen, n. (-3) ability, power, faculty, property, fortune; —, v. a. ir. to be able, capable, or have power to do, avail, induce, prevail. vermögenb. adj. rich, wealthy, opu-

lent, able, potent. [mask.

Vermummen, v. a. to muffle, disguise, Bermuthen, n. (-3) supposition, opinion; —, v. a. to suspect, suppose, presume, conjecture, guess; express.

vermuthlich, adj. likely, probable.

Dernahläffigung, f. (pl. -en) neglect.
Dernehmen, n. (-3) perception, disposition; bas gute —, the good understanding; —, v. a. ir. to perceive, understand, learn; hear; interrogate; fid — lassen, to give one's opinion.

verneigen, v n to bow, courtesy.
vernichten, v. a. to annihilate, destroy.
Vernunft, f. reason, sense; -fähigleit,
f. capacity of reasoning; judgment; -grund, m. ground or argument of reason.

vernünftig, adj. reasonable, rational. vernunftswibrig, adj. irrational, contrary to reason.

v. a. to make waste, desolate.

verorbnen, v. a. to order, ordain, prescribe. [nance, prescription. Berorbnung, f. (pl. -en) order, ordiverpesten, v. a. to insest, poison.

verpfänden, v. a. to pawn, pledge, mortgage.

verpflichten, v. a. to oblige, engage, bind by an oath, swear.

perprassen, v. a. to squander, dissipate in excesses.

Berrath, m. (-ce) treason, treachery. verrathen, v. a to be treacherous, betray, reveal, disclose.

Berräther, m. (-8) betrayer, traitor; -in, f (pl. -nen) traitoress.

Berrätherei, f. (pl. -en) treachery, treason, perfidy.

verr:ifen, v. n. to take a journey; —, v. a. to spend in travelling.

-, v. r. to lose one's self on horsehack. Berrichtung, f. (pl. -en) performance, achievement, affairs, business. perringern, v. a. to lessen, diminish, ent down. Tpass away, elapse. perrinnen, v. n. ir. to run off or out. perrucht, adj. profligate, infamous, vicious, wicked, cursed. [insane. perrudt, adi. displaced, crazy, mad, Bers, m. (-es; pl. -e) verse; poetry. perfacen, v. a. to denv. refuse, promise: miss fire, fail. fsemble. persammeln. v. a. & r. to collect, as-Bersammlung, f. (pl -en) assembly, congregation, meeting. Islight. persaumen, v. a. to miss, neglect, perschaffen, v. a. to procure, get, provide, find. [chaste, delicate. peridamt, adi. abashed, bashful; verscharren, v. a. to inter, bury. Verscheiben, n. (-8) death, expiration, decease: -, v. n. ir. to expire, die. verschenken, v. a. to give away, make a present of. laway. verscherzen, v. a. to jest, trifle or fool

difference, diversity, variety. verschlagen, adj. cunning, sly. verschleubern, v. a. to trifle away, sell under price. flock up. verschließen, v. a. ir. to close, lock, versalimmern, v. a. to make worse; -, v. r. to become or grow worse. verschlingen, v. a. ir. to entangle,

verscheuchen, v. a. to scare, drive away.

perschiffen, v. a. to send away, missend.

verschieben, adj. different. diverse. various, sundry; -heit, f. (pl. -en)

twist together: swallow up, de-Vour.

perreiten, v. a. ir. to spend in riding : | perfolossen, part. & adj. locked, reserved, close. sleep. perschlummern, v. a. to pass away in verschmachten, v. a. to faint, languish. verschmähen, v. a. to disdain, scorn.

veridonen, v. a. to spare, forbear. verschreiben, v. a. ir. to assign, order, prescribe, transfer : make a blun-

der in writing.

persoulben, v. a. to involve in debts. commit ดท offence. deserve (blame, &c.). [grees, disappear. verschweben, v. n. to vanish by deverschweigen, v. a. ir. to keep close or secret, be silent about, conceal. verschwenden, v. a. to squander, dissipate, expend, waste. [reserved. verschwiegen, adj. kept secret, close, verschwinden, v. n. ir. to disappear, vanish, become invisible.

Berfehen, n. (-0) error, mistake, inadvertency, blunder; -, v. a. ir. to overlook; provide, supply, attend to, fill (an office); -, v. r. to make a mistake, miss.

Versehung, f. furnishing, providing. versenden, v. a. ir. to send away.

versenfen, v. a. to sink, let down ; depress, overwhelm (grief, &c.).

verseben, v. a. to misplace, transplant. pawn; -, v. n. to reply. persidern, v. a. to assure, insure, af-Bersicherung, f. (pl. -en) assurance, insurance.

versiegen. v. a. & n. to become exhausted or drained, dry up.

versiegeln, v. a. to seal, seal up, rectify. verfinfen, v. n. ir. to sink.

versöhnen, v. a. to reconcile, appease. Berföhner, m. (-8) mediator, reconciler.

Berföhnung, f. (pl. -en) reconciliation, perftohlen, adj. stolen, clandestine, atonement.

perforgen, v. a. to provide with, care or provide for. Come late.

perspäten, v. a. to retard; -, v. r. to perspenden, v. a. to distribute, bestow by largesses.

versperren, v. a. to bar, close, barricade, block up, stop.

perspotten, v. a. to mock, scoff, deride. Bersprechen, n. (-s) promise, engagement; -, v. a. ir. to promise; <math>-, v. r. to make a slip of the tongue. perspripen, v. a. to squirt away, spill. Berstand, m. (-es) understanding, intellect, intelligence, sense, judgment. [tal power.

Verstanbesweisheit, f. intellect, menverständig, adj. intelligent, judicious. Berständigung, f. (pl. -en) under-

standing, agreement.

Berständniß, n. (-ed) intelligence, concord, understanding, agree-[reinforce. ment.

verstärfen, v. a. to strengthen, fortify, Berstärfung, f. (pl. -en) fortifying, supply, succor, reinforcement.

verstatten, v. a. to permit, grant, allow. verstauben, v. n. to cover with dust, make dusty.

versteden, v. a. to hide, conceal.

verstehen, v. r. ir. to understand, comprehend; sid zu etwas -, to agree to, accede to.

persteinern, v. a. to petrify.

Berfteinerung, f. (pl. -en) petrifaction, petrified object.

perstellen, v. a. to disfigure, deform ; -, v. r. to dissemble.

Berftellung, f. (pl. -en) deforming, disfiguration, dissimulation.

secret, surreptitious, furtive.

verstorben, adj. defunct, deceased.

verstören, v. a. to scatter, disturb. verstoßen, v. a. ir. to push away, re-

ject, cast off, repudiate; -, v. n. to offend, give offence.

verstreichen, v. n. ir. to pass away ; ---, v. a. to spread over, besmear, stop.

verstriden, v. a. to entangle, ensnare. Berftridung, f. (pl. -en) ensnaring, entanglement, seizure.

verstummen, v. n. to grow dumb, to be or become silent.

Berftummelung, f. (pl. -en) mutilation, maining. [trial, proof. Versuch, m. (-es; pl. -e) experiment, versuchen, v. a. to try, attempt ; taste. Bersuchung, f. (pl. -en) temptation, enticement. Imistake. vertauschen, v. a. exchange, take by

vertheibigen, v. a. to defend, protect. Bertheibiger, m. (-8) defender, defendant, justifier. Tapology. Bertheibigung, f. (pl. -cn) defence, Bertheibigungefrieg, m. defensive war.

vertilgen, v. a. to extirpate, exterminate, destroy, annihilate.

Bertrag, n. (-es; pl. -trage) contract, compact, agreement, treaty, bargain.

vertragen, v. a. ir. to carry away, cndure, bear, support, wear cut; -, v. r. to make up, become reconciled, agree, form a compact.

verträglich, adj. sociable, peaceably, friendly; -feit, f. amiability, gentle disposition, peaceableness, sociableness, compatibility.

Bertrauen, n. (-8) confidence, trust,

in: -, v. a. to entrust.

pertraulid, adj. confiding, cordial, familiar, kind. Idential.

pertraut, adj. trusty, intimate, confipertreiben, v. a. ir. to drive away.

expel.

pertreten, v. a. ir. to sprain ; represent; ben Weg -, to stop, step in Sentative. the way.

Bertreter, m. (-\$) intercessor; reprevertrieben, adj. driven away, ban-[put off. ished.

pertrösten, v. a. to feed with hope, verüben, v. a. to perpetrate, commit. perunreiniaen, v. a. to defile, pollute.

Berurtheil, see Berurtheilung.

peruribeilen, v. a. to condemn, sen-Berurtheilung, f. (pl. -en) condemna-

tion, doom, sentence, verdict. Bermalter, m. (-\$) guardian, admin-

istrator, manager. Bermaltung, f. (pl. -en) administra-

tion, guardianship.

Bervollfommnung, f. (pl. -en) perfecting, accomplishment.

bermahren, v. a. to keep, guard, preserve; conceal (p. 196).

permaisen, v. n. to become an orphan, be left friendless or deserted.

vermandeln, v. a. to turn, change; --, v. r. to change, alter, to be metamorphosed or transformed.

Bermandlung, f. (pl. -en) change, transformation.

vermanbt, adj. related, allied to.

permedicin, v. a. to change, exchange, confound by mistake.

vermegen, adj. bold, daring, audacious : -beit, f. boldness, temerity, audacity.

belief; -, v. n. to trust, confide | permehen, v. a. to blow away; -, v. n. to blow over, clear up.

Bermegner (ein), m. a boll, audacious person.

verweigern, v. a. to deny, refuse.

verweilen, v. u. to abide, tarry, linger, stay, dwell; -, v. a. to delay.

Berweis, m. (-es; pl. -e) rebuke. reproof.

verwersen, v. a. ir. to reject, refuse. throw away, mislay. frobation. Bermerfung, f. rejection, refusal, repverwesen, v. n. to decay, moulder, perish, rot; -, v. a. to manage, administer.

Bermejung, f. decay, corruption, putrefaction, administration.

verwichen, adj. passed, last.

verwideln, v. a. to entangle, complicate, implicate, involve.

permirten, v. a. to commit, forfeit.

Berwirflichung, f. (pl. -en) realization. verwirren, v. a. to entangle, implicate, confound, confuse, perplex.

Berwirrung, f. (pl. -en) confusion. verwöhnen, v. a. to spoil, pamper, render delicate.

verworfen, adj. reprobate, rejected. verwunden, v.a. to wound, hurt.

verwundern, v. α . to astonish: —, v. r. to wonder, to be astonished.

Bermunderung, f. wonder, surprise, astonishment, amazement.

verwünscht, adj. & part. cursed, bewitched.

permusten, v. a. to desolate, waste, lay waste, ruin, destroy. Bermüstung, f. desolation, devastavergagen, v. n. to despair, despond.

versagt, part. & adj. faint-hearted, dismayed, daunted.

pergehren, v. a. to consume, spend. verteichnen, v. a. to draw wrong: record, register. forgive. perseihen, v. a. ir. to pardon, excuse, Bergeibung, f. pardon, forgiveness; um - bitten, to beg pardon. verrieben, v. a. ir. to contort, distort. spoil (a child); withhold; -, v. n. to delay, pass away, tarry, vergieben, past part. of verzeiben. Bergug, m. (-es; pl. -jüge) delay. verzweifeln, v. n. to despair, despond. Bergweiflung, f. despair, desperation. verzweiflungevoll, adj. full of despair, desperate, utterly despondent. Besper, f. evening-time, vespers. Beluv, m. Vesuvius. Better, m. (-0; pl. -n) cousin. veriren, v. a. to vex, trouble, tease. Vicar, m. (-6: pl. Vicare or Vicarien) vicar, deputy, substitute.

Dich, m. (-to: pl. -t) beast, brute. cattle.

viel, adj. & adv. much ; (pl. viele, many); -artig, adj. multifarious, of many kinds; -fat, adj. manifold, multifarious; -geliebt, adj. much beloved; -getreu, adj. trusty; -Icicht, adv. perhaps; -mal(8), adv. many times, frequently, often; -malia, adi. often done, often repeated; -mehr, adv. much more. rather.

vier, adj. four ; -ed, n. (-8; pl. -e) quadrangle, square; -fad, -fältig, adi. four-fold; -fachheit, f. fourfold; -jahl, f. quarternary number.

Biertelstunde, f. (pl. -n) quarter of an hour. fborder. Bignette, f. (pl. -n) vignette, flourish, Vollenber, m. (-d) accomplisher, fin-

virgilist, adj. pertaining to Virgil after Virgil.

Virtuos, m. (-en; pl. -en) virtuoso. Visier, Visier, n. (-\$; pl. -e) beaver. visor, sight-vane, aim.

Difitation, f. visitation, search.

Bisitator, m. (-8; pl. -en) (official) visitor : searcher, exciseman.

visitiren, v. a. to search, inspect.

Bogel, m. (-\$; pl. Bogel) bird, fowl; -neft, n. (-eø; pl. -er) bird's nest.

Bog(e)lein, n. (-&) dimin. of Bogel. Bogt, m. (-es; pl. Bögte) protector. guardian; prefect, governor; bailiff.

Boll, n. (-es; pl. Bölfer) people, nation; crew; -belebt, adj. enlivened with people, peopled, swarming. Bölferfest, see Bolfefest. flegend. Volfsallcaorie, f. (pl. -en) popular

Volfsbuch, n. (-es; pl. -bucher) popular book, book written in a popular style. [val.

Bolfefeft, n. (-es; pl. -e) public festi-Vollogeschichte, f. (pl. -n) history of a people.

Bolføförper, m. bodies of the people. Bolfelieb, n. (-es; pl. -er) national song. [ular man.

Bolfemann, m. (-ee; pl. -manner) popvolfemäßig, adj. in accordance with the nature, customs or habits of a people.

volfethümlich, adj. see volfemäßig. voll, adj. full, filled, whole.

vollbringen, v. a. ir. to accomplish, perform.

vollenben, v. a. & r. to end, finish, perfect, complete, achieve, accomplish, fulfill.

vollenb(6), adv. quite, entirely. Bollenbung, f. (pl. -en) conclusion. accomplishment, consummation. pollführen, v. a. to execute, carry out. vollgebrängt, adj. thronged. pollaepropft, adj. full-sprouted. völlig, adj. full, entire, complete; sufficient; -, adv. completely, entirely. Bölligfeit, f. fullness, plenitude. vollfommen, adj. perfect, complete, absolute, consummate. Vollinacht, f. (pl. -en) full power, plenipotence, power of attorney. pollitandia, adi. complete, entire. voll; ählig, adj. complete in number, integral: - fein, to have a quovollziehen, v. a. to execute. [rum. bon, prep. of, from, by. vor, prep. before, for, from ; in comp. before, in presence of, sooner, in preference to; - einem Jahre, a Defore, precede. year ago. voran, adv. before ; -gehen, to walk voraus, adj. in advance, before, beforehand, ahead, foremost, by anticipation ; -eilen, to run ahead, hasten in advance; - seten, v. a. to presume, suppose, take granted. [viso, condition. Borbehalt, m. (-es) reservation, proporbei, adv. by, passing, past, finished, over, - fein, to be past ;-gehen, v. n. & a. ir. to go by, pass, pass by ; im -gehen, by the way ; -jagen, v. a. to chase by, hurry by; -schießen, v. n. to glide by. porbereiten, v. a. to prepare. Vorbereitung, f. (pl. -en) preparation. Borbereitungeftätte, f. preparatory room or place.

vorbeugen, v. a. to bend forward, prevent, obviate, hinder.
vorbiegen, see vorbeugen.

Borbilb, n. (- $\mathfrak{e}\mathfrak{F}$; pl. - $\mathfrak{e}\mathfrak{r}$) pattern, example, type.

profuse, v. a. ir. to bring forward, produce, offer, propose; utter.

vorbem, adj. formerly, once.

Borbertate, f. (pl. -n) forepaw.

Borbertheil, n. (-e8; pl. -e) forepart. vordringen, v. n. ir. to press forward or onward, advance.

worenthalten, v. a. ir. to keep from, withhold, retain.

Borfahr(e), m. (-en; pl. -en) ancestor, predecessor, forefather, progenitor.

vorfallen, v. a. ir. to occur, happen. vorsinden, v. a. ir. to find, fall in with. Borsorderung, f. (pl. -en) citation, summons.

Borgang, m. (-c8 pl. -gange) precedence, occurrence, incidents, event, transaction.

Borgebirge, n. (-3) cape, promontory.

vorgebisch, adj. pretended, nominal. vorgebogen, part. & adj. bent forward. vorgefunden, see vorfinden.

vorgehen, v. n. ir. to go before, jut out, have a preference; happen.

worgestern, adv. day before yesterday. Borhaben, n. (-8) design, intention, purpose; —, v. a. ir. to design, intend, to be about, have on, have before one.

worhanden, adv. at hand, present, extant; — fein, to be, exist.

Borhang, m. (-e8; pl. -hänge) curtain. vorher, adj. before, previous(ly); -gehen, v. a. ir. to precede, go be-

ecv. prediction.

voria, adj. former, preceding last. Borfehrung, f. (pl. -en) precaution, predisposition, preparation, provision.

porformen, v. n. ir. to come before. present itself, occur, happen; appear, seem.

porlegen, v. a. to lay or put before, propose; carve; help.

Borlesung, f. (pl. -en) lecture, prelection, public reading.

porfett, adv. last but one.

porlieb, see fürlieb.

Borliebe, f. predilection, preference. permachen, v. a. to paint by way of example : delude.

Bormauer, f. (pl. -n) outward wall, barricade, bulwark, guard.

porn, adv. before, in front: pon -, from the front, in front.

vornehm, adj. gentle ; of rank, grand. pornehmlid, adv. chiefly, principally. wornehmit, adj. first, prime, principal. Borrang, m. (-ed) precedence of rank. Vorrath, m. (-es; pl. -rathe) store, stock, provisions. room.

Borrathsfammer, f. (pl. -n) store-Borrecht, n. (-ed; pl. -e) privilege, prerogative. [entrance-hall.

Borfaal, m. (-es; pl. -fäle) ante-room,

Vorsag, m. (-es; pl. -fäße) purpose, intention; mit -, intentionally.

vorfäßlich, adj. intentional.

Borschein, m. (-es) appearance; zum - fommen, to come to light, come forth, make appearance.

vorschießen, v. n. ir. to shoot forward, project; -, v. a. to shove quickly before, advance money.

fore; -sagung, f. (pl. -m) proph- | vorschreiben, v. a. ir. to set a copy prescribe, direct, order.

Vorsehung, f. providence.

Borsicht, f. foresight, caution, precaution, circumspection.

vorsichtig, adj. prudent, cautious, circumspect, provident.

vorfingen, v. a. ir. to sing to. [relay. Dorfpann, m. (-ed) additional horses. porfication, v. a. to stick before.

porstellen, v. a. to place or set before, present, represent, introduce; · plead, remonstrate; -, v. r. to imagine, fancy. advance. porstreden, v. a. to stretch forward, Bortheil, m. (-ce; pl. -e) advantage, result, gain, prerogative; -haft,

adi. advantageous, profitable. Bortrag, m. (-es; pl. -trage) elocution, delivery, diction, treatise; in - bringen, to propose.

portrefflich, adj. excellent, exquisite. portreten, v. n. to step before, step forward or forth, advance, to step out from the ranks or from the crowd.

porüber, adv. gone by, past, over; -flieben, v. a. to flee; -führen, to lead by; -achen, v. n. ir. to go by, Dass.

Vorübung, f. (pl. -en) preliminary exercise, training, preparation.

Borurtheil, n. (-es; pl. -e) prejudice, prepossession. Finate. pormalten, v. n. to prevail, predom-

Vorwand, m. (-es ; pl. -wände) pretence, pretext; f. (pl. -manbe) front wall, cover.

pormarte, adv. forward, forwards. Bormelt, f. (pl. -en) anterior world, past ages.

upbraid with, throw up to.

Borwiß, m. (-to) forwardness, prying curiosity, inquisitiveness.

Bormort, n. (-es; pl. -e & -morter) preface, preposition.

Vorwurf, m. (-es; pl. -würfe) reproach, the thing thrown before or to, bait, lure.

porzeichnen, v. a. to draw, sketch, draw as a pattern.

Borzeichnung, f. (pl. -en) pattern, study, model, drawing.

porzeigen, v. a. to produce, exhibit, present.

Borgeit, f. (pl. -en) time of old, time of yore, antiquity, primitive age.

porzeitig, adj. precocious, premature. vorziehen, v. a. ir. to draw before, prefer.

Vorzug, m. (−es; pl. –züge) van, vanguard, preference, prerogative, superiority, excellence.

vorzüglich, adj. distinguished, preferable, excellent; --, adv. particularly, especially.

W.

Maare, f. (pl-n) ware, merchandise. mach, adj. awake, on the alert. Bache, f. (pl.-n) guard, watch. machen, v. n. to wake, to be awake, sit up, guard. Wache, n. (-see) wax; -thum, m. & n. (-es) growth, increase. madsen, v. n. ir. to grow, increase. Bächter, m. (-6) watchman, guardian; $-\text{ruf}, m. (-e \vartheta; pl. -e) \text{ call } or$ cry of the watchman

wormerfen, v. a. ir. to reproach or | wader, adj. vigorous, gallant, valiant, brave, honest. Italon. Baffe, f. (pl. -n) weapon, claw, Waffen, f. weapons, arms : - ftreden, to lav down the arms : -bruber, m. (-0; pl. -bruber) -freund, m. (-e0; pl. -e) brother-in-arms, comrade; -getöfe, n. clashing or din of arms; -friedit, m. (-e8; pl. -e) soldier, warrior ; -Ios, adj. unarmed ; -ruftung, f. (pl. -en) armor; -fdmied, m. $(-\mathfrak{co}; pl. -\mathfrak{e})$ armorer; -ftillftanb, m. (-es; pl. -stände) armistice, truce; -übung, f. (pl. -en) military exmaffnen, v. a. to arm. fercise. Mage, f. (pl. -n) scales, balance,

equipoise, risk, hazard.

Wagen, m. (-6) wagon, carriage, coach, cart, chariot, wain; -, v. a. to venture, hazard, dare.

mägen, v.a. to weigh, balance, ponder. Bagesprung, m. a daring leap.

Wagner, m. (-0) wheelwright, cartwright. fture.

 $\mathfrak{Bag}(e)$ stüd, n. (-es; pl. -e) risk, ven-Bahl. f. (pl. -en) choice, election; -fpruch, m. (-es; pl. -fpruche) motto. wählen, v. a. to choose, elect, select.

Wahn, m. (-e \emptyset) erroneous opinion, illusion, delusion, conceit, hallucination; -finn, m. (-e3) insanity, madness; -finnig, adj. mad, insane. wähnen, v. a. to think (without reason), presume or imagine vainly. mahr, adj. true, veritable, real; -haft,

adj. true, veracious; -haftig, adj. truly, by my faith; -heit, f. (pl. -en) truth, verity; -lid, adj. verily, truly; -nehmen, v. a. ir. to per-

ceive, observe; -fdeinlid, adj.

likely, probable; -fdeinlichfeit, f.

-reichen, n. (-6) symptom, indication. guard. mahren, v. a. to take care of, watch. währen, v. n. to last, continue. währenb, prep. during; -, conj. while Maib, m. (-es) wood ; -wert, n. woodwork. Wald, m. (-es; pl. -wälber) wood, forest ; -ftrom, m. (-es; pl. -ftrome) forest-stream; -thier, n. (-es; pl. -e) beast of the forest. malbig, adj. woody, forest-covered. malfen, v. a. to full. [dike, rampart. Ball, m. (-es; pl. Balle) wall, dam, mallen, v. n. to boil up, bubble, to be in agitation; undulate; wander, walk, go on a pilgrimage. Ballifer, m. an inhabitant of Wales. malten, v. n. to rule over, direct, dispose, govern, manage. Walke, f. (pl. -n) roller, cylinder. malzen, v. a. to roll, move; waltz. mälzen, v. a. & r. to roll, trundle, wallow (in mire, &c.). Wand, f. (pl. Wande) wall, partition. manbeln, v. n. to walk, travel, wander. Wanderblid, m. wandering look. Wanberstern, m. (-es; pl. -e) planet. Banberer, m. (-\$) wanderer, traveler. Wanderleben, n. wandering life. manbern, v. n. to wander, travel, rove. Wanberfänge, f. minstrel songs. Wanberschaft, f. (pl. -en) peregrination. [eler's staff. Manberstab, m. (-es; pl. -stabe) trav-Wanderung, f. (pl. -en) wandering, traveling, excursion, migration. Wange, f. (pl. -n) cheek, jowl.

(pl. -en) likelihood, probability; manten, v. n. to shake, totter, waver, to be irresolute. wann, conj. & adv. when; bann unb -, sometimes, now and then. oftentimes. wannen, v. n. to fan, winnow: pon -, whence, wherefrom. Wappen, n. (-8) escutcheon, arms. signet, armorial bearing: -roft. m. herald's or soldier's coat. marm, adi. warm. hot. wärmen, v. a. to warm, heat. warnen, v. a. to warn, admonish, caution, put on one's guard. Warnung, f. (pl. -en) warning, caution. Warnungstraum, m. (-es) warning dream. Tout. Barte, f. (pl. -n) watch-tower, lookwarten, v. n. to wait, stay for: -. v. a. to attend, take care of, Wärter, m. (-8) attendant, waiter, Wartthurm, see Warte. Tkeeper. warum, adv. why, wherefore. mas, pron. what; that, something. wasten, v. a. n. ir. to wash; gossip. Baffer, n. (-8) water ; -fall, m. (-es; pl. -falle) cataract, cascade : -fluth. f. (pl. -en) flood, inundation; -stillstand, m. standing still of water ; -ftur, m. waterfall ; -moge, f. (pl. -n) billow, huge wave. mässern, v. n. to water; -, v. a. to water, irrigate. Webe, f. (pl. -n) web, weft. [move. weben, v. a. & n. to weave, wave, Weberstuhl, m. (-es; pl. -stühle) weaver's frame, loom. Wedsfel, m. (-\$) alternation, change, vicissitude, bill of exchange; -voll, adj. full of changes.

Bedieln, n. changing, alternation : v. a. & n. to exchange, change, alternate, shift.

meden, v. a. to wake, awake, arouse. meder, conj. neither ; - nod, neither . . . nor.

Wea, m. (-eø; pl. -e) way, path; --, adv. away, gone; unterwege, on the way; -bleiben, v. n. ir. to stay away; -führen, v. a. to lead away; -gießen, v. a. ir. to pour away : janen, v. a. to drive away : -Ieuanen, v. a. to deny, disown; Inden. v. a. to entice away : -neb men. v. a. ir. to take away, seize: -rauben, v. a. to take away by force, rob; -räumen, v. a. to put away, clear away ; -reigen, v. a. ir. to tear away; -tragen, v. a. ir. to carry away; -treiben, v. a. ir. to drive away; -wenden, v. a. ir. to turn away; -merfen, v. a. ir. throw away, reject; - ichen, v. a. ir. to draw away. [of, for. megen, prep. on account of, because

meh, mehe, int. wo, woe; au-, ah! alas! -muth, f. sadness, melan-

choly; -thun, to cause pain, grieve.

Dehen, f. labor-pains, travail; -, v. n. to blow.

 $\mathfrak{Behr}(e)$, f. (pl.—en) defence, bulwark, weapon; -, n. dam, dike; -haft, adj. capable of bearing arms : -Ioo, adj. unarmed, defenseless.

mehren, v. a. to check, restrain, defend, oppose, hinder; -, v. r. to defend one's self, resist, make a defence.

-lid, adj. female, feminine.

Weibchen, n. (-8) dimin. of Beib.

Beiberliebe, f. woman's love.

weich, adi. soft, weak, feeling, gensitive, emotional; -lid, adj. soft, effeminate: -ling, m. (-es; pl. -c) voluptuary.

Weiche, f. (pl. -n) side, flank.

weichen, v. a. to steep, soak, macerate; -, v, n, to be steeped; -, v, n. ir. to give way, yield.

Beibe, f. (pl. -n) pasture, pasturage, feeding-ground willow: Traucr-, weeping willow.

weiben, v. a. & n. to pasture, feed, graze; feast, gratify, delight; -, adj, made of willows.

Beibwerf, n. (-\$) chase, hunt, game. Weigern, n. (-3) refusal, resistance; -, v. a. to refuse, deny; -, v. r. to refuse, resist.

Weigerung, f. (pl. -en) refusal.

Weihe, f. (pl. -n) consecration.

weißen, v. a. to consecrate, dedicate. Weibnachten, m. Christmas.

Weihrauch, m. (-es) incense.

Weihung, f. consecration.

weil, conj. because, as, while, that.

Beile, f. while, idle time.

Wein, m. (-es; pl. -e) wine; -rebe, f. (pl.-n); -ftod, m. (-8; pl.-ftode) vine, grape-vine.

weinen, v. a. & n. to weep, cry.

weis, adv. einem etwas - machen, to make a person believe what is not true, hoax.

Beise, (-n; pl. -n) (ber) wise man, sage, philosopher; f. (pl. -en) mode, manner, way, custom, melody; -, adj. wise, sage.

Beib, n. (-es; pl. -er) woman, wife; weisen, v. a. ir. to point out, show assign, summarily, dismiss.

Beifer, m. (-\$) queen bee, hand of a clock, a person who shows anything.

Weisheit, f. wisdom, knowledge. Weisheitslehre, f. philosophy.

weistick, adv. wisely, prudently, weiß, adj. white, clean. [sagely. weißlagen, v. a. to prophesy, predict, foretell, divine. [prophesy. Beißlagung, f. (pl. -en) prediction, Beißbrot, n. (-es; pl. -e) wheat-bread. weit, adj. distant, far, wide, extended; —, adv. far; bei weitem, by far; von weitem, from afar; läuf(t)ig, adj. far-reaching, prolix, diffuse, circumstantial.

Weite, f. (pl. -n) width, distance. weiter, adv. further, continue; und so forth.

Weizen, m. (-3) wheat; -garbe, f. (pl. -n) wheat-sheaf.

welcher, welche, welches, pron. who, which; -lei, adj. of what kind. welf, adj. withered, faded.

melfen, v. n. to wither, fade.

Welle, f. (pl. -n) wave, billow.

Belfoland, n. lands of the Celts, Roman Gaul: also Wales.

Welt, f. (pl. -en) world, universe;
-all, n. (-3) universe; bau, m.
mechanism, structure, system of
the world; -begebenheit, f. (pl. -en)
occurrence in the world, event;
-berühmt, adj. far-famed; -betrachtung, f. contemplation of the
world; -bürger, m. (-3) cosmopolite; -bürgerlich, adj. cosmopolitan; -bürgerlich, adj. cosmopolitan; -bürgerlich, adj. cosmopolitan; -bürgerlich, adj. cosmopolitism; -entbecter, m. (-3) discoverer of a world: -gebäube, n. (-3)
system of the universe; -gegenb,

f. (pl. -en) region of the world,
-geist, m. (-es) spirit of the
world; -geistide, m. (-n; pl. -n)
secular priest; -geride, n. (-es; pl.
-e) day of judgment, judgment
of the world; -gestide, f. universal history; -gestide, n. doom
of the empires of the world; -sug,
adj. prudent, worldly wise; -lide,
adj. worldly, temporal, secular;
-menge, f. throng of worlds;
-ruhm, m. worldly glory; -theil,
m. (-es; pl. -e) part of the
world, country, region; -versand,
m. knowledge of the world.

Wenbeltreppe, f. (pl. -n) winding stairs.

wenden, v. a. ir. to turn, shift; sich an Semanden —, to address one's self or apply to somebody.

Wendung, f. (pl. -en) turn, turning, variation, invention.

wenig, adj. & adv. little, few; cin—, weniger, adj. less, fewer. [a little. wenigfene, adv. at least, at any rate. wenn, conj. when, if;— nidyt, if not, unless;— aud, though, although.

wer, pron. who, who(so)ever.

werben, v. n. ir. to petition, woo, recruit.

Frecruiting.

Werbung, f. (pl. -en) levy, levying, werben, v. n. ir. to become, grow, he, enter into existence, get.

werfen, v. a. ir. to throw, cast, fling. Werf, n. (-e8; pl. -e) work, deed, clock-work, machinery; in - richten, to execute; -1eug, n. (-c8; pl. -e) instrument, tool.

Berth, m. (-c*) estimation, worth, value; —, adj. worth, valuable, worthy; -Io*, adj. worthless.

Befen, n. (-0) being, existence, essence ; spirit. [sential. mesentlich, adj. real, substantial, es-

meffen, pron. whose.

meßhalb, meßmegen, adv. why, wherefore, for what reason, on what account.

Beft(en), m. (-(en)8) west ; -gewölfe, n. western clouds; -lid, adj. west; western; -marte, adj. westward; -winb, m. (-e8; pl. -e) west wind.

Bette, f. (pl. -n) bet, wager; etwas um bie - (thun), for wager ; um bie - ftreben, to emulate, vie.

metteifern, v. n. to emulate, vic.

metten, v. a. & n. to wager, bet, risk. Wetter, n. (-3) weather, storm; -two!fe, f. (pl. -n) storm-cloud.

Wettfampf, m. (-es; pl. -fampfe) see Bettitreit.

Bettstreit, m. (-es; pl. -e) emulation, contest, prize-contest, contro-Betel, Wetzel (a city). versy. wegen, v. a. & n. to rub, whet.

withtig, adj. weighty, important; -feit, f. (pl. -en) importance, ponderosity, consequence.

wifeln, v. a. to wind up, wrap up, involve, envelop, swathe.

wider, prep. against, contrary to; -legen, v. a. to refute, confute; -seven, v. r. to resist, oppose; -sin= nia, adj. absurd, illogical, inconsistent; -spenstig, adj. refractory, obstinate; -sprechen, v. a. ir. to contradict, gainsay; -fpruch, m. (-es; pl. -sprüche) contradiction; -fland, m. (-es) resistance, opposition : - ffeben, v. n. ir. to withstand, resist, oppose; -streben, n. (-3) Biese, f. (pl. -n) meadow.

opposition, resistance; v. n. ir. to to strive against, resist : -martia. adj. contrary, averse; -wille(n), m. (-(n)8) aversion, dislike ; -ftreiten, v. u. & n. to oppose, militate against.

widmen, v. a. to dedicate, devote.

widrig, adj. contrary, adverse, nauscous. [conj. as, like. wie, adv. how, in what manner; --, wieber, adv. again, anew; afresh, back ; -beleben, v. a. to reanimate. resuscitate : -bringen, v. n. ir. to bring back, restore: -burdleben. v. a. to go through again, endure again; -eroberer, m. reconqueror; -erobern, v. a. to reconquer : -finben, v. a. ir. to find again ; bu wirst bich -finden, thou'lt be thyself again; -geburt, f. regeneration; -gehen, v. n. ir. to go back again ; -holen, v. a. to bring back, go for again, repeat; -holung, f. (pl. -en) repetition; -fehr, f. return; -fehren, v. n. to return, recur; -fommen, v. n. to come again, come back, return ; -funft, f. return ; -schen, n. (-\$) meeting; v. a. to see again, meet again : -tönen, v. n. resound, echo; -wärtigfeit, f. (pl. -en) adversity, disagreeable situation. fonce more.

wieberum, adv. again, anew, afresh, Wiege, f. (pl. -n) cradle.

wiegen, v. a. to rock, move gently; -, v. n. ir. to weigh; -fest, n. birthday, festival, natal day.

wiehern, v. n. to neigh.

Bien, Vienna (capital of Austria, has 75,000 inhabitants).

Diesenblume, f. (pl. -n) field-flower.
Diesenthal, n. (-e8; pl. -thäler) valley with meadows, lowland valley.
Wiewehl, conj. though, although.
Wiewehl, adv. how much, how many.
Dilb, n. (-e8) game, venison; —,
adj. wild, savage, dissolute; -heit,
f. state of being wild and savage;
-niß, f. (pl. -ffe) wilderness, desert; -fhaben, m. (-8; pl. -fhaben)
damage done by the game.

Bille(n), m. (-8) will, purpose, design, volition; um... willen, for the sake of; Billens sein, to intend, willig, adj. willing, ready. [purpose. willfommen, n. (-8) welcome; —, adj. & int. welcome, acceptable, gratifying.

Bilfü(h)r, f. arbitrariness, caprice; -lid, adj. arbitrary, absolute, willful, capricious.

wimmeln, v. n. to swarm.

mimmern, v. n. to moan, whimper, whine, wail, lament.

Bimper, f. (pl. -n) eyelash.

Wind, m. (-ed; pl. -c) wind; — machen, to boast, brag; in ben — fchlagen, to disregard, slight; —mühle, f. (pl. -n) windmill; —fchief, adj. warped (by the wind). winden, v. a. ir. to wind, twist;

winden, v. a. ir. to wind, twist; -mager, m. (- θ) windlass-maker, reel-maker.

Binbedeile, f. speed of the wind.
Binbung, f. (pl. -en) winding, turn;
torsion; worm of a screw; coil.

winf, m. (-ee; pl. -e) wink, beck, hint.

Binfel, m. (-é) angle, corner, nook. winfen, v. n. & a, to wink, beckon, nod.

winseln, v. n. to moan, wail.

Winter, m. (-θ) winter; -birne, f. (pl. -n) winter-pear; -lieb, n. winter-song; -quartier, n. (-θ; pl. -e) winter-quarters.

Wipfel, m. (-\$) top, summit.

Dirbel, m. (-3) twirl, whirl, vortex, vertigo, roll of the drum.

wirbeln, v. n. to beat the roll on the drum; a rolling noise.

wirfen, v. n. to act, operate, work;

—, v. a. to work, knead, weave,
embroider; effect. [ive power
Birfenöfraft, f. vigor, energy, effectwirflich, adj. real, actual, true;
—,
adv. really; -feit, f. (pl. -en) reality, real existence.

wirffam, adj. efficacious, effectual;
-feit, f. efficacy, efficiency.

Wirfung, f. (pl. -en) operation, effect. wirren, v. a. to twist, entangle.

Wirrwarr, m. (-6; pl. -e) confusion.

Wirth, m. (-co; pl. -c) economist, host, landlord, inn-keeper; -5arfeit, f. hospitality.

Diffen, n. (-3) knowledge; —, v. a. & n. ir. to know, think; einem etwas zu — thun, to acquaint one
with; Danf —, to be thankful;
-fchaft, f. (pl. -en) knowledge,
science; -fchaftlich, adj. scientific.
wisentlich, adj. wilful, intentional;

—, adv. knowingly, wittingly. Biffenëqualm, m. (-e8) fumes or

knowledge of learning.

Wittme, f. (pl. -n) widow.

With, m. (-10; pl. -1) with sense, acuteness, with ticism, joke.

wo, adj. where, somewhere; —, conj. if, in case; -burd, adv. whereby, by what; -für, adv. for

what, wherefore: -her. adv. 1 whence; -hin, adv. whither to. Bothe, f. (pl. -n) week. Boge, f. (pl. -n) billow, wave. moden, v. n. to wave, billow, rock: fluctuate; -brang, m. (-co) pressure, impulse of waves. Bohl, $n.(-\mathfrak{c}\mathfrak{d})$ welfare; —, adv, well. perhaps, surely; - mir, happy me : mir ift -, I am well : -an, int. well! come on! -beraunt, adj. familiar : -bestellt, adj. familiar ; -ermorben, adj. well-earned ; -fahrt, f. welfare, prosperity; -feil, adj. cheap; -gefallen, n. (-0) pleasure, delight; -gefallig, adj. pleasant, agreeable; -gefühl, n. (-es; pl. -e) pleasure, pleasing sensation; -gelungen, adj. successful; -gestalt, f. (pl. -en) pleasing form ; -fdmedenb, adj. savory; -that, f. (pl. -en) benefit, kindness : -thäter, m. (-3) benefactor; -thatig, adj. beneficent, benevolent; -thun, v. a. ir. to do good, to be beneficial; -vcrbient, adj. well-earned. wohnen, v. n. to dwell, live, lodge. Wohnplat, m. (-es; pl. -plate) dwelling-place. Wohnsit, m. (-es; pl. -e) domicil. Bohnung, f. (pl.-en) dwelling, habitation. Bolf, m. (-es; pl. Wölfe) wolf. Bölfin, f. (pl. -nen) female wolf. Wolfe, f. (pl. -n) cloud. wölfen, v. a. to cloud. spout. Wolfenbruch, m. (-es; pl. -brüche) rain-Wollen, n. (-8) volition, desire; -. v. n. ir. to will, wish, want, pur-

ness.

pose.

Wolluit, f. delight, lust, voluptuous-

momit, adv. wherewith. would, adv. after or according to which or what. thereafter, whereafter. Wonne, f. (pl. -n) delight, joy, gladness, exaltation. Wonnenglanz, m. a blissful look. Wonnestrahlen, f. joyful beams. wonnig, adj. delightful, blissful. moran. adv. whereat, whereon. whereby. morauf, adv. whereon, whereupon. moraus, adv. wherefrom, whence, out of which. morin, adv. wherein, in which. Wort, n. (-es; pi. -e & Wörter) word, term, parole; von - ju -, word for word, verbally; bas - führen, to be spokesman; -reid), adj. rich in words, verbose; -wed/fel, m. (-∅) argument, dispute, quarrel. morüber, adv. whereupon, whereon, whereat, at which, of which. moven, adv. whereof, of which, of what. mosu, adv. whereat, whereto, to or for which or what. Brack, n. (−ε∅; pl. −ε) wreck, wrack. Wudø, m. (- \mathfrak{fe}) growth, shape, size. Wucht, f. heavy weight. Bulit, m. (-es; pl. Bulite) pad, puff. Wunde, f. (pl. -n) wound. Bunber, n. (-8) wonder, miracle; -bar, adj. wonderful, wondrous, miraculous; -bing, n. (-es; pl. -c) wondrous thing, prodigy; -gabe, f. (pl. -n) wondrous gift; -fraft, f. (pl. -frafte) miraculous power; -lid, adj. odd, strange, extraordinary; -mabden, n. wondrous maid: -mähr, marvelous tale or

news; -sam, adj. wonderful, miraculous; -voll, adj. wonderful; -werf, n. (-es; pl. -e) miracle, miraculous work. munbern, v. n. to be astonished. wonder; es wundert mich, I am surprised. Idesire. Wunsch, m. (-es; pl. Wünsch; wish, wünschen, v. a. to wish, desire ; Glück -, to wish good luck, congratumunichendwerth, adj. desirable. [late. Bürbe, f. (pl. -n) honor, dignity. würbig, adj. worthy, deserving. mürbigen, v. a. to hold worthy, estimate, favor. strangle. würgen, v. a. to choke, suffocate. Würger, m. (-3) killer, destroyer; -bande, f. (pl. -n) band of cutthroats. Wurm, m. (-es; pl. Würmer) worm, vermin, reptile. [ding.

Bürşbüche, f. (pl. -n) spice-box. Bürşe, f. season, spice. Bürşel, f. (pl. -n) root, carrot. Buβ, m. (-3) confusion, trash, dirt, filth.

wilt, adj. dismal, deserted, wild. Wilt. f. (pl. -n) desert, wilderness. Whith, f. rage, fury; -enterinat, adj. furious, raging; -[haubend, adj. breathing rage. [furious. withen, v. n. to rage, to be mad or Wütherich, m. (-8; pl. -e) tyrant.

X.

Xenien, f. presents made to a stranger or guest among the ancients, token of friendship (Schiller and Goethe gave this name to their epigrams).

3.

Saft(n), m. (-(n)*) tooth, point, spike,
prong, cog; --, v. a. to cog, scollop, indent, furnish with points
or teeth.

safig, adj. pointed, pronged, toothed. sagen, v. n. to tremble, to be in fear. saghaft, adj. faint-hearted, timid. sähe, adj. tough, clammy; tenacious.

3aht, aag. tough, clammy; tenacious. Saht, f. (pl. -en) number, cipher, figure, counter; -ant, n. (-ed; pl. -ämter) pay-office, treasury; -lod, adj. countless; -reich, adj. numer; ahlen, v. a. to pay off or for. [ous. sahlen, v. a. to count, number.

Bahlung, f. (pl. -en) payment.

Sahlung, f. (pl. -tn) counting, enumeration.

Wurm, m. (-εε; pl. Würmer) worm, sahlungeftatt, adv. in payment.

vermin, reptile. [ding. Bahlungetermin, m. (-εε; pl. -ε) term

wurft, f. (pl. Würfte) sausage, pud
of payment.

tahm, adj. tame, tractable, gentle. zähmen, v. a. to tame, restrain.

Bahn, m. (-es; pl. Bähne) tooth.

Banf, m. (-es) quarrel, altercation.

Sanfen, v. n. to quarrel, wrangle; —,
v. r. to get into a quarrel.

Sanferei, f. (pl. en) quarrel, altercation.

Sapfen, m. (-2) pin, peg, tenon, faucet, spigot, hook (of a tile), cone; —, v. a. to tap, draw liquor, retail liquor; —fireid, m. (-e2; pl. -e) tattoo.

βart, adj. tender, fine, soft, delicate; -g:fühl, n. (-tē) tenderness of feeling, delicacy, refined feeling, βärteln, v. n. to deal tenderly, show affection. [tenderness, softness, βärtlich, adj. tender, soft; -feit, f.

Bauber, m. (-3) enchantment, witchcraft, incantation, spell; -- bann, m. (-rs) bewitching bands : -baum. m. (-es; pl. -baume) enchanted tree; -ci, f. (pl. -en) magic, witchcraft; -gestalt, f. (pl. -en) enchanting form; -in, f. (pl. -nen) sorceress; -fessel, m. (-3) magic cauldron; -liát, n. (-e*) will-o'-the-wisp; -fugel, f. (pl. -n) f. magic ball; -waffen, f. magic arms : -mort, n. (-es) magic word. spell. aubern, v. n. & a. to practise magic or sorcery : enchant, conjure. Rauberer, m. (-\$) loiterer. taubern, v. n. to delay, loiter, linger, to be slow, hesitating or dilatory. Behe, f. (pl. -n) toe. geh(e)n, adj. ten; -fach, adj. tenfold; -mal, adi. ten times; -t, adi. tenth; m. (-n; pl. -n) tithe. sebren, v. n. to consume, waste. Beiden, n. (-0) sign, token, mark. zeichnen, v. a. & n. to draw, design, delineate, depict, subscribe. Beichner, m. (-0) drawer, designer. zeigen, v. a. to show, point out, point at, indicate, exhibit. Beile, f. (pl. -n) row, line. Beit, f. (pl. -en) time, season, tense; von - au -, from time to time; nad ber -, afterwards ; jur --, at the time; bei Beiten, early, betimes; vor Beiten, formerly; zu Beiten, at times, sometimes; ju rechter -, in time : zu meiner -, in my time ; zu seiner -, in proper time, in his time; eine -lang, for some time; mit ber -, in time; -alter, n. (-8) generation of men,

age; -folge, f. succession of time: -lebens, adv. as long as one lives: -fdrift, f. (pl. -en) newspaper, journal, periodical; -ung, f. (pl. -en) newspaper, gazette. Beitenschoof, m. (-es) bosom of time. future. of time. Beitenstrudel, m. (-8) vortex of life or Belt, n. (-eδ: pl. -ε) tent. Bepter, n. (-d) scepter ; -trager, m. (-∅) mace-bearer, king, emperor. Benbir, Benbur, m. (-8; pl. -e) zephyr, gentle breeze; -flügel, f. zephyr's wings. Tpieces. zerborsten, part. & adj. burst to gerbrechen, v. a. & n. ir. to break (in pieces), fracture, rupture. gersließen, v. n. ir. to flow apart. geraliebern, v. a. to dissect, anatomize, analyze, dismember. zernagen, v. a. to gnaw. terreiben, v. a. ir. to rub to pieces. grate, triturate, grind. terreißen, v. a. & n. ir. to tear (in pieces or apart), sever, wear out, lacerate. gerren, v. a. to pull, drag, haul. gerrinnen, v. n. ir. to dissolve, melt. gerrütten, v. a. to disturb, disorder. Berrüttung, f. (pl. -en) disorder, disturbance, distraction. zerschlagen, v. a. & n. ir. to beat to pieces, break; -, part. & adj. bruised, beaten to pieces, tired to death, used up. sericmettern, v. a. to dash to pieces. zersprengen, v. a. ir. to burst into pieces, blow up. serspringen, v. n. ir. to fly into pieces. zerstampsen, v. a. to crush, bray

bruise, trample to pieces.

zerstechen, v. a. ir. to pierce, prick to | Biel, n. (-es: pl. -e) limit, term, aim. pieces. zerstören, v. a. to destroy, demolish. Berftörer, m. (-0) destrover. Berftörung, f. (pl. -en) destruction. zerstoßen, v. a. to grind to powder. triturate. serfreuen, v. a. to scatter, disperse. zerstückeln, v. a. to reduce to small pieces, dismember. gertheilen, v. a. to divide, disperse, dissipate, dissolve. sertrennen, v. a. to rip up, sever, separate. ling on. gertreten, v. a. ir. to crush by tread-Bertrümmerer, m. (-8) destroyer. gertrümmern, v. a. to destroy, lay in Bettel, m. (-8) bill, note. ruins. Beug, m. & n. (-es; pl. -e) cloth, matter, material, stuff, trumpery, trash; anything contemptible, base or mean. Beuge, m. (-n; pl. -n) witness. seugen, v. a. to generate, produce, create; -, v. n. to witness, testifv. render testimony. Beugniff, n. (-ffes; pl. -ffe) witness, testimony, evidence. Reus, m. Zeus, Jupiter. Bieche, f. (pl. -n) tick. Siege, f. (pl. -n) goat, she-goat. gieben, v. a. ir. to draw, pull, move, tug; cultivate, raise, rear; -, v. r. to stretch; Draht —, to draw wire; in bie Länge -, to put off, protract : Nuten -, to profit ; ju Rathe -, to consult ; in Smeifel -, to doubt, call in question; sich zu Gemüthe -, to take to heart; in ben Rrieg -, to go to

war.

rielen, v. a. to aim, hint. giemen, v. n. to suit, to be proper, become, be fitting for. ziemlich, adj. moderate, tolerable; -. adv. tolerably, pretty. Bier, Bierbe, f. (pl. -n) ornament, decoration, embellishment. gieren, v. a. to adorn, decorate, ornament, embellish: -, v. r. to be affected, to be coy, mince. sierlich, adj. elegant, neat, nice, pretty. Bimmer, n. (-8) room, chamber. Binn, n. (-c\$) tin, pewter. Binne, f. (pl. -n) battlement, pinnacle, spire. Fpasses. Birtel, m. (-8) circle, pair of comsisten, v. n. & a. to hiss, whistle. Sither, f. (pl. -n) guitar, cithern (musical instrument); - spieler, m. (-ø) cithern-player. tittern, v. n. to tremble, shake, quake. gögern, v. n. to delay, tarry, linger. Bögerung, f. (pl. -en) tarrying, delay. Boll, m. (-es; pl. Bölle) inch, toll, duty. Can. Böllner, m. (-6) toll-gatherer, publi-Bone, f. (pl. -n) zone. Sorn, m. (-e6) wrath, anger, rage; -glühenb, adj. wrathy, glowing with anger; -ig, adj. wrathful, angry. zu, prep. to, at, in, on; -behör, m. appurtenance ; -bereiten, v. a. to prepare, dress; -bringen, v. a. ir. to toast (p. 171); bie Beit -, to pass or spend the time; -beden, v. a. to cover (up), hide; -bem, adv. besides : -benfen, v. a. ir. to destine, design, imagine the rest;

-bringlichfeit, f. (pl. -en) importunitv : -bruden, v. a, to close by pressure, shut ; ein Auge bei etwas ---. to wink at something, pretend ignorance, -eilen, v. n. to hasten to : -erfennen, v. a. ir. to adjudge, award, decree; -erit, adv. '(at) first : -fall, m. (-es ; pl. -falle) chance, incident: -fallia, adi. accidental, casual ; -falligfeit, f. (pl. -en) casualty. contingency : -frieben, contented : -frieden laffen, to leave alone : sich -frieben geben, to content one's self, to be content: -fübren, v. a. to lead to, convey to: -gebracht, part. spent ; -gebacht, part. & adi. intended for : -achen, v. n. ir. to go on, walk on, proseed, close, shut; -achören, v. n. to belong to; -gefchloffen, part. locked: -gefellen, v. a. & n. to associate : -aewandt, part. of zuwenden: -aleich, adv. at the same time, at once: -areifen, v. n. ir. to take hold of, help one's self; -fommen, v. n. ir. to come to, belong to, befit to. be suitable (for): - laffen, to let have, communicate; -funft, f. future: -fünftia, adi. future: -lacheln, v. n. to smile to ; -laffung, f. (pl. -en) admission, permission; -leht, adv. last, at last, finally; -mal, adv. especially; -muthung, f. (pl. -en) importunity, unreasonable request : -nachft, adj. next, nearest to; -nehmen, v. n. ir. to increase, augment, grow; -neigen, v. a. to incline to; -nei= qung, f. (pl. -en) inclination, affection : - rednen, v. a. to impute, ascribe; -recht, adv. in a proper

condition: -redt maden, to prepare, arrange : - recht meifen, to show the right way, direct; -fcauen, v. n. to look on: - schauer, m. (-3) spectator: -fdiden, v. a. to send to. prepare : - schlagen, v. n. ir. to strike hard: v. a. to close by striking, knock down at a sale: -faliegen, v. a. ir. to lock up. close: -feben, v. n. ir. to look on. connive: -fenden, v. a. ir. to send to: -fictern, v. a. to promise, insure, assure: -fpiben, v. a. to point : - ftanb, m. (-&: pl. -ftanbe) condition, state ; -fteben, v. n. ir. to behoove, befit, become : - fluffen, v. n. to join; -thun, v. a. ir. to close, shut: v. r. to ingratiate one's self; n. (-*) aid, assistance; -traglid, adj. conducive, wholesome, useful: -trauen, v. a. to confide, trust: n. (-\$) confidence: -treten, v. n. ir. to step forward; -versicht, f. confidence : -vor, adv. before, formerly; -weilen, adv. sometimes: -wenden, v. a. ir. to turn (to or toward); -wiber, prep. contrary to, against : -wiber banbeln, to contravene : -wiber fein, to be contrary to, displease; - siehen, v. a. ir. to draw to, draw together, incur, bring upon; v. r. to catch (disease).

Sucht, f. discipline, breeding; raising of live stock.

jüğtig, adj. discreet, chaste, modest. jüğtigen, v. a. to correct, chastise, punish.

aufen, v. n. to shrink, move convulsively, struggle; bit Achain —, to shrug one's shoulders. zücken, v. n. to shrink, shrug; bas Schwert —, to draw the sword.

Buder, m. (-6) sugar.

judern, v. a. to sugar.

Sug, m. (-ee; pl. Süge) pull, draught, procession, march, train, troop; lineament, feature; trait.

Sügel, m. (-8) rein, bridle; im — halten, to check, curb, bridle, to keep a tight rein on; mit verhängtem — at full speed; —los, adj. unbridled, licentious.

zügeln, v. a. to bridle, curb, rein.

günden, v. n. to catch fire; —, v. a. to kindle, set on fire.

Bunge, f. (pl. -n) tongue, language, speech; cock; sole.

jürnen, v. n. to be angry.

aurüd, adv. back, backwards, behind: -bealeiten, v. a. to accompany back : -bringen, v. a. ir. to bring back : -bleiben, v. n. ir. to remain behind; -benten, v. n. to think back; -brangen, v. a. to drive back, repel, repress; -fabren, v. a. & n. to drive back. start back; -fallen, v. n. or. to fall back; -führen, v. a. ir. to lead back; -gehen, v. n. ir. to go back, retrograde, return : -halten, v. a. ir. to hold or keep back, reserve, withhold, retain, restrain; -febren, v. n. to return, go back, come back: -fommen, v. n. ir. to come back, return; -lassen, v. a. ir. to leave behind, abandon: - Teach, v. a. to travel over, put by, earn, save; -rufen, v. a. to call back, recall ; - fdiden, v. a. to send back : return; -sehen, v. n. ir. to look back, backwards or behind; n. retrospect, remembrance; -fpringer, v. n. ir. to leap, spring back; -ftehen, v. n. ir. to stand back, yield; -treten, v. n. ir. to step back, subside; -ftehen, v. a. ir. to push back, repel, repulse; -firehen, v. a. & r. to draw back, withdraw, retire, retreat; v. n. to return, remove back.

Burüstung, f. (pl. —en) preparation, armament.

zusagen, v. n. to say to; agree with, please; —, v. a. to promise.

gusammen, adv. together : -bringen, v. a. ir. to bring together, collect; -brangen, v. a. to crowd together, compress, abridge; -bruden, to compress: -halt, m. (-es) consistence, force : -bana, m. (-es) cohesion, adhesion, connection, context; -bangen, v. a. ir. to hang together, cohere, be connected; -fnüvfen, v. a. to tie, knot together: -funft, f. (pl. -fünfte) meeting, interview; -laufen, v. n. ir. to run together, congregate, converge, coagulate, curdle; -raffen, v. a. to snatch up, hurry together; v. r. to rouse one's self; - feten, v. a. to put together, compound, compose, construct; -ffürgen, v. n. to tumble in or together, collapse: -treten, v. a. to meet together; -leben, v. a. to draw together, contract, collect, assemble. amanaen, v. a. to force, coerce, compel. mangig, adj. twenty.

war, conj. certainly, indeed, although.

Sweet, m. (-es; pl. -e) aim, design, object, end; -los, adj. aimless,

without a specific object : -makia, adj. judicious, to the purpose. Swede, f. (pl. -n) tack, nail. mei, adj. two; -beutig, adj. ambiguous, equivocal; - füßig, adj. twofooted, bipedal : -hunbert, adj. two hundred: -fampf, m. (-es; pl. -fampfe) single-combat, duel ; -mal, adv. twice; -tausenb, adj. two thousand : -te, adi. second : -tens, adv. secondly. Ameifel, m. (-0) doubt, dubiousness; -haft, adj. doubtful. zweiseln, v. n. to doubt, hesitate. βweig, m. (-ε¢; pl. -ε) twig, branch, ameigen, v. a. to graft. [bough. Bwerg, m. (-es; pl. -e) dwarf, pigmy. Briefpalt, m. (-ed) dissension, schism.

Bwiegesprach, n. (-es; pl. -e) dialogue. - pfleaen, to hold secret com. mune. Swietradit, f. discord, dissension. mingen, v. a. ir. to force, constrair. compel, coerce. Zwingherr, m. (-en; pl. -en) despot, tyrant; -fcaft, f. (pl. -en) despotism, tyranny. zwischen, prep. between, betwixt; -raum, m. (-es; pl. -raume) interval, interstice. 3wift, m. (-eø; pl. -e) discord, difference, dissension, dispute. Switterwesen, n. hermaphroditical nature or being.

amölf, adj. twelve; -te, twelfth.

amo, adi, two (old German for amei).

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